

# Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 13.

BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1880.

NO. 231.

1879. 1880.  
WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.  
ALLAN LINE.



Winter Sailings via Halifax.  
SHORTEST SEA ROUTE.  
AVEARAGE PASSAGE 75 DAYS.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL  
Londonerry and Glasgow.

H.H. Russell's Clyde-built steamships  
of the Allan Line, (carrying the Canadian  
and United States mail), will be despatched  
from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonerry  
every Saturday, as follows:—

SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

SARMATIAN	November 29th.
SARDINIAN	December 6th.
MOSAICIAN	13th.
MOSAICIAN	" 20th.
PERUVIAN	" 27th.
IBERIAN	January 3rd.
SARACIAN	10th.
CIRCASSIAN	" 17th.
SARDINIAN	" 24th.
CASPION	" 31st.
MORAVIAN	February 7th.
PERUVIAN	" 14th.
POLYNESIAN	" 21st.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Belleville to Liverpool or London  
by Third Class \$80, & \$80, according to  
position of state-room.

Intermediate, with first-class Railway \$47.

Steamage, do. from \$30 to \$32.

Chairs, 1 to 12 years half price, under  
1 year free.

Return Tickets at reduced rates.

Steerage tickets are issued without extra  
charge, to or from Liverpool, Londonerry,  
Quebec, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bri-  
tish or Canada.

The last train connecting with the Ocean  
Steamer at Halifax, passes Belleville every  
Tuesday at noon. Passengers go at once on  
board.

An experienced Surgeon accompanies each  
vessel.

Surgeon is secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can  
go to the office of the Allan Line, or to any  
agent in England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway  
station in Canada or the United States. (When  
tickets are not used the amount is returned,  
less a small deduction.)

Intermediates and steamer Stewards are  
appointed to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information  
apply to Mr. E. Thompson.

U. E. THOMPSON,  
Agent Allan Line,  
Canadian Express Office,  
Belleville.

BANKING OFFICE

U. E. THOMPSON,

Bridge Street, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS

Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal  
without notice. Interest allowed at 4 and 5  
per cent.

John J. Farley, M. D.

OFFICE—Front Street, over Chandler  
Drug Store.

DR. U. James

Has removed his office to his residence,  
Church Street, near the Kingston  
Road.

S. A. Abbott, M. D.

GRADUATE of Queen's University, and  
a member of the College of Physicians and  
Surgeons of Ontario. Ottawa—Over Clark's  
Drug Store, Corner Front and Bridge Streets.

Dr. G. Caldwell.

SURGEON DENTIST, formerly of Bel-  
ville, late of Ottawa, has opened an office  
in Robertson's new block, Front Street, Bel-  
ville. Teeth extracted without pain.

Dr. Bigelow.

PYSCIAN, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c.,  
Office and Residence, next door north of  
the Bridge Street Methodist Church.

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Drug Store, Corner Front and Bridge Streets.

GEO. E. BULL, Agent

P. L. S. C. E. & A. F. L. S.

Thomas Gardner.

PLAIN and Ornamental Plasters, Slate  
Roofing, Cementing, &c. Centro Picco  
made to order.

Insurance—Hon. Robert Read, Wm. E.  
Holtom, Rev. Mr. Bird.

Belleville, Dec. 6th, 1875.

PHONIX FIRE ASSURANCES OF LONDON

ESTATE, 1780.

INSURANCES granted on Town, Village,  
and Farm Buildings and Property, or  
most favorable terms.

GEO. E. BULL, Agent

Stirling, 1st Aug. 1874.

THE SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL

Fire Insurance Comp'y of Glasgow.

CAPITAL . . . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

ASSETS . . . . . \$1,500,000

INCOME . . . . . 1,000,000

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO BRANCH,  
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

JOHN L. BLAIE, Esq., Chairman, President  
Canada Land Credit Company.

JOHN S. PEARCE, Esq., of Bryce, McMur-  
phy & Pearce.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Esq., Vice-President  
Federal Bank of Canada.

INSPECTOR—ROBERT MCLEAN.

RESIDENT SECRETARY—LAWRENCE BUCHAN.

Deposited with the Government at Ottawa  
for security of Canadian Policy Holders, \$100,-  
000.

This Company issues Policies of Insurance  
against fire, by fire or lightning on  
manufacturing, mercantile, farm and house-  
hold risks, at current rates.

Policies are issued from and losses settled  
directly by the Toronto Office, without delay.

All Premiums taken in this country are in-  
vested in Canadian securities.

R. NEWBERRY,  
Agent.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Liverpool and London.

FIRE AND LIFE.

Capital . . . . . \$2,000,000 Stg.

Invested Funds £ 580,027 "

FORBES & MUDGE,

Montreal,  
Agents for Canada.

W. A. SHEPPARD, Agent, Belleville.

## Business Directory.

John Bell,  
BARRISTER, &c., will continue his  
general practice in his present office,  
on his own account.

JOHN BELL

Belleville, November 12, 1879.

BARRISTERS & CO. Offices lately occu-  
pied by Poston & Denmark, Front St.,  
Belleville.

Money to Loan—Private and Com-  
pany.

Robertson & Thomas.

BARRISTERS, &c. Office—Robertson

Block, east side of Front Street,  
Ville, Ont.

ALEX. ROBERTSON. J. PARKER THOMAS.

FLINT & JELLET.

(Solicitors for the Canadian Bank of Commerce,  
BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors  
in Chancery, Insolvency, and Moneys  
Chases' law cases, Conveyancers, &c., &c.

Office corner Bridge and Front Streets,  
Belleville.

John J. FLINT. MORGAN JELLET.

DELANAY & OSTROM.

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, etc., Trenton,  
138.

PETERSON & PETERSON.

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, SOLI-  
CITORS, CHANCERY, INSOLVENCY, AND  
MONEYS' LAW CASES, CONVEYANCERS, &c., &c.

Bridge Street, Belleville.

John G. MAHON.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN CHAN-  
CERY, INSOLVENCY, AND MONEYS' LAW  
CASES, CONVEYANCERS, &c., &c.

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Sam'l S. WALLBRIDGE, JR., LL.B.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN CHAN-  
CERY, CONVEYANCER, &c., &c.

Bridge Street, Belleville.

David R. ROBERTSON.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN CHAN-  
CERY, CONVEYANCER, &c., &c.

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Alfred E. DENISON.

LATE OF THE CONSOLIDATED BANK,

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, ACCOUNTS  
& ADJUSTED, AGENT FOR FIRE AND LIFE INSUR-  
ANCE, MONEY TO LOAN, &c.

Office Campbell Street, in the Division  
Court office. 161-162.

Eliza Westley.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES, at the office  
of M. R. Roblin, Front St., Belleville.

B. S. WILLSON, M. D. C. M.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MCGILL,  
Montreal. Late House Apothecary of the  
Montreal General Hospital. Residence and  
office, Pinella Street, dt.

J. R. DICKSON, D. S.

OFFICE—Corner Bridge and Front Sts.

Entrance on Bridge Street.

James Gay.

Market Square, Belleville, Ont.

Shop over McCruden's Root store 186.

## The Belleville LADIES' ACADEMY.

(BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.)  
SATURDAY AT THE CORNER OF CHURCH AND  
DUKE'S STREETS.

PRINCIPAL, MR. ARTHUR GRAHAM,  
Assisted by three Resident Lady Teachers.

In addition to the ordinary branches, classes  
will be formed in French, German, and  
Italian, in Drawing and Painting, and in the  
Natural Sciences.

SCHOOL WILL OPEN ON MONDAY,

SEPTEMBER 15.

In connection with the above, the Belleville  
CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

will open at the same place and date.

The Piano Forte under the charge of Mrs.  
Goetzell.

Violin, Cello, Bassoon, &c., by Mr. Goetzell.

Music, Harmony, Thorough Bass, Musical  
Science and History, in Part Singing and  
Reading at Sight.

ALL strung and wind instruments taught  
at moderate charges.

For terms, etc., see Circular, or address the  
Principal, Mr. Arthur Graham.

John J. FLINT. MORGAN JELLET.

FLINT & JELLET.

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Bridge Street, Belleville.

John J. FLINT. MORGAN JELLET.

## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railways will hereafter receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STERLING.—At the drug store of Dr. G. H. D. Bickford, P. O.

CAMPBELLSTOWN.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTINGS.—At the office of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. C. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. P. HOWELL & CO., 44 Park Row, NEW YORK.

J. H. ADAMS, 41 Park Row, NEW YORK, ARE OUR AGENTS in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, FEB. 2.

## The Election.

It was proposed to have a demonstration on Tuesday evening to celebrate the triumphant return of Mr. Robertson for West Hastings, but as that gentleman is obliged to proceed to Toronto at once, and for other good and sufficient reason, it has been wisely determined to postpone the celebration until a future and more suitable occasion. The friends of the successful candidate will no doubt cordially acquiesce in this decision.

## Grit Obstructionists.

Under this heading the Ottawa *Herold* administers the following scathing rebuke to the factious who still refuse to accept the decision of the country on the trade question. "It had long been a favorite statement of the leading Grits in Ontario that their party avenged a large majority of votes in that province. If so, there must have been a great defection from their ranks on the 17th of September 1878 for the Province of Ontario gave a great majority to the National Policy. This we should think would only be another reason to expect some tolerance for the Conservative policy, for surely the views of those Reformers who voted with the Conservative party are entitled to some consideration? Their votes, it is only reasonable to presume, were cast with a pure desire to benefit the country. But the policy of the ultra-Grit faction permitted neither consideration for the interest of the country, nor sympathy for their more patriotic confreres, to avow them in the least degree. The country was wrong and they were right. The Conservatives had called in some mysterious agents to their help, and had beguiled the electorate of their senses. Free Trade was the proper thing. Protection was a fraud. Their patriotic quickly developed every means, fair or foul to throw dirt on the men in power, and ridicule their policy. Ere the National Policy was announced, it was condemned, and it had not seen light for forty-eight hours before it was pronounced a failure. From bad the ultra-Grits went to worse, until to-day they stand in the position of obstructionists, whose devout prayer seem to be, that some calamity might happen to the country, in the hope that they might enjoy the gratification of seeing the Conservative party in sore distress. Before such ambition any patriotic desire for the welfare of the country may go and hang itself. With such rabid politicians, it is partly victory first, and the interest of the country afterwards."

The *Herold* concludes with the good advice—which we fear will not be taken—that the popular verdict should be accepted and if the policy of Protection proves a failure, then the "revenue tariff" advocates can again come to the front.

A COMPARISON.—The *Mail* institutes a comparison between Lord Derby and the Hon. Edward Blake, saying, "Indecision of mind is a weakness which no public man's reputation can ultimately survive. It has driven Lord Derby into a devious course, and it has permanently injured the reputation and limited the career of Mr. Blake. Lord Derby's indecision is driving him into the ranks of the Liberals, where he can never be at rest. Mr. Blake's indecision is keeping him in Gaza at the 'Mill with Slaves,' beside men whom he scorns and from whom he would revolt if his nature was stronger and his nerves firmer. It concludes that neither of these statesmen will ever occupy a high place in the history of their countries."

SMOKING TRAGEDY.—An Ottawa report says:—"A painful tragedy was brought to light last night at Billing's Bridge. A man named Sabourin on Wednesday night, in a drunken condition, quarreled with his wife, who says that she was also under the influence of liquor. According to the woman's story her husband struck her, when she seized an axe and returned the blow. At the second blow her husband fell at her feet with two frightful gaps in the back of his head. As soon as the woman partially realized the character of her fearful work she removed her husband to a bed and did what she could to relieve him. Last night, the woman having become thoroughly alarmed, Dr. Whiteford of this city, was sent for and immediately on his arrival pronounced the case fatal. The doctor returned to the city and not finding the physician of the deceased, who was brought to the city, where she was placed in confinement. Sabourin and his wife have not lived happily, both being very intemperate."

Let there be no mistake about this, that the "Myrtle Navy" tobacco is manufactured from the very finest Virginia leaf. No higher quality of leaf can be purchased for any tobacco made. It is selected with the very greatest care, and treated with the most approved processes for preserving the flavor of the tobacco.

## The Grand Junction Railway and the City.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.  
Belleville, Jan. 31st, 1880.

DEAR SIR.—The letter of your excited correspondent "Elector," in today's issue, seems to have been written in utter ignorance of the facts.

I am aware that the City Council, by resolution passed fourth of October, 1878, ratified the "memo. of agreement attached, permitting the contractors to acquire by lease or otherwise, any portions of the Cobourg and Peterboro Railway, to enable them to get into Peterboro. This resolution was legalised by Act of Parliament.

I am aware that it is impossible to get into Peterboro by any other "existing" line of Railways, by the first of May, 1881, and therefore advise to think of the Toronto and Ottawa Railway in this connection?

I am aware that the County of Peterboro prescribes that the line shall pass between Keene and Allandale, and therefore it is impossible to change the route beyond Hastings?

I am not aware that the municipal bonuses are entirely unaffected until, and unless, the road is completed in this way to the town of Peterboro by the first of May next year, the limit fixed by the charter.

I am not aware, too, that the By-law lately passed by the Council makes the whole bonus payable when the road reaches Peterboro, the beginning of next year, and that the bill in no way varies that, but leaves the bonuses entirely unaffected unless this is done.

I think the Council should be satisfied by this time that it is impossible for us to make any arrangement for getting on with the road unless the time to reach Peterboro be extended and the bonuses legalised on our going there, so that the City Council wish to prevent the road being completed let them put forth their hand and strangle it now.

If they wish to kill the undertaking and deal a staggering blow to the interests of the city, let them come up to Toronto and deal that blow now. I think they can do it.

Yours truly,

E. O. BICKFORD.

EDITOR'S NOTE.—It is only necessary for the reader to compare Mr. Bickford's quotation from the "memo. of agreement," with the provisions of the Bill, as quoted by "Elector," to see that the latter gives powers far in excess of those which Mr. Bickford claims to have already received from the Legislature.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

Belleville, Jan. 31, 1880.

DEAR SIR.—It seems evident that out of a simple statement of mine to the effect that I had, notwithstanding the assertions of the city press to the contrary, nothing whatever to do with their entertainment.

Messrs. Ross & Barnes desirous to get plenty of gratis newspaper advertisements. Had Mr. Ross therefore, instead of exercising his usual characteristic feature, refrained from calling into question my reputation as an Athlete as well as that of Instructor, I would have taken no further notice of his would be thundering letters. It would look decidedly more manly in him—this man who regards himself as a rival of the great boxers of the day—even though these gentrified may never have heard of his rising fame, seeing that he is so eager to have an acknowledged reputation in the P. R., to go ahead with John King's challenge, which he cannot deny that he accepts.

The following gifts have been received, but the following part of the city has not all been reported on we reserve that list till next week:

Mr. Brenton, bedstead, table and two chairs; Mr. Costello, bedstead and straw-tick; Mrs. D. B. Flint, washstand and dishes; Mrs. Holton, dishes, washstand, chair and tin ware; Mrs. Bates, dishes, tin, kitchen utensils and house linen; Mrs. Patterson, washstand and tins; Mrs. McFriend, dishes, wall paper, shovel, two chairs, washstand and tub; Mrs. Munro, washstand; Mrs. Lingan, bedstead and tick; Mrs. Grant, bedstead and washing machine; Mrs. Way, house linen and rocking chair; Mrs. W. Jones, arm chair; Miss Ritchie, clothes; Mrs. Meagher house linen; Mrs. Falkiner, new clothing; Mrs. S. B. Burdett, 1 load of wood, bedding, 10 lbs. beef; Mrs. McNabb, washstand, house linen, cruet stand and dishes; Mrs. L. M. Johnson, washstand; Mrs. Robins, wooden dress; Mrs. Ritchie, underwear; A Friend, chopping knife; Mrs. Rogers, basket of potatoes, washstand and clothes.

The members of the Association now number 104, and the list is daily increasing.

Yours,

E. W. JOHNSTON,  
Inst. Mech. Inst. Gymnasium.

Free of Cost.

TO RENT.—

A LADY who has a warm room to spare, would rent it, free with fuel and every convenience for house-keeping, to another lady who would be a pleasant companion. One mile from Belleville P. O. Sidewalks all the way. References required.

Apartment Box 155, Belleville, Ont.

IT IS A FACT which will appear clear to every one, that the man who has his means ready at his command can make a more profitable use of it than another who has the same amount to keep up in bear debts, or in other expenses, and that it is on this principle which has universally adopted, that we have adopted and advocated the Cash System of doing business.

In regard to our own particular line of business, the Strictly Cash System has proved a decided benefit to ourselves as well as to our customers, and it is because it offers advantages to our customers that it benefits us. Its success is shown by the rapid increase of our business since adopting it, manifesting that the public are not slow to see its advantages.

The chief reason why the goods of many aristocratic houses are sold at such prices, is simply because either they have not sufficient capital to buy well or their money is locked up in book debts, &c., and that they cannot get at it to pay for their goods, and consequently have to take them at a discount, and then pay the persons who supply them choice to charge.

Possessing ample means as we do, we arrange to pay prompt cash for all our purchases (a Rothschild could do no more). We thus buy our goods at the lowest price they can be paid, and then again wholly for cash, we continually retain a position so favorable for buying cheap. ALL BUYING

cheap we can afford to SELL cheap.

Again, in selling only for cash, we avoid losses incurred by bad debts, we save the interest on outstanding accounts, and the extra expense in keeping books, &c. All of which are important considerations, and while we are thus selling much cheaper than others we are at the same time making a fair profit. Credit stores should be confined to credit customers, for why should they who pay promptly be made to pay more for their goods on account of others' failure to pay?

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Belleville, 22nd Jan., 1880.

THE CASH SYSTEM

—

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.

WE beg to acknowledge with many thanks Mr. Rathbun's liberal donation of 25 cords of wood, to the fire department of the

J. R. JAQUES,  
Pres't W. C. A.

G. G. USHORNE, Sec'y.

February 2, 1880.

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by the under-

signed, on Wednesday the 4th day of

February, for dry hard body Wool, and also

Stove Coal, for use of Market Building, to be delivered in quantities as required.

A. A. FARLEY,  
Chairman  
Market Committee.

At

LOST.—

LAST morning, near the Bank of Mon-

tréal, a Dandy Diamond Terrier, long

body, short legs, blue-grey in color. Any

person having the same at the St. George

Restaurant, Front Street, will be suitably

rewarded.

—

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY!

IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

ft. each.

LUMBER SALES.—An Ottawa dispatch says:—"A painful tragedy was brought to light last night at Billing's Bridge. A man named Sabourin on Wednesday night, in a drunken condition, quarreled with his wife, who says that she was also under the influence of liquor. According to the woman's story her husband struck her, when she seized an axe and returned the blow. At the second blow her husband fell at her feet with two frightful gaps in the back of his head. As soon as the woman partially realized the character of her fearful work she removed her husband to a bed and did what she could to relieve him. Last night, the woman having become thoroughly alarmed, Dr. Whiteford of this city, was sent for and immediately on his arrival pronounced the case fatal. The doctor returned to the city and not finding the physician of the deceased, who was brought to the city, where she was placed in confinement. Sabourin and his wife have not lived happily, both being very intemperate."

What a WOEFUL DISCOVERY is Perry's

Diamond Pain-Killer! It not only cures the ill effects of a cold, but it is also the best remedy for the cure of colic. It has

never been known to fail in its

action.

The doctor returned to the city and not

finding the physician of the deceased,

who was brought to the city, where she was

placed in confinement. Sabourin and his wife have not lived happily, both being very

intemperate."

Let there be no mistake about this, that

the "Myrtle Navy" tobacco is manufactured

from the very finest Virginia leaf. No

higher quality of leaf can be purchased

for any tobacco made. It is selected with

the very greatest care, and treated with

the most approved processes for preserv-

ing the flavor of the tobacco.

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## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

Nov. 24, 1879.

JING WEST.  
No. 2, Day Express..... 6:15 p.m.  
No. 4, Morning Express..... 8:30 a.m.  
No. 5, Mixed..... 10:05 a.m.  
Passenger..... 11:05 a.m.

GOING EAST.

No. 1, Day Express..... 12:10 p.m.  
Arrive at Hastings..... 7:30 a.m.  
Arrive in Belleville..... 10:30 a.m.  
Leave Belleville..... 3:30 p.m.  
Arrive in Madoc..... 6:30 p.m.  
Train runs by Belleville time.GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY.  
On and after Monday, November 3rd, trains will run as follows:  
Leave Hastings..... 7:30 a.m.  
Arrive in Belleville..... 10:30 a.m.  
Leave Belleville..... 3:30 p.m.  
Arrive in Madoc..... 6:30 p.m.  
Train runs by Belleville time.

These roads are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

Local Notices.

## Local Notices.

NOTICES UNDER THIS HEAD WILL BE PAID ONE EACH INCH.  
NOTICE AFTER SIX INCHES WILL BE PAID 5 CENTS.

A nice lot of Toilet Sets and other Fancy articles suitable for Christmas presents, at Green's Drug Store.

## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, FEB. 2.

## City and Vicinity

THE RINK.—The Skating Rink has again been opened and is receiving a fair share of public patronage.

STEAMBOAT INSPECTION.—Belleville, Picton, and Mill Point have been designated as ports at which steamboats may be inspected.

ARRIVED.—The gratifying news has been received that the Princess Louise arrived at Halifax at 11:30 o'clock, after a passage which was rather longer than was expected.

IRON SHIPMENTS.—The iron shipments are "booming." During the last two days there has been shipped over the Belleville and North Hastings Railways 400 tons of ore.

QUIET.—Matters in police circles are very quiet. The cells were tenanted on Saturday night by one prisoner, and last night by the same prisoner and four traps.

LUMBER BUSINESS.—Gilmour &amp; Co. have sold to a Quebec firm 500,000 pine deals at \$104 first quality, \$88 for seconds, and \$87 for thirds. Several vessels have been lately chartered in England at 70s, an increase of 10s over last season.

SNOW.—About two inches of snow fell yesterday morning, but so strong was the wind which succeeded that the feathery flakes were drifted hither and thither so wildly that the ground is bare in many places and those who expected sleighing have been disappointed.

WINTER-LIKE.—February, which is usually the coldest month of the winter, has opened with a temperature low enough to average well down. Still everybody prefers the present cold to the past changeable weather, and all hope that winter will continue. Venner proves to be wrong again, so far as the entry of February is concerned.

VENNER'S "PHOBES."—The cold term, Mr. Venner writes, "which has been d'porting itself in the North-West, will probably reach us early during the first week of February, and be ushered in by a heavy snow-storm on the 2nd or 3rd days. It will be immediately followed by another mild period, with thaws about the second week of the month."

TORONTO &amp; OTTAWA RAILWAY.—The Peterborough Times says:—"The County Council have submitted a new By-law for a bonus to the Toronto and Ottawa Railway. The voting will take place on Saturday, the 21st of February next, the result of which will, in all probability, decide the question as to whether the road will be built or not. The amount asked from the County is \$150,000."

ANOTHER VICTORY.—Besides winning the election on Friday, Mr. Robertson also won on the same day a handsome picture at Brown &amp; Dean's, which was made the subject of an election by the ladies of a church congregation. The voting was between the candidates for the Legislature, and after vigorous work during the three days of the election, a majority of 39 was recorded for Mr. Robertson.

THE ROSS-JOHNSON CONTROVERSY.—With the publication of Mr. Johnson's letter, this controversy must cease, so far as the INTELLIGENCER is concerned. The men know where to find each other, they also know where reliable men can be had to act as stakeholders, therefore now that they have so loudly asserted their own abilities, let them meet and arrange a match if they mean business. Future challenges of this nature must be paid for as advertisements, and in this category we include one from John O'Neill of Trenton.

GOOD WORK.—No. 1 steam fire engine, which has been repaired by Mr. Fullerton, of Brown's foundry, and Mr. Cunningham, the engineer in charge of it, was given a trial on Saturday and worked in the most satisfactory manner, the steam pressure being run up to 80 lbs., whilst the pressure does not usually exceed 60 lbs. It had previously been thought that this engine could not be repaired satisfactorily except by the manufacturer, Mr. Burton, but our local mechanics have demonstrated to the contrary, and shown that as good work can be done in Belleville as elsewhere. Let me assure you that the engine is now in full working order and is a credit to the town.

## ARRIVAL OF THE PRINCESS LOUISE

HALIFAX, Feb. 2, 11:30 a.m.—The *Norman* is coming up the bay now.HALIFAX, Feb. 2.—The Princess Jan'ded at 10:45. She was accompanied by the Governor General, who had previously gone to board the *Saratoga*. Guards of honor from H.M. 57th and Halifax 60th Regts. were present. Salutes were fired from both forts, and the crowd of 10,000 who cheered her were unanimous. The Princess was received by Lt.-Gen. Archibald, Col. Drayton, the Mayor and Provincial Secretary, and other prominent officials. The vice-regal party at once entered Governor Archibald's shire, and drove to Government house. The reception was most hearty, but still without any attempt at a grand display. Flags are displayed from many buildings throughout the city. The vice-regal party will probably leave for Ottawa to-morrow.

CITY COUNCIL.—A special meeting of the City Council will be held to-night, with regard to a Grand Junction Railway Bill.

ONE SHIPMENTS.—Twelve cars of iron ore were brought down on Saturday night and were soon carried away this morning.

VITAL STATISTICS.—The vital statistics of the city for the month of January were as registered: Births 18; Marriages 4; Deaths 12.

GONE BACK.—This being the day on which, according to tradition, the bear leaves his winter quarters for the purpose of consulting the "prob," his bearship doubtless saw his shadow and returned to his den for six weeks longer.

MORNING DESPATCHES.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The *Herald*'s Pittsburg special says the Republican County Committee on Saturday, after a session elected delegates instructed to favor Grant by a vote of 106 to 43 for Blaine.The *Herald*'s Harrisburg special says Cameron is to guard the interests of Grant at the coming Convention. He says Blaine is the weakest candidate in the list of aspirants, as he cannot carry New York, the pivotal state, while Grant would sweep it.

Washington special:

The *Herald* says it is understood that the bill to be introduced to-day for the appointment of a commission to examine both the Nicaragua and Panama canal routes, provided for four commissioners, three engineers, and one naval officer. Menocal, an engineer in the navy, has been selected as one of the commissioners. The bill appropriates \$30,000 for the expenses. Menocal expects the bill will be passed this week, and the commission will for Panama on the 10th inst. Menocal thinks a new survey would reduce the estimated cost of the Nicaragua route from \$2 million, the former estimate, to \$750,000.

Dressed beef is not as plentiful as it was. As high as 8c is paid for the best hind quarter.

Fresh eggs sell ready to cook.

FALL WHIRL—\$1.20 to \$1.25.

SPRING WHIRL—\$1.20 to \$1.25.

BEEF—No. 1, 60c; No. 2, 50c.

RIBS—75c.

OATS—50c. to 40c.

PEAS—60c. to 65c.

HOT CHOCOLATE—50c.

CLOVER SEED—50c. to 40c.

MINT—50c. to 5c per pound.

BANANAS—9c. to 1c.

DRESSED HOG—\$5.00 to \$6.00.

DRESSED BEEF—\$3.00 to \$5.00.

BUTTER—Roll, 18c to 22c.

HONEY—Tin, nominally 16c to 18c.

EGGS—\$1.00 to 20c per dozen.

HIDES—\$7.50.

SHIMMERKS—\$1.50 to \$1.60.

WOOL—25c per lb.

LARD—50c to 60c.

TALLOW—Rounded, 50c to 60c.

CARRAGEEN—40c per doz.

POTATOES—70c to 75c per bag.

APPLES—45c to 50c per bag.

FLOUR—Wholesale, \$6.00 per bbl.

SUGAR—\$1.25 to \$1.50 per lb.

HAT—\$6.50 to \$7.00 per ton.

CHICKENS—20c to 40c per pair.

DUCKS—\$0.30 to \$0.50 per pair.

GESE—\$3.00 to 40c.

TURKEY—\$0.00 to \$1.00.

COMMERCIAL NOTES.

On the London Stock Exchange last week speculation was rampant in Canadian railway stocks. Large amounts of Grand Trunk stocks were taken up during the week at 23, being a rise of 17 since this time last year, and of 8 since December. All foreign stocks are active.

TRUE EXTRACT.

FROM THE MINUTES OF THE CITY COUNCIL, DATED 26TH JANUARY, A. D. 1880.

MOVED by Ald. Geen, seconded by Ald. Vandusen, Esq., the Auctioneer, or to Messrs. BELLE &amp; PONTON, Vendors of Auctioneers.

Belleville, Jan. 27, 1880.

Dated this 30th Decr. 1879.

EXTRACT

FOR ONE WEEK, COMMENCING TO-DAY.

December 20th, 1879.

E. McCREADY &amp; SON.

OVERCOATS.

CHEAP SALE FOR ONE WEEK.

300 OVERCOATS TO CHOOSE FROM.

YOU save \$2 by buying from us. Don't buy elsewhere until you see our stock and our cheap sale.

WE mean to give bargains never before heard of. All goods marked down for the cheap sale.

OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, SUITS AND UNDERCLOTHING,

AT COST FOR ONE WEEK, COMMENCING TO-DAY.

E. McCREADY &amp; SON.

ENDORSED BY THE PEOPLE EVERYWHERE.

THE STATEMENT that we supply better Goods for the money than any house in the Trade.

We claim to supply our own manufactured

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Solid, Stylish, and Reliable, at lower prices than quoted by houses who ADVERTISE BANKRUPT SHODDY STOCKS.

We manufacture the Goods we sell, and use nothing but the best material, no SHODDY or imitation leather of any kind.

WE SELL THESE GOODS at a small advance DIRECT TO THE PEOPLE, and DEFY ANY HOUSE IN CANADA TO MATCH.

WE DO NOT DEAL in TRASHY GOODS at any time, and yet SO GREAT ARE OUR FACILITIES in manufacturing, we are enabled to OFFER THE SOLID, SUBSTANTIAL ARTICLES AS LOW AS JOBBERS can ask, and their "Eastern Shoddy Lines," for there is but ONE PROFIT between US and the CONSUMER.

WHERE ALL OUR GOODS are SO CHEAP, we do not usually generalize, but SCREAM THE FOLLOWING LIST, and guarantee ALL SOLID HOME MADE GOODS. NO SULLS and NO REFUSALS of bankrupt stocks.

Women's Department.

Women's strong laced Boot ..... \$0.65 made ..... \$0.50

Red Top ..... \$0.90 buttoned ..... \$0.90

Extra High ..... \$1.70 buttoned ..... \$1.20

Princess ..... \$1.50 buttoned ..... \$1.00

Klip Slip Sole ..... \$2.15

"Lump." ..... \$2.40

Fine Extension sole ..... \$2.40 Misses' strong laced Boot ..... \$1.12

Fife Coal ..... \$0.75 Boot in Ed. U. 112 ..... \$1.00

Stocks, lace ..... \$0.50 Boot in Ed. U. 112 ..... \$1.00

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**Daily Intelligencer.**

The Ontario Legislature.

FRIDAY, Jan. 30.

After routine and the adoption of all motions, including one for a return of all fees paid by the Province and fetus of infants in the Courts of Chancery, several additional municipal Bills were read a second time and referred to the Municipal Committees.

Mr. Pardoe moved the second reading of his Bill to amend the Act respecting Provinical Schools. The measure proposes (1) to drop the name of the "Director of the Geological Survey," as one of the Board of Examiners and subscribers to the "Professor of Mineralogy and Geology in the University of Toronto"; (2) to shorten the time of apprenticeship in the case of those who have taken a civil engineering course in any Ontario University; (3) to have the City of McGill College, Montreal, have the Ontario School of Practical Science; and (4) to admit Dominion land surveyors to license in Ontario without any additional examination except as regards the practice of survey in the same Province. The last provision is a reciprocal concession on the part of the Canadian Parliament. The motion was carried without discussion.

The motion for the second reading of the Bill of the Commissioners of Colonization to assist the Freeholders of Homesteads was carried, and passed.

Mr. Pardoe explained that the chief object of the Bill was to overcome a grave difficulty which had arisen in the working of the Act. Under the law at present the holder of the timber right is compelled to take down all timber within five years after the location of the settler on the land, after the expiration of which period whatever timber is left becomes the property of the holder of the patent. While the rate of settlement was high, the holder had plenty of time to remove the timber at his convenience, but for some years past the rate of free grant settlement has been so rapid that in order to save himself the holder of the title has been forced either to abandon the title or to sell it to another, or to let it go to the State, and then to the local municipalities, with which could not do more than he could do for himself, or to bargain with the locator to hand it over to him after the issue of the patent and thus cut off the revenue from dues. The remedy proposed by the Bill is to permit the licensee-holder to leave the timber longer than five years if he has no other way of getting it removed, and the locator being meanwhile empowered to take what he requires for his own use.

The motion for the second reading was carried by a majority of 17, no fewer than 13 supporters of the Government being absent without paring.

## The Benefit of Sugar-Beet Culture

We have frequently referred to the advantages, pointed out by the culture of sugar-beets for the manufacture of sugar. But the great industry does not grow, blossom, and become fruitful in a year or a few years. Yet its final success is hastened by the ease with which the raw material can be produced. If sugar-beets were now grown as pigs are fed, we should have a market as numerous as starch factories. It is the abundant supply of potash that tempted the starch manufacturers to build their factories, and offer a steady market for the farmers' produce. Let sugar-beets become a staple product of our farms, and the industry will be established of a vast business in a very short time. They may be removed. Sugar-beets can be made profitable for feeding, and not only so, but the effect of their culture upon our system of agriculture cannot fail to be advantageous so to invite the farmers to adopt it, if for its own sake alone. Root culture implies good farming for which no one can grow roots, roots may be grown on poor land, by using the proper fertilizers and methods of culture; and there is no better method than this of working up the soil to a good condition. For if one grows a quantity of roots, these must be fed, and act most powerfully, yet soothingly on the act most powerfully, yet soothingly on the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, and Bowels, giving tone and strength to these great SPHINXES OF LIFE. They are confidently recommended as a nerve-fausing remedy in all cases where the constipation, from whatever cause, has been of long duration; for men, women, and all ages, as a GE-BRAL FAMILY MEDICINE, are unequalled.



This Great Household Medicine ranks amongst the leading necessities of Life. These famous Pills purify the BLOOD, and act most powerfully, yet soothingly on the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, and Bowels, giving tone and strength to these great SPHINXES OF LIFE. They are confidently recommended as a nerve-fausing remedy in all cases where the constipation, from whatever cause, has been of long duration; for men, women, and all ages, as a GE-BRAL FAMILY MEDICINE, are unequalled.

## HOLLOWAYS OINTMENT

It's searching and healing Properties are known throughout the World. For the cure of BAD LEGS, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds and Scars, Ulcers, it is an infallible remedy. It effectively rubs on the neck and chest, as also to meat, Cures SORE THROAT, Diphtheria, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and even ASTHMA, Pleuritis, Glandular, Swellings, Abscesses, Piles, &c.

Gout, Rheumatism, and every kind of SICK DISEASE, it has been known to fail.

The Pills and Ointment are Manufactured only at:

533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON; And are sold by all Vendors of Medicines throughout the Civilized World; with directions in every language.

The Trade Marks of these Medicines are registered in Ottawa, Ontario, Canada, and throughout the British Possessions, who may keep the American Counterfeits for sale, will be liable to severe penalties.

**NOTICE:** Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 533, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

## NOTICE.

NOTICE: I am hereunto given that an application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario, at its present sitting, for an Act to remove all doubts as to the corporate existence of the Hawley Gold and Silver Mining Company, to be known as the "Hawley Gold and Silver Mining Company," to be incorporated as a company to be called "The Gold and Silver Mining Company," to be located in the County of Hastings, Ontario, Canada, and to have power to do all such acts as may be necessary to carry out the objects of the said Company, and to confer an agreement now proposed for said purpose. Dated January 26, 1880.

J. M. TUTTLE, President.

CALL FOR THE GREAT SIERRA NEVADA SMOKING!

At McDonald's Tobacco Store, one of the most delicious aromas ever smoked. Cigars, colds, catarrhs, asthma, and all bronchial complaints. Singers and speakers use it successfully.

M. L. SMITH, Akron, Ohio.

TO STEPHEN,

That designates the Shop on the corner of Front and Market Square, in the INTELLIGENCER Building, as presented by Mr. John Lazier. Possession given immediately. Apply to the INTELLIGENCER Office.

D. B. ROBERTSON, Secy. G. J. Ry. Co.

Dated at Belleville this 3rd day of December 1880.

Geo. C. BOBB, Child Engineer.

Friday, Dec. 25, 1880.

Most people call fretting a minor fault, a foible, and not a vice. There is no vice, except drunkenness, which can so utterly destroy the peace, the happiness of a home.

Sold by all druggists. Send for pamphlet.

DR. GILES,  
120 West Broadway, N. Y.

Prize 25 cents.

Sierra Nevada Smoking!

At McDonald's Tobacco Store, one of the

most delicious aromas ever smoked. Cigars, colds, catarrhs, asthma, and all bronchial

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complaints. Singers and speakers use it suc-

cessfully.

D. B. ROBERTSON, Secy. G. J. Ry. Co.

Dated at Belleville this 3rd day of December 1880.

Geo. C. BOBB, Child Engineer.

Friday, Dec. 25, 1880.

Most people call fretting a minor fault, a

foible, and not a vice. There is no vice,

except drunkenness, which can so utterly

destroy the peace, the happiness of a home.

Sold by all druggists. Send for pamphlet.

DR. GILES,  
120 West Broadway, N. Y.

Prize 25 cents.

Sierra Nevada Smoking!

At McDonald's Tobacco Store, one of the

most delicious aromas ever smoked. Cigars, colds, catarrhs, asthma, and all bronchial

complaints. Singers and speakers use it suc-

cessfully.

D. B. ROBERTSON, Secy. G. J. Ry. Co.

Dated at Belleville this 3rd day of December 1880.

Geo. C. BOBB, Child

# Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 13.

## WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. ALLAN LINE.

### Business Directory.

Winter Sailings via HALIFAX.  
SHORTEST SEA ROUTE, 7 DAYS.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.  
Londonderry and Glasgow.

THE all-steel Clyde built iron steamships  
of the Allan Line, carrying the Canadian  
and American mail, will be despatched  
from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonderry  
every Saturday, as follows:

SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.  
SARMATIAN, November 29th.  
CIRCASSIAN, December 6th.  
SARDINIAN, " 13th.  
MORAVIAN, " 20th.  
PEKING, " 27th.  
HIBERNIAN, January 3rd.  
SARMATIAN, " 10th.  
CIRCASSIAN, " 17th.  
SARDINIAN, " 24th.  
OCEAN, " 31st.  
MORAVIAN, February 7th.  
PEKING, " 14th.  
POLYNESIAN, " 21st.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Belleville to Liverpool or London,  
Cabin, \$67, \$80, and \$80, according to  
position of state—  
including passage by first-class Railway \$47.

Stamps do. from \$30 to \$32.

Children 1 to 12 half price, under  
1 year free.

First class tickets at reduced rates.

Steamer tickets are issued without extra  
charge, to or from Liverpool, Londonderry,  
Queensport, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bri-  
tol, or Cardiff.

The best train connecting with the Ocean  
Steamer at Halifax, passes Belleville every  
Tuesday at noon. Passengers go at once on  
board.

An experience Surgeon accompanies each  
vessel.

Bills are secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can  
obtain passage certificates at low rates from  
England, Ireland, Scotland, to any railway  
station in the United States. (When  
tickets are not used the amount is returned,  
less a small deduction.)

Intermediate and steamer Steadwassers are  
apportioned to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information  
apply to E. THOMPSON,  
Agent Allan Line,  
Canadian Express Office,  
December, 1879, Belleville.

### BANKING OFFICE

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BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

### AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS

Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal  
without notice. Interest allowed at 4 and 5  
per cent.

**ROYAL**  
INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL \$10,000,000  
Funds Invested 12,000,000  
Annual Income 5,000,000

The ROYAL Insurance Company has the  
largest number of Any Fire Insurance Company  
in the world.

Insurance Offices, Schools, Dwellings, Stores,  
Manufactories, Warehouses, do., against loss by  
fire, at equivalent rates.

ROUTH & TATELY, Chief Agents, Montreal.  
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**THE SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL**  
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Capital Two Millions Sterling.

Assets \$1,500,000

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HEAD OFFICE, 7 TORONTO St. TORONTO.

John L. BLAIRIE, Esq., Chairman, President  
Canada Landed Credit Company.

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WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Esq., Vice-President  
Federal Bank of Canada.

INSPECTOR—ROBERT MCLEAN.

RESECRETARY—LAWRENCE BUCHAN.

Deposited with the Government at Ottawa  
for security of Canadian Policy Holders, \$100,-  
000.

This Company issues Policies of Insurance  
against fire or damage by fire or lightning on  
manufacturing, manufacturing, farm and house-  
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Policies are issued from and losses settled  
directly by the Toronto Office, without delay.  
All Premiums taken in the country are in-  
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**QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY**

Of Liverpool and London.

**FIRE AND LIFE.**

Capital £2,000,000 Sterling.

Invested Funds £589,927

FORES & MUDGE,  
MONTREAL,

Chief Agents for Canada.

W. A. SHERIFF, Agent, Belleville.

FOR FIRE AND LIFE.

Capital £2,000,000 Sterling.

Invested Funds £589,927

FORES & MUDGE,  
MONTREAL,

Chief Agents for Canada.

W. A. SHERIFF, Agent, Belleville.

BELLEVILLE ONTARIO TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1880.

NO. 232.

### Canada Royal Benefit Society.

John Bell,  
BARRISTER, &c., will continue his  
general practice in his present office  
on his own account.

JOHN BELL,  
Belleville, November 12, 1879.

**DENMARK & NORTHUP.**  
BARRISTERS, &c. Offices lately occu-  
pied by Ponton & Denmark, Front St.,  
Belleville, Ont.

Money to Loan—Private and Company  
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Block, east end of Front Street, Bel-  
leville, Ont.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, J. PARKER THOMAS,  
Belleville, Ont.

John J. FLINT. MORGAN JELLEY,  
Belleville, Ont.

**DELANEY & OSTRUM.**  
BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Trenton,  
Ontario.

**ROBERTSON & PETERSON.**  
BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solici-  
tors in Chancery, Insolvency, and Me-  
chanics' law cases. Conveyancers, &c., &c.

Front Office, corner Bridge and Front Sts.,  
Belleville, Ont.

Branch Office O'Flynn's Block, Madoc,  
Ontario.

M. A. PETERSON, R. A. C. W. PETERSON, B. A.

**GEO. D. DICKSON.**  
BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block,  
Bridge Street, Belleville.

**E. McHANN.**  
ATTORNEY-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery  
&c., &c. Office—McHan's  
Buildings, Corner of Front and Bridge Streets,  
Belleville, Ont.

**S. T. McHANN & HEDDLE, JR., LL.B.**  
ATTORNEY-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery  
&c., &c. Office—No. 4,  
Graham's Block, entrance from Campbell  
Street, Belleville, Ont.

**DAVID B. ROBERTSON.**  
(SECRETARY GRAND JUNCTION RAIL-  
WAY COMPANY).

ATTORNEY-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery  
No. 10, Notary Public, &c., &c. Office—No. 4,  
Post Office Block, Bogart's Block, Bridge  
Street, Belleville, Ont.

**S. M.—\$100 to lend on easy terms and  
Mortgages bought and sold.**

**ALFRED E. DENISON.**  
LATE OF THE CONSOLIDATED BANK,  
BOOKKEEPER and Accountant, accounts  
adjusted. Agent for Fire and Life In-  
surance Money to Loan.  
Office Campbell Street, in the Division  
Court office.

**J. ELISHA WESLEY.**  
ISSUER of Marriage Licences, at the office  
of Mr. B. Robin, Front St., Belleville.

**B. S. WILSON, M. D. C. M.**  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,  
Montreal. Late House Apothecary of  
the Montreal General Hospital. Residence  
and Office, Pinnacle Street, dft

**JOHN WHITTON.**

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

SITUATE AT THE CORNER OF CHURCH AND  
DUNDAS STREETS.

PRINCIPAL, MR. ARTHUR GRAHAM,  
Assisted by three Resident Lady Teachers.

**N. ADDITION** to the ordinary branches, classes  
and articles of study, Drawing and Painting, and in the  
Natural Sciences.

**THE SCHOOL will open on Monday,**  
September 15.

In connection with the above, the Belleville  
Conservatory of Music

will open at the same place and date.

The Piano Room under the charge of Mrs.  
Gould.

Classes in Harmony, Thorough-bass, Musi-  
cal Science and History, in Part Singing and  
Reading at Sight.

All stringed and wind instruments taught  
moderate charge.

For terms, &c., see Circular, or address the  
principal, Mr. Arthur Graham.

**OCTOBER 14, 1879.**

**THE BEST PAPER I TRY IT!**

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED.

35th YEAR.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is a large  
First-Class Weekly Newspaper of Sixteen  
Pages, printed in the most beautiful style,  
profusely illustrated with splendid engravings  
representing the latest and most important  
advances in the Arts and Sciences, and  
including New and Interesting Facts in Agricultural,  
Horticultural, the Home, Medical,  
Social, Political, Scientific, and General  
Geology, Astronomy. The most valuable practical  
papers, by eminent writers in all departments  
of Science, will be found in the Scientific  
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Terms \$20 per year, \$1.60 half year, which  
includes postage. Discount to Agents, News-  
dealers, &c., &c.

GO. L. EVANS, T. G. BROWN, T. L. DAVIS,  
P. L. S.

Thomas Gardner.

PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

Architects, Civil Engineers and Land  
Agents. Office—Dominion Buildings, Bridge  
Street, Belleville. Surveying in all its  
branches, in every part of Ontario prompt  
attendance. Drawings, Specifications, &c.,  
attended to. Drawings, Specifications, &c.,  
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attended to.

RAE & CO., Rev. Mr. Bird,  
Belleville, Dec. 1875. dft

**JOHN D. EVANS.**

East Saginaw 6.00pm 7.15am

10.50pm 11.45pm

7.30pm 10.45am 5.50pm 8.05am

8.45pm 10.30am 5.15pm 7.15am

10.20pm 11.15pm

7.45pm 10.45pm 5.30pm 7.30am

8.00pm 11.20pm Durand 4.45pm

9.37pm 12.54pm Landing 3.27pm

1.55pm Charlotte 2.35pm

2.45pm Victoria 2.25pm

3.55pm Schoolcraft 11.45pm

4.45pm Caspopolis 10.30pm

5.45pm Huron 9.30pm

6.45pm Port Huron 8.30pm

7.45pm Alpena 6.00pm 7.00am

Accommodation trains leave Port Huron 10.00  
a.m. 4.55 p.m.

Through Coaches are run between Port Huron  
and East Saginaw and Bay City without change.

CH. F. HENRY NEWELL, W. H. COOPER,  
RECEIVER, Suite 207, Grand Hotel, Belleville.

For information as to rates, etc., apply to E.

OAKLAND CITY TICKET AGENT, HURON HOUSE, PORT  
HURON, MICH.

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of railway will hereafter receive their daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STERLING.—At the drug store of Dr. G. H. Boutler, P. P.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Campbell, who will also act as our agent for the weekly intelligence.

HARRISON.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. G. C. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. P. ROWEY & CO.,  
41 Park Row, New York,  
AND  
J. H. RATES, 41 Park Row, New York,  
RE our Agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, FEB. 3.

## That "Moral Victory."

Beaten as the Grits usually are in West Hastings, their press attempt to extract some consolation from the fact that Mr. Robertson's majority was not so great in Friday's election as when he opposed Mr. Holden in June last.

The Globe says Mr. Sills made a "splendid run," and the local Grit organ calls the result a "great moral victory." How far the Grit press have cause to rejoice will be readily understood from the following analysis of the votes recorded in June last and on Friday:

In the election between Mr. Robertson and Mr. Holden in June last there were 1290 votes polled in the city. At the last election there were 1,231 votes polled, or 53 less than in the June contest.

The "Moral Victory" for the Grits as far as the city is concerned is thus obvious. In Siding Mr. Sills' prestige as a local man stood him good stead, as the number of votes polled in that Township was 898 in January against 863 in June. Mr. Sills polling 90 more votes than did Mr. Holden, whilst the decline in the vote cast for Mr. Robertson was 55. In Trenton the votes polled at this election was only twenty less than in the June election, whilst Mr. Robertson's majority was 76 less. What caused the difference is only known to the initiated. It is doubtful if "moralities" caused the difference.

In the whole riding Mr. Sills polled 72 votes more than did Mr. Holden in June, and probably the latter gentleman will not feel much elated over this fact, whilst Mr. Robertson polled 116 votes fewer than he did in his first contest, which was undoubtedly due to the absence of a large number of his friends from Belleville and Trenton. The total vote was but 41 less than in June.

## The City and the Grand Junction.

The City Council have promptly taken the action which was expected of them in regard to the proposed Grand Junction Railway legislation. By our report of the proceedings of the meeting of last night, it will be seen that they unanimously passed a resolution declaring the Bill prejudicial to the interests of the City, and appointed a deputation composed of the Mayor, Aldermen Thomas Holden and Dickson, and the City Solicitor, to proceed to Toronto and look after the interests of the City, with power to take all necessary steps in regard to the matter. We hope and believe that the mission of the delegation will prove successful.

## Another Canal Project.

A correspondent writes to the *Independent* from Belleville as follows:—"What I am now writing for is to ask you to direct public attention to the desirability of making Belleville the outlet of the Trent Valley Canal. It could be very easily done. From the head of Nine Miles rapids a canal will be needed to Trenton, while less than nine miles, say seven, will carry the canal into Belleville, shortening the distance and reducing the expense. I see that Port Hope wishes to make the Trent Valley Canal outlet at that place, which is simply ridiculous. It wants to cut a canal from Rice Lake to Port Hope. This is of course quite impracticable, and even if it could be done it would be useless. Port Hope is on the Lake, Belleville is on the Bay. Port Hope harbor is dangerous, Belleville harbor is safe. It is this reason which will give Belleville all the lumber trade which Port Hope now enjoys, as soon as the Grand Junction is completed to Peterborough and Mud Lake. What I ask you, sir, is to advocate Belleville as the terminus of the Trent Valley Canal."

DRY GOODS GOING UP.—The Oswego Times of Friday says—"Our merchants are advised by letters and circulars received daily that prices are going up. A circular from New York received to-day says that the price of 44' fruit of the loom was yesterday advanced and made 11¢ net 60 days. Paterson (N. J.) manufacturers announce that owing to the increased cost of production and the rise in raw silk, the price of silk will be advanced on the first of February. Foreign advices are to the same effect. In other lines the prices are also going up." Now when the prices of the same articles in Canada follow the rise at the place of production, prepare for a blow against the N. P. from the *Globe* and its echoes.

Sometimes what we have need of from God we do not seek for; but sometimes what we greatly wish for we do not expect.

## WEST HASTINGS.

## The Official Returns.

The following are the official returns of the votes polled in the election for the General Legislature in West Hastings on Friday, January 30th:

CITY OF BELLEVILLE.		
	Robertson.	Sills.
FOSTER WARD—	..... 61	31
NAME 1.—	..... 104	42
NAME 2.—	..... 96	68
NAME 3.—	..... 119	68
BALDWIN WARD—	..... 118	64
BLANCHARD WARD—	..... 70	92
MURRAY WARD—	..... 129	82
NAME 5.—	..... 48	40
Totals.....	764	477
Majority for Robertson.....	277	197

SIDNEY.

Frankford.....	33	137
March Hill.....	105	102
Town Hill.....	60	89
4 Gill's School House.....	69	99
5 Harder's School House.....	64	99
Totals.....	351	381
Majority for Sills.....	136	125

TRENTON.

West Trenton.....	93	84
East Trenton.....	78	79
Totals.....	171	163

Majority for Robertson..... 8

## RECAPITULATION.

Belleville..... 784

Sidney..... 381

Trenton..... 171

Total votes polled..... 1,906

1157

Robertson's majority..... 149

## News Condensed.

Archbishop Lynch has returned to Toronto.

An ice famine is threatened along the Hudson River.

An advance of 25¢ per 100 lbs. has been established on cut nails and horse shoes.

The wheat crop of Buenos Ayres is excellent, but that of Santa Fe is very poor.

The thermometer was 25° below zero at Ottawa on the 2nd.

—A small well publicly resided in the House of Representatives at Washington yesterday.

—William Davis' store, Church Street, Toronto, was entered last evening, and \$245 stolen.

—The Mullen block, St. John, N. B., occupied by several stores, was burned on the 2nd inst. Loss \$30,000; partially insured.

—The freight business on the Intercolonial Railway continues large. Just week 349 car loads arrived at Halifax, and 160 left.

—A Desnoes despatch says David Davies and 60 agents in Iowa buying corn to hold, and have now over 30,000,000 bushels in crib.

—A Company has been organized to a silver mine in Annapolis County, N. S., specimens from which have been tested and promise a large yield of pure silver.

—The Lord Mayor of Dublin publicly charges the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland with a partnership in refusing to attend the Mansion House dinner.

—The traffic receipts of the Great Western Railway for the week ending 23rd January were \$86,147.91, and for the corresponding week of last year \$82,922.67, being an increase of \$3,225.24.

—A party from the Fombina Mountains has arrived in Emerson, and reports the discovery of gold-bearing quartz. The parties keep the locality secret. There is some excitement over the reports.

In the Legislature on Thursday, Mr. Madock strongly condemned the action of the Government in asking the Province to pay between \$5,000 and \$6,000 connected with the Lieutenant-Governor's trip to the North-West.

The reduction of cable rates from 75¢ to 12¢ per word by the Anglo-American Company has practically driven its rival, the Great Cable Company, out of the field. It is reported that the old Company has set aside a reserve of \$200,000 to be used in establishing a monopoly.

—Another Canal Project.

The "SARMATIAN'S" VOYAGE.—The following is the report of the steamer "Sarmatian," she having been delayed off Long Point by fog for fifteen hours. She left Morrisville at two a. m. on Saturday, the 24th. The weather experienced was most boisterous throughout the whole passage and the vessel was delayed by incessant gales of head wind. The Princess suffered much, but is now recovering and with rest, her usual health. Nothing of any note occurred during the voyage. The Princess is accompanied by Hon. Lady Pelly and Hon. Mrs. Langham, Col. McNeill, Esq. in waiting to the Queen, Captains Chater and Collins were in attendance on Her Royal Highness.

A CURIOUS CASE OF TREPASSE.—An Ottawa reporter says—"To-day a curious charge of trespass was tried before Judge Oaler. Some time ago Prof. Fanning, the dancing master, was in this city, and while here, amongst numerous other bills, he ran up a heavy one with Jas. Swan for groceries. After the departure of the police professor, Swan called upon Mrs. Fanning and demanded the payment of the account, or address of the absconder. Upon her refusal he announced his intention of occupying the parlor until the information was forthcoming. After an action of trespass was brought, and for a careful trial a verdict for plaintiff for \$120 was rendered.

LUMBER SALE.—The Quebec correspondent says—"A large sale of pine deals, a few rods, 600,000 standard, was made by Messrs. Gilman & Co. a few days since, at the first quality, \$100 per 100' Quebec standard; do, second quality, \$80; do, third quality, \$65 do. The purchasers, it is said, are Messrs. Sharpe & Co. and Burwell."

So closely interested is it in this life of ours that men have to suffer for each other's sins, so inevitably differs human suffering that even justice makes it hard to decide what is right and what is wrong, and there is no retribution that does not spread beyond its mark in punishment of unmerited pain.

DRY GOODS GOING UP.—The Oswego Times of Friday says—"Our merchants are advised by letters and circulars received daily that prices are going up. A circular from New York received to-day says that the price of 44' fruit of the loom was yesterday advanced and made 11¢ net 60 days. Paterson (N. J.) manufacturers announce that owing to the increased cost of production and the rise in raw silk, the price of silk will be advanced on the first of February. Foreign advices are to the same effect. In other lines the prices are also going up." Now when the prices of the same articles in Canada follow the rise at the place of production, prepare for a blow against the N. P. from the *Globe* and its echoes.

## CITY COUNCIL.

MONDY, Feb. 2.

The Council met at 8 o'clock for the purpose of taking into consideration the Grand Junction Railway Bill now before the Legislature.

PRESIDENT.—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. J. Smith, Protor, Brennan, Lingham, MacInnes, Dickson, Vaudouen, Ostrom, Robert, George, T. Holden, Jellett, D. Holden, A. L. Smith, H. Wallbridge, Petrie, Green, Costello, Grady.

The Mayor said as the requisition stated the object of the meeting, he would leave it to the Council to take such action as they chose. Ald. Jellett said that not until reading the local papers on Saturday evening was he aware that action was being taken at Toronto with regard to the Grand Junction of the character alluded to in the papers. He had then thought it advisable to have a special meeting, so a requisition had been circulated and all the members had noticed. Their By-laws having been unanimously endorsed by the raters, it was proper that they should discuss the matter. It was strange that action had been taken on this extraordinary bill without notice to the city authorities.

On the evening following, Coyne festival was held in the Town Hall, and was crowded to overflowing. Mr. Ebenezer Perry, of Tamworth, filled the chair on this occasion. Iables, as usual here, were in abundance. Music was rendered by Mr. Thomas Shes at the organ. This evening was also a pleasant one to all, who apparently separate for their respective places of abode & good humor, having spent the evening in the joyful weather of this peculiar winter.

Just now our country is flooded with circulars from pretended banking houses in Wall Street N. Y., asking any one to send them \$10 or more to be invested by them in stock on the combination plan, making the remitters rich in a month's time, as it were; but we strictly caution all the unwary to pay no attention to their gilded offers. They are an unprincipled lot of frauds, and only want to get hold of your money, which you will never hear from again.

Ald. Holden spoke to the same effect. The Mayor was glad to find that the Committee had acted so promptly on a matter of importance which had hitherto been neglected.

Ald. Dickson thought Ald. Robertson ought, as Chairman of the Harbor Committee, to represent that Committee. At the same time he would like to see Ald. Brennan on the delegation.

Ald. D. Holden said the Harbor Committee must meet this afternoon and consider it advisable to endeavor to secure a grant from the Ontario Government to aid in removing the obstructions caused by timbers floated down the river, from which they derived a large revenue. In his opinion Ald. Brennan should accompany them for the purpose he had named.

Ald. D. Holden spoke to the same effect.

The Mayor was glad to find that the Committee had acted so promptly on a matter of importance which had hitherto been neglected.

Ald. Dickson thought his remarks referring to the breakwater, which was a Dominion matter. If anything was to be done the delegation would have to go at once, and in such case he would not accompany it.

Ald. D. Holden moved, seconded by Ald. A. L. Smith, that the Mayor and Ald. T. Holden and Dickson be a delegate to proceed to Toronto to look after the interests of this city in legislation regarding the Grand Junction Railway.

Ald. Jellett moved, seconded by Ald. McInnes, that in view of the fact that legislation is being taken before the Ontario Government which appears to affect the interests of the city prejudicially, a deputation composed of the Mayor, Ald. T. Holden and Dickson, and the Solicitor be appointed to proceed to Toronto forthwith to inquire into the matter and to take such steps as may to them seem necessary to protect the interest of the city.

Ald. Holden said he could not go in the morning.

Ald. Dickson said it would be necessary for the delegation to ask the re-committal of the bill to the Harbour Committee, as the interests of Belleville had not been represented.

This was all that could be done on a first visit.

The Mayor, the Solicitor and himself could have an interview with the Attorney General to-morrow, if they went up by the early train, and secure an appointment with him for the following day, at which Ald. Holden could be present, going up by tomorrow night's train.

To the Harbour delegation, he thought the views of the Council should first be taken and then a delegate could accompany the delegation which would appear before the Rail road Committee. If he thought they could not properly consider the subject to-night.

Ald. D. Holden withdrew his motion.

Ald. D. Holden thought no harm could come of asking the Government for a grant. However, he was willing to let the matter stand over.

Ald. Jellett thought it would be unwise to combine the matters. If necessary a separate delegation might be sent hereafter on harbors.

Ald. Brennan said he did not wish to go to Toronto, but would do so if required to further the interests of the city. He had been asked to do so by Ald. Robertson and others.

Council went into Committee on the resolution. Ald. J. Smith in the chair, and unanimously passed and reported it.

The report was adopted.

Ald. Dickson said that Ald. Proctor had expressed surprise that no action had been taken at the last meeting on this subject. It was quite as competent for Ald. Proctor to have moved in the matter as any other Alderman.

Some conversation took place as to the burning of the hospital.

The Council then adjourned.

## FREE OF COST.

Dr. KIRK'S NEW DIETRICRY FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS AND COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, HAY FEVER, &c. is now available in trial bottles free of cost to the afflicted. If you have a severe cough, cold, difficulty of breathing, &c., or are troubled with rheumatism, &c., this syrup will give this wonderful relief.

As you value your existence you will do well to let this opportunity pass. We could not afford to let it go, as we have many takers.

It is a great relief to those who are weak and infirm, and especially to those who are convalescent.

Prof. D. C. Ross, Heavy Weight Champion.

BUICKIN'S SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, burns, scalds, ulcers, ringworm, ringworm, &c., skin diseases, &c. It is a salve guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Jas. Clarke & Co., Belleville.

Games of chance are to catch schoolboy, boy and girl, and young country girls, who bags with a gauze bag and with a mangle.

## Flint.

MONDAY, Feb. 2.

The Council met at 8 o'clock for the purpose of taking into consideration the Grand Junction Railway Bill now before the Legislature.

PRESIDENT.—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. J. Smith, Protor, Brennan, Lingham, MacInnes, Dickson, Vaudouen, Ostrom, Robert, George, T. Holden, Jellett, D. Holden, A. L. Smith, H. Wallbridge, Petrie, Green, Costello, Grady.

The Mayor said as the requisition stated the object of the meeting, he would leave it to the Council to take such action as they chose. Ald. Jellett said that not until reading the local papers on Saturday evening was he aware that action was being taken at Toronto with regard to the Grand Junction of the character alluded to in the papers. He had then thought it advisable to have a special meeting, so a requisition had been circulated and all the members had noticed. Their By-laws having been unanimously endorsed by the raters, it was proper that they should discuss the matter. It was strange that action had been taken on this extraordinary bill without notice to the city authorities.

On the evening following, Coyne festival was held in the Town Hall, and was crowded to overflowing. Mr. Ebenezer Perry, of Tamworth, filled the chair on this occasion. Iables, as usual here, were in abundance. Music was rendered by Mr. Thomas Shes at the organ. This evening was also a pleasant one to all, who apparently separate for their respective places of abode & good humor, having spent the evening in the joyful weather of this peculiar winter.

Just now our country is flooded with circulars from pretended banking houses in Wall Street N. Y., asking any one to send them \$10 or more to be invested by them in stock on the combination plan, making the remitters rich in a month's time, as it were; but we strictly caution all the unwary to pay no attention to their gilded offers. They are an unprincipled lot of frauds, and only want to get hold of your money, which you will never hear from again.

Ald. Holden spoke to the same effect. The Mayor was glad to find that the Committee had acted so promptly on a matter of importance which had hitherto been neglected.

Ald. Dickson thought Ald. Robertson ought, as Chairman of the Harbor Committee, to represent that Committee. At the same time he would like to see Ald. Brennan on the delegation.

Ald. D. Holden said the Harbor Committee must meet this afternoon and consider it advisable to endeavor to secure a grant from the Ontario Government to aid in removing the obstructions caused by timbers floated down the river, from which they derived a large revenue. In his opinion Ald. Brennan should accompany them for the purpose he had named.

Ald. D. Holden spoke to the same effect.

The Mayor was glad to find that the Committee had acted so promptly on a matter of importance which had hitherto been neglected.

Ald. Dickson thought his remarks referring to the breakwater, which was a Dominion matter. If anything was to be done the delegation would have to go at once, and in such case he would not accompany it.

Ald. D. Holden moved, seconded by Ald. A. L. Smith, that the Mayor and Ald. T. Holden and Dickson be a delegate to proceed to Toronto to look after the interests of this city in legislation regarding the Grand Junction Railway.

Ald. Jellett moved, seconded by Ald. McInnes, that in view of the fact that legislation is being taken before the Ontario Government which appears to affect the interests of the city prejudicially, a deputation composed of the Mayor, Ald. T. Holden and Dickson, and the Solicitor be appointed to proceed to Toronto forthwith to inquire into the matter and to take such steps as may to them seem necessary to protect the interest of the city.

Ald. Holden said he could not go in the morning.

Ald. Dickson said it would be necessary for the delegation to ask the re-committal of the bill to the Harbour Committee, as the interests of Belleville had not been represented.

This was all that could be done on a first visit.

The Mayor, the Solicitor and himself could have an interview with the Attorney General to-morrow, if they went up by the early train, and secure an appointment with him for the following day, at which Ald. Holden could be present, going up by tomorrow night's train.

To the Harbour delegation, he thought the

## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

Nov. 24, 1879.

DING WEST.

No. 2, Day Express..... 6:15 p. m.  
No. 4, Night Express..... 6:30 a. m.  
No. 5, Mixed..... 12:05 p. m.  
Passenger..... 4:00 a. m.

GOING EAST.

No. 1, Day Express..... 12:10 p. m.  
No. 3, Night Express..... 1:15 p. m.  
No. 7, Mixed..... 7:15 p. m.  
No. 8, Mixed..... 11:00 p. m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.

GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3d, trains will roll as follows:

Leave Makos..... 8:00 a. m.

Arrive in Belleville..... 10:00 a. m.

Leave Belleville..... 3:00 p. m.

Arrive in Hastings..... 6:15 p. m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.

These roads are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, December 22, trains will run as follows:

Leave Trenton Junction..... 7:15 a. m. and 1 p. m.

Arrive in Picton..... 9:00 a. m. and 3:15 p. m.

Leave Picton..... 9:30 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.

Arrived Trenton Junction 10:00 a. m. and 6:00 p. m.

(Trains are run by Montauk time.)

STAGE ROUTES.

Stages leave the principal hotels for the un-dernanded places at the hour named:

For STANWICH—Daily, at 8 a. m. and 2 p. m.

For HANOVER—DAILY, 8 a. m.

For BARDWORTH, TWEDD, &amp;c.—DAILY, at 2 p. m.

For TUNSTON—DAILY, at 3 p. m.

For PICTON—DAILY, at 3 p. m.

The stages arrive in Belleville about noon each day.

Local Notices.

NOTICES UNDER THIS HEAD WILL BE A LINE EACH IN-  
TION. AFTER SIX INTELLIGENCES 5 CENTS A LINE.A nice lot of Toilet Sets and other Fancy  
articles suitable for Christmas presents, at  
Geen's Drug Store.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, FEB. 3.

City and Vicinity.

LATE.—The storm delayed the mail train from the west, which was in consequence forty minutes late to-day.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.—The first meeting of the Board of Education, as constituted for 1880, will be held to-night.

FOR TORONTO.—The Mayor, Ald. Dickson and the City Solicitor left this morning for Toronto, where they will look after the interests of the city in relation to the Grand Junction Railway Bill. Ald. T. Holden will join them to-night.

ACCIDENT.—Emery Arkles, an employee of the Anglo American Hotel, slipped and fell on the sidewalk yesterday and injured his left arm so severely that he is unable to work. It is expected that in the course of a few days he will be able to resume his labor.

BALL.—The ball given by the I. C. B. U. in the City Hall last night, for the benefit of the Irish relief fund, was largely attended and successful in every respect. It is probable that a good balance will remain, after paying expenses, to devote to the piazzuor object for which it was originated.

SKATING.—As will be seen by advertisement, the first carnival of the season will take place on the rink on Monday evening next, the 9th inst. A brash band will be in attendance, refreshments can be procured on the rink, and careful attention will be paid to the comfort of skaters. Mr. Loyne very liberally admits ticket holders in course free of charge.

ATHLETIC.—Prof. Ross has handed us the challenge which appears in our advertising columns, accompanied by a deposit of \$50. Under no circumstances will any of our editorial staff act either as permanent or temporary stakeholder in a match, and the parties, if they wish to come together, must deposit their money in other hands. The money has been returned to Ross, who has deposited it with Mr. Mottahed at the Dafos House.

VENOR AGAIN.—Venor predicts as follows:—The first cold snap of this month (February) is likely to be over about the 8th, and not to occur as I have before predicted on that date. Another mild period is likely to set in immediately afterwards of considerable duration. The severe period will probably be upon us by the second or third days of the month, and last for three or four days. A heavy snow-storm may accompany it."

FOOTBALL DISCOVERY.—Last evening as Mr. Harry Wonnocott, in company of Mr. Robert Gibson, had occasion to go into the cellar of the hotel, he noticed a long bright flame and proceeding towards it found that it came from the gas pipe. He quenched the flame and then re-lit it and afterwards was compelled to turn off the gas. What caused the ignition of the gas is not known, as there was but a small aperture from which the escape was made. The discovery was a very fortunate one, as doubtless serious consequences would have ensued had it not been made.

AMUSEMENTS.—Next on the list come the California Minstrels, whom Cool Burgess accompanies, and who will appear in the Opera House on Thursday night. The Springfield (Mass.) Union expresses the following favorable opinion of the troupe:—"The California Minstrels made their first appearance in this city Friday evening, and gave an entertainment which kept a large audience in an uproar for nearly three hours. The instrumental music was good, most of the jokes were fresh and sharp, the dancing excellent, and the sketches enjoyable and free from vulgarity. As a

whole, it was one of the best shows we have had in the mineral line for a long time, and a strong rival to Haverly's 'Mastodons' and Emerson's 'Megatherians.'

ONE SHIPMENT.—Eight cars of iron ore were brought down on the Madoc train this morning.

NEILSON.—Up to noon to-day upwards of 300 seats had been sold for Neilson's performance on Friday night.

PERSONAL.—Dr. Boutier, M. P. P., and Mr. J. M. Ferris, M. P. P., were in town to-day, for the purpose of attending the annual meeting of the Grand Junction Railway stockholders.

GOING EAST.

No. 1, Day Express..... 12:10 p. m.  
No. 2, Night Express..... 1:15 p. m.  
No. 7, Mixed..... 7:15 p. m.  
No. 8, Mixed..... 11:00 p. m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.

BELLEVILLE AND NORTH HASTINGS RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3d, trains will roll as follows:

Leave Makos..... 8:00 a. m.

Arrive in Belleville..... 10:00 a. m.

Leave Belleville..... 3:00 p. m.

Arrive in Hastings..... 6:15 p. m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.

These roads are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

DENVER, Jan. 3.—On the 27th ult. the Utas attacked the supply train with ammunition and rations for Major Morrow, 30 miles north-east of Palomas. 40 men of the 9th cavalry, guarding the train, repelled the Indians with heavy loss. Two soldiers were wounded and one scout killed. On Friday two companies under Capt. Rucker and Hooker attacked Victoria's band five miles north of Palomas, and drove them from a ford which they were attempting to cross. One Indian scout was killed and three soldiers wounded. In the night Victoria stole up the river and crossed the Rio Grande. On Sunday Morrow discovered the trail and marched 35 miles that day in pursuit. Morrow telegraphed on Sunday that he was but a few hours behind Victoria. Measures have been taken to prevent his escape through San Nicholas and San Augustus pass. The Mexican troops are actively pursuing. Victoria must soon surrender, as all hope of escape is cut off and his ammunition and stock are fast giving out. Governor Wallace intends if Victoria is captured to have him and his band arraigned on indictments for murder.

SPRINGFIELD, Feb. 3.—The brig Capela, with cotton from Galveston, went ashore abreast the Highlands. The crew and a lady passenger were landed safely by the life saving crew.

HARTFORD, Ct., Feb. 3.—A gentleman of this city who fell five weeks ago and has been complaining of a pain in his chest ever since, was relieved yesterday when a surgeon removed a whole lead pencil which had been completely imbedded in his chest by the fall.

BISMARCK, D. T., Feb. 3.—A Fort Buford despatch reports Jan. 28th, that the Uecker band had capture a herd of ponies near Glendale, belonging to the Gros Ventres. The latter attacked the Ucaspas, killing 15 Indians, and recapturing the stock. Great excitement in Yellowstone, and fears of a general uprising.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The Herald's Dublin special says that Parcell's warrant-attacked at the Mansion House Committee are regarded as utterly inexplicable, and a cause of great consternation among his friends. It is believed the excitement of his American tour has proved too great a mental strain, and that he is becoming insane.

AFTONNOM DISPATCHES.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—Mr. Plimoll, member of the Commons, addressing his constituents referred to the loss caused by shipwreck. The remedy which he intended to bring before Parliament was the loading of grain in sacks.

PARIS, Jan. 3.—The Government appears resolved to proceed against the Legitimist royalists who distribute certificates entitling them to receive pensions.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 3.—The Herald, in its report of the British Ambassador's arrival, says "This step would be hostile to Russia's interests. Russia certainly will not retire before a small Asiatic state incited by a foreign power."

The Herald points out that England is not in a position to defend Persia against Russia.

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—Steps are being taken to form a company to work the newly discovered oil wells in the Hanover petroleum region.

The present horses are yielding an average interest of 22 percent upon the capital, against 4 percent in America.

TOKYO MARKET.

TOKYO, Jan. 2—Fall wheat..... No. 1, \$26 to \$27; No. 2, \$21 to \$24; No. 3, \$21 to \$22; Spring No. 1, \$24 to \$25; No. 2, \$22 to \$23; No. 3, \$21 to \$22; Barley—No. 1, 75¢ to 76¢; No. 2, 64¢ to 65¢; No. 3, extra 74¢ to 55¢; Oats—No. 1, 67¢ to 68¢; No. 2, 66¢ to 67¢; Oats—No. 1, 36¢; No. 2, 35¢. Corn—57¢ to 58¢. Flour—superior, \$5.55 to \$5.60; extra, \$5.45 to \$5.50; fancy, \$5.40 to \$5.45; strong bakers, \$5.50 to \$5.55; spring extra, \$5.45 to \$5.50; winter, \$5.45 to \$5.50; fine, \$4.60 to \$4.65. Bacon—\$1 to \$1.10. Eggs—\$3.75 to \$4.00; Timothy, \$2.75 to \$3.00. Hogs—\$5.50 to \$5.75. Butter—\$2 to \$2.10. Bacon—\$1.50 to \$1.75. Sheep—\$1 to \$1.10. Wool—\$30 to \$32. Wheat, spring, \$1.20 to \$1.25. Oats—\$1.10 to \$1.15. Barley—\$1.00 to \$1.05. Wheat and flour full and heavy and neglected; no business doing. Barley and oats weak. Peas, beans, hogs unchanged.

MONTREAL, Feb. 3.—Most of the land in the County of Hastings, containing fifty acres, more or less, and the East half of the south-west quarter of the Township of Huntington, in the County of Hastings, containing fifty acres, more or less, and the East half of the south-west quarter of the Township of Huntington, the 7th concession of the said Township, comprising three acres of the north end of the said last mentioned parcel of land, running the full width, leaving in the said last mentioned parcel twenty-two acres, more or less.

The land is bounded by a road, situated about 3 miles back of the village of Thompsonsburg, in a well settled neighborhood.

There are 50 acres cleared and under cultivation. The remainder is covered with mixed hard and soft timber, and some cedar.

The house is a frame house and barn, also good water, and fair teatice.

Terms—one half down, the balance on terms to suit purchasers.

For further particulars, enquire of J. G. Vandusen, Esq., the Auctioneer, or to

Messrs. BELL & PONTON,  
Vendor's Agents, Belleville.

Dated this 30th Decr. 1879. Zawdwd

THE NEW CORSET

Meets with Universal Approval and Adoption.

PERFECT ADJUSTABLE FIT.

THE MOST ATTRACTIVE AND LASTING CORSET EVER DESIGNED.

THIS new and improved Corset is adjusted by a semi-circular Elliptical Lacing over the hips, thus avoiding the uncomfortable and dangerous side-adjustments which is found in the Corsets now in use. The facility with which it adjusts itself to forms of different development and size, and the great comfort and ease with which it may be worn, enables the figure to be displayed to much greater advantage than any other Corset.

The improved system of lacing employed in the Semi-circular Adjustable Hip Corset, prevents the waist from being strained, and the hips from being pulled out, as in the wearing of ordinary Corsets.

It is only necessary to bring this new and improved Corset to the notice of the ladies, to at once win their immediate endorsement and approval, as its many points of excellence cannot fail to arrest instant recognition and adoption. ASK TO SEE THEM.

At COSTELLO'S.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Cotton quiet, unchanged.

Wheat, spring n'minal; winter 4¢ lower, quiet; receipts, 13,000 bush.; sales, 11,400; New York March 2, 44¢ to \$1.44.

Barley, 45¢ to 50¢; Oats, 31 to 32¢; Rye 25¢ to 30¢; Flax 82¢.

Provisions—Pork Western 19 to 21¢; Brockville and Morrisburg 18 to 21¢; Eastern Townships 19 to 22¢; creameries 26 to 28¢. Pork 17 to 19¢. Lard 17 to 19¢. Beef 27 to 29¢.

Wheat and flour full and heavy and neglected; no business doing. Barley and oats weak. Peas, beans, hogs unchanged.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—Whet, 20¢ to 21¢; Beef, 12 to 13¢; Pork, 4 to 5¢; Bacon, 12 to 13¢; Lard, 17 to 18¢; Eggs, 12 to 13¢; Butter, 25¢ to 26¢; Flour, 12 to 13¢; Oats, 31 to 32¢; Rye 25¢ to 26¢; Flax 82¢.

Provisions—Pork Western 19 to 21¢; Brockville and Morrisburg 18 to 21¢; Eastern Townships 19 to 22¢; creameries 26 to 28¢. Pork 17 to 19¢. Lard 17 to 19¢. Beef 27 to 29¢.

Wheat and flour quiet, unchanged.

CORNELL, Feb. 3.—Activy canvassing for the Irish relief is proceeding. Some contributions are being received from funds directed to the purpose of political action. Jas. D. Dillen, on behalf of Parsons, wrote from Rochester asking that the Baltimore funds be forwarded to Drexel, Morgan &amp; Co., and denouncing the Mansion House Relief Committee. The former advised him that it had already arranged for the proper distribution of the Baltimore contributions.

ADRIAN, Feb. 3.—In the House an order was passed that the Committee on the alleged bribery of members proceed at once to the trial of Parsons.

It was ordered that the Constitution Committee inquire into the constitution so that the suffrage be limited to those able to read and write in English.

NEWTON, N. J. Feb. 3rd.—Frederick Terrell, son of the man who was shot by Mrs. Fairfield, and responded to be the victim, was sentenced to be executed on the 3rd of April.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3rd.—Gen. Brisbin died to-day.

WEATHER REPORTS.

TORONTO, Feb. 3.—Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours: For the lower lakes, fresh to strong easterly to northwesterly winds, cloudy, with continued cold weather, with snow followed by fair weather to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Indications: For lower lakes threatening, and snow, slightly colder.

TEABERRY.—The new powder for whitening the teeth, stimulating the mouth and purifying the breath; the brightest, neatest, costest little toilet gone extant. Ask your druggist for "Teaberry." Price 35 cents.

The following is the address:—

TO ALEXANDER RENNELL, Esq., M. P. P.

Dear Sir,—On behalf of my friends with the front of Sidney, we wish to present you with this cake, which was won for him at a social gathering at the front of Sidney cheese factory, with whom thanked them cordially for the front of Sidney, and the kind wishes expressed in the address. He hoped to merit a continuance of their confidence, and would always advocate in the halls of the Legislature measures for the general good of the great country, having particularly at heart the welfare of the constituency which he had the honor to represent. After partaking of some refreshments and spending a pleasant hour in social intercourse, the company separated. The following is the address:—

MRS. JOHN GARBETT,  
MRS. D. J. FAIRFIELD.

CARDS.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness and dead manhood, &amp;c., I will send a receipt for you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy which I have made by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. J. C. LEWIS &amp; CO., Portland, Maine.

AUGUST 1, 1879.

INDIVIDUAL CURES, in cases of 4 oz. and 1 doz., \$6.00 and \$9.

INDIVIDUAL CURES, in cases of 1 doz. and 1 lbs. FEDE KNIVES, in cases and separate, \$3 to \$5.

PIE KNIVES, do., do., \$3 to \$5.

SILVER CUT &amp; NAPKIN RING, in case, \$1.75.

CHILD'S SET in case, gold mounted bowl, plate, fork and spoon, \$1.50.

NUT PICKS, very fine, \$4.50 doz.

These goods are very attractive styles, good quality, and exceedingly good value.

I AM instructed by Mrs. H. K. Lyon to sell at her residence, Church Street, on

FRIDAY NEXT, FEBRUARY 6TH,

all the furniture and household effects.

Sale at 10 o'clock.

E. PURDY,  
Antiques.

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INDIVIDUAL CURES, in cases of 4 oz. and 1 doz., \$6.00 and \$9.

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## Daily Intelligencer.

## CAST ON THE WORLD:

or

The Border Marriage.  
A STORY OF THE GREAT GLASGOW BANK ROBBERY.

CHAPTER.

CHARLIE BECOMES A CITY ARAB.

And what then, had become of Charlie?

True enough, he had made his escape from the Sow and Pigs and the cruelty of Silas Morgan. The suffering and misery to which he was subjected at the hands of the depredators of Tobey and Myra were a most shocking chapter.

Morgan's rage, passion, and spite were vented on the head of the poor helpless boy who could make no resistance, and who had now no one to help him pass through the trials and dangers of life.

By day Silas locked him up in a room lighted only by a high and small window which looked out into a court. This was done at Tobey's instigation, so that the boy could not escape from the window and carry off what he had stolen.

His food was put to him all right, but he was not allowed to leave his prison for any purpose except for the performance of night, and at such times the glaring eye of Morgan was never off him, and he was cuffed and kicked back again the moment his work on the stage was over.

The grief and sorrow of the poor boy can describe. The blow of Silas were spirit-breaking and unendurable enough, but it was in his loneliness that Charlie felt the greatest anguish. His grief for the loss of the only two beings whom he loved in this world, his food, was even in bitterness; and all night long, in darkness and solitude, he lay sobbing as if his heart would break. "Oh," he thought, "if Tobey had only taken him, too, and that had not been left to bear such misery and sorrow."

Two or three days passed thus, and Charlie could bear it no longer. Anything must be better than the cruelty and tyranny of Silas Morgan. So he thought of trying to make his escape, and eyed with wistful curiosity the little window planted near to the roof of his chamber. It was high up beyond his reach, but it seemed to have no fastening, and the only means he had of reaching it was to climb up the rough and the dead form which was in the room, and climbing up on that. Here his professional capabilities stood him in good stead. He gained the window ledge, opened it, and scrambling through dropped down into the court.

He was free, and with the fleetness of a deer sped away into the streets. It was two hours before he reached a dark December morning, and the streets were almost thinness. Charlie had on his usual dress, but he shivered at first in the sharp morning air; till his running made him warm and comfortable. When he was going he knew not. He had been very little in the London streets at all, and never by himself, but he ran on and on, traversing one after another, until he was about to give up, to get as far as he could from the Sow and Pigs and Silas Morgan. By daylight he was miles away and could not have found his way back to Ratcliff Highway even had he wished—miles away, amid the rush and the roar of the now fully-awakened city, to which, as it seemed to him, there was no end and no limit. Everywhere streets strewed with the dead, by crowds of people and all kinds of vehicles. For a long while Charlie wandered on, his childish interest fully absorbed in gazing round on the bewildering scene, looking into the grandly-decked shop windows, and watching, with undiminished eagerness, the thousand different and ever-changing objects which the thoroughfares presented.

This was all very well for a time, but by-and-by Charlie grew tired, and hungry, and he knew not either where he was to rest himself, or how he was to obtain food. If he could only find Tobey. At first in his simple ignorance he had expected to do so, and peered about among the crowd for the kind and smiling face of his friend.

But long enough though he was—he became convinced that the chance of finding Tobey was a small one, and sadness and anxiety again took possession of his little bosom.

He was no longer the Gladys of Collin's Court, Glasgow. His mind had opened up considerably during his six months' residence in the van under the valuable teaching of Tobey and the loving companionship of Myra. Having experienced happiness with them, he could not know sorrow. His desires and affections had been drawn out; his love for his mother had been wonderfully developed; his naturally sharp mind had quickened in intelligence; his weak and puny frame had been knitted and strengthened. He had not grown much, but he had become hardy, and of course his arduous training had made him more active than any boy of his age could be. Altogether Charlie had been improved and made capable of bearing the sufferings and more self-reliance. He was able both to feel and to endure; but it must be admitted that no amount of self-reliance could solve for him the problem of how he was to exist in his friendless, homeless, penniless and unprotected state in the streets of the city. A brave heart could not become attached to a weak stomach; a bold, undaunted spirit was not born against cold and fatigue and the necessity of labor.

These qualities might enable him to fight better against such privations, but they could not possibly raise him above his human wants or the condition of his tender years; and so it happened when the afternoon of that dark December day was drawing to a close, that he found in Tottenham Court Road, food and shelter, and exhaustion—a position in which he had never yet found himself. In the process of his tearing through infancy under Dick and Ben he had been often enough neglected and left to ignorance and dirt, but he had always a strong hold upon such as it was. Now he was utterly alone in the world, in a foreign locality, and without the faintest idea of what he was to do or where he was to go.

Little wonder, therefore, that Charlie felt lonely and desolate. All the faces up to which he gazed were strange and cold to him. No kind look or smile was directed toward him; everybody went past without bestowing even one single glance on his little wistful countenance, pretty and handsome though it was.

More than once in his perambulations that day he had seen little ragged boys, some of them little bigger than himself, white as chalk, the street before passengers reviving like wheels and cutting capers and antics for their own amusement. They accomplished acrobats as he was—had a very poor idea of the feats they performed, but he noticed that they often attracted attention, and had copper coins thrown to them. And now, in the dark, just when the shops and streets were all closed up, he came upon a group of gentlemen at the corner of a street, laughing heartily at the comicality of two or three of these boys. They were swells who sported canes, rings, eye-glasses, and fine clothes, and as they stood

smoking their cigars, and obtaining amusement from the antics of the boys, they were evidently fond of the performance of afeat or two than they could afford.

Charlie looked on with something like contempt for their doings, but he had a decided longing for one or two of the pennies which were being tossed about them. Close to where he was, was a confectioner's shop, filled with tempting cakes and buns—doubtless tempting to Charlie's hungry belly, and if he had a penny he could go in and obtain.

'Now, look here, you boys,' exclaimed one of the girls. 'Here's a sixpence for the one who does the cleverest trick.'

In a moment every Arab was wheeling and sparing about with frantic eagerness.

All roads approaching the premises were in first class condition.

Having first class facilities for receiving grain we take in wagons 1,000 bushels per hour.

The many years' experience we have had in the grain trade, and the large number of customers placed on us by our many friends, has led us to offer these facilities, surpassed by none on the Bay, and we trust our old friends will appreciate the advantages offered.

The Elevator is now ready to receive grain.

D. BRENNAN,  
S. & VANDERVOORT  
Proprietors.

THE undersigned having leased the above premises for a term of years, are prepared to receive, store, and ship all kinds of grain, at reasonable rates.

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# Herald Intelligencer

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VOL. 13.

1879. WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.  
ALLAN LINE.

## Business Directory.

**John Bell.**  
BARRISTER, &c., will continue his general practice in his present office, on his own account.

JOHN BELL  
Belleville, November 12, 1879.

**Denmark & Northrup.**  
BARRISTERS, &c. Offices lately occupied by Ponton & Denmark, Front St., Belleville, now to Loan-Private and Company funds.

**Robertson & Thomas.**  
BARRISTERS, &c. Office—Robertson Block, east side of Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, J. PARKER THOMAS.

**Flint & Jellett.**  
Solicitors for the Canadian Board of Commerce.

**BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c.**

Bellefonte, Ont.

JOHN F. FLINT, MORGAN JELLETT.

**Delaney & Ostrom.**  
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, etc., Trenton, 133

**Peterson & Peterson.**

BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., &c.

Branch Office: O'Flynn's Black, Madoc.

A. M. PETERSON, S.A. C. O. W. PETERSON, B.A.

**Geo. D. Dickson.**

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block,

Bridge Street, Belleville, Ont.

**John M. McLean.**

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery

A. M. McLean, Esq., Office—No. 4, Grand's Block, entrance from Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

**David B. Robertson.**

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery

A Notary Public, etc., Office—No. 1, over the Post Office, Bogart's Block, Bridge Street, Belleville, Ont.

**S. S. Money to lend on easy terms and Mortgages bought and sold.**

**Alfred E. Denison.**

LATE OF THE CONSOLIDATED BANK BOOKKEEPER and Accountant, accountants

B adjusted. Agent for Fire and Life Insurance. Money to Loan.

Office Campbell Street, in the Division Court office.

161-63m.

**U. E. Thompson.**

Agent Allan Line, Canadian Express Lines, December, 1879, Belleville, Ont.

Winter Sailings via Halifax.  
SHORTEST SEA ROUTE.

AVERAGE PASSAGE 7½ DAYS.

**STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.**  
Londonerry and Glasgow.

THE first-class Clyde boat via steamships to Liverpool, carrying the Canadian and United States Mail, will be despatched from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonerry every Saturday, as follows:

**SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.**  
SARMENTIAN, November 29th.  
MASCASSIAN, December 6th.  
SARDINIAN, " 13th.  
MOASAVIAN, " 20th.  
PERUVIAN, " 27th.  
ITALIAN, January 3rd.  
SARMENTIAN, " 10th.  
CIRKASSIAN, " 17th.  
SARDINIAN, " 24th.  
CASPIAN, " 31st.  
MASCASSIAN, February 7th.  
PERUVIAN, " 14th.  
POLYNESIAN, " 21st.

**RATES OF PASSAGE.**  
From Halifax to Liverpool or Londonerry, Cabin \$87, \$90, and \$93, according to position of state-room.

Intermediate, with first-class Railway \$47. Steamer do. from \$30.25 to \$33. Children 1 to 12 years half price, under 1 year free.

Return Tickets at reduced rates.

Steamer tickets are issued without extra charge, to or from Liverpool, Londonerry, Quebec, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bristol, or Cardiff.

The last train connecting with the Ocean Steamer at Halifax, passes Belleville every Thursday at noon. Passengers go at once on board.

A surgeon accompanies each vessel.

Not secured until paid.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can write to Mr. Thompson, 37 Park Row, London, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. (When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.)

Intercorridors and storage Stewardesses are appointed to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information apply to:

**U. E. THOMPSON.**  
Agent Allan Line, Canadian Express Lines, December, 1879, Belleville, Ont.

## BANKING OFFICE

**U. E. THOMPSON,**  
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

## AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS

Bought and Sold.  
Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice. Interest allowed at 4 and 5 per cent.

**ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.**  
LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL \$10,000,000  
Funds Invested \$12,000,000  
Annual Income \$5,000,000

THE ROYAL Insurance Company has the largest surplus of any Fire Insurance Company in the world.

Insures Churches, Schools, Dwellings, Stores, Manufactories, Workshops, &c., against loss by fire, at equitable rates.

ROUTH & TATELY, Chief Agents, Montreal.  
T. DONNELLY, Agent, Belleville;

**THE SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMP'Y OF GLASGOW.**

CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING.  
ASSETS \$1,500,000  
INCOME 1,000,000

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO BRANCH.

HEAD OFFICE, ST. TORONTO.

JOHN L. BLAIKIE, Esq., Chairman, President; Canada Landed Credit Company.

JOHN R. PLAYFAIR, Esq., (of Bryce, McMurchie, Alexander, Playfair & Co.)

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Esq., Vice-President; Federal Bank of Canada.

INSPECTOR—ROBERT MCLEAN.

RENTAL SECRETARY—LAWRENCE BUCHAN.

Deposited with the Government at Ottawa for security of Canadian Policy Holders, \$100,000.

This Company issues Policies of Insurance against loss or damage by fire or lightning or moisture, for buildings, farm and household risks, at current rates.

Policies are issued from and losses settled directly by the Toronto Office, without delay.

All Premiums taken in this country are invested in Canadian securities.

R. NEWBERY, Agent.

**QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY**

Of Liverpool and London.

**FIRE AND LIFE.**

Capital \$2,000,000 Sig.

Invested Funds \$59,027

**FORBES & MUDGE.**  
Montreal.  
Chief Agents for Canada.

W. A. SHEPPARD, Agent, Belleville.

1880.

1880.

BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1880.

NO. 233.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

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## The Grand Trunk Workshops.

**GREAT ACTIVITY**—*EFFECTS OF THE N. P.* The grand commercial “boom” has reached Point St. Charles at last, and in every direction “something” is “happening.” Great activity prevails in the Grand Trunk workshops and the heads of the various departments are busily engaged in dispatching the handiwork of the shopmen. In every section of the line there is a demand for more rolling stock, a demand which at present it is impossible to supply. The freight department is perfect, but time is indeed short, and a month of precious time is lost; but all hands find employment. To facilitate matters recently, it was found necessary to employ men to work on their own private concerns, to their own pecuniary advantage. Three new first-class cars, which, it is claimed, will cost anything from \$4,500 to \$5,000 each at the rate of \$7,000 per car, have been produced in Canada, and are being shipped to the United States with the utmost expedition. A novelty for a Canadian road is the introduction of restaurant cars on the system. The N. P. has been induced to try the experiment, and to effect have completed plans for an improved dining car. Under the old regime these cars would have cost \$7,000 each at the rate of \$7,000 per car. The N. P. has made its beneficial influence felt they can be constructed at home for \$4,500, thus affording employment to many men, and saving the distribution at home a large sum of money which must formerly have been expended in sustaining foreign workshops.—Montreal Post.

## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICES.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railway will hereafter receive their Daily papers in the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STRATFORD.—At the drug store of Dr. G. E. Bond, No. 1 Park.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HAMILTON.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. O. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

J. H. BATES, 41 PARK ROW, NEW YORK, A. RE Agents in this city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.

## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 4.

## The Printing Contract Fraud.

An extreme pressure upon our editorial columns, caused by the recent election contest, and local matters, has prevented us from referring hitherto to the scandal in connection with the letting of the contract for the printing for the Dominion Parliament, as shown in the libel suit brought by Mr. Patrick Boyle against the *Globe*. The verdict given to the defendant was fully justified by the facts as brought out by the evidence, but it does appear as if Mr. Boyle had put a genueine tender and had been made a cat-paw of by his friend Starr and the well known jobber Cotton. Of course the *Globe* seeks to lay the responsibility upon the Government, but when it is considered that the contract was given by a Committee, of which the Hon. John Simpson, a well known Grit, of “mesmerizing” fame, is Chairman, and in which his party is only represented by other prominent members, it will be seen that there is no case against the Government. The system, however, requires reformation, and we have no doubt that steps will be taken to prevent any such abuses in future. Messrs McLean & Roger having, it is now evident, secured the contract by buying off their most formidable competitors, would it not be well to annul their contract and let it to an honest bidder, under proper restrictions?

THROUGH CONNECTION.—A telegram from Chicago on the 3rd says:—“A connection was made to-day between the eastern and western sections of the Grand Trunk Company's western road, and an engine was run over the new track. The Company's system now extends from Chicago to the Atlantic, and it is estimated that they will be ready to do freight business over their new line in the course of a few days.”

A QUESTION OF MAJORITY.—Says the Kingston News:—“In the Ontario Legislature a few days ago, the Hon. Alexander Morris pointed out, as the result of an analysis of the returns laid before the House, that the total number of votes received by Government candidates at the general election on the 6th of June last was 124,540, and the number received by Opposition candidates, 122,509. In other words,” said Mr. Morris, “the Government had been placed in power by 4,000 votes, The Opposition, although a minority in the House, represented nearly one half of the electorate of the Province who had polled their votes. Every member of the Opposition represented nearly double the number that the Government side did.”

NOT MUCH LEFT.—The Peterborough Review says:—“In the budget speech of the Provincial Treasurer we are told that all that remained of ‘Sandfield Macdonald's surplus’ on the 31st day of December, 1879, was \$1,365,567, and that against this the Province had outstanding liabilities to the tune of \$842,823, leaving only a shade over a half million dollars of the surplus accumulated and invested by the Sandfield Macdonald Government; this half million, according to Mr. Woods' statement, being in reality all that is still at the disposal of the Government and Legislature. In giving these figures we also feel bound to state that we do not submit them as correct, but simply as those given by the Treasurer, and which we are satisfied present quite a favourable view of matters as any adjustment of particular items can be easily made to meet the present. Evidently there is not much left.”

Two men of Sprout Hill, N. J., had a sword fight on Saturday, and one of them fell off the other's left arm.

## To the Victor belong the Sports.

Since the advent of the Macdonald Administration, society, patriotism or office holder of any kind, no matter how insignificant the office may be, has suffered from office holders being dismissed from office, provided he is a Grit, but the whole Reform press of the Province has howled with rage, denouncing such dismissals as sins, and deploring them to be party grievances, even where it was clearly proved that the action of the Government was for good cause and in the interest of the public. With such patriotic sentiments emanating as to the removal of public servants to their own personal advantage. Three new first-class cars, which, it is claimed, will cost anything from \$4,500 to \$5,000 each at the rate of \$7,000 per car, have been produced in Canada, and are being shipped to the United States with the utmost expedition.

A novelty for a Canadian road is the introduction of restaurant cars on the system. The N. P. has been induced to try the experiment, and to effect have completed plans for an improved dining car.

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## MORNING DESPATCHES.

## EUROPEAN.

## THE IRISH DISTRESS.

## 300,000 People Starving.

NY, Feb. 4.—The Herald's Dublin despatch says that three hundred thousand people are slowly starving, and can only be kept alive by superhuman efforts. Local efforts are becoming feeble and the people are looking to the Government for succor. The returns show where the amount of emigration shows the number of those suffering in following May, 64,500; Galway, 40,000; Sligo, 42,000; Kerry, 33,100; Donegal, 28,000; Roscommon, 22,150; Cork, 23,896; Clare, 19,360; Limerick, 7,600; Tipperary, 6,300; Leitrim, 5,800; Wicklow, 3,600; Monaghan, 2,300; Westmeath, 1,900; Longford, 1,875; Kilkenney, 1,700. Total, 312,370.

## AMERICAN.

## Another Indian Raid.

## GREAT STRIKE IN PITTSBURG

## ACCIDENTS AND OFFENCES.

## THE FISHERY AWARD.

## EFFECTS OF THE STORM.

## Miscellaneous.

DAYTON, Feb. 4th.—The Comanches have been raiding the country near Seven Rivers. People are in constant dread of marauders. Concho's camp and Carter's camp were raided in the middle of January, and many horses and cattle driven off. One Indian has been found dead on the reservation, and is believed by the Indians to have been poisoned. In revenge they burned some property, and threatened the lives of agent Russell and his agency people. They then left their reservation in a body, causing increased distrust among the settlers.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 4.—The striking employees of the Union Iron Mill yesterday waylaid the men who had taken their places and beat out terribly. Two of the assailants were arrested.

A young girl named Annie Messentheuer was last seen on Monday night, her clothes catching fire at the opera gate.

Burglars stole \$400 from the safe in the Mayor's office while a number of detectives were in the next room.

JOHN CALDWELL, of Washington County, fatally shot his cousin, J. D. Caldwell, on Monday. Cause, an old grudge.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 4.—U. G. Gallagher fell into a vat of boiling woodcock fat at the morocco factory yesterday and was boiled alive. He will probably die.

LEAVENWORTH, Kans., Feb. 4.—The cold snap is hard on the negro emigrants. An old colored refugee was found frozen to death in his shanty yesterday.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The Herald's Halifax special says that Hy Youle Hind, one of the Governors of King's College, and an eminent scientist and a member of the Halifax Fishery Commission, alleged that while engaged upon the Commission, he obtained information which had satisfied him that the official British Case had been falsified before their presentation to the Commission. He says he obtained documentary proof of the fact and proceeded to England in November '78 to lay it before the British Government. After repeated failures to interest the English Government in the matter he wrote to Delfosse, the Belgian Minister at Washington, who had pressed upon the Commission, giving details of the falsification he had discovered, but Delfosse attached no importance to the charges. It is probable that if Hind's facts came to the knowledge of the U. S. Government and influenced the State Department to protest against the payment of the award of \$5,000.

AN EXPLOSION of gas in the office of the Quebec Chronicle on the 2nd inst., did \$1,000 damage.

—The British Government intend giving a grant to provide seed for the small Irish farmers.

SAMUEL J. TILDEN is in his old age about to marry a young lady of unusual brilliancy and mental culture.

—The Governor-General and Princess Louise left Halifax for Ottawa at 11 a. m. on the 3rd inst.

—The St. Vincent Elevator Company have shipped 22,000 bushels of wheat from Emerson and 7,000 bushels from Pemba.

—The St. Petersburg Herald cautions the Shah of Persia against making any treaties with England.

—At the Ontario Poultry Show, which commenced at Guelph on the 2nd inst., there were 1,100 entries.

—Very few samples of coal oil tested by the expert inspector, Ottawa, stood the fire test. A report has been made to the Government.

—HENRY V. POOR estimates that 7,000 miles of railroad will be built in the United States this year if the needed amount of rails can be procured.

—A. S. JOHN captain is under arrest on a charge of scuttling his vessel at sea in order to defraud an insurance company of the amount of insurance on a bogus cargo.

—In the Oka case yesterday morning the address of counsel for the prosecution was delivered. The Judge's charge was given in the afternoon.

—The number of small-pox patients at Ottawa has been reduced to 28, most of whom are convalescent. No new cases have been reported this week.

—The Kingston City Council will send a delegation to Toronto to protest against the passage of the bill now before the Legislature proposing to abolish market tolls.

—HENRY PATTERSON, musician, Guelph, tried to commit suicide on the 2nd inst., by striking himself with a hatchet. He lies in a precarious state.

—In the field-force in Afghanistan there are two regiments which have rested unusually long in camp. They are the 18th (The King's Own Royal) and the Eighty-fifth (The King's Light Infantry). The Twenty-fifth, which had been a long time garrisoned in Camp with the 18th and end of January in 1860, when it participated in the campaign of Mardan. The Eighty-fifth was last under command with Puckelman at the battle of Now Zadik, in which it had a very gallant record, and was shot at once by the Afghans.

—A. S. JOHN captain was arrested yesterday in connection with the capture of a steamer which was running at sea.

—The loss on Coney Island by the storm is estimated at from \$30,000 to \$100,000.

FOUR WRECKS were driven ashore at and near Long Branch. The Times says the storm was the severest of several years. The area covered was 2,000 miles long by 1,000 miles wide, and included more than 20 states.

—SAMUEL SWIM was arrested yesterday and detained as a witness against Brockway. A well-known forger has made the confession that he gave Brockway a check paid him for wages by Alex. Taylor, Jr., banker, and that Brockway said he intended to use said check to perpetrate forgeries on the Bank of the Republic. Swim charged that a certain detective talked to him as if he desired to shield Brockway. It is believed by the police that the confession of Swim will lead to more discoveries.

—The arrest of Brockway, who was said to be the leader of one of the most dangerous bands of forgers and counterfeiters in the country, has, it is thought, effectively stopped the game up.

—MILWAUKEE, February 3.—The Milwaukee County Hospital in the town of Winona was burned this morning. It is thought that several inmates perished. Two bodies have been recovered. Loss \$50,000.

AN HONEST MEDICINE Free of Charge.

Of all medicines advertised to cure any affection of the Throat, Chest or Lungs, we know of none so safe, so simple and so efficacious in our very best families. It is the favorite medicine of our missionaries in the most distant lands, where they use it more than any other.

It is also a great specific remedy for Asthma and Bronchitis it is a strong tonic, curing the worst cases in the shortest time possible.

For Asthma and Bronchitis it is a great specific, curing the worst cases in the shortest time possible.

It is a trial. Trial 1000 lbs free.

Regd. size \$1.00. For sale by JAMES CHARLES & CO., Berlin, Ont.

## Board of Education.

A meeting of the Board of 1880 took place in the Council Chamber last evening, for the purpose of organization.

PRESIDENT.—Messrs. Johnson, Macoun, Hayne, Shepard, A. Diamond, Dr. Wilson, McGinnis, Hudson, Richards, Van Allan, I. Diamond Newbury, Wensley, Tennant and Glass.

The Secretary, having read the election returns and announced the nominees of the City Council as its representatives on the board,

Mr. Johnson moved, seconded by Mr. Glass, that Mr. W. A. Shepard be appointed Chairman for the ensuing year.

Mr. Wilson was carried by a rising vote.

Messrs. Wilson and McGinnis were appointed to conduct the newly elected Chairmen in their new seats.

On Mr. Shepard taking the Chair he thanked the Board for the honor they had conferred upon him in again electing him as their Chairman, and with his assistance he hoped to discharge the duties devolving upon him with some degree of satisfaction. He trusted the year upon which they had entered would be marked with harmony and good will in their deliberations, and that the schools of the city, which would compare favorably with any in the Dominion, would show still more decided efficiency under their careful management and administration.

Mr. Newbury moved, seconded by Mr. Macoun, that the Committee to strike the Standing Committee for the year be composed as follows:—Messrs. Hudson, Dr. Tracy, Johnson, Tenant, McGinnis, Van Allan, Glass, A. Diamond and Newbury.

The Board, on motion, adjourned for fifteen minutes to allow the Committee to report.

Mr. Northcott came in, as did also Mr. Wills.

The Committee appointed to strike the Standing Committee for the year reported as follows:—

FINANCIAL AND ASSESSMENT.—Mr. Glass, Chairman, Messrs. Wills, Richards, Wensley, Tennant, Northcott, Macoun and Hayne.

SCHOOL MANAGEMENT.—Mr. Newbury, Chairman; Messrs. A. Diamond, Glass, Hayne, Dr. Tracy, Dr. Willson, McGinnis, I. Diamond and Van Allan.

PRINTING AND SUPPLIES.—Mr. Tenant, Chairman; Messrs. Macoun, Rev. Mr. Burke, Dr. Tracy, Dr. Willson, McGinnis, Hayne and Glass.

SITE, BUILDINGS AND REPAIRS.—Mr. Wills, Chairman; Messrs. Doctor, Richards, Wensley, Johnson, Tenant, Northcott, Van Allan and I. Diamond.

CENTRAL AND HIGH SCHOOL.—Mr. Johnson, Chairman; Messrs. Wills, Rev. Mr. Burke, Macoun, A. Diamond, R. Newbury, Doctor, Dr. Willson and Dr. Tracy.

CANIFON ROAD SCHOOL.—Mr. McGinnis, Chairman; Messrs. Doctor and Tenant.

OCTAVIA STREET SCHOOL.—Mr. I. Diamond, Chairman; Messrs. Glass and Hayne.

PINNACLE STREET SCHOOL.—Mr. Wensley, Chairman; Messrs. Dr. Tracy and Hudson.

STATION SCHOOL.—Mr. Doctor, Chairman; Messrs. Northcott and Van Allan.

No motion the report was received and adopted.

Mr. Newbury suggested that the Chairmen of the several Committees be appointed now, and that a brief adjournment be had for that purpose.

Mr. Johnson seconded the motion, which was carried. (The selection of Chairmen as made are noted above.)

The Board then adjourned.

ARTILLERY TESTED.—An experimental test was made in England on the 3rd, with the object of ascertaining the cause of the explosion of a 38-ton turret gun on the ironclad *Thunderer* several months ago. The theory of the Committee of investigation was that the disaster resulted from a double loading of the gun through carelessness. The test was made on the sister gun, which was blown to atoms.

THE BALANCE OF A LOT OF

DISCOUNTS

FOR SALE AT ACTUAL COST

AT HENNESSY'S,

THE CASH SYSTEM

NOTICE.

THE Train for Hastings that leaves Belleville at 3:30 p. m., will on Friday, 6th instant, leave at 3 p. m., sharp.

R. LUTTRELL,  
Gen'l Sup't.

Feb. 4, 1880.

312 Front St.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Opening of Dominion Parliament,

Ottawa, February 12th, 1880.

THROUGH Return Tickets at Single Fare will be issued at the principal Stations between Toronto, Coaticook, St. Johns and Point Lev. on the occasion of the opening of Parliament.

Tickets good to go on the 10th and 11th February, and for return till 16th February, inclusive.

JOSEPH HICKSON, General Manager.

Montreal, Jan. 30, 1880.

4c. od.

SUGAR BEET SEED.

2,000 lbs. of

Real Sicilian Sugar Beet Seed,

Direct imported, for sale by

PETER BACH ER,

Berlin, Ont.

23138w3tw

Call for the GREAT

Sierra Nevada Smoking!

At McDonald's Tobacco Store, one of the most popular and expensive烟叶, and the best.

Cigars, cat-tail, asthma, bronchitis,

fever, hoarseness, tickling in the throat, loss of voice, etc.

This medicine does positively

good, and that there is nothing else

so many positive and permanent cures

as this.

It has been effected by this truly wonderful

specific, curing the worst worms

cases in the shortest time possible.

We may by all

means give it a trial.

Regd. size \$1.00. For sale by JAMES

CHARLES & CO., Berlin, Ont.

23138w3tw

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We may by all

means give it a trial.

Regd. size \$1.00. For sale by JAMES

CHARLES &amp



## Daily Intelligencer.

## CAST ON THE WORLD:

The Border Marriage.  
A STORY OF THE GREAT GLASGOW  
BANK ROBBERY.

CONTINUED.

He was in the act of extracting the coin from his vest pocket when Charlie stopped him, and, turning him over, examined the payment and executed half-a-dozen sumersaults without stopping—the amusement of the Arabs and the admiration of the world.

Hilton! That's clever enough—diced cards, and the like! Here, young 'un he turned on his heel with a loud laugh, and with his companions strayed away.

Charlie caught the sponge before it fell, thus disappointing four of his friends who were stretching out to secure it. And he was making for the confessor's shop who his disconsolate rivals surrounded him.

"Jemimah, but you're a precious prig, you're, cried one.

Yer ain't a givin' off what there is, are ye? And you're a givin' another, making a sister, Charlie's hand for the coin.

"It's mine—let me alone," cried Charlie trying to shake off his assailants.

"Tain't yours. Didn't the gout say as how we were to share it?

"No, I didn't. When he saw me tumble he said 'This was mine,' answered Charlie, reluctantly.

"Come on, and I'll fight yer for it," said one, a good deal bigger than Charlie, snarling up at him.

"No, you don't," exclaimed the largest of the four, coming to Charlie's rescue.

"It's a game, un, he is, and beat us all hollow."

The others were by no means disposed to see the prize slip out of their hands in this way, and were about to obtain forcible possession of it, when the champion, pulling Charlie behind him, put his hand to his hat and assumed a most commanding attitude. He was the strongest of the group, but certainly a match for them. They all assailed him, however, and he struck out manfully. Two of them stuck to him, and the third darted in behind and made a dash at Charlie.

The latter was by no means devoid of pluck, and conscious of the injustice of the attack, he was stung to anger and showed fight in a manner which did not beseem his rank or his master's character. But his mind was too full of his own trouble and his treat—a result which was no sooner perceived by the other than he retired from the contest, and the whole three scampered off, leaving Charlie and his ally masters of the field.

The two boys stood gazing at each other for some moments, regarding one another with very friendly looks.

"Got a pal?" asked the Arab, laconically.

"A chum," returned the other.

"I don't know what you mean.

"My eye, what a green 'un you are. Where's your mother?"

"I have no mother."

"Your dad, then?"

"If you mean my father, I've got no father either. I have only Toby and Myra, and I don't know where to find them."

"Hooked it have they? Vere is your padding ken?"

At that question Charlie could only gaze in silent perplexity.

"Vere, I'm blast if ever I saw such a noode. Vy, vere 'ave you dropped from, and such a stonkin' number?"

"I ran away from master—he beat me so."

"You aint a London kid—I knows by your lingo."

No, I came to London with Master and Toby after autumn. We travelled the country with master, and did tumbling and acrobatics, but master got so violent that Toby and Myra went away. I ran away this morning and have walked about all day, and am so tired and hungry."

"Vere's your name?"

"Charlie."

"Well, they call me Ginger; and I tell yer wat it is, will chum. I aint got no friends nor no home either, but I knows the knobby dodges, and I'll teach you. Wat say?"

"You mean us to go together?"

Ginger nodded.

"But whare are we to go, and what are we to do?"

"Pick up wat we can. And, bless yer, your tumblin' is worth somethin'. If I could do it like you I could live like a prince, and never need lie in the archea—not in straw, nor indeed, but in a jolly padding kennel."

To this proposal made by Ginger that Charlie and he should "chum" it, Charlie willingly agreed. It was something to the poor forlorn boy to find a companion in his homesick desolation, and Ginger had already won his favorable regard by the good service he had rendered him.

Let it not be supposed, however, that it was out of pure generosity that Ginger had become Charlie's companion against his three late companions. He did it to be for his advantage to have Charlie as a comrade in later's proficiency in tumbling, so immensely in advance of the other street boys, would be certain, bring lots of copper from the passeng'res, and these Ginger would keep for himself. Hence his readiness to do battle in his behalf, and secure him as a companion.

Their first business was to spend the six-pence which Charlie had found, and as they were both ravenously hungry, the cakes they purchased soon disappeared. Their hunger being appeased, they wanted no more supper, but having no money to pay for some shelter for the night, they had a long one.

"Oh, I can't walk any more," said Charlie with a moan, so he leant himself against a doorpost.

"Knocked up, are yer? Well, just 'ave to put up with the Arches, if we lie close, we'll keep van another warm. Come on."

Mookey, patiently and in silence, Charlie sat with him a while, walking through streets and turnings till his friend became fatigued, and then he was ready to drive. Ginger kept him up by representing every minute that they were almost at the refuge to which they were bound, but it was not till past midnight that they reached it.

"It was the Adelphi Arches, the resort of many of the homeless poor of London—a most miserable shelter, but better than the open door step or passages along which

the cold December wind swept with ruthlessness severity.

Groups of naked, shivering wretches were huddled in the recesses when Charlie and his companion entered, many of whom, and his companions, were half human, others dumb in their infant misery, some wildly shouting in their drunken frenzy, and a few—a very few—able to forget their woes in sleep.

By the dim light of a flickering lamp hanging over the entrance, this scene of horror was faintly revealed. The concealment of utter darkness would have made it less repulsive, for then the rags and nakedness that surrounded the wretchedness of the scene, being exposed to the moonlight, the gaunt, hungry, crooked, the famine-stricken features and horrid staring eyes would not have been beholden, but the mass of human woe and suffering was enough to move the heart. The scenes of night and the writhes those selves would have been spared the sight of each other's distress—a sight which could not fail to magnify and intensify the pain.

Ginger took Charlie by the hand and led him into the darkest recess of the arch where almost profound darkness reigned, but where also the keen winter wind was less penetrative, and the damp floor was somewhat drier there. From their small size they were unable to hear noise, and the quietness of the arch, the sound of the wind, the rustle of the leaves, the whispering of the bushes, packed closely together, screened them like a wall, and gave a little additional warmth to their worn resting place.

The cold cold ledge was their only pillow, and the hard ground was that alone on which their little limbs repose; but outworn exhaustion and prostration were proofs even in circumstances even as harsh, and lessened the advantages offered.

"The Elevator is now ready to receive grain.

D. BRUNNAN,  
Late of the firm of W. H. Campbell & Co.,  
SID. VANDERVOORT,  
Late of Lee & Vandervoort,  
Belleville, Sept. 12, 1879.

WEST BELLEVILLE  
GRAIN ELEVATOR.  
CAPACITY, 60,000 Bushels.

BRENNAN & VANDERVOORT  
Proprietors.

THE undersigned having leased the above premises for a term of years, are prepared to receive, store, and ship all kinds of grain, at reasonable rates.

The large number of bins enables us to pay more attention to grading than any other establishment in the City, and being away from the grain market, the grain, hungry crooked,

the famine-stricken features and horrid

staring eyes would not have been beholden,

but the mass of human woe and suffering

was enough to move the heart.

Having first class facilities for receiving grain, we take in from wagons 1,000 bushels per hour.

For many years our experience has enabled us to offer the best services, supported by none on the Bay, and trust old friends will be no fears of heavy losses or annoyments of a

few days.

GRAY'S Specific Medicines.



Before taking of diseases that follow as a sequela of Small Pox, Scarlet Fever, Measles, &c.

Follows a new edition of the Great English Remedy.

Established 1822.

GRAY'S MEDICINE is sold by all druggists.

MACDONALD, MACDONALD & MARSH,  
Toronto, Vendors' Solicitors.

MORTGAGE SALE  
or  
Valuable Freehold Property.

TO be sold by Public Auction, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in two certain Mortgages to the Vendees, which will be produced at the Sale, in two parcels, on SATURDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A.D. 1880, at 10 o'clock, at the Hotel Dominon, in the City of Belleville, the following valuable Real Estate, being composed of:

PARCEL No. I.

Lot number Twenty-nine, in the second

district of the measurement two hundred acres

of land, to be the same or less.

PARCEL No. I, there is one large brick

dwelling house, and stone walls, and

stone stable.

The property is advantageously situated for a city, and is the most

convenient for a town.

On Parcel No. II, there are one one-story

dwelling house, one log house, and three

sheds. There is also a small orchard on the

property; the soil is a good clay.

About 170 acres are cleared for cultivation, and about 100 acres are woodland.

The property is situated about eight miles from the City of Belleville, which affords a good market for the produce.

All rights reserved to themselves the right

of one bidding in respect of each parcel.

Terms of payment very liberal. A deposit of ten per cent of the purchase money must be paid at the time of sale, when cash terms for the balance will be arranged.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to M. B. Robin, Esq., Belleville, or to

MACDONALD, MACDONALD & MARSH,

Toronto, Vendors' Solicitors.

Dated this 22d day of January, A.D. 1880.

THE GRAY MEDICINE is sold by all druggists.

Established 1822.

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# Daily Intelligencer

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 13.

## WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. ALLAN LINE.

Winter Sailings via Halifax.  
SHORTEST SEA ROUTE.

AVERAGE PASSAGE 75 DAYS.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.  
Londonerry and Glasgow.

THE British Clyde built iron steamships  
of 1,000 tons each carrying the Canadian  
and United States Mail will be despatched  
from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonerry  
every Saturday, as follows—

### SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

SARMATIAN, November 29th.  
CIRCASSIAN, December 6th.  
SARDINIAN, " 20th.  
PERUVIAN, " 27th.  
HIBERNIAN, January 3rd.  
SARVIATIAN, " 17th.  
CIRCASSIAN, " 24th.  
SARDINIAN, " 31st.  
CASPIAN, February 7th.  
MORAVIAN, " 14th.  
PERUVIAN, " 21st.

### RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Belleville to Liverpool or London  
erry, Cabin \$67, \$80, and \$90, according to  
position of state-room, with first-class Railway \$47.  
Interior cabin, do. from \$30 to \$32.  
Children 1 to 12 years half price, under  
1 year free.

Return tickets at reduced rates.  
Steamer tickets are issued without extra  
charge, from Liverpool, Londonerry, and Glasgow,  
Queensferry, Belfast, London, Bristol, or Cardiff.

The last train connecting with the Ocean  
Steamer at Halifax, passes Belleville every  
Thursday at noon. Passengers go at once on  
board.

A surgeon (Surgeon accompanied each  
cruise) and a surgeon until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can  
obtain passage certificates at low rates from  
England, Ireland and Scotland, to any railway  
station in Canada or the United States. (When  
tickets are not used the amount is returned,  
less a small deduction.)

Lodging and steerage Stewards are  
appointed to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information  
apply to

**U. E. THOMPSON,**  
Agent Allan Line,  
Canadian Express Office,  
Belleville, December, 1879.

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Bought and Sold.  
Deposits received, subject to withdrawal  
without notice. Interest allowed at 4 &  
5 per cent.

245

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INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.  
LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL \$10,000,000  
Funds Invested \$12,000,000  
Annual Income \$5,000,000

The ROYAL Insurance Company has the  
largest surplus of any Fire Insurance Company  
in the world.

Insures Churches, Schools, Dwellings, Stores,  
Merchandise, Warehouses, &c. against loss by  
fire, at equitable rates.

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T. DONNELLY,  
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LIQUIDITY . . . . . 1,000,000

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HEAD OFFICE, 7 TORONTO ST. TORONTO.

JOHN L. BLAETTE, Esq., Chairman, President  
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JOHN S. PLATTAIE, Esq., (of Bryes, McMurchy & Co.)

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Esq., Vice-President  
Federal Bank of Canada.

INSPECTOR—ROBERT MOLAN.

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Deposited with the Government at Ottawa  
for security of Canadian Policy Holders \$100,000.

This Company issues Policies of Insurance  
against loss or damage by fire or lightning on  
merchandise, manufacturing, farm and house-  
hold risks, at current rates.

Policies and premiums and losses settled  
directly with the Toronto Office, without delay.

All Premiums taken in this country are in-  
vested in Canadian securities.

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75.6m QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

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FIRE AND LIFE.

Capital \$2,000,000.00  
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Chief Agents for Canada.

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### Business Directory.

**John Bell.**  
BARRISTER, &c., will continue his  
business on his own account.

JOHN BELL,  
Bellefonte, November 12, 1879.

**DENMARK & NORTHRUP.**

BARRISTERS, &c., Offices lately occu-  
pied by Poston & Denmark, Front Street, Belle-  
fonte, Ont.

Money to Loan—Private and Company  
funds.

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J. PARKER THOMAS.

**FILST & JELLET.**

Solicitors for the Canadian Bar, Commerce,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicit-

ors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c.,

Bellefonte, Ont.

JOHN B. FEINT.

MORGAN JELLET.

**DeLaney & Ostrom.**

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, etc., Trenton,

135

**Peterson & Peterson.**

BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solici-

tors in Chancery, Insolvencies and Me-

chanical Cases, Correspondence, &c.,

Head office corner Bridge and Front Sts.,

Bellefonte.

Branch office O'Flynn's Black, Madoc.

A. M. PETERSON, B.A. C. W. PETERSON, B.A.

**Geo. D. Dickson.**

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block,

Bridge Street, Belleville.

**E. McMahon.**

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery,

etc.—Office—In Main Inn's

Buildings, Corner of Front and Bridge Streets

Bellefonte, Ont.

**Sam'l. S. Wallbridge, Jr., LL.B.**

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery,

etc.—Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—No. 4,

Graham's Black, entrance from Campbell

Street, Belleville, Ont.

**David B. Robertson.**

SUPERINTENDANT GRAND UNION RAILWAY

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etc.—Office—No. 1, over the Post Office, Bogart's Black, Bridge

Street, Belleville, Ont.

P. S.—Money to loan on easy terms and

Mortgages bought and sold.

**Alfred E. Denison.**

LATE OF THE CONSOLIDATED BANK,

BANKER, Accountant, accounts

adjusted. Agent for Fire and Life In-

Office Campbell Street, in the Division

Court offices. 161-3m.

**Elisha Westley.**

ISSUER of Marriage Licences, at the office

of Mr. Robt. Front St., Belleville.

**B. S. Wilson, M. D. C. M.**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

GRADUATE of the University of McGill,

Montreal. Late House Apothecary of

the Montreal General Hospital. Residence

and Office, Pinacle Street.

**J. R. Dickson, L. D. S.,**

DR. DENTIST.

OFFICE—Corner Bridge and Front Sts.

Entrance on Bridge Street.

**Jos. Caldwell.**

SURGEON DENTIST, formerly of Bel-

ville, late of Ottawa, has opened an office

in Robertson's new block, Front Street, Bel-

leville. Teeth extracted without pain.

**J. R. Higinbotham,**

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, Accoucheur, and

Attendant, next door north of the

Bridge Street Methodist Church.

**John J. Farley, M. D.**

OFFICE—Front Street, over Chandler

Dry Store. Residence—Dafeo House.

**Dr. H. James**

Has removed his office to his residence,

Church Street, near the Kingston

Road.

**S. A. Abbott, M. D.,**

Physician & Surgeon.

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS

Architects, Civil Engineers and Land

Agents. Office—Dominion Buildings, Bridge

Street, Belleville. Surveying in all its

branches, in part or Ontario promptly

stamped to Drawings, Specifications, &c.,

and in the most favorable terms.

**GEO. E. BULL, Agent.**

Stirling, 1st Aug. 1878.

**P. L. S., C. E. & A. L. S.**

Thomas Gardner.

PLAIN and Ornamental Plaster, Slate

Roofing, Cementing, &c. Centre Piece

made to order.

REFERENCES—Hon. Robert Read, Wm. E.

Holton, Rev. Mr. Bird, etc.

Geoffrey, 1878.

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BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED.

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THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is a large

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Advances in the Arts and Sciences; in-

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Problems, Social Science, Natural

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## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

Nov. 24, 1870.

JIM WEST.	
No. 2, Day Express.....	6:15 p.m.
No. 4, Morning Express.....	6:30 a.m.
No. 5, Mixed.....	12:05 p.m.
Passenger.....	4:00 a.m.

GOING EAST.

No. 1, Day Express..... 12:10 p.m.

No. 2, Night Express..... 11:10 p.m.

No. 3, Mixed..... 11:15 p.m.

No. 5, Mixed..... 11:00 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3rd, trains will run as follows:

Leave Hastings..... 7:30 a.m.

Arrive in Belleville..... 10:30 a.m.

Leave Belleville..... 3:30 p.m.

Arrive in Madoc..... 5:15 p.m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.

These roads are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

BELLEVILLE AND NORTH HASTINGS RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3rd, trains

will run as follows:

Leave Madoc..... 8:00 a.m.

Arrive in Belleville..... 10:00 a.m.

Leave Belleville..... 3:30 p.m.

Arrive in Madoc..... 5:15 p.m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.

These roads are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, December 22, trains

will run as follows:

Leave Trenton Junction..... 7:15 a.m.

Arrive in Picton..... 9:30 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.

Arrive Trenton Junction 11:30 a.m. and 6:00 p.m.

(Trains are run by Montreal time.)

## STAGE ROUTES.

Leave the principal hotels for the un-

dernamed places at the hours named.

FOR STAFFORD.—Daily, at 8 a.m., and 2 p.m.

FOR MADOC.—Daily, at 2 p.m.

FOR BRIDGEMAN, TWED, &amp;c.—Daily, at 2 p.m.

FOR TENTER.—Daily, at 3 p.m.

FOR PICTON.—Daily, at 3 p.m.

The stages arrive in Belleville about noon.

## Local Notices.

Notices under this head 10cts. a line each inser-

on. After six insertions 6cts. a line.

A nice lot of Toilet Sets and other Fancy articles suitable for Christmas presents, at Green's Drug Store.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, FEB. 5.

## City and Vicinity.

POLICE.—The wells were occupied last night by four tramps and one prisoner.

MISS NEILSON.—A few opera glasses just received cheap at J. C. Reynolds.

OPERA HOUSE.—The California Minstrels and Cool Burgess will appear to-night. They are favorably spoken of by the press.

ST. VALENTINE'S DAY.—The shop windows already begin to herald the approach of the anniversary of St. Valentine, which is only a little more than one week distant.

GONE TO TORONTO.—Alexander Robertson, Esq., M. P. P., proceeded to Toronto this morning to take the seat in the Legislature to which the people of West Hastings' elected him.

MISSIONARY MEETING.—Union Missionary Meeting in St. Andrew's Church to-morrow evening. Deputation, Messrs. Smith (Kingston) and Young (Napanee). Collection at close of meeting.

WARNING.—Miss Neilson's manager desires us to state that the sale of reserved seats will close at 5 o'clock to-morrow evening, and all parties who have marked off seats and not called for their tickets by that time will have them cancelled.

GRAND JUNCTION.—As will be seen by advertisement, the adjourned annual meeting of the stockholders of the Grand Junction Railway Company will be held in their offices, Pinnacle Street, at 2 p.m. on Tuesday, the 17th inst.

WEST HASTINGS AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—At the regular meeting of the Directors of this society, held on Saturday, the 31st ult., J. H. Peck was reappointed Secretary and John Sutherland, Treasurer, for the ensuing year.

HAY V. WALLERIDGE.—In the Court of Chancery, Toronto, on the 4th, C. Mose, for plaintiff, moved to restrain defendant from removing minerals from land claimed by plaintiff. Motion refused, but leave given to serve short notice.

IN A RECENT ISSUE THE CHANCERY CASE OF WILLIAMS vs. CORBY, WHICH WAS TRIED BEFORE V. C. BLACK, IN TORONTO, WAS GIVEN ORROUNCELY AS CORBY vs. WILLIAMS. THE DECREE WAS IN FAVOR OF MR. CORBY, WHOM WE CONGRATULATE ON THE RESULT.

ROAD IMPROVEMENTS.—The following resolution has been passed by the County Council of Peterborough:—"That a grant of \$100 be made to open the boundary line between the Counties of Peterborough and Hastings between the Townships of Chandos and Wollaston, provided the County of Hastings give the same amount, to be expended under the joint superintendence of the Reeves of the townships."

ATTENDED INCENDIARISM.—Shortly after 1 o'clock this morning an alarm of fire was given, the location of the alleged conflagration being in the Centro Block, Constable Marsh, on proceeding up stairs, found a box filled with paper, which had apparently been well sprinkled with coal oil, ablaze, whilst the floor in the vicinity had also been sprinkled with the same inflammable article. He succeeded in extinguishing the flames with a few pails of water, and so prevented what must have proved to be an extensive fire. That this attempt to further burn the building, which was badly damaged by fire about a month ago, was the work of an incendiary, there can be no doubt. Who the incendiary was, and what his motives, it will be for the police to discover, if possible. It is to be hoped that

they will succeed in doing so, as the crime is a dastardly one, and all too common throughout Canada. In the opinion of many citizens an inquest ought to be held.

CONCERT.—A vocal and instrumental entertainment, the proceeds of which are to be applied towards the last payment on the St. John's Church lot, will be given in the City Hall, on Tuesday evening, 10th inst.

HANLAN.—The champion oarsman is to appear in the Opera House on Wednesday evening next, when he will give an exhibition of a new rowing machine. He will be accompanied by a party of well known gymnasts, who will appear in various athletic exercises.

ANOTHER DISCOVERY.—A new iron mine is being rapidly developed on the west half of lot 9 in the 6th concession of Madoc. This mine is leased to Messrs. Cameron &amp; Sutton, who intended to commence shipping in a few days. The ore is partly hematite and partly magnetite.

PERSONAL.—The Rev. Mr. McLean, and Messrs. W. H. Ponton, and G. N. Northrup, left for Toronto this morning to attend the meeting of the Presbytery of Toronto, which was to meet to-day to moderate in the call extended to the Rev. Mr. Mitchell, of that city, by the congregation of the John Street Presbyterian Church.—The Mayor and Alderman T. Holden also proceeded to Toronto this morning.

THE GREAT NORTH-WEST.—An association has been formed for the purchase of land in the great North-West. As the price for locating a section (640 acres) is only \$16, no doubt many will avail themselves of this opportunity of procuring land in the great North-West. The officers of the company are men of high standing in the County and it is proposed to send three delegates to locate the land purchased.

PASSED.—We are pleased to learn that Mr. P. K. Newton, brother of Dr. Newton, and until lately in the employ of James Clarke &amp; Co. of this city, passed a very creditable examination before the Ontario College of Pharmacy, having obtained 75 per cent of the total number obtainable. This will enable Mr. Newton to act as a dispensing chemist, and he is to be congratulated on his success.

HEAD MASTERS OF HIGH SCHOOLS.—From the report of the Minister of Education, we learn that in Ontario there are 104 High Schools. The Head Masters of these are thus distributed among the universities: Toronto, 39; Victoria, 23; Queen's, 10; Trinity, 6; McGill, 4; Trinity (Dublin), 5; Albert, 1; Aberdeen, 3; others, 13. It is to be hoped that in the next report the universities of the under masters will also be given.

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WEATHER REPORTS.—WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours: For the lower lakes, fresh to brisk southward to northwesterly winds, partly cloudy to cloudy weather with a light local fall of snow, stationary or slightly lower temperature.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Indications: For General Sherman and the Secretary of War have approved of the Ranch's sentence of dismissal now in the hands of the President.

TODAY'S HEADLINES.

TOMORROW'S HEADLINES.

T



# Daily Intelligencer.

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VOL. 13.

1879. 1880.  
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ALLAN LINE



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Not so secured until paid for.

Citizens wishing to pay for their friends can do it in passing; certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. (When less than \$100, not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.)

Interest-lists and average Stewardesses are apportioned to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information apply to

E. E. THOMPSON,  
Agent Allan Line,  
Canadian Express Office,  
Belleville,  
December, 1879.

BANKING OFFICE

or

U. E. THOMPSON,  
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS

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ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LIAIBILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

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THE SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF GLASGOW.

Fire insurance against loss by fire or lightning on mercantile, manufacturing, farm and household property, at current rates.

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MORTGAGE BROKERS,  
Chief Agents for Canada.

W. A. SHEPPARD, Agent, Belleville.

Business Directory.

John Bell,  
BARRISTER, &c., will continue his  
general practice in his present office  
on his own account.

JOIN BELL.

Bellville, November 12, 1879.

BARRISTERS, &c., Offices fully occupied  
by Ponton & Denner Frost St. St.

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&c.

Robertson & Thomas,  
BARRISTERS, &c., Offices—Robertson

Block, east side of Front St., Bel-

leville, Ont.

ALEX. ROBERTSON. J. PARKER THOMAS.

FLINT & JELLIET.

(Solicitors for the Canadian Bank of Commerce.)

ATTORNEYS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, SOLICITORS

in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c.

Bellville, Ont.

JOHN J. FLINT. MORGAN JELLIET.

Delaney & Ostrom,  
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, etc., Trenton,

132

PETERSON & PETERSON,  
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, SOLICITORS

in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c.

Head Office across Bridge and Front Sts.,

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B.—adjusted. Agent for Fire and Life Insurance.

Office Campbell Street, in the Division

Court office. 161-163.

Elisha Wesley,

ISSUER of Marriage Licences, at the office

of M. B. Roblin, Front St., Belleville.

B. S. Willson, M. D. C. M.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

GRADUATE OF the University of McGill,

Montreal. Late House Apothecary of

the Montreal General Hospital. Residence

and Office, Fincastle Street, 186.

J. R. Dickson, L. D. S.,

ORTHOPEDIC DENTIST.

Office—Corner Bridge and Front Sts.

Entrance on Bridge Street.

Jos. Caldwell,

SURGEON DENTIST, formerly of Bel-

leville, late of Ottawa, has opened an office

in Robertson's new block, Front Street, Bel-

leville. Teeth extracted without pain.

D. H. Gribnath,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c.

Office and Residence, next door north of

the Bridge Street Methodist Church.

John F. Farley, M. D.

OFFICE—Front Street, over Chandler

Drapery Store. Residence—Dunes Home,

1818.

H. H. James

Has removed his office to his residence,

Church Street, near the Kingston

Road.

S. A. Abbott, M. D.,

GRADUATE OF the University of

Quebec, and a Member of the College of Physicians and

Surgeons of Ontario. Office—Over Clark's

Drapery Store, Front Street and Bridge Streets,

Bellville.

Evans & Bolger,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS

Architects, Civil Engineers and Land

Agents. Office—Dominion Buildings, Bridge

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branches in any part of Ontario promptly

attended to. Drawings, maps, plans, &c.,

of investments, &c., and Patents applied for.

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PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PLASTERERS

Roofing, Cementing, &c. Centre Place

made to order.

—Hon. Robert Read, Wm. E.

Bolton, Rev. Mr. Bird, 1875.

Henry Clays, also the leading Domestic,

including "Tom's" SPECIALS.

P. H. HAMBLY.

October 14, 1879.

The School will open on Monday,

September 15.

In connection with the above, the Belleville

LADIES' ACADEMY.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

SITUATE AT THE CORNER OF CHURCH AND

DUN-SIDE STREETS.

PRINCIPAL, MR. ARTHUR GRAHAM,

Assisted by three Resident Lady Teachers.

In addition to the ordinary branches, classes

will be formed in French, German, and

Italian, Drawing and Painting, and in the

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For terms, etc., see Circular, or address the

principal, Mr. Arthur Graham.

October 14, 1879.

The Best Paper I TRY IT!

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED.

35th YEAR.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

First-Class Weekly Newspaper of Six

Pages, which is the most beautiful

and splendidly illustrated newspaper ever

published, representing the most recent

advances in the Arts and Sciences; in

Electricity, Chemistry, Physics, &c.

Established in 1847.

Geo. E. BULL, Agent:

Stirling, Oct. 1st, 1879.

Geo. E. SAVAGE & CO.

Advertising Agents, 101-103 Water St.,

Detroit, Mich.

are authorized to contract for

advertisements in the Scientific American.

Terms, \$5 per year, \$100 half year,

which is the same as for the

Advertisers.

Adv. fees, 10 cents.

Sold by all Newsdealers.

Remit by postal order to MUNN & CO., Publishers.

Stirling, Oct. 1st, 1879.

See THE LIST

OF

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DO YOU

WEEKLY MAIL.

PARTIES WINNING TO SELL

ADVERTISE THEIR

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MUNN & CO., New York.

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CALL FOR THE GREAT

Sierra Nevada Smoking!

At McDonald's Tobacco Store, one

of the most delicious aromas ever smoked.

Cures, colds, catarrh, asthma, and all bronchial complaints.

Advertisements of Farmers, for Stock Im-

plements, etc., Spec'd for Sale. Advertis-

ments, etc., Spec'd for Sale. Advertis-

## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railway will hereafter receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

**STIRLING.**—At the store of Dr. G. H. Boulter, M. P. P.

**CAMPBELLSTOWN.**—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our Agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

**HARRISON.**—At Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

**MARSH.**—At the store of Mr. O. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

**GEO. P. ROWELL & Co.,**

41 Park Row, New York.

**J. H. RATES,** 41 Park Row, New York.

A RE Agent in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.

not be passed into law, although it has passed its second reading and seems likely to be finalised.

## The Lucan Tragedy.

The wholesale butcher in the Township of Baddeck, where five members of one family were butchered in the most ruthless manner by a self-chosen, "Vigilance Committee," who afterwards added incendiarism to their more horrid offence, has startled and shocked the whole community. Nothing of such a nature has ever before happened in Canada, and a parallel to the atrocity of the members will have to be sought among the deeds of the "Revolta" of Texas, the "Vigilantes" of the southern and southern States. We cordially agree with Mr. Gillies in his comments on the subject, and add:

"The fact itself was not merely a crime, but one of the simplest of blunders. The machinery of the law failed to protect the innocent, and there was not the slightest excuse for men who felt aggrieved taking the law into their own hands. All the crimes that followed were the result of the inhumanity before their own butchery by a gang of disreputable ruffians."

"The trial of the guilty will bring out the whole matter in all its hideousness, and the murderer will be given up to justice by the people."

"It is quite evident that stains in the locality will be given a very bad name, and that the public will demand justice.

"It is to be hoped that good will finally return to the community. Whether it will do so or not depends on the fairness and thoroughness of the enquiry into the facts of the case."

## News Condensed.

—Quebec has contributed \$3,612 to the Irish relief fund.

—The Governor General and the Princess Louise arrived in Montreal on the 3d.

—The Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company show a profit of \$4,986 last year, against \$12,542 in 1878.

—The nomination in Argenteuil for the Commons took place on the 6th. Hon. J. C. Abbott and Dr. Christie were nominated.

—Owing to the death of his sister, Mr. Gladstone will not attend at the opening of the session of Parliament.

—Eleven persons were killed and 60 wounded (some of whom will die) by the railway accident at Argenteuil, France.

—Irish and Afghan affairs will receive a large amount of attention during the coming session of the Imperial Parliament.

—The Bishop of Amiens, France, has issued an appeal to his priests to collect subscriptions in aid of the distress in Ireland.

—Ontario has memorialized the Ontario Legislature in opposition to the bill to abolish the right to impose and collect market fees.

—Farrell, the man arrested at Quebec on a charge of robbery in the St. Louis hotel from the trunk of Mr. A. D. Holmes, has been fully exonerated for trial.

—Some of the public schools in the neighborhood of Peamisau have been closed to prevent the spread of scrofula fever and other contagious diseases, from which a number have died lately.

—It is reported that an American company has purchased the Drury cabinet factory at Quebec, and will begin immediately the manufacture of railway cars in addition to articles of furniture.

—Alexander Mackenzie of Point Lewis, died from the effects of an accident which he sustained last Sunday. He had been sitting in a room and fell forward in a fit on the red hot stove, severely burning his chest and hands.

—Jay Gould and President W. H. Vanderbilt were in Hartford, Conn., on Monday, looking at a new "multiple" telegraph system, invented by a Frenchman, which is asserted, as far ascertaining the "quadriplex" system that does the ordinary method.

—The man Stewart who recently had such a narrow escape from being buried alive at Ottawa, through suspended animation, is steadily recovering from the disease from which he was suffering at the time, and is now considered convalescent. Stewart is a painter by trade.

—Dr. W. H. Woodruff, who died in Chicago lately, was a son of Mr. James Woodruff, my Clerk of Bradford. The deceased was highly regarded by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance, and his parents and relatives have the sympathy of a large circle of friends in this section of country.

—IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.—The opening of the Imperial Parliament on the 6th was attended with the usual ceremony. Her Majesty was present, but the Deputy Lord Chancellor O'Brien read the speech, which is short, and deals with the wars in Afghanistan and South Africa, the distress in Ireland and topics of home interest. Lords Beaconsfield and Salisbury were not present at the opening.

—THE REFORM PARTY LEADERSHIP.—The Mail says: "We believe we are justified in saying that, as the Opposition cause which will be held at Ottawa next week, Mr. Blake will be installed in the parliamentary leadership of the party. The matter has been arranged by the Ontario representatives, acting no doubt with the consent of the shattered remnant in the other provinces, and the caucus at Ottawa will formally ratify it."

—THE JUDICATIVE ACT.—The Telegram says: "Deputations are being appointed by the lawyers outside of Toronto to urge Mr. Mowat to hold the Judicative Act over till next session, so that the legal mind may thoroughly grasp it. Their chief objection appears to be that the effect of the act will be to centralize the law business in Toronto, and they put in a claim that Mr. Mowat will so amend the act as to give the County Judge and the local master in the county in which the action began, larger power, so as to do away with the necessity of court sitters in an action being taken before Judges in Toronto. It is altogether likely that the act will be allowed to stand over."

—A member of the masonic order telegraphed to a companion, "Make room for Mr. Edward Arch Mason, coming to-day." When the masons met them they found a pen had been held to their foreheads, and the telegraph at its destination reading, "make room for Mr. R. A. M.'s coming to-day."

—EXTRACT.—For persons suffering from exhaustion from the powers of the brain and nervous system, from long and continued study or touching, or in those cases of exhaustion from which so many young men suffer. I know of no better medicine for rest than a bath with the "Finsen's" apparatus for "Therapy." Price 25 cents, dawly.

—THERAPY, the new powder for whitening the skin, strong tonic to the mouth and teeth, and the brightest, neatest, and best little toner you ever saw. Ask your druggist for "Therapy." Price 25 cents, dawly.

## Five O'clock in the Morning.

## A MAN AND HIS TEAM TAKE A COLD BATH.

An occurrence of somewhat novel nature in this vicinity—took place this morning about the hour of five, the scene being the river at the western extremity of the alley-way between McMullen's oyster saloon and Thomas' grocery.

At the hour stated the policeman on duty, officers Downs and Newton, heard cries of alarm from the locality mentioned, and on proceeding thither saw a team of horses attached to a wagon in the river.

How they came there may be explained in this way. The owner of the animals intended to take his team to the river to wash them, and so to freshen them up before driving them down Front Street, evidently not aware of the Indian attack which had occurred in the valley.

Morow thinks Victoria will endeavor to escape into Mexico, and fight to the bitter end.

Victoria, who was entrenched in the lava bed of San Andrew's mountain. After a determined resistance all day, Victoria escaped under cover of night. The troops lost one Indian scout killed, and four soldiers of the 1st Battalion wounded.

"Whether he was drifting," turned the horses into the opening above noted, and there being an incline he was unable to stop the team.

Once in the river he exerted his lungs to their full capacity. "Help," "help," "I'm drowning," "we're in the river," "you are going to sleep all night," were wailed on the morning air in sternest strains, and fortunately assistance soon came to hand in the persons of the police who, taking into account the situation at a glance, proceeded to the enginshed and rowed Mr. Benjamin Johnston, who at once lent his services. Proceeding to the place with the horses used for drawing the horse carts of No. 1 steamer, one of the horses was got out without difficulty and in a short time the other—a mare—was also drawn on terra firma. The last boat taken out was so exhausted that Dr. Newton was called on to attend it. The animal was very weak and apparently had suffered from its inopportune bath. Such was the excited state of mind in which the owner of the horses was that he jumped into the river and it was with difficulty that he was rescued.

The team and wagon are the property of John Carter, of Thurlow. He states that he does not know what possessed him to drive where he did.

Too much praise cannot be accorded to those who took part in the rescue of the man and the team and a great deal of credit is due Mr. Johnston for his commendable and praiseworthy efforts in this case.

At this writing, the horse is lying under a shed near where the casualty took place. It is as well cared for as the situation will allow, but the probabilities are that it will not recover.

—The Herald's Irish relief subscriptions, including its own, amount to \$107,500, including \$5,00 from August Belmont and \$200 from Congressman Starn.

Mrs. Doria Bloodgood, 100 years old, died yesterday at Perth Amboy. She was in vigorous health until she fell down stairs two weeks ago.

## MORNING DESPATCHES.

## AMERICAN.

Organization with 7,000 members has been formed in this State, with the object of the expulsion of the Utes from Colorado, the members stating that the Utes are not removed by next spring, so that prospecting in the mountains may be begun, their organization will undertake to do so in defiance of Federal authority.

February 3rd Major Morrow attacked Victoria, who was entrenched in the lava bed of San Andrew's mountain. After a determined resistance all day, Victoria escaped under cover of night. The troops lost one Indian scout killed, and four soldiers of the 1st Battalion wounded.

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# Daily Intelligencer

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 13.

BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1880.

NO. 236.

1879. 1880.  
WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.  
ALLAN LINE.

Winter Sailings via Halifax,  
SHORTEST SEA ROUTE,  
AVEAGE PASSAGE 72 DAYS.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL  
Londonerry and Glasgow.

Head-line Cable built from the Canadian and United States Mail, will be despatched from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonerry every Saturday, as follows:

SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

SARMATIAN, November 29th.  
CIRCASSIAN, December 6th.  
SARDINIAN, " 13th.  
ALBANIAN, " 20th.  
PERUVIAN, " 27th.  
HIBERNIAN, January 3rd.  
SARMATIAN, " 10th.  
CIRCASSIAN, " 17th.  
ALBANIAN, " 24th.  
CASPIAN, " 31st.  
MORAVIAN, February 7th.  
PERUVIAN, " 14th.  
POLYNESIAN, " 21st.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Belleville to Liverpool or Londonerry, Cabin \$67, \$80, and \$90, according to position. State-to-state \$100.  
Arranged with first-class Railway \$47.  
Steerage, do. from \$30.25 to \$32.  
Children 1 to 12 years half price under 1 year free.

Return passage at reduced rates.  
Special tickets are issued without extra charge to or from Liverpool, Londonerry, Queenstown, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bristol, or Cardiff.

The last train connecting with the Ocean Steamer at Halifax, passes Belleville every Thursay at noon. Passengers go at once on board.

A experienced Surgeon accompanies each vessel no cost added for paid.  
Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. (When tickets are sent we need not the amount is returned, less a small deduction.)  
Intermediates and steamer Stewardesses are appointed on each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information apply to:

**U. E. THOMPSON,**  
Agent Allan Line,  
Canadian Express Office,  
Belleville, Ont.

**BANKING OFFICE**

**U. E. THOMPSON,**  
Bridge Street, Belleville, Ont.

**AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS**

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Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice. Interest allowed at 4 and 5 per cent.

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INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LIAIBILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL . . . . . \$10,000,000  
FUNDS INVESTED . . . . . 12,000,000  
ANNUAL INCOME . . . . . 5,000,000

The ROYAL Insurance Company has the largest number of any Fire Insurance Company in the world.

Insuances, Schools, Dwelling-Stores, Merchandise, Warehouses, &c., against loss by fire, at equitable rates.

BOUTH & TAYLOR, Chief Agents, Montreal.

T. DONNELLY,  
Agent, Belleville.

**THE SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL**

Fire Insurance Comp'y of Glasgow.

CAPITAL . . . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.  
ASSETS . . . . . \$1,500,000  
INCOME . . . . . 1,000,000

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HEAD OFFICE,  
7 TORONTO ST. TORONTO.

John L. BARKER, Esq., Chairman, President  
Montreal Land Credit Company.  
John S. PLATFORD, Esq., of Brye, McMurrich & Co.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Esq., Vice-President  
Federal Bank of Canada.

INSPECTOR—THOMAS MCLEAN.

SECRETARY—LAWRENCE BUCHANAN.

Deposited with the Government of Ottawa for security of Canadian Policy Holders, \$100,000.

This Company issues Policies of Insurance against loss or damage by fire or lightning on mercantile, manufacturing, farm and household risks, at current rates.

Policies can be issued and losses settled directly by the Toronto Office, without delay.

All Premiums taken in this country are invested in Canadian securities.

R. NEWBERY,  
Agent.

**QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY**

Of Liverpool and London.

**FIRE AND LIFE.**

Capital, \$22,000,000 Stg.  
Invested Funds \$5,589,927 "

FORBES & MUDGE,  
Montreal,  
Chief Agents for Canada.

W. A. SHEPPARD, Agent, Belleville.

## Business Directory.

**John Bell,**  
BARRISTER, &c., will continue his general practice in his present office, on his own account.

JOHN BELL,  
Belleville, November 12, 1879.

**Denmark & Northrup.**  
BARRISTERS, &c., Offices lately occupied by Ponton & Denmark, Front St., Belleville.

Money to Loan—Private and Company.

**Robertson & Thomas.**  
BARRISTERS, &c., Office—Robertson Block, east side of Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, J. PARKER THOMAS.

**Flint & Jellett.**

(Solicitors for the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chambers, Notaries Public, etc., Belleville, Ont.)

JOHN B. FLINT, MORGAN JELLETT.

**Dolaney & Ostrom.**  
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, etc., Trenton, 1878.

**Peterson & Peterson.**  
BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Investments, and Mercantile law cases, Conveyancers, &c., Belleville, Ont.

Head Office corner Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.

Brauch Office of Flynn's Black, Madoc.

A. M. PETERSON, B.A., C.W. PETERSON, B.A.

**Geo. D. Dickson.**  
BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block, Bridge Street, Belleville.

**E. McMahon.**

**ATTORNEY-at-LAW.**, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., OFFICE—No. 4, Graham's Block, entrance from Campbell Street, Belleville, Ont.

d/w t/f

**Sam's. Wallbridge, Jr., LL.B.**

**ATTORNEY-at-LAW.**, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., OFFICE—No. 4, Graham's Block, entrance from Campbell Street, Belleville, Ont.

P. S.—Money to lend on easy terms and mortgage bought and sold.

**Alfred E. Denison.**

STATE OF THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, Bookkeeper, Accountant, accounts adjusted, Money to Lend.

Office Campbell Street, in the Division Court office.

161-33.

**Eliza Wesley.**

ISSUER of Marriage Licences, at the office of M. B. Roblin, Front St., Belleville.

**B. S. Willson, M. D. C. M., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.**

GRADUATE of the University of McGill, Montreal. Late House Apothecary of the Montreal General Hospital. Residence and Office, Pinnacle Street, d/w t/f

**J. R. Dickson.**

CIVIL DENTIST.

OFFICE—Corner Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.

**Jos. Caldwell.**

SURGEON DENTIST, formerly of Belleville, late of Ottawa, has opened an office in Robertson's new block, Front Street, Belleville. Teeth extracted without pain.

**Dr. Higginbotham,**

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., Office and Residence, next door north of the Bridge Street Methodist Church.

**John J. Farley, M. D.**

OFFICE—Front Street, over Chandler Drug Store. Residence—Dafe House.

**H. R. James**

Has removed his office to his residence, Church Street, near the Kingston Road.

**S. A. Abbott, M. D.**

GRADUATE of Queen's University, and Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. OFFICE—Over Clark's Drug Store, Corner Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville.

1878.

**Evans & Bolger.**

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS.

Architects, Civil Engineers and Land Agents. Office—Dominion Buildings, Bridge Street, Belleville. Surveying in all its branches in any part of Ontario promptly and accurately. Estimates prepared, tenders accepted, and agents applied for.

JOHN D. EVANS, THOS. O. BOLGER, P. L. S., C. E. & A.

**Thomas Gardner.**

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PLASTERERS, Slate Roofing, Compting, &c., Centre Pieces made to order.

HON. ROBERT READ, Wm. E. HOLTON, Esq., Mr. BIRD, Belleville, Dec. 6th, 1875.

**Phoenix Fire Assurance of London.**

ESTABLISHED IN 1792.

ASSURANCES granted on Town, Village, and Farm Buildings and Property, on most favorable terms.

GEO. E. BULL, Agent.

Stirling, 1st Aug. 1878.

GEORGE SAVAGE & CO.

Advertising Agents, 37 Park Row, New York.

For all kinds of Trade and General Advertising.

Particulars, terms, &c., by mail.

able information, was by mail to apply.

SEE THE LIST

F FARMS FOR SALE

IN THE

DO YOU WANT

WEEKLY MAIL,

PARTIES WISHING TO SELL,

ADVERTISE THERE,

PARTIES WISHING TO BUY,

READ THERE.

Advertisments of Farms for sale inserted in this WEEKLY MAIL, 20 words for 25cts, each insertion; each additional word, 2cts.

Advertisments of Farms for sale inserted in this WEEKLY MAIL, 20 words for 25cts, each insertion; each additional word, 2cts.

Advertisments of Live Stock, Auction Sales of Stock, Implements, etc., for sale, etc., inserted in the above rates.

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railway will hereafter receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STIRLING.—At the drug store of Dr. G. H. Boutell, M. P. P., No. 10.

CARLISLE.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTINGS.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADON.—At the store of Mr. C. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. R. POWELL & CO.,  
41 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

J. H. BATES, 41 PARK ROW, NEW YORK,  
RE'S our Agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, FEB. 7.

## Rule or Ruin.

If the Grit party cannot rule in Canada, its leaders and its mouthpieces in the press seem determined to do their best to ruin the country, so that no other party shall sway its destinies. This is a serious accusation to make, but the facts fully warrant it, as shown by the course of the party with regard to the change in the tariff effected under the present Government. Long before this change, the general nature of which had been decried by the people, who by a majority larger than was ever before accorded to a party in Canada, dismissed their former administrators and recalled their opponents to office, the future policy of the Government was attacked. After the promulgation of the N. P. the attacks upon it and upon its authors were redoubled, and have been from that time forth maintained with a persistence, alacrity and a disregard for fact and for common sense which has probably never been equalled in political warfare. A fair specimen of the manner in which the Globe assails the commercial policy of its opponents is contained in the following, which is extracted from a recent issue of that journal:

"Work was never so hard before to get in Canada, or so poorly paid as it is this winter. There are fewer men employed and fewer dollars paid than ever before. The cost of living is the same as it was a year ago. The sugar refinery is closed or was a day or two ago. The Montreal Gazette explains by what, that the refinery was mostly closed that same day for want of fuel. In the Greek Orthodox churches every year, the regular bands being mostly employed on the repairs. Several trades have been absolutely killed by the N. P. and the people who go to live from them are few and still fewer. The retail traders are disheartened, the wholesale men less confident than they were a few weeks ago, and the manufacturers find that they cannot get the full increase of prices they have demanded without cutting the demand. The lumber trade is more active, but is suffering from increased cost of production due to the new tariff. The farmers are hard pressed, and are receiving less for their produce, and are receiving miserable prices for their produce."

Yet the same authority, notwithstanding the "miserable prices" which it says the farmer receives for his produce, tells the mechanic and the laboring man that the N. P. has increased the cost of the bread which they consume; certainly a most inconsistent and self-contradictory declaration, but not more ridiculous than many others which emanate from the same source.

As to fewer men being employed and fewer dollars paid than for many years past, the assertion is difficult to disprove, as the statistics in relation to it are not forthcoming. But, taking into account the large number of new industries established, of old ones closed for years previous reopened, of increased activity in the various establishments which the pro-Yankee Government had not closed, there will be few, if any, who will believe otherwise than that the statement has no foundation in fact. In all the manufacturing centres the number of employees has been very largely increased, whilst in other and smaller places a similar result, but of course to a smaller extent, has followed. The number of mechanics and laborers on the Mackenzie Government had not closed, there will be few, if any, who will believe otherwise than that the statement has no foundation in fact. In all the manufacturing centres the number of employees has been very largely increased, whilst in other and smaller places a similar result, but of course to a smaller extent, has followed.

A hymn was sung, after which Rev. Mr. Young was introduced and spoke on the subject of Foreign Missions. He remarked that his subject was wide-spreading and interesting, particularly as to its claims upon the people at large. Holding to Christ as the head of the Church we cannot forget the commission let us go forth and preach the gospel to every creature. Though we commence at home we should go to other parts. In the western section there were three missionary fields: one among the Cree Indians; another in China in the Island of Formosa, where there were twenty chapels and two hundred members in full communion with the church; and another in central India. In the eastern section there was a mission in the New Hebrides, and also in Trinidad. He suggested the establishment of schools in connection with the missions and in them people could be trained up and educated under Christian influences. Many reformers religion were natives in the land in which such reforms were created and many of the blessings we now enjoy are the gifts bestowed upon us by our ancestors. We should try to advance the cause and show by our zeal and vigilance that we endeavor to work in the Master's walk. The work in the mission field is vast and pressing and is entitled to the sympathy of the people. He closed with an eloquent appeal in behalf of the mission fund.

Rev. Mr. McLean said 700 ministers had been educated in the theological halls of Knox and Queen's Colleges, and four-fifths of them were now in the field. \$12,000 was required for the College fund, and it certainly was entitled to support. Another object he wished to command to his hearers was the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans Fund. This was a favorite fund, as it asked for aid to the widow whose husband had died in the service of Christ. Canada will be what we make it, and what better impress could we put in it than the Gospel! In conclusion he urged timely aid and asked that all present should do what they could in furthering the objects brought before the audience.

A NEW STEAMSHIP.—The Messrs. Allan have purchased a new steamship of 360 feet keel, 40 feet breadth of beam and 31 feet depth of hold, with direct-acting compound engines, having cylinders of 48 and 84 inches, and stroke of 4 feet 6 inches. This steamer, which is to be called the "Egyptian," will, with their new steel steamship the "Buenos Ayres," now on her way home from the River Plate, be in readiness to take her place in the Allan Line at the opening of navigation.

## UNION MISSIONS.

## THE MEETING LAST NIGHT.

MORNING DESPATCHES.  
AMERICAN.

**NEW LONDON, Conn., Feb. 7th.**—William Cheseboro and Daniel Tift, two young men in high standing, and influential members of the Mystic Baptist Church, were arrested last summer, charged with complicity in numerous burglaries of residences of wealthy New Englanders in Mystic. Tift pleaded guilty on Wednesday, and was sentenced to five years' imprisonment. At Cheseboro's trial yesterday, he testified against himself. He was convicted of receiving stolen goods, but acquitted of burglary, and sentenced to 10 months in jail.

There was a very limited attendance—other attractions, doubtless, being the cause. The services opened by the singing of a hymn, which was followed by a reading from the scriptures, after which Rev. Mr. Young engaged in prayer. The singing of a hymn succeeded.

Rev. Mr. McLean remarked that the church sought for information both at home and abroad, and it was through the missions that this was attained. The Presbytery of this church urged the people on to their duty and the principles they should follow. Believing comes from knowledge, and when we know what has been accomplished in works like missions, we become more interested in them and sympathize with them. The Kingston Presbytery had asked Mr. Young, of Napanee, and Mr. Stewart, of Trenton, as well as himself to ask aid for the mission fund. Unfortunately Mr. Stewart had been prostrated by illness and it was questionable if he could resume work again with his former activity. Still he was pleased to know that Messrs. Young and Smith were present to address them, and he expressed the hope that those present would spend a pleasant and profitable evening and go to their homes delighted with what they had heard.

Rev. Mr. Smith was introduced and spoke in behalf of the Home Mission fund, it was an easy matter to speak on such a subject, for they were near our own doors; for they appealed to Christianity and to our patriotism as well. He stated that 50,000 persons depended for religious instruction upon the home mission fund, and though that they were only imperfectly supplied, as an instance he referred to a case in the Township of Carlow, in this county, which he described as not fit to live in some parts, and yet people were induced to settle there and there they remain, for they are too poor to go away. And such being the case and they being in a situation like that, is it right that those settlers and their children should be left without the ordinances of religion? He related the occasion of a visit made by him to a settlement in the Township of Palmerston, in his own county, and averred that he had preached to a congregation of 35; that the women had bonnets and the men were in their shirt sleeves, and this was in the month of November. He cited cases where the people were unable to support a missionary, and therefore he urged that the fund should be assisted and the spreading of the Gospel would be the result. In October, 1878, it had been agreed that the preachers in the field should remain out six months. They were faithful and zealous workers, but they were never paid what they deserved, for they had to accept \$700 on the dollar of what had been promised them. We were derelict in our duty in regard to the mission work, and Belleville in particular had not given her proportion, nor yet as much as others in the Presbytery. Muskoka wanted a missionary, but the Presbytery had said they should keep their expenditures within the estimates and therefore the want could not be properly supplied. A missionary was also needed in Manitoulin and money was required to enable him to remain there, and if aid were not given we would have to withdraw two who were now laboring in that field. After detailing the hardships and privations engendered in mission life, he concluded by asking for a generous contribution.

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## Belleville Church Directory.

## EPISCOPALIAN.

## CONGREGATION OF ST. THOMAS' CHURCH.

## THE CONGREGATION OF ST. THOMAS' CHURCH will meet on Saturday evenings, in the parsonage, at 8 o'clock, in the Month of January, and on Sunday, at 11 a.m., 3 p.m., and 7 p.m., and Supper School at 3 p.m.

## Rev. J. W. BURKE, B. A., Recter.

## ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

## Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Class 3 p.m. Holy Communion the first Sunday in the month. Seats free in the evening.

## Rev. W. C. CLARKE, LL.D., Recter.

## ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH, STATION ROAD.

## Sunday School at 3 p.m. Thursday lecture at 7 p.m.

## Rev. W. C. CLARKE, LL.D., Recter.

## ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, WEST BELLEVILLE.

## Services Sunday, 11 a.m., and 7 p.m. Sunday School at 3 p.m. Services 7:30 p.m.

## Rev. JAMES FARRELL, V. G.

## METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA.

## CHURCH OF CHRIST.

## Morning Service, 11 o'clock. Evening service 7 o'clock. Strangers welcomed and conducted to seats.

## Sabbath School at 7 p.m. Public Service Wednesday evening, 7:30 p.m.

## KINGSTON ROAD BRANCH.

## Sunday School, 10 a.m. Afternoon Services 3 o'clock.

## Rev. R. N. WILLOUGHBY, M.A., Pastor.

## NORTH CIRCUIT.—BELLEVILLE CHURCH.

## Morning service, 11 o'clock. Evening Service 7 o'clock. Seats free. Sunday School 2:30 p.m. Public Service Wednesday evening, 7:30 p.m.

## Rev. O. R. LAMBERT, M.A., Pastor.

## WEST CIRCUIT.—HALLOWEY STREET CHURCH.

## Morning Service, 11 o'clock. Evening Service 7 o'clock. Seats free. Sunday School 2:30 p.m. Sabbath School 2:30 p.m.

## Rev. J. H. LOKE, Pastor.

## EPISCOPAL METHODIST.

## CHURCH STREET.

## Services—Sunday, 11 a.m.; Evening Service, 7 o'clock. Sabbath School, 2:30 p.m.

## Rev. B. LANE, B. A., Pastor.

## UNIVERSITY CHURCH, NEAR ALBERT COLLEGE.

## Divine Service—Sabbath at 7:00 p.m., and Sabbath School at 9:30 a.m.

## Rev. B. LANE, B. A., Pastor.

## CANADA PRESBYTERIAN.

## JOHN STREET.

## Services—Sunday, 11 a.m.; Evening Service, 7 o'clock. Sabbath School, 2:30 p.m.

## Rev. A. SCHUSTER, Pastor.

## CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

## CHURCH STREET.

## Services—Sunday, 11 a.m.; Evening Service, 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 2:30 p.m.

## Rev. A. SCHUSTER, Pastor.

## BAPTIST CHURCH.

## COLLEGE STREET, BELLEVILLE.

## Morning service at 11 o'clock; Evening service at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 2:30 p.m.

## Rev. A. SCHUSTER, Pastor.

## L O N T , a Gold Drop Ear-ring. The finder will oblige by leaving it at J. C. Overall's Fancy Emporium.

## 2

## OPERA HOUSE.

## ONE NIGHT ONLY.

## TUESDAY EVENING, FEB'. 10TH.

## Mr. J. C. Conner has the honor of announcing that the Young, Beautiful and Gifted Actresses

## MISS KATE GIRARD

## will make her first and only appearance in this city for the present season in Elliott Dawn's dramatic success, entitled

## PREJUDICE

## OR

## SOCIETY VS. STAGE.

## Supported by her own Company of Metropolitan Artists.

## A Grand Artistic Success in New York, Toronto, Montreal, and Elsewhere.

## Popular Prices—50c, 35c and 25c.

## Reserved Seats at Reynolds.

## GRAND OPENING CARNIVAL,

## WILL be held at the LORNE SKATING RINK, cn.

## Monday, February 9th,

## weather permitting.

## There will be a good BRASS BAND in attendance.

## Referees can be had at the Rink.

## All ticket holders who appear in costume will be admitted free of charge.

## Feb. 8

## did

## Grand Junction Railway Company.

## T HE Adjourned Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY COMPANY will be held at Mr. Clark's Office, Pinnacle Street, in the City of Belleville, on WEDNESDAY, THE SEVENTEENTH day of FEBRUARY last, at two o'clock in the afternoon.

## General business and a resolution of the Directors, and a motion for the payment of dividends.

## Fever, Horsemanship, shooting, boxing, Hay fever, Horns, tickling, the throat, loss of voice, etc. These medicines do not easily cure, and that where everything else has failed. No medicine can show one-half so much effect as horseradish. For Asthma and bronchitis it is a perfect specific, curing the very worst cases in the shortest time possible. We say by all means to have a small bottle of this medicine. Regular size \$1.00. For sale by JAMES CLARKE &amp; CO.

## Buckwheat Arnica Salve.

## The Buckwheat Arnica Salve is the best for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, St. Rhubarb, Chapined Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and Skin Eruptions.

## kindness to give performance in every part of money intended.

## Price 25 cents per lb.

## For sale by Jas. Clarke &amp; Co.

## 2315dw

## SUGAR BEET SEED.

## 2,000 lbs. of

## Real Silician Sugar Beet Seed.

## Direct imported, for sale by

## PETER BACSLER, Berlin, Ost.

## or

## ISAAC DEMILL, Lot 14, 3rd cor. of Twining's, Swlim

## January 27, 1860.

## RANGE CERTIFICATES, handwriten

## Office got up, for sale at the INTELLIGENCE OFFICE in Riley's Block, 25 Front St., Belleville.

## GEO. W. STEWART, ARCHITECT.

## Grocers and Wine Merchants.

## Belleville, Jan. 29, 1860.

## THE TEA POT STILL BOOMING.

## Fresh Finnan Haddies, 7c. per lb.

## 9 lbs. Granulated Sugar for \$1.00.

## Steinson's Calibrated Biscuits.

## Arriving every week.

## W. H. WALKER,

## Opposite Albion Hotel.

## TABLEAUX

## In aid of Christ Church

## ORGAN FUND.

## OPERA HOUSE.

## MONDAY, FEB. 9th.

## DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY

## to buy cheap Clothing.

## Bartman &amp; Sintzel,

## 325 Front St.,





# Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 13.

## 1870. 1880. WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

### ALLAN LINE.



Winter Sailings via Halifax.  
SHORTEST SEA ROUTE. AVERAGE PASSAGE 75 DAYS.

### STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.

Londonderry and Glasgow.

A first-class Clyde built iron steamer of the Allan Line, sailing from the Canadian and United States ports, will be despatched from Halifax for Liverpool and London every Saturday, as follows:

### SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

SARMATIAN,	November 29th.
CIRCUSSIAN,	December 6th.
SARDINIAN,	13th.
ALBIONIAN,	20th.
PERUVIAN,	27th.
HIBERNIAN,	January 3rd.
SARVIANIAN,	10th.
CIRCUSSIAN,	17th.
ALBIAN,	24th.
CASPIAN,	31st.
MORAVIAN,	February 7th.
PERUVIAN,	14th.
POLYNESIAN,	21st.

### RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Belleville to Liverpool or London, derby, Cabin \$75, \$80, according to position of cabin.

Intermediate, with first-class Railway \$47.

Steerage, do, from \$30 to \$32.

Children, 1 to 12 half price, under 1 year free.

Return Tickets at reduced rates.

Steamer tickets are issued without extra charge, to or from Liverpool, London, Lancashire, Qu'entown, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bristol, or Cardiff.

The last train connecting with the Ocean Steamer at Halifax, passes Belleville every Tuesday at noon. Passengers go at once on board.

A passenger surgeon accompanies each vessel.

Beds are secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. (When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.)

Intermediate and steerage stewardesses are appointed to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information apply to

### U. E. THOMPSON.

Agent Allan Line, Canadian Express Office, December, 1879. Belleville.

### BANKING OFFICE

U. E. THOMPSON,  
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

### AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS

#### Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice. Interest allowed at 4 and 5 per cent.

245

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.  
LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL . . . . . \$10,000,000  
Funds Invested . . . . . 12,000,000  
Annual Income . . . . . 5,000,000

The ROYAL Insurance Company has the largest surplus of any Fire Insurance Company in the world.

Insures Churches, Schools, Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise, Warehouses, &c., against loss by fire, at equitable rates.

ROUTH & TATELY, Chief Agents, Montreal. T. DONNELLY, Agent, Belleville.

THE SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF GLASGOW.

CAPITAL . . . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.  
ASSETS . . . . . \$1,500,000  
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PROVINCE OF ONTARIO BRANCH.  
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO ST. TORONTO.

JOHN L. BLAIR, Esq., Chairman, President Canadian Land Credit Company.

JOHN S. PEARSON, Esq., of Brye, McMurtry & Co.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Esq., Vice-President Federal Bank of Canada.

INSPECTOR—ROBERT MCLEAN.

RESIDENT SECRETARY—LAWRENCE BOUCHAN.

Deposited with the Government at Ottawa for security of Canadian Policy Holders, \$100,000.

This Company issues Policies of Insurance against loss or damage by fire or lightning on mercantile, manufacturing, farm and household risks, at current rates.

Policies are issued from time to time, settled directly with the Home Office, without delay.

All Premiums taken in this country are vested in Canadian securities.

B. NEWBYRNE, Agent.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Liverpool and London.

FIRE AND LIFE.

Capital . . . . . 22,000,000 SIG.

Invested Funds . . . . . \$50,000,000

FORBES & MUDGE,

Agents, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, &c.

W. A. SHEPPARD, Agent, Belleville.

### Business Directory.

John Bell,  
BARRISTERS, &c., will continue his general practice in his present office, on his own account.

JOHN BELL

Belleville, November 12, 1879.

Denmark & Northrup,  
BARRISTERS, &c., Offices lately occupied by Ponton & Denmark, Front St., Belleville.

Money to Loan—Private and Company funds.

ROBERTSON & THOMAS,  
BARRISTERS, &c., Office—Robertson Block, east side of Front Street, Belleville.

ALEX. ROBERTSON. J. PARKER THOMAS.

Flint & Jellett,  
Solicitors for the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c., Belleville, Ont.

JOHN B. FLINT. MORGAN JELLETT.

Geoff. D. Dickson,  
BARRISTER, Atto., Post Office Block, Bridge Street, Belleville.

E. McMahon,  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, &c., Ontario—In Amway Buildings, corner of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont.

Sam'l S. Walbridge, Jr., LL.B., A. T. C. & Co., A.W. Solicitor in Chancery, &c., Conveyancers, &c., Orrico's Block, Graham's Block, entrance from Campbell Street, Belleville, Ont.

David B. Robertson,  
(SECRETARY GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY COMPANY.)

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, &c., Orrico's Block, Bridge Street, Belleville, Ont.

P. S.—Money to lend on easy terms & a 13% mortgage bought and sold.

Alfred E. Denison,  
LATE OF THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, BOOKKEEPER and Accountant, adjusted Agent for Fire and Life Insurance, Money to Lend, Office Campbell Street, in the Division Court office.

J. Elisha Wesley,  
ISSUER of Marriage Licences, at the office of Mr. Roblin, Front St., Belleville.

B. S. B. M. D. C. M., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

GRADUATE of the University of McGill, Montreal. Late House Apothecary of the Montreal General Hospital. Residence and Office, Fincando Street, Shop over McCrudden's Boot store, Market Square, Belleville, Ont.

J. R. Dickson, L. D. S., SURGEON DOCTOR.

OFFICE—Corner Bridge and Front Sts., Entrance on Bridge Street.

Jos. Caldwell,  
SURGEON-DENTIST, formerly of Belleville, late of Ottawa, has opened an office in Robertson's new block, Front Street, Belleville. Teeth extracted without pain.

Dr. H. James,  
H. J. Partey, M. D., OFFICE—Front Street, over Chandler Drug Store. Residence—Dafee House.

Dr. H. James has removed his office to his residence, Church Street, near the Kingston Road.

S. A. Abbott, M. D., GRADUATE of Queen's University, and member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. OFFICE—Over Clark's Drug Store, Corner Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville.

Evans & Bolger,  
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS.

Architects, Civil Engineers and Land Agents. 100 Front Street—Dominion Buildings, Bridge Street, Belleville. Land Surveyors in all its branches in any part of Ontario principally attended to. Drawings, Specifications, &c., inventions prepared, and Patents applied for. JOHN D. EVANS, T. H. O. BOLGER, F. L. S. C. E. & A., P. L. S.

Thomas Gardner,  
PLASTER AND ORNAMENTAL PLASTER, Slate Roofing, Cementing, &c., Centre Pieces made to order.

REFERENCES—Hon. Robert Read, Wm. E. Holton, Rev. Mr. Bird, Belleville, Dec. 1878.

GEORGE E. BULL, Agent.

Established 1878.

THE BEST PAPER! TRY IT!

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED:

35th YEAR.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is a large First-Class Weekly Newspaper of Sixteen Years' standing, in a beautiful style, profusely illustrated with original engravings, representing the new inventions and the most recent Advances in the Arts and Sciences, Medicine, Chemistry, History, Art, Manufacture, Horticulture, the Home, Health, Medical Progress, Social Science, Natural History, Geology, Astronomy. The most valuable practical knowledge is embodied in all departments of Science, will be found in the Scientific American.

33 years to date, \$1,000 per year, which includes postage. Discount to Agents, 10% for copies, ten cents. Sold by all Newsagents. Remittances by mail to P. H. HAMBLY, 202, FRONT STREET, FACING CITY HALL.

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of railway will hereafter receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STERLING.—At the drug stores of Dr. G. H. Boult.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the weekly intelligence.

HARRISON.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MACK.—At the store of Mr. C. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,  
46 Front Row, New York,  
AND  
J. H. BATES, 41 Park Row, New York,

Are our Agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, FEB. 9.

## The Free Grant Act.

We publish in another column a letter from the Hon. Bills Flint on the subject of the "Act to amend the Free Grants and Homestead Act," upon which we recently commented at length. Then Mr. Flint there are few, if any, better authorities on this subject. His long experience as a lumberman and as a legislator, together with his well-known ability, ought to give his opinion much weight as to cause the Government to at least delay the carrying into effect of their most objectionable measure. We are pleased to have the endorsement of such an authority; we know that the measure is creating a vast amount of dissatisfaction in the district affected, and that it will be productive of much evil in the future; therefore we commend the letter of Mr. Flint to our readers and to the Government, with the hope that it will cause a halt to be called with Mr. Pardee's Bill.

## Lieut.-Governor Chandler.

The Hon. E. B. Chandler, Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick, who died on Friday last from an attack of bronchitis, was one of the oldest surviving public men in that Province. He was appointed to his late position by the Mackenzie Government on the resignation of Sir Leonard Tilley in 1878, and appears to have filled his office with credit and ability. The  *Globe* gives the following sketch of his career:—He represented the county of Westmorland in the Legislative Assembly from 1872 to 1876, and from the latter date to 1878 he was a member of the Legislative Council, resigning in 1878 a. Dominion Senatorship. He enjoyed to a very great degree the confidence of the people of his own Province, and during his long public career he filled many important positions of trust and responsibility. He acted as Judge of Probates for his own county for over half a century, and as Clerk of the Peace for nearly a member of different Administrations, and was sent to represent his Province on several very important delegations. So long ago as 1833 he went to London on a mission connected with naval and Territorial revenue. On the subject of an Intercolonial Railway he visited Toronto in 1850, in conjunction with Mr. Joseph Howe, of Nova Scotia. London in 1852 on the same subject in company with Mr. Francis Hincks, and Halifax in the same year and on the same subject in concert with Messrs. Taché, Hincks and John Young. He represented New Brunswick in the Red River Treaty negotiations of 1854 at Quebec and Washington, and in the Confederation conferences at Charlottetown and London in 1864 and 1866. In 1868 he was appointed a commissioner for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway.

Mr. Chandler was of 17. E. Loyalist extraction, his grandfather Joseph Chandler having been a resident of New Haven, Connecticut, and a member of the General Assembly of 1775. In 1783 he removed to Cumberland, Nova Scotia, where his son, the father of the late Lieutenant Governor, occupied for many years the position of High Sheriff. The subject of this sketch was born at Amherst in 1800, and was educated in his native place, but he studied for the New Brunswick Bar, to which he was called at the age of twenty-three.

## News Condensed.

—The Princess Louise feels no ill effect from her long journey.

—The Manitoba Legislature has fixed the sessional allowances of members at \$400.

—Mr. Bernard Devlin, formerly M.P. for Montreal Centre, died Saturday at Colorado Springs.

—Thomas Ryer and William Carroll have been arrested in connection with the Locan tragedy.

—Quebec curlers score 176, or an average of 27, in playing for the Governor-General's medal.

—The funeral of the late Lieut. Governor Chandler, of New Brunswick, is to take place at Dorchester to-morrow.

—By the capsize of a schooner a equal at Grand Manan on the 1st inst., three men and two women were drowned.

—Hon. Peter Mitchell, Senator Botsford and Mr. Co-tigard, M.P., are mentioned amongst the probable appointees to the Lieutenant Governorship of New Brunswick.

—A young man named Cutt, living in the 8th concession of Biddulph who had his leg broken by the fall of a tree, where he was sleeping in the woods, died on Saturday. The unfortunate man lay in the woods some four hours before being discovered, and the effects of the cold caused congestion of the brain.

—AGHANINTA.—A well authenticated despatch from Calcutta says it is believed there that Mahomed Jan has succeeded in intercepting the supplies which were on the way to the British forces at Cabul, and that much trouble is still anticipated from the exploits of this chieftain.

—A benevolence is the most social of all virtues, it is of the largest extent; for there is not an man either so great or so little but he is yet capable of giving and receiving benefits.

TEMPERANCE.  
HOW IT WAS SPOKEN OF YESTERDAY.

A very fair audience, comprised principally of employees of the G. T. R. at this station, assembled in the City Hall on Sunday afternoon to hear Conductor D. Doran discourse on "Temperance."

The chair was occupied by Hugh Walker, Esq., who in introducing the lecturer said he deemed it an honor to preside on this occasion, especially so since the lecture belonged to the ranks of the Workingmen and would speak on the important subject of "Temperance."

Mr. Doran came forward amid applause. He began by remarking on the absence of ladies from the meeting; for they were the principal sufferers from the evils that were caused by intemperance.

The habit of drinking draws all from their avocations, the judge from the bench, the lawyer from his office, the mechanic from his shop, and the railroad man from the cars. Drink ruins the land and the people who dwell on it, and intemperance enters the mansions of the rich and the cottage of the poor, and turns blessings into horrors.

He quoted from the Scripture to prove the evils of intemperance and commented on several verses which he took therefrom. Intemperance or the habit of drinking may be brought about in this way. A man going up street meets a friend who invites him to partake of a social glass; the pair enter a saloon; they meet acquaintances who treat them as well, and thus a bad influence is exerted.

After indulging in a few more drinks he goes to his home well intoxicated and then the crookery suffers and the probability is that it will go to a pair of black eyes. The evil effects of drinking are demonstrated every day should have a good result, but they do not, and the folly is repeated every day.

After a man gets drunk he sleeps and after awakening rubs his eyes and if he discovers he is not in the police station he is to a certain extent contented, but yet a feeling of remorse possesses him and he vows that he will in future avoid the cup and resolves to drink no more. He has got a terrible headache and feels demoralized and sore at heart. He leaves his home to get a drink—only one—but he takes more, gets drunk, is arrested, is brought before the Court, discharged by his employer and goes to prison. Fancy the feelings of the wife of such a man; she is without a husband and provider for the wants of the family. There is no money in the house, the children are scantily clad, and there is no sympathy extended to them in the hour of their affliction. Intemperance, he averred, was the cause of poverty. The atmosphere around saloons was contaminated, and the language used in such places was not fit to be heard. This should not be the case, as our words and actions should elevate us and should advance us towards God's kingdom, and aid us to lift up our fellow man.

It was the worst practice imaginable to drink and get drunk, for liquor weakens the intellect, hurts the system, and destroys the pleasures of home; it causes a loss of vigor of youth and life, and ends in the loss of the soul. Shall we continue to drink or give up the practice? All railroad men should approve of the principle of total abstinence; if it would carried out by them, be a greater assurance to the travelling community of their safety; it would give greater satisfaction to the Company which employs them, and would be of benefit to their families. People looked upon Railroaders as hardened and rough persons; but it should be borne in mind that the roughest granite can be polished and made smooth. In a monetary sense every drink taken causes the loss of a loaf of bread to the family, and though bread fills the stomach, whiskey does not fill the mouth; neither does it quench the thirst, for as long as one drinks, so long does the thirst last. Our prisons, jails, asylums and hospitals, tell the story of the staggering man, the mendicant, and the tramp. And what a contrast was there between the wife with a drunken husband and the one whose helpmate has reformed, and what a difference was there also in the man on his journey to his dwelling wings "I won't go home till morning," and the other who, surrounded by his little ones, offers up in praise "Nearer my God to Thee." Liquor is expensive, destructive and was injurious to the health. He here likened the work of the railroader to Heavenly beings, and illustrated it by the following: The engine is our Saviour, the cow-catcher represents John the Baptist, the forerunner of Christ, the ringing of the bells on the locomotives tells us of the calls for prayer, and the king-gold gives to us the knowledge of the King of Kings. Swearing, which was in his opinion largely caused by the habit of drinking, was to be condemned and chided for the reason that it did not add force to any expression which one might utter. He thought that the thanks of the men on the road should be given to Mr. Spier, who had initiated the temperance movement amongst them. He wished to urge the movement, and asked all to attend temperance meetings. He made an earnest appeal to his hearers to give up drinking for the love of God, for the honor and reverence due our parents, and concluded by asking his hearers to endeavor to fit themselves for their future home. He was warmly applauded on taking his seat.

The Chairman remarked that he was greatly pleased with what he had heard and urged his hearers to bear the practical part of it in mind. He advised the holding of similar meeting to this, as in his opinion they would be productive of a great amount of good. After the thanks of the meeting were presented to the lecturer the audience dispersed.

Hardship is the native son of manhood and self reliance. He that does not abide the storm without flinching lies down by the wayside, to be overlooked or forgotten. If a man would keep both integrity and independence free from temptation, let him keep out of debt. Franklin said, "It is hard for an empty bag to stand upright." He ordered that \$60,000 was sufficient to supply

## CITY COUNCIL.

SATURDAY, Feb. 7.

A special meeting of the City Council for general purposes took place this evening.

PRESIDENT.—His Worship the Mayor Ald. Breanor J. Smith, St. Charles, Dickson, McLennan, Vandusen, Green, Proctor, A. L. Souter, McMurphy, Robins, Jellett, Walbridge, Paris, Gandy, Chapman, D. Holden, T. Holden, Costello and Grand.

The Clerk read the requisition calling the meeting.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

PETITIONS, &c.

The following petitions and original communications were presented and read:

From the Mayor of Toronto in regard to a proposed amendment to the Municipal Act and asked the opposition of this Council thereto. The amendment to the municipal law said that no market fees be hereafter exacted and that the petitioner considered unfair to the people who had erected costly market buildings.

From Richard Taylor giving the valuation of certain land on Alexander Street at \$200. The number of accounts were handed in and read.

A letter from the Bank of Montreal was read asking that the indebtedness in their hands be assumed by the Mayor be made good to them.

Ald. Dickson asked that enquiry be made into the matter, so that the debenture would not genuine the city would not be liable, but if they were genuine they should be paid.

Ald. Holden said this matter had been up before and it was considered upon investigation that the bonds had been given by the Collector with regard to the collection of taxes.

In reply to Ald. Robertson, Ald. Jellett said that in addition to that we owed the Bank and were in debt to the County \$5,000, and we also owed the schools about \$30,000. He desired the appointment of a Collector of Taxes, as the people would not pay up until they were called on. The Collector to be appointed would be required to give bonds, and this in some years of late had not been the case. By getting the note in question we would obtain interest on our Bank deposits and would only pay interest on what we asked for when the sum became due.

Ald. Holden said it was a good position to be a Solicitor of a Bank and threaten another with the withdrawal of an account because he could not get what he wanted.

MOTIONS.

The Board of Public Works asked the payment of sundry accounts, also they requested that Ann Street be opened, the necessary negotiations for that purpose having been made.

From the Fire Committee favoring the purchase of 1,000 feet of Eureka Hose from the Mutual Rubber Company at \$1.20 per foot.

From the Board of Health asking for the passage of a sanitary By-law. A variety of recommendations accompanied the report in reference to the proper drainage of the City and for a supply of pure water. It also asked the purchase of Zwick's Island or a portion of it or Bushy Island on which to erect an hospital; also for the appointment of Health officers—properly qualified medical practitioners—one to be selected by the City and one by the Council.

Ald. Dickson reported in reference to the Grand Junction Railway question. He said that through the efforts of the deputation the Bill was recommitted to the Committee on Railways of the House, and an agreement was entered into which was in effect the endorsement of the By-law presented by Ald. T. Holden and passed by this Council. The terms of the agreement were cited and the stipulations made known.

The latter was laid on the table, as was also the letter from the Mayor of Toronto in regard to the market tolls.

Ald. Brennan asked if there was a physician in the employ of the City?

Ald. Petrie said he understood there was a physician in the employ of the City. He was appointed by the City and got \$10 a day.

Ald. Brennan said it was ridiculous to pay such a sum as the pay of any one.

Ald. Jellett said he had certified to accounts from the physician in the employ of the Board to the amount of \$130.

Ald. Dickson said there was not a contract for him? He had noticed an account from a firm who were not the contractors.

Ald. Lingham explained that the account was incurred before the contract was made.

NOTICES.

Ald. Jellett gave notice of a By-law for the appointment of a Collector for 1879.

Ald. St. Charles gave notice of a By-law for the procuring of a robe of office for the occupant of the civic chair.

Ald. Brennan said it was ridiculous to pay such a sum as the pay of any one.

Ald. Jellett said he had certified to accounts from the physician in the employ of the Board to the amount of \$130.

BY-LAWS.

Council went into Committee on By-laws.

Ald. Geen in the chair.

The By-law to borrow \$65,000 from the Merchants Bank was read a second time.

Committee rose and reported.—Adopted.

The By-law was read a third time, passed and numbered.

Council went into Committee on Ways and Means.

Ald. Proctor in the chair.

Several accounts were ordered to be paid.

The report of the Board of Works was, after discussion, withdrawn.

The Fire Committee's report was passed.

The procuring of a robe of office for the Mayor was referred to the Finance Committee.

On the reading of the Street Surveyor's plan it was discussed as to the items did not make up the value of the work.

The Chairman was blamed for not keeping sufficient control over the business of his committee.

Ald. Lingham explained that the account was incurred before the contract was made.

Some other accounts were passed.

The Committee rose and reported.—Adopted.

Council adjourned.

FOUND.—Watch found Apply at F. H. Rous & Co.'s Crockery Store.

DR. J. D. STEWART, M.D., Oculist and Aurist.

WILL be at the DAFOE HOUSE, Room No. 25, professionally, from Monday the 9th February, until Saturday Evening, February 28th.

MISS KATE GIRARD

will make her first and only appearance in this city for the present season in Elliott Dawn's latest dramatic success, entitled

PREJUDICE

OR

SOCIETY VS. STAGE.

Supported by her own Company of Metropolitan Artists.

A Grand Artistic Success in New York, Toronto, Montreal, and Elsewhere.

Popular Prices—50c, 35c and 25c.

Reserved Seats at Reynolds.

SUGAR BEET SEED.

2,000 lbs. of

Real Sicilian Sugar Beet Seed.

Direct imported, for sale by

PETER HAGGER,

Bellville, Ont.

Arrived last week.

Office in Ridgway's Block, 23 Campbell Street, Bellville, Jan. 29, 1880.

GEO. W. STEWART,

ARCHITECT.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,

Grocers and Wine Merchant.

Bellville, Jan. 29, 1880.

Fresh Finnans Haddies, 7c per lb.

9 lbs. Granulated Sugar for \$1.00.

Also, Steinsohn's Celebrated Biscuits.

Arriving every week.

W. H. WALKER,

Opposite Albion Hotel.

MILBURN,  
The Blind Man Eloquent.

W. H. MILBURN

WILL deliver one of his popular

LECTURES

IN THE

OPERA HOUSE

Tuesday Evening, Feb. 24th.

Bellville, Feb. 9.

111

GRAND OPENING

CARNIVAL,

WILL be held at the LORNE SKATING

RINK, on

Wednesday, Feb. 21st.

weather permitting.

There will be a GOOD BRASS BAND in attendance.

Refreshments can be had at the Rink.

Admission 25cts.

All ticket holders who appear in costume will be admitted free of charge.

Feb. 3.

did

THE

COUNTY OF HASTINGS

DIRECTORY

FOR 1879-80.

WILL be published in a new

directory of the County of Hastings.

It will contain a full and complete

list of the inhabitants of the County.

It will also contain a list of the

houses, farms, &c., of the County.

It will also contain a list of the

trades and professions of the County.

It will also contain a list of the

mines and other industries of the County.

It will also contain a list of the

schools and other institutions of the County.

It will also contain a list of the

churches and other religious bodies of the County.

It will also contain a list of the

political and other organizations of the County.

It will also contain a list of the

newspapers and other periodicals of the County.

It will also contain a list of the

post offices and other post roads of the County.

It will also contain a list of the

## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

## GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

NOV. 24, 1879.

SING WEST.  
No. 2 Day Express..... 6:15 p.m.  
Arr. at Montreal..... 9:00 a.m.  
No. 3 Mixed..... 6:30 a.m.  
Passenger..... 6:45 a.m.

GOING EAST.

No. 1 Day Express..... 12:15 p.m.  
No. 3 Night Express..... 11:00 p.m.  
No. 7 Mixed..... 7:15 a.m.  
Passenger..... 11:00 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3rd, trains will run as follows:  
Leave Hastings..... 7:30 a.m.  
Arrive in Belleville..... 10:30 a.m.  
Leave Belleville..... 3:30 p.m.  
Arrive in Madoc..... 5:30 p.m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.  
These roads are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

## PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, December 22, trains will run as follows:  
Leave Trenton Junction..... 7:15 a.m. and 1 p.m.  
Arrive at Picton..... 9:00 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.  
Leave Picton..... 9:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m.  
Arrives Trenton Junction 11:15 a.m. and 6:00 p.m.  
(Trains are run by Montreal time.)

## STAGE ROUTES.

Stage leave the principal hotels for the un-denumerated places at the hours named:  
For STIRLING—Daily, at 8 a.m., and 3 p.m.  
For MADOC—Daily, at 2 p.m.  
For BARDONWATER, TWEED, &c.—Daily, at 2 p.m.  
For TENTERDOWN—Daily, at 3 p.m.  
For PETERSON—Daily, at 3 p.m.  
The stage arrives in Belleville about noon each day.



BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, FEBY. 9.

## City and Vicinity.

**THE CARNIVAL.**—Don't forget the skat-ing carnival at the rink to-night.

**CONCERT.**—A grand concert of vocal and instrumental music, the proceeds of which will be devoted to paying for the St. John's church lot, to be given by Mr. McDonald of Picton, and a number of local amateurs in the City Hall to-morrow night.

**TABLEAUX.**—Our readers should bear in mind that an tableau entertainment will be given in the Opera House this evening in aid of the organ fund of Christ Church. The upright piano forte used on this occasion is the celebrated "Knafe," kindly supplied by Messrs. Octavus Newcombe & Co., Toronto.

**IMPOSING FUNERALS.**—The remains of the late William Oakham, of No 3 Hook & Ladder Company, and Sergeant Goode, of No 1 Company of the 49th Battalion, were interred yesterday with appropriate ceremonies. The officers and members of the fire brigade with the 15th Battalion Band were present at the funeral of the first named, whilst No. 1 and 4 companies of the 49th Battalion with the band of the L. O. O. F. were present at the interment of the latter. The funeral of each was largely attended and witnessed by large bodies of onlookers.

**AN UNFORTUNATE DRIVE.**—On Saturday evening last Mr. and Mrs. Sims, of Foxboro, determined to visit the mother of the latter, who resides near Holloway. Accordingly they started, Mrs. Simmons bearing in her arms a child only six months old and well muffled up. They reached their destination, and when alighting from their sleigh found that the child was smothered to death. The grief of the parents over this misfortune was very evident, and the sympathy of their neighbors is extended to them in their unfortunate and sad affliction.

**Snow Drifts.**—Some years since the County Council determined to experiment with wire and tight board fences as preventatives for snow drifts, and fences were made to admit of the putting of the experiment into practice. In some places the wire fence worked well, and in others the tight board fence proved itself the most effective in the prevention of the blockade of the roads with snow. Sunday last was a good day to look at the working of each, and the impression created was largely in favor of the tight board fence, as there were no drifts where that class of fence was erected.

**PREJUDICE.**—This is the title of a society play which will be presented on the boards of the Opera House here on Tuesday next. This pretty and exciting drama is a rich and rare conception, particularly suited to the times. It teaches a lesson well worth hearing. Society—in its strong prejudice attributing the worst intentions of slander and gossip, as well as all the guilt of occasional co-conspirators of the boards, to the profession in general—is represented in that careful and pleasing manner which delights all who have listened to it. The several members of the company are well up in their profession, the play is splendidly mounted and all who witness its production cannot but be pleased with it.

**Police Court.**  
(Before A. Diamond, P. M.)

**APPOINTMENT.**—Mr. Hugh Blair, attorney of this city, has been appointed a Notary Public for Ontario.

**HELP FOR THE IRISH POOR.**—The sum of \$600 was yesterday raised in St. Michael's Church for the benefit of the Irish poor.

**ARRIVED.**—The steamship *Fernie* arrived at Halifax at 9:15 a.m., with cabin, 15 intermediate and 80 steerage passengers.

**MARKEET FEES.**—The City Council has adopted a memorial to the Ontario Government against the passage of the Bill for the abolition of market fees.

**OPEN AIR MEETING.**—To-morrow morning at 11:15 the Rev. Mr. Hammond, Mr. Cox, and others will conduct an open air meeting on the market square.

**TO THE PENTITENTIARY.**—Alex. Martin, convicted of horse-stealing, left here to-day on a two years' visit to the Kingston Penitentiary, in custody of Deputy Sheriff Matthew.

**CAUTION.**—All vehicles should bear in mind that whilst the sleighing lasts shells should be upon the vehicles they drive or upon the sledges or cutters they are in as the law requires them.

**A NEW PROJECT.**—Arrangements have been made for the construction of a large grist mill on the site of the storehouse owned by Ald. Patric on West Front Street. The stone is now on the ground and the building will be erected in the spring.

**NEW HELMETS.**—No. 2 Independent Hose Company are to be provided with new brass helmets. They will be procured in Montreal at a cost of \$3.00 each and are expected to come to hand some day during the week.

**THE ST. CATHARINES MINISTERS.**—At the close of the meeting in Bridge Street church last night a letter was read from the ministers of St. Catharines to the ministers and Christians of Belleville, strongly recommending Mr. Hammond and his work and gratefully bearing witness to the good work in that city.

**DR. MILBURN,** the Blind Lecturer, whose name is a household word, had barely enough to complete his college course with pain and suffering. Afflicted with blindness at a time when the hopes of youth are brightest, he brings to the stage thoughts matured in solitude, and self-examination which are mingled with kindness and even wit and mirth. His appearance here will be a delight to people of taste and culture. See advt.

**ST. CATHARINES PRAYING FOR BELLEVILLE.**—At the meeting in the M. E. Tabernacle this morning a telegram was read by the Rev. Mr. Hammond from Mr. Noah Phelps (who it will be remembered conducted the Revival meetings here some three years ago), to the following effect: "The great interest unabated. Prayer offered in all the churches for Belleville. All Christian men are standing nobly by the cause, may God be with you."

**FREE.**—Shortly before twelve o'clock on Sunday night, the alarm of fire was given by two ladies who were then passing up Railway Station street. The second story of the frame building owned and occupied by Jos. Adamson was discovered to be on fire, and it was with difficulty the inmates were awakened. The engines were called out, but the building was of such material that it was almost destroyed before their arrival. The structure was entirely consumed. The loss is \$400; insured in the Royal for \$250. But little of the contents was saved.

**SOLD HIMSELF.**—They tell a good story of a Correctionville farmer—and of course Correctionville is not situated in this vicinity—who sold a load of corn at that town the other day. When it was weighed he slyly stepped on the scales, and then drove off to unload. What the wagon was weighed he took good care not to be in it, and congratulated him that he had played it on the buyer in good shape. The grain-dealer called him in, and after figuring up the load, paid him in full. As he buttoned up his coat to go out, the buyer kindly asked him to smoke with him, and then talked over the crops and the price of hogs, and the likelihood of the Maple Valley railroad building up that way, till the farmer faded away in his chair with uneasiness about his chores at home. At last he could stand it no longer and said he must go. The dealer quietly said that was not to be thought of, that he had bought the farmer at full weight and paid him his own price and that he would insist on doing as he pleased with his own property. The rater of corn saw that he had indeed sold himself in one sense at least. He acknowledged the corn—as it were—had compromised the affair. Now when the markets grain he don't stand on the scales.

**THIS MORNING'S MEETING.**—The Rev. Mr. Hammond's visit is creating great interest was manifested by the large attendance at the M. E. Tabernacle this morning at 9:30.

**IT IS evident** from Mr. Hammonds meetings of yesterday and this morning that while they are the opposites of Conventional and Stereotyped, yet that there is method throughout, he has a reason for all he does, and while he keeps the object of the meeting before him still he has not set plan but adapts whatever may come to the end for which the meeting was called.

The subject for a "Bible reading in Prayer and Praise meeting" this morning was "the elements of prevailing prayer." Mr. Hammond's talk abounded in illustrations, incidents &c. A number of our citizens took part in the meeting afterwards, and most cheering accounts were given as to the results of yesterday's meeting.

**NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.**—  
NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Fall wheat No. 1, \$26 to \$27; No. 2, \$24 to \$25; No. 3, \$21 to \$22; Spring—No. 1, \$24 to \$25; No. 2, \$21 to \$22; No. 3, \$21 to \$22; Barley—No. 1 to 75c; No. 2, 64c; Oats—70c to 80c; Corn—65c to 70c; Buckwheat—60c.

**CLOVER SEED**—\$3.75 to \$4.00.

**MUTTON**—40c to 50c per pound.

**HAMS**—9c to 11c.

**DRESSED BEEF**—\$3.00 to \$3.75.

**BUTTER**—18 to 22c.

**BUTTER-TUB**, nominally 16 to 20c.

**EAGLES**—15c to 20c per dozen.

**HONEY**—15c to \$3.00.

**SHEEPMEAT**—\$2.00 to \$2.00 per pound.

**WOOL**—25c per lb.

**LARD**—80 to 10c.

**TALLOW**—Rough, 4c.

**TALLOW**—Rendered, 5c to 6c.

**POTATOES**—70c to 75c per bag.

**APPLES**—\$2.00 to 75c per bag.

**FLOUR**—Wholesale, \$8.00 per bbl.

**Flour**—Retail, \$8.50 per bbl.

**CHEESE**—\$2.00 to 40c per pair.

**DOGS**—30 to 50c per pair.

**GEKK**—35 to 40c.

**TURKEYS**—50c to \$1.00.

**COMMERCIAL NOTES.**

**RAW FURS.**—The Montreal Gazette quotes Beaver in good demand at \$2.00 and we hear of higher prices being paid. Fresh caught muskrat bring from 10c to 12c. Fox skins are scarce, and in good request at \$1.40 to \$1.50. To give some idea of the scarcity of fox we may mention the fact that country dealers who usually send in about 100 skins at this season of the year now only forward from 5 to 10. Trade generally is dull.

Five minutes were spent in an address to the children upon the death of Christ, when after a few words of prayer the congregation all joined in singing "Come to Jesus now." A chain of five links he said he would give them which would reach all the way from earth to heaven—viz., Jesus, Holiness, Usefulness, Happiness and Honor; the adaptability of each link to the other he illustrated as he gave them to his hearers.

The evening meeting, which was also largely attended. It was principally of a preliminary character, and largely devoted to the afternoon meeting and to announcements as to the future programme. Mr. Hammond spoke with force and effect and was followed by the Rev. Dr. Jaques, who said he had been in work with Mr. Hammon in other places, and in which of 5,000 conversations and in the other 2,000 conversions had taken place. The Rev. Messrs. Turnbull, Lane, Cosser, Schuster and Willoughby were there. There will be meetings each day at 4:15 p.m. and on Wednesday night the evening meetings will be commenced. The movement promises to be of much interest and profit.

**THE EVENING MEETING.**—

The Rev. Mr. Hammond's visit is creating great interest was manifested by the large attendance at the M. E. Tabernacle this morning at 9:30.

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**CHICAGO MARKETS.**

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—Wheat nominal \$2.21

Feb. 25—\$2.23 Mar. 23—\$2.21 April, 30—\$2.21

May, 10—\$2.21 June, 31—\$2.14 July, 31—\$2.12

Aug. 1—\$2.12 Sept. 30—\$2.05

Oct. 1—\$2.05 Nov. 1—\$2.00 Dec. 1—\$1.95

Barley—No. 1 to 75c; No. 2, 64c; Oats—70c to 80c; Corn—65c to 70c; Buckwheat—60c.

**FOREIGN MARKETS.**

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 9.—Cotton active, firmer;

uplands 7½; Orleans 8.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—Consolidy money 98 1/2;—

account 5%; fives, 105.

**MONTREAL MARKET.**

MONTREAL, Feb. 9.—Flour, receipts 1,440

bbls.; market quiet and steady. Quotations:

—Superior—\$6.00 to \$8.10; extra,

\$5.75 to \$8.00; superfine 23c. to 35c. to

\$5.50; strong bakers, \$6.00 to \$8.40; to

\$5.50 to \$8.10; middlings, \$4.25 to \$4.40;

pollards, \$3.25 to \$3.50; Ontario bags \$2.80 to \$2.90; to \$3.10; middlings, \$2.75 to \$2.85; flour, \$2.50 to \$2.70; to \$2.80; to \$3.00; to \$3.10; to \$3.20; to \$3.30; to \$3.40; to \$3.50; to \$3.60; to \$3.70; to \$3.80; to \$3.90; to \$4.00; to \$4.10; to \$4.20; to \$4.30; to \$4.40; to \$4.50; to \$4.60; to \$4.70; to \$4.80; to \$4.90; to \$5.00; to \$5.10; to \$5.20; to \$5.30; to \$5.40; to \$5.50; to \$5.60; to \$5.70; to \$5.80; to \$5.90; to \$6.00; to \$6.10; to \$6.20; to \$6.30; to \$6.40; to \$6.50; to \$6.60; to \$6.70; to \$6.80; to \$6.90; to \$7.00; to \$7.10; to \$7.20; to \$7.30; to \$7.40; to \$7.50; to \$7.60; to \$7.70; to \$7.80; to \$7.90; to \$8.00; to \$8.10; to \$8.20; to \$8.30; to \$8.40; to \$8.50; to \$8.60; to \$8.70; to \$8.80; to \$8.90; to \$9.00; to \$9.10; to \$9.20; to \$9.30; to \$9.40; to \$9.50; to \$9.60; to \$9.70; to \$9.80; to \$9.90; to \$10.00; to \$10.10; to \$10.20; to \$10.30; to \$10.40; to \$10.50; to \$10.60; to \$10.70; to \$10.80; to \$10.90; to \$11.00; to \$11.10; to \$11.20; to \$11.30; to \$11.40; to \$11.50; to \$11.60; to \$11.70; to \$11.80; to \$11.90; to \$12.00; to \$12.10; to \$12.20; to \$12.30; to \$12.40; to \$12.50; to \$12.60; to \$12.70; to \$12.80; to \$12.90; to \$13.00; to \$13.10; to \$13.20; to \$13.30; to \$13.40; to \$13.50; to \$13.60; to \$13.70; to \$13.80; to \$13.90; to \$14.00; to \$14.10; to \$14.20; to \$14.30; to \$14.40; to \$14.50; to \$14.60; to \$14.70; to \$14.80; to \$14.90; to \$15.00; to \$15.10; to \$15.20; to \$15.30; to \$15.40; to \$15.50; to \$15.60; to \$15.70; to \$15.80; to \$15.90; to \$16.00; to \$16.10; to \$16.20; to \$16.30; to \$16.40; to \$16.50; to \$16.60; to \$16.70; to \$16.80; to \$16.90; to \$17.00; to \$17.10; to \$17.20; to \$17.30; to \$17.40; to \$17.50; to \$17.60; to \$17.70; to \$17.80; to \$17.90; to \$18.00; to \$18.10; to \$18.20; to \$18.30; to \$18.40; to \$18.50; to \$18.60; to \$18.70; to \$18.80; to \$18.90; to \$19.00; to \$19.10; to \$19.20; to \$19.30; to \$19.40; to \$19.50; to \$19.60; to \$19.70; to \$19.80; to \$19.90; to \$20.00; to \$20.10; to \$20.20; to \$20.30; to \$20.40; to \$20.50; to \$20.60; to \$20.70; to \$20.80; to \$20.90; to \$21.00; to \$21.10; to \$21.20; to \$21.30; to \$21.40; to \$21.50; to \$21.60; to \$21.70; to \$21.80; to \$21.90; to \$22.00; to \$22.10; to \$22.20; to \$22.30; to \$22.40; to \$22.50; to \$22.60; to \$22.70; to \$22.80; to \$22.90; to \$23.00; to \$23.10; to \$23.20; to \$23.30; to \$23.40; to \$23.50; to \$23.60; to \$23.70; to \$23.80; to \$23.90; to \$24.00; to \$24.10; to \$24.20; to \$24.30; to \$24.40; to \$24.50; to \$24.60; to \$24.70; to \$24.80; to \$24.90; to \$25.00; to \$25.10; to \$25.20; to \$25.30; to \$25.40; to \$25.50; to \$25.60; to \$25.70; to \$25.80; to \$25.90; to \$26.00; to \$26.10; to \$26.20; to \$26.30; to \$26.40; to \$26.50; to \$26.60; to \$26.70; to \$26.80; to \$26.90; to \$27.00; to \$27.10; to \$27.20; to \$27.30; to \$27.40; to \$27.50; to \$27.60; to \$27.70; to \$27.80; to \$27.90; to \$28.00; to \$28.10; to \$28.20; to \$28.30; to \$28.40; to \$28.50; to \$28.60; to \$28.70; to \$28.80; to \$28.90; to \$29.00; to \$29.10; to \$29.20; to \$29.30; to \$29.40; to \$29.50; to \$29.60; to \$29.70; to \$29.80; to \$29.90; to \$30.00; to \$30.10; to \$30.20; to \$30.30; to \$30.40; to \$30.50; to \$30.60; to \$30.70; to \$30.80; to \$30.90; to \$31.00; to \$31.10; to \$31.20; to \$31.30; to \$31.40; to \$31.50; to \$31.60; to \$31.70; to \$31.80; to \$31.90; to \$32.00; to \$32.10; to \$32.20; to \$32.30; to \$32.40; to \$32.50; to \$32.60; to \$32.70; to \$32.80; to \$32.90; to \$33.00; to \$33.10; to \$33.20; to \$33.30; to \$33.40; to \$33.50; to \$33.60; to \$33.70; to \$33.80; to \$33.90; to \$34.00; to \$34.10; to \$34.20; to \$34.30; to \$34.40; to \$34.50; to \$34.60; to \$34.70; to \$34.80; to \$34.90; to \$35.00; to \$35.10; to \$35.20; to \$35.30; to \$35.40; to \$35.50; to \$35.60; to \$35.70; to \$35.80; to \$35.90; to \$36.00; to \$36.10; to \$36.20; to \$36.30; to \$36.40; to \$36.50; to \$36.60; to \$36.70; to \$36.80; to \$36.90; to \$37.00; to \$37.10; to \$37.20; to \$37.30; to \$37.40; to \$37.50; to \$37.60; to \$37.70; to \$37.80; to \$37.90; to \$38.00; to \$38.10; to \$38.20; to \$38.30; to \$38.40; to \$38.50; to \$38.60; to \$38.70; to \$38.80; to \$38.90; to \$39.00; to \$39.10; to \$39.20; to



# Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 13.

BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1880.

NO. 238.

## 1879. WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

### ALLAN LINE.



Winter Sailings via Halifax.

SHORTEST SEA ROUTE.

AVERAGE PASSAGE 75 DAYS.

### STEAM TO LIVERPOOL

Londonderry and Glasgow.

THE first-class Clyde built iron steamship of the Allan line (carrying the Canadian and United States mail), will be despatched from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonderry every Saturday, as follows:

SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

SARMATIAN,	November 29th.
CYRUS,	December 6th.
SARDINIAN,	13th.
MORAVIAN,	20th.
PERUVIAN,	27th.
MAN,	January 3rd.
SARMATIAN,	10th.
CYRUS,	17th.
SARDINIAN,	24th.
CASPIAN,	31st.
MORAVIAN,	February 7th.
PERUVIAN,	14th.
POLYNESIAN,	21st.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Belleville to Liverpool or London, cabin \$67, \$80, and \$90, according to port of stateroom.

Intermediate, with first-class Railway \$47.

Passenger, do. from \$25 to \$32.

Children, 1 to 12 years half price, under 1 year free.

Return tickets at reduced rates.

Steerage tickets are issued without extra charge, or to from Liverpool, Londonderry, Queen's, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bristol, or Cardiff.

The last train connecting with the Ocean Steamer to Halifax, passes Belleville every Tuesday at noon. Passengers go at once to a station.

An experience Surgeon accompanies each vessel.

Letters are secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send their friends can obtain a special postage stamp for England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. (When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.)

Intermediate and steerage Stewards are appointed to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information apply to

**U. E. THOMPSON,**

Agent Allan Line,  
Canadian Express Office,  
Belleville, December, 1879.

### BANKING OFFICE

**U. E. THOMPSON,**  
BANKER,  
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

### AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS

Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice. Interest allowed at 4 1/2 per cent.

245



**ROYAL**  
INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL \$10,000,000

FONDS INVESTÉS 12,000,000

ANNUAL INCOME 5,000,000

The ROYAL Insurance Company has the largest surplus of any Fire Insurance Company in the world.

Insures Churches, Schools, Dwellings, Stores, Manufactories, Warehouses, &c., do. against loss by fire, as equitable rates.

ROUTH & TAYLOR, Chief Agents, Montreal.

T. DONNELLY, Agent, Belleville.

**THE SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL**

Fire Insurance Comp'y of Glasgow.

CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

ASSETS \$1,500,000

INCOME 1,000,000

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO BRANCH.

HEAD OFFICE, 7 Toronto St. Toronto.

JOHN L. BLAIE, Esq., Chairman, President Canada Land Credit Company.

JOHN P. MCINTOSH, Esq., of Brye, McMurchie & Co.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Esq., Vice-President Federal Bank of Canada.

INSPECTOR—ROBERT MULCAN.

RESIDENT SECRETARY—LAURENCE BUCHAN.

Deposited with the Government at Ottawa for security of Canadian Policy Holders, \$100,000.

This Company issues Policies of Insurance against loss or damage by fire or lightning on mercantile, manufacturing, farm and household risks, at current rates.

Policies are issued from and losses settled directly by the Toronto Office, without delay.

All Premiums taken in the country are invested in Canadian securities.

R. NEWBERY, Agent.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Liverpool and London.

### FIRE AND LIFE.

Capital \$2,000,000.00

Invested Funds \$3,000,000.00

FORBES & MUDGE, Montreal, Chief Agents for Canada.

W. A. SHEPPARD, Agent, Belleville.

### Business Directory.

John Bell, Barrister, &c., will continue his general practice in his present office, on his own account.

JOHN BELL,

Belleville, November 12, 1879.

Denmark & Northrup.

BARRISTERS, &c. Offices lately occupied by Penton & Denmark, Front St., Belleville.

Money to Loan—Private and Company funds.

Robertson & Thomas.

BARRISTERS, &c. Office—Robertson Block, east side of Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

ALICE ROBERTSON, J. PARKER THOMAS.

Flint & Jellett.

(Solicitors for The Canadian Bank of Commerce, HARVEY FLINT, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Inventor and Mechanic, Law cases, Conveyancers, &c., Belleville, Ont.)

John J. FLINT, MORGAN JELLETT.

Delaney & Ostrom.

BARRISTERS, &c. Office—Delaney & Ostrom, 135

PETERSON & PETERSON.

BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Inventors and Mechanics, Law cases, Conveyancers, &c., Belleville, Ont.)

John J. FLINT, MORGAN JELLETT.

Geo. D. DICKSON.

BARRISTER, &c. Post Office Block, Bridge Street, Belleville.

J. McMAHON.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—No. 4, Graham Block, entrance from Campbell Street, Belleville, Ont.

F. S.—May to lend on easy terms and Mortgages bought and sold.

ALICE E. DENISON.

LATE OF THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, Bookkeeper and Accountant, Accounts adjusted. Agent for Fire and Life Insurance. Money to Loan.

Office Campbell Street, in the Division Court office.

161-d3m.

Elisha Wesley.

ISSUE OF Marriage Licences, at the office of M. B. Roblin, Front St., Belleville.

B. S. WILLSON, M. D. C. M.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MONTREAL, Late of the Apothecary of the Montreal General Hospital. Residence and Office, Pinnacle Street, dft.

J. R. DICKSON, L. D. S.

SURGEON DENTIST.

Offices—Corner Bridge and Front sts. Entrance on Bridge Street.

Jos. Caldwell.

SURGEON DENTIST, formerly of Belleville, late of Ottawa, has opened an office in Robertson's new block, Front Street, Belleville. Teeth extracted without pain.

Henry Chapman.

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c.

PRINCIPAL, DRUGGIST AND SURGEON.

Montreal Late of Apothecary of the Montreal General Hospital. Residence and Office, Pinnacle Street, dft.

JAMES GAY.

Market Square, Belleville, Ont.

Shop over McDunn's Boot stores

186

Evans & Bolger.

PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS.

Architects, Civil Engineers and Land Agents. Office—Dominion Buildings, Bridge Street, Belleville. Surveying in all its branches in the Province of Ontario, particularly in the County of Hastings.

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railway will henceforth receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STIRLING.—At the drug store of Dr. G. H. Boulter, M. P. P.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our Agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HARRISON.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. C. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. P. KOWELL & CO.,  
41 Park Row, New York.

J. H. BATES, 41 Park Row, New York,  
AEE our Agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising on our lowest rates.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, FEB 10

## Parnell's Demagogism.

It is now plainly apparent, if any doubt ever existed on the subject, that the visit of Mr. Parnell, the Irish obstructionist, to this continent, is more to forward political objects than to raise funds for the relief of his suffering fellow countrymen. Finding that the respectable portion of the press of the United States were almost unanimously arrayed against his political agitation crusade, and that he was receiving but little money to aid his "peasant proprietorship" scheme, the agitator became wroth and sought, by means of the most disreputable, to discredit all who were not working for the same object that he was. In his wild rage he asserted that the Queen had refused to contribute towards the relief fund during the famine of 1847, and when the utter futility of this assertion was proved, he attacked the Mansion House relief committee of Dublin, asserting that the money forwarded to them was being given to assist such persons only as had paid their rent. This being disproved also, like the demagogue that he is, Mr. Parnell then grossly attacked the ancestry (as he supposed) of Lord Randolph Churchill, who, however, proves to be not the descendant of the first Duke of Marlborough and Sarah Jennings the actress, but of his sister Ann Churchill and the Earl of Sutherland. The mendacity which has characterised these statements and their repetition after conclusive proof has been furnished of their untruthfulness, ought to, and we believe will, discredit this agitator with every honorable and every loyal man.

It is unfortunate for the suffering people of Ireland that so unscrupulous a man as Parnell should appear (out forward by himself and a few others of the same kidney though he may be) as the advocate of charity to Ireland. His treasonable utterances and his many misstatements have without doubt restricted the flow of charity from the United States and will probably have the same effect in Canada. There is, however, no reason why this should be so, as the distress is great and wide spread, and there are sources such as the Mansion House relief committee which may be relied upon to distribute the funds sent to them with impartiality and only after proper inquiry.

Therefore let the good work go on unchecked. We hope to see a large attendance at the public meeting which is to be held on Thursday evening in the City Hall, and trust that means will be devised to secure a liberal contribution from the citizens of Belleville, who we are persuaded are quite ready to do their part.

## The Liverpool Election.

Despite the thunderings of Messrs Gladstone, Bright & Co., against the foreign policy of the Imperial Government, as well as the active interference on behalf of the Liberal candidate of the Earl of Derby, who is a large property holder in the constituency, the Conservatives of Liverpool won a notable victory on Friday last, in returning their candidate by upwards of 2,000 majority. This result, taking all the circumstances of the case into account, must prove encouraging to the Conservative party in England, as showing that they still retain their hold upon the country. The London Times which has of late rather sided with the Liberals, says the Liberal defeat cannot be explained away by the statement that Liverpool is essentially a Conservative constituency. The Times' conclusion is that the country does not believe the Government deserves the denunciations which have been heaped upon them, but rather thinks they should have a fair chance of completing their work.

## Dairymen in Council.

A meeting of dairymen, for the purpose of forming a Dairymen's Board of Trade, was held in the City Hall on Monday, the 9th inst.

There was a limited attendance, and those present only consisted of Presidents of cheese factories and cheese makers.

John Clark, Esq., on motion was moved to the chair.

In opening the meeting the Chairman stated that the present assemblage was due to the action of a meeting held recently at Campbellford. As the Secretary of that meeting he had deemed it advisable to hold another in this city, so that a conference on this subject could be held with the assistance of other dairymen, and in accordance with his suggestion advertisements had been ordered, so that the purposes of the meeting would be known.

A motion for the adjournment of the meeting, owing to the small attendance, was put and carried.

An adjourned meeting will be held in the village of Campbellford on Tuesday, 13th March.

## The City's Finances.

Ald. Jellett—whose appointment as Chairman of the Finance Committee of the City Council was looked upon with apprehension by a few ratepayers, who had come to the conclusion that Alderman Holden was the only man in the Council who could administer the City's finances—has fully justified the confidence of his friends, and proved himself an able financier. At one stroke he has succeeded in obtaining a lower rate of interest from the Bank, and at the same time has arranged for receiving interest on deposits. The result of the operation will be a saving of from \$800 to \$1,000 per annum to the City, and Mr. Jellett is entitled to a great deal of credit for his success in this regard. It is a measure of economy which all will appreciate.

We understand that Mr. Jellett will also endeavor during the year to effect the consolidation of the City's debt. By this means a further saving of from \$3,000 to \$6,000 per annum would be made. The time is favorable for such an operation, as the English money market is easy, and the standing of Canadian investments is now—thanks to the efforts of the present Government to make known our resources to the people of the mother country—higher than ever before. The project is one of very great importance to the taxpayers of the municipality, and we hope that it will be pressed forward to an early and successful conclusion.

## News Condensed.

Henry Hamilton, Dean of Salisbury, is dead.

The Pope has recovered from his recent indisposition.

An eruption of Mount Vesuvius began on Saturday.

A light shock of earthquake was felt at Ottawa on Sunday.

The Mennonites are no longer to be expected from military service in Russia.

A. P. Rose, grain merchant, shot himself at Brown's Wharf, Que., on the 9th.

At a public meeting at Perth on Saturday \$530 was subscribed to the Irish relief fund.

The students of University College, Toronto, have taken preliminary steps towards the formation of a Rowing Club.

The Theatre Royal, Dublin, was destroyed by fire on the 9th. Six lives were lost. Loss on building and contents \$200,000.

A heavy storm visited the British coast on the 8th and 9th. Many casualties are already reported.

## FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION.

## TWO MEN KILLED AND THREE INJURED.

## THE BUILDING SET ON FIRE.

WINDSOR, Q. Feb. 10.—An explosion of the mills belonging to the Canada Paper Company occurred this morning. Three men were badly, if not fatally, injured by steam and bleach liquor, and two killed. The paper mill took fire and was destroyed. The fire has been got under.

## MORNING DESPATCHES.

## EUROPEAN.

## CAUSE OF THE DISTRESS IN IRELAND.

## Russian Intrigues in Asia.

## FURTHER DISCLOSURES.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The Duchess of Marlborough writes to the Lord Mayor that millions have been lost in West Ireland by the failure of the potato crop. The Duchess thinks the loss due to the deterioration of potato plants is from the fact that for years the best potatoes have been eaten and the worst sown.

The blue books published concerning Russia in Afghanistan and Russia at Merv do not tell the whole story. It is understood that Russia is implicated up to the period of Cavaignac's assassination, and that if the suppressed correspondences were published it might necessitate the declaration of war against that power. It is further stated that Russia may have disowned the acts of its agents in Central Asia and that the suppression is due to this possibility.

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## AMERICAN.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 10.—John Allan, a resident partner here of the New York firm of David Dow & Co., and a well known member of the Exchange, unaccountably disappeared on Thursday. His accounts were found to be straight, and it is feared he was suffering from mental aberration.

It is believed that Count Mitzkiewicz, charged with swindling Castner & Co., has disappeared. Another warrant for his arrest has been issued for assaulting John L. Mason, the counsel for Castner & Co. Mitzkiewicz invited Mason to call. Mason entered the Count's house, finding the Count and his wife praying loudly. The Count jumped up and attacked Mason fiercely without explanation.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The Tribune's Havana special says the reception to Grant was attended by many Americans who had never been in the palace before. It will do much to break down a certain reserve that has of late marked the attitude of the Government towards Americans.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Slosson has been matched against Vinares of Paris. He plays a match game of billiards of \$4,000 points for \$1,000. Play begins on March 29th.

The Herald's Irish Relief fund amounts to over \$139,000. Bounced yesterday telegraphed to Mackay, the Bonanza King, asking him to give something. The answer came promptly that his agents in New York were instructed to pay \$10,000. Sothern, the actor, contributed \$500.

Sods called upon before Blakie yesterday and expressed himself in favor of having the Hanlan-Courtney race at Washington. Hanlan says he will waive his difference with Courtney concerning the disposition of the R. R. receipts and other contributions if Sods will guarantee \$500 that Riley will take Courtney's place if the latter does not show.

The Tribune says the paper in Cornelius Vanderbilt's claim to the control of the \$40,000 given him in settlement of the will litigation by Wm. H. Vanderbilt, indicates that by the terms of that settlement Cornelius J. receives an income from \$400,000 in addition to an income of \$200,000 under his father's will. His old debts were settled and heavy fees were paid to his counsel, including, it is said, \$100,000 to Scott Ladd.

Messrs McDougall & Co., of Mount Royal and Three Rivers, are building three large grist mills and one saw mill for the Hudson Bay Company, to be forwarded to Manitoba.

Messrs McDougall & Co., of Three Rivers, manufacture twenty-seven car wheels a day, and employ from 150 to 200 men. Their product for some months to come has been sold to parties in the United States.

A personal and political friend of General Grant's authorizes the statement that while the General is not seeking nomination for the Presidency he will not decline it if it is offered him.

A report of the United States Secretary of War shows that the amount refunded to the several States on account of expenditures for the suppression of rebellion on \$42,320,000. Nearly nine millions are yet unpaid.

A St. Petersburg despatch says one of the ships of the Russian volunteer fleet has been sent with a commissioner to gather information for development of the China, Japan and United States.

The fresh announcement of the intention of Dean Stanley to allow the statue of Louis Napoleon to be erected in Westminster Abbey, occasions general surprise. The Queen, it is reported, insists on the monument being erected there.

A Madrid despatch says that at the trial of Gonzales, the would-be regicide, the Crown prosecutor demanded that the sentence of death be passed on him. Counsel for defense urged that the prisoner was irresponsible for his actions at the time, and that the crime was unpremeditated.

The Princess Louise while in England engaged the services of an accomplished musician, Professor King, who it is said will reside at Rideau Hall, and will in future teach the choir of St. Bartholomew's Church, New Zealand. The professor brought his own piano from England, and is reported to have had a high rank in his profession.

CANADIAN WHEAT.—The Monetary Times says—Canadian wheat from the Province of Ontario having appeared in the markets of France (100,000 bushels were shipped to the St. Lawrence, as we showed last week) the Paris Bulletin des Halles considers it if anything superior to that of the United States. Higher that wheat has now only Michigan and other American wheat but in the future says La Presse gives a less positive opinion.

SCOTTISH CHALLENGE TO HANLON.

London, Feb. 10.—The Sportsman authorizes that Charles Hanlon has authorized the editor to return £50 of the stakes in the Boyd & Elliott match and challenge Hanlon on behalf of Boyd to race again at the same time and place.

IN ENGLAND.—The Sportsman says that Boyd is willing to race again at the same time and place.

Montmorency.—Mr. Anger will likely be elected by acclamation for Montmorency, it being Mr. St. George's intention to retire from the contest, though both gentlemen were nominated on Saturday at Chateauguay.

JOHN CLARK, Esq., on motion was moved to the chair.

In opening the meeting the Chairman stated that the present assemblage was due to the action of a meeting held recently at Campbellford.

As the Secretary of that meeting he had deemed it advisable to hold another in this city, so that a conference on this subject could be held with the assistance of other dairymen, and in accordance with his suggestion advertisements had been ordered, so that the purposes of the meeting would be known.

A motion for the adjournment of the meeting, owing to the small attendance, was put and carried.

An adjourned meeting will be held in the village of Campbellford on Tuesday, 13th March.

## Bancroft.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

New York, Feb. 4, 1880.

SIR:—In a report of the mining operations of Madoc and North Hastings made by the special correspondent of the Globe, and partly copied, I believe, in the INTELLIGENCER and other newspapers, it was stated that "valuable deposits of iron ore had been discovered at York River, in the Township of Dungannon, and that these deposits had been secured by an American Company." I trouble you with this communication to state that the correspondent of the Globe has been misinformed, as these deposits are not in the hands of any American Company, nor are they purchased, or by lease, or in any other way, but are still in the possession of the original proprietors.

I take this opportunity to say that in this part of the country we are glad to observe that the North Hastings Railway Co. are at last aroused to see the necessity of extending their line further north. There is an amount of one through the Township of Limerick and the contemplated route to these new developments at York River, to warrant the Directors in extending their Railway to this place at once; and as it is reported that a delegation is to be organized shortly to the Ontario House to advocate a subsidy, it is hoped that the Company will soon be at work, or doubt the traffic from this part will be turned into another channel, and the City of Belleville and the Town of Madoc will lose their northern trade.

I am, Sir, your &c., J. CLEAK.

H. A. THOMPSON,

James Kylo, T. Lovett, John Green, Frank Keeler, S. G. Beatty, David Holden, J. W. Hope, M. D. R. Barber, James Macoun,

In compliance with the above Requisition, I hereby call a Public Meeting of the citizens of Belleville, to be held in the City Hall, on THURSDAY, February 12th, inst., at 7:30 p.m.

R. S. PATTERSON, Mayor.

Belleville, Feb. 9th, 1880.

23rd

## A GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.

WILL be given in the

CITY HALL,

on

TUESDAY, 10th FEB'y, 1880.

Mr. ALEX. McDONELL, of Picton, with a number of the prominent Amateurs of the City, will take part.

Proceeds to go towards the last payment on St. John's Church Lot.

Admission, 25 cents.

23rd

OPERA HOUSE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

TUESDAY EVENING, FEB'y. 10TH.

Mr. J. C. Conner has the honor of announcing that the Young, Beautiful and Gifted Actresses

MISS KATE GIRARD

will make her first and only appearance in this city for the present season in Elliott Dawn's latest dramatic success, entitled

PREJUDICE

OR

SOCIETY VS. STAGE.

Supported by her own Company of Metropolitan Artists.

A Grand Artistic Success in New York, Toronto, Montreal, and Elsewhere.

Popular Prices—50c, 35c and 25c.

Reserved Seats at Reynolds.

23rd

FANCY

AND

STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

MANTLES,

MILLINERY, &c.,

to which we invite the inspection of our friends and customers.

## DISCOUNT SALE.

As we are preparing to

Manufacture our Spring and Summer Stock of Clothing,

we offer a

Discount of 10 per cent off

OVERCOATS, ULSTERS,

Men's and Boys' Suits.

Bartman & Sintzel,

323 Front St.,

Opposite the Anglo-American Hotel.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.

WINTER 1880.

WE are daily receiving our

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

or

FANCY

AND

STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

MANTLES,

MILLINERY, &c.,

to which we invite the inspection of our friends and customers.

1104 wiyr

## THE BALANCE OF A LOT OF

## TENDER FOR ROLLING STOCK.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to noon of MONDAY, the 23rd of FEBRUARY instant, for the immediate supply of the following Rolling Stock.

4 First class Cars.

2 Postal and Baggage Cars.

60 Box Cars.

60 Platform Cars.

Drawings and specifications may be seen, and other information obtained, on application at the office of the Engineer-in-Chief, Pacific Railways, Ottawa, Ontario, or at the office of the Intercolonial Railway, Moncton, N. B.

The Rolling Stock to be delivered on the Pembroke Branch, Canadian Pacific Railway, on or before the 15th of MAY next.

By order,

F. BRAUN,

Secretary.

DEPT OF RAILWAYS AND CANALS,

Ottawa, 7th February, 1880.

238.34

## MILBURN,

## "The Blind Man Eloquent."

W. H. MILBURN

## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

## GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

Nov. 24, 1879.

100 WEST.	6:15 p.m.
No. 2, Day Express.....	6:15 p.m.
No. 3, Morning Express.....	6:30 a.m.
No. 3, Mixed.....	6:30 a.m.
Passenger.....	4:00 p.m.

## SUNG MARY.

No. 1, Day Express.....	10:15 a.m.
No. 2, Night Express.....	11:45 a.m.
No. 7, Mixed.....	7:15 p.m.
No. 8, Mixed.....	9:00 p.m.

## GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3d, trains will run as follows:

Leave Hastings.....	7:30 a.m.
Arrive at Belleville.....	10:30 a.m.
Leave Belleville.....	11:00 a.m.
Arrive in Hastings.....	6:15 p.m.
Trains are run by Bel oville Co.	

These roads are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

## PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, December 23, trains will run as follows:

Leave Trenton.....	7:15 a.m. and 1 p.m.
Arrive in Hastings.....	9:30 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.
Arrived Trenton Junction 11:50 a.m. and 6:00 p.m.	
(Trains are run by Montreal C. & N.)	

(Trains are run by Montreal C. &amp; N.)

## STAGE ROUTES.

Stages leave the principal hotels for the un-demonstrated places at the hour named:

FOR STYLING.—Daily, at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m.

FOR BRADWATER, TWEED, &amp;c.—Daily, at 2 p.m.

FOR TATTON.—Daily, at 3 p.m.

The stages arrive in Belleville about noon each day.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, FEB. 10.

## City and Vicinity.

LINT.—This solemn season will commence to-morrow.

POLICE.—There were neither prisoners nor tramps in the cells last night.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.—A regular meeting of the Board will be held to-night.

TO-NIGHT.—The concert in aid of St. John's Church will take place in the City Hall to-night.

"PREJUDICE."—Miss Kate Girard and her dramatic company will produce this new play at the Open House to-night.

NEW CHURCH.—The new Methodist Church in the 3rd con. of the Township of Thurlow will be dedicated on Sunday next, with appropriate ceremonies.

PRECIOUS.—Mr. H. Hooper, of Flinton, has in his possession a couple of agates and some pearls, all of which were procured from the shores of the lakes in the rear of this county.

ATTENTION.—Many of the trees on the roadways of this city suffer for want of pruning. As they ornate the localities in which they are situated, they should receive proper attention from the hands of the authorities.

MASONIC ENTERTAINMENT.—The entertainment given by the Masonic fraternity last night was successful, the attendance being quite numerous enough for comfort. Dancing was kept up until the morning hours were well advanced.

IRISH RELIEF.—In response to the request of a requisition, the Mayor has called a public meeting to be held in the City Hall on Thursday evening, for the purpose of organizing some scheme towards assisting in the relief of the distress now existing in Ireland.

THE SNOW BLOCKADE.—The delay occasioned the B. &amp; N. R. and the G. J. R. trains yesterday was attributable to the snow drifts of Sunday, which were only cleared by the sending of a snow plough and engine from the G. T. R. depot in this city.

MINING.—Mining in the vicinity of Tamworth is being vigorously prosecuted, and good samples of iron, lead, silver and gold have been shown as the product of investigation. The mineral wealth of the district seems unbounded, and with the investment of capital will be largely developed.

OCHRE.—Specimens of red and yellow ochre from the Wallbridge mine in Madoc township are now on exhibition at Clarke &amp; Co.'s drug store. This article is in great demand as a fire-proof paint, and we are informed the supply at the above mines appears inexhaustible. Mr. Clarke has a good opinion of the merits of the article in question, and thinks its use will shortly become very popular.

THE CARNIVAL.—The skating carnival held on the Lorne rink last night was not very largely attended, although the night was fine. There were, however, a good variety of costumes amongst the skaters, though nothing strikingly new or original. The rink was sumptuously decorated and well lighted. Another carnival will shortly be held, of which due notice will be given.

OFF THE TRACK.—The Montreal *Witness* of yesterday says:—"This morning as No. 3 Grand Trunk local train from Brockville, just down at Bonaventure Station at 7:15, was approaching St. Ann's Bridge, and within fifteen yards of the entrance, the driving rods of the engine suddenly broke, jerking it off the track. No further damage was done. An auxiliary train was at once sent from Point St. Charles and cleared the track—a work which occupied nearly four hours, after which the passengers came on to the city. Had the accident happened a few yards further on, the train must inevitably have been thrown over the bridge, with what consequences it would

be difficult to estimate." In consequence of this accident the express from the east was about five hours late in reaching Belleville last night.

POLO COUR.—There was no business in Court this morning.

CORRECTION.—The procedure book for which Mr. Holmes offered \$100 reward was not that for last month, but for October last.

EXHIBITION.—Hanlan, the champion oarsman, accompanied by a number of athletes, will give an entertainment in the Opera House to-morrow evening, when he will exhibit the art of rowing in his new rowing machine. The exhibition is a strictly proper one, and therefore ladies need not feel any delicacy in attending it.

BATTERSBY'S GUIDE.—Batterby's Dominion Railway and Traveller's Guide for February has been received. As yet the time tables of the Grand Junction and Belleville and North Hastings Railways have not found their way into the pages of this publication, though they ought to be there. Published by D. Batterby, 126 St. James Street Montreal. 10 cts. per number.

ATHLETICS.—An entertainment under the auspices of the directors of the Mechanics Institute, will be given by Mr. E. W. Johnson, Instructor, and the pupils of the Mechanics' Institute Gymnasium, in the Opera House at a date hereafter to be announced. This will be Mr. Johnson's first appearance in the Opera House, and the entertainment will be of such a character that ladies may attend without fear of having their sense of propriety offended.

TABLEAUX VIVANTS.—An entertainment of this character, in aid of the organ fund of Christ Church, took place last night in the Opera House. There was a fair attendance, and the tableaux were neatly arranged and richly presented. A variety of vocal and instrumental music was also given, and some amateurs gave an exhibition of club swinging. The fine piano used on the occasion, manufactured by Knabe, of Baltimore, has been purchased by Mr. H. E. Fillister.

A WARNING.—Mr. Thomas Gardner informs us that yesterday afternoon a little boy who had placed his tongue against the iron fence surrounding a part of the Bridge Street Church, on trying to release himself found that useful member had frozen to the iron and held him fast." Mr. Gardner tried to relieve the boy, but found his efforts futile, and went into the church for water, but on his return found the boy gone, but there was blood on the fence. This case should prove a warning to all young ones to refrain from following the example of the unfortunate child in question.

CONGRATULATIONS.—We extend our hearty congratulations to the Hon. Bills Flint on the completion of his seventy-fifth year, his birthday having occurred on the 9th. Mr. Flint has had a long, honorable and useful public career, which we trust may be prolonged for many years yet to come, whilst as a citizen of Belleville his life has been above reproach, and conducive to the public good, as the behest upon him of his highest honor is the gift of his fellow citizens shows. Mr. Flint came to Belleville in 1829. He was elected Chairman of the Board of Police in 1836; entered Parliament in 1847, and was elected as member of the Legislative Council for the Trent Division in 1862 over M. P. M. Grover and again by acclamation in 1863. He was appointed to the Senate in 1867 and has since occupied a seat in that body.

After singing "Come to Jesus" Mr. Cox made a brief address. He spoke of his visit to Palestine and how he had visited the place where our Saviour was crucified. He referred to the great revival work in St. Catharines, where a large number of conversions had taken place, and then briefly alluded to the evils of drink.

Rev. Mr. Willoughby said Mr. Hammond was the great revivalist and that Mr. Cox was a wealthy man who lent his assistance in his great mission.

"YOU MUST BE A LOVER OF THE LORD," was sung after which Mr. Hammond told a few more anecdotes and the meeting closed.

The following Committees have been appointed in connection with this special work. Will the members please to report to the Chairman and arrange for the work assigned to them?

MUSIC.—G. Sherwood, Mr. Lane, Miss Jones, Mr. McPherson, W. Gordon, A. M. Peterson, W. C. Lawrence, L. Diamond, Rev. O. R. Lambly, Rev. A. Turnbull, W. H. Worth.

FINANCE.—R. S. Patterson, R. Richardson, A. Christie, J. Harris, Jas. Ross, Rev. G. R. Lambly, A. W. Challen, Mr. Dyer.

ENTERTAINMENT.—J. Branton.

USHERS.—A. G. Northrup, W. Johnston, L. W. Yeomans, R. Tompston, O. P. Holton, W. U. Lawrence, A. Reid, J. H. Herron, W. Thompson, W. Gordon, J. George, J. W. Harrison.

WEATHER REPORTS.

TORONTO, Feb. 10.—Probability for the next twenty-four hours: For the lower lakes, winds mostly southerly to southwesterly, cloudy to fair, mild weather with snow areas, possibly turning to rain in southern districts.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Indications for lower lakes, partly cloudy, slightly warmer followed by light snow areas.

BUCKINGHAM SALVAGE.

OTTAWA, Feb. 7.—The *Canada Gazette* to-day contains an extract from the Imperial Admiralty's instructions concerning salvaging wrecks solemnized on board Her Majesty's ship *Calcutta*.

Cads for the Royal Military College, after the 1st January, 1881, must be 15 to 18 years old before their entrance examination. Cadets on graduating will be appointed Lieutenant in the Royal Engineers, and get promotion by seniority, but they must be fit to bear the rank of some corps.

To those not fit to bear the rank of some corps, the rank of second class will be given.

ASYLUM.—We are glad to learn that the "PARK KELLY" is having so large a sail in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never-failing cure for pain, and is a medicine that no family should be without.—Montreal *Pilot*.

Dr. A. R. SCOVILLE of Cincinnati, says: "In the early stages of Long's disease, I believe in giving a certain amount of opium, which will do much good, ready to administer upon the first appearance of disease about the lungs, there would be very few cases of fatal consumption."

STRATFORD, ONT., AUG. 1, 1874.—Having become almost entirely cut off from extreme debility through the use of Felsodium and Syrup of Hypophosphite.

I feel it hard to put the fact on record. My case had rested on all other medicines, but succeeded to three bottles of Fellow's Hypophosphite.

DR. H. ROBERTSON.

"THEREBY," the new powder for whitening the teeth, stimulating the mouth and purifying the breath, the brightest, neatest, easiest to get and extant. Ask your druggist for "Teaberry." Price 25 cents, dually.

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Daily Intelligencer.  
CAST ON THE WORLD:

The Border Marriage.  
A STORY OF THE GREAT GLASGOW BANK ROBBERY.

CONTINUED.  
CHAPTER XIV.

PURPLE ADVENTURES OF GINGER AND CHARLIE—A JOYFUL BE UNION—HAPPY TIMES—  
ANOTHER DANGER THREATENS.

We need not describe particularly the low lodging-houses into which our countrymen crowded when they came. It was another worse nor better than that in which Tubby and Myra passed one night. Crime and vice of all kinds were rampant in its loathsome atmosphere, and it was impossible for the child to be brought closer into contact with sin in all its grosses and diabolical forms.

Fortunately he was too young and too unenlightened to understand the meaning or import of the worst he saw or heard, but the scene, as presented to his young mind, was something terrible. The instinctive desire of the child made him recoil from the baseness, the profanity, and brutal rovings of the unholy place, and besought GINGER to retire with him to the quietest corner that could be found.

GINGER was disappointed at Charlie's failure to appreciate the pleasure of the "jolly padded-ken," but he did not let on his disappointment, and was in hopes that he would brighten him up by-and-by to something like his own taste. He was more than ever convinced of Charlie's value as a pal.

The result of his troubling and had settled the point uncontested, and he resolved to take care of his boy himself. There was to be no more of that.

Sold by all Druggists. Send for pamphlet.

DR. GILES,  
120 West Broadway, N. Y.  
Trial size 25 cents.

Why Will You

Allow a cold to advance in your system thus endearing you to the physician? Purchase Dr. Giles' Homeopathic and Long-Term Remedy, when an immediate relief can be so readily attained. *Bosch's German Syrup* has gained the largest sale for the world for the cure of Coughs, Cold & the several Diseases of the Chest. Being a famous German prescription, and is prepared with the greatest care, and no fear need be entertained in administering it to the youngest child, as it is entirely safe. The sale of this medicine is unprecedented. Since its introduction there has been a constant increasing demand, and without a single report of a failure to do its work in any case. Ask your Druggist as to the truth of these remarks. Large size 75 cents. Try it and he will be convinced.

## MORTGAGE SALE of Valuable Freshold Property.

It is to be sold by Public Auction, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in two certain Mortgages on real estate, which were produced in the Sale in the year past on SATURDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A.D. 1880, at Twelve o'clock, noon, by Charles Wilkins, Auctioneer, at the Dominion Hotel in the city of Belleville, the following valuable Real Estate, being composed of:

PARCEL NO. I.

Lot number Twenty-nine, in the second section on the Township of Thurlow, containing an acre and two hundred acres of land, the same same in less.

On Parcel No. I, there is one large brick dwelling house and store, and also a good stone stable.

This property is advantageously situated for a store, and is near the business portion of the town.

On Parcel No. II, there are: one stone-story dwelling house, one log house, and three barns. There is also a small orchard on the property; the soil is a good clay loam. About 100 acres of land are in cultivation, and about 30 acres are woodland. This property is situated about eight miles from Belleville, which affords a good market for the produce.

HASTINGS DIRECTORY.—A copy of this work, which has just been issued, in the office of the job printing office, is before me, and we can truthfully say, it is the most complete and authorative HASTINGS Directory ever seen, reflecting the greatest credit alike on both compilers and publishers. The book contains nearly 600 pages, containing a detailed description of every town, village, hamlet, manufacturing resources, mineral wealth, railway facilities, character of the soil, etc., etc.; also numerous sketches of the cities of Belleville, and many towns and villages in Hastings County, and every principal town in the Province, with the names of all the principal residents in each municipality, and their post office addresses.

The book is a mine of valuable information, postal laws, etc., which makes it a valuable book of reference, and as it is well bound, well printed, and published in a very creditable manner, we have no doubt that the subscribers of the publishers will meet with due appreciation. Mr. Shepard, under whose personal supervision this creditable work has been produced, will be present at the auction, and in a few days, and we hope, will be able to give a full account of the commencement of the delivery of the book.—*Montreal Advertiser.*

HASTINGS DIRECTORY.—We have received a copy of the "County of Hastings Directory," one of the best works of the kind we see anywhere. The information it contains is such as will prove of great value to those who wish to know particulars concerning the county, its towns, etc., of the flourishing district. The work contains a full and complete list of households of the county, a classified list of trades and professions, together with statistical information, etc., etc., and will be of great service to those who are interested in the business and social life of the county. Belleville and the principal towns and villages. The work was compiled by Mr. W. A. Shepard, of Belleville, and is in every respect creditable to the author.—*Montreal Advertiser.*

It is creditable alike to the author and publishers, and will have the effect of making throughout County of Hastings better known. It is highly deserving of liberal patronage, and will, we trust, prove a valuable and durable work.—*Montreal Standard.*

A County of Hastings Directory has been issued from the office of the General Publishers. It is a very complete work of 500 pages, and illustrates how closely the country press are treadling the tracks of their metropolitan sister, the London "Daily Express."

HASTINGS DIRECTORY.—It is well arranged and is very neatly printed. The Directory, in such compact form, will be of great convenience to those desiring information relating to the county, and, of course, of great value to the business man and scientist. Copies may be had at the INTELLIGENCER office, Belleville.—*Montreal Free Press.*

It is creditable to the compiler of the work, and those who have had the pleasure of reading it, who will have faith that a good work has been done.

The Great Sugar Coated Pill is a very useful article, and is of great service to those who are suffering from various diseases.

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railway will henceforth receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

Syracuse.—At the drug store of Dr. G. H. Campbell, M. P. P., etc.

Clarendon—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

Huntington—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

Maple—At the store of Mr. C. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,  
5 Park Row, New York.

J. H. RATES, 41 Park Row, New York.  
SEE Our Agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.

Revival Services.  
MR. HAMMOND'S MEETINGS.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON'S MEETING.

The afternoon meeting took place in the Bridge St. O. M. Church, before a goodly audience, a very large proportion being children.

After singing a hymn, Mr. Hammond came forward and said he was glad to see many children present with their hymn books. Another hymn was sung at his request, and the rendering of others followed.

The meeting engaged in audible prayer, and after that Mr. Hammond addressed the children. The children, as they sat, were divided into sections, which were presided over by Sabbath School teachers.

The discourse was particularly addressed to the youthful portion of the audience, and was listened to by them with attention. Anecdotes and pictorial illustrations adorned his remarks, and highly delighted his listeners. He pointed his visit to the vicinity of the place of the crucifixion, having gone, he said, 5,000 miles to see it. He depicted the scene at the cross, the insults offered our Saviour, and how the mob spat upon him and finally placed a crown of thorns upon his head. We must believe in Him who bore our sins in his own body upon the tree. He asked for the conversion of children, and invoked the blessing of Jesus upon them. He expressed himself as truly pleased with the results of yesterday's meeting, and was confident that many had been converted to Jesus.

Prayer was again offered by Mr. Hammond, all joining. The meeting closed with the usual exercises.

WEDNESDAY MORNING'S MEETING.

The first half hour was spent in singing. The hymns and the tunes are so simple that almost anyone can learn them, and as a result very general and hearty singing.

The subject for the Bible Reading was the same as on Monday morning, "the elements of prevailing prayer."

Mr. Hammond dwelt specially on Acts I, II, Acts 1, II, and 27. God's willingness to come suddenly, when the disciples at Jerusalem, God's people are "with one accord" waiting and expecting His coming. He related a number of instances which had come under his own observation in which God had come suddenly, and how His presence had accomplished marvelous things. Next he dwelt on Acts II, 14, how God gives utterance to those who seek Him, and when endowed with the power of the Holy Spirit, men and women, boys and girls, are given words to say and the spirit in which to say them. He then read extracts from the St. Catharines News and Journal, also from letters, showing how the revival was progressing. "No telling where the work would stop." Fully nine hundred had professed conversion. A letter was also read from Mr. J. W. Carman, formerly of this city, telling of the marvels of grace and of the effects the revival was exerting in every class of society.

Those who had special prayers to ask for themselves or others were now given an opportunity to seek them. Amongst numerous requests were the following:—"For 23 young men," "for a lawyer," "for the students yet unconverted of Albert University," "for a drunken father," "for seven families in not one of which was there a professing Christian," "for a father and two sisters," "for a son," &c., &c.

Testimonies were next given as to the result of the open air meeting, several told of men convinced of sin while listening to the remarks.

A praise and thanksgiving meeting was next held. Thanks were given for the Holy Spirit's influence at yesterday afternoon's meeting, several relating instances of men and women, having come to the meeting careless and indifferent, and whilst there having been led to thoughtfulness and prayer. Thanks were given by a young man for his own conversion last night. Numbers gave thanks for God's Spirit on their hearts leading them to consecration and work.

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MORNING DESPATCHES.  
AMERICAN.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 11.—It is authoritative stated that Hayden will be arraigned for the murder of May Stannard. No expert testimony to be introduced and the evidence of the coroner will be admitted.

HARTFORD, Feb. 11.—A panic was created by the setting of a gallery containing 200 people at the new armoury during a reception last evening. Women fainted amidst the intense excitement. The gallery dropped several inches. The iron anchor saved it and prevented a terrible loss of life.

HANCOCK, Va., Feb. 11.—Louisa Wise and Margaret Downing, strong healthy country girls and rivals for the possession of the same lover, met and fought desperately on Saturday. Miss Wise was struck twice on the head with a club and Miss Downing was stabbed in the breast and face with a pitchfork. Both finally dropped insensible. There is little hope of their recovery. The young man is dead.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 11.—Capt. Auld, formerly the owner of Fred Douglass before the latter escaped from slavery, died near St. Michael's on Saturday, aged 85.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The Times Baltimore special says that John Allan, a prominent grain dealer, who disappeared on Thursday, is still missing. It is discovered that he is a dea, faulter to a small amount, but not enough to cause his flight. It is supposed that domestic troubles led to his flight and possible suicide.

Whitelaw Reid, editor of the Tribune, yesterday sent the fifth party of children from New York to home in the west. The party consists of 21 boys and 3 girls.

Ex-Diplomatic commissioner Hoyt, in his card to the public, charges Gen. Fink with having tried to manufacture public sentiment against him. Fink, he intimates, was a friend and supporter of persons trying to defraud the Government.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Walter P. Worrall, a young man who gave himself up as a vagrant in December last, and was committed to goal, where he has since been employed as cook turned out to be the son of an iron founder who died recently worth \$200,000, of which \$30,000 is held in trust for Walter.

The paintings belonging to the estate of the late Mrs. Benjamin Nathan, which were sold at auction yesterday, realized over \$39,000. Bouguereau's "Crossing the Stream," brought \$8,600, and Zamacois' "Rivals" \$4,500.

The Herald's Irish fund amounts to over \$144,000. \$5,500 was subscribed yesterday. The suit of Cornelius J. Vanderbilt for the appointment of a trustee of the former's property in place of his brother William, which was decided against Pitiful, will be appealed. It is believed the whole dispute over Commodore's estate will be re-opened.

Nine leading theatre managers, including Henry E. Abbey, of the Park, J. Haverley of Haverley's and Tony Pastor, unite in an invitation to the managers of other cities to devote St. Patrick's day to entertainments for the benefit of the Irish relief fund.

The annual report of the Board of Education shows that a quarter million of children were taught in this city last year at a cost of \$4,000, 00.

**FROM NAPANEE.**

## SUDDEN DEATH.

NAPANEE, Feb. 11.—Henry Hancock, colored, dropped dead on the street yesterday. He was apparently in good health. The bursting of a blood vessel is supposed to have caused his death.

LADY UP.—The Ottawa Free Press says:—"Mr. Charles Arnold, the enterprising business manager of Mr. McDowell's Company, is laid up in Cornwall with an attack of erysipelas. Mr. Arnold's many friends will be glad to learn that the attack is not considered serious, and it is hoped he will be able to rejoin the company shortly in Montreal."

LOST.

ON Sunday evening, between the Bridge St. Methodist Church and South St., a Mink BOA. The finder will oblige by leaving the same at Muir & Lawrence's Fur Store.

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## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

## GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

No. 2, Day Express..... 8:15 p.m.

No. 4, Morning Express..... 6:30 a.m.

No. 8, Mixed..... 10:05 p.m.

Passenger,..... 4:00 a.m.

## GOING EAST.

No. 1, Day Express..... 12:10 p.m.

No. 3, Night Express..... 11:40 p.m.

No. 7, Mixed..... 7:15 p.m.

No. 8, Mixed..... 11:00 p.m.

## GOING WEST.

No. 2, Day Express..... 8:15 p.m.

No. 4, Morning Express..... 6:30 a.m.

No. 8, Mixed..... 10:05 p.m.

Arrive in Hastings..... 6:15 p.m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.

BELLEVILLE AND NORTH HASTINGS RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3rd, trains will run as follows:

Leave Hastings..... 7:30 a.m.

Arrive in Belleville..... 10:30 a.m.

Leave Belleville..... 3:30 p.m.

Arrive in Hastings..... 6:15 p.m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.

The roads are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, December 22, trains will run as follows:

Leave Trenton Junction..... 7:15 a.m. and 1 p.m.

Arrive in Picton..... 9:00 a.m. and 3:15 p.m.

Leave Picton..... 10:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m.

Arrive in Trenton Junction..... 11:30 a.m. and 6:00 p.m.

(Trains are run by Montreal time.)

## STAGE ROUTES.

Stage leaves the principal roads for the undesignated places at the hours named:

For SYRTELL—Daily, at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m.

For BRIDGWATER—Twen., &amp;c.—Daily, at 2 p.m.

For TANSON—Daily, at 3 p.m.

For PUXON—Daily, at 3 p.m.

The stages arrive in Belleville about noon each day.

## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 11.

## City and Vicinity.

THE CYCLE.—There was but one prisoner in the cells last night.

NO MEETING.—Owing to the want of a quorum there was no meeting of the Board of Education last night.

IRISH RELIEF.—Let all who desire to aid in relieving the distress in Ireland attend the public meeting on the subject in the City Hall to-morrow night.

SUCCESSFUL.—The concert given in the City Hall last night, in aid of the St. John's Church, was successful. There was a good attendance and a pleasing programme was well rendered.

YACHTS.—The ninth annual session of the Grand Lodge of Ancient Americans of Orange Yacht Club is now being held in Port Hope. The delegates number about 200, including several from this district.

THE PRECIOUS METAL.—To-day we were shown three specimens of gold which were taken from the Saskatchewan district. The metal is lighter than the Madoc gold and in color differs from it also. The specimens shown were the property of Mr. J. A. Crozier.

HANLAN.—The champion will appear to-night at the Opera House and will give an exhibition of the styles of different noted cossacks. He will be supported by a company of athletes and gymnasts, and music will be furnished by the Oddfellows band.

RUNAWAY.—On Tuesday evening, as Mr. Hugh McQuaid, of Murray, was driving home, when near Knob on the front of Sidney, his cutter, which was drawn by a spirited animal, came in contact with an ashleigh and the result was the demolition of the shafts and the uncontrolled liberty of the horse, which turned about and galloped to the city, where he was captured.

SNOW-SYNA.—Mr. Venner thinks frequent heavy snow-falls will characterize the remainder of this month both throughout Canada and the bordering United States, and periods of very cold weather. He has named the 11th &amp; 12th days or the 15th as probable days of snow-storms and drifts in Ontario and the Western States.

A GOOD JOHN.—The "intelligent composer" played a good joke yesterday. By the simple transposition of two figures in our reference to Senator Flint's birthday, he made it appear that the hon. gentleman entered Parliament in 1847, instead of 1847. Mr. Flint wears his years well, but he is not quite so near an approach to an antediluvian as the composer wickedly thought to make him, and the joke is rather too good.

PERSONAL.—Mr. John G. Moore, who for the past twenty-one years (less a term of about three years, namely, 1865-7) has been foreman in the news department of the INTELLIGENCER, started this morning for Winnipeg, where he will find a similar situation in the office of the Daily Times, which journal is to be reorganized by Mr. Amos H. Howe, of Ottawa. Mr. Moore first entered the INTELLIGENCER office in 1846 as an apprentice, subsequently went to Toronto, and returned to Belleville in 1850, and assumed that lengthy connection with this journal, which was only broken for a time, as above stated, on account of his ill health. He resumed his position shortly before our daily issue was commenced, and retained his situation with great satisfaction to his employers until last night, when he was summoned at short notice to enter upon the duties of the position he had accepted in Winnipeg. Mr. Moore is not only a first-class printer, but a genial associate and a kindly overseer, and will be much missed as well by his fellow employees as by the craft of the country generally. He is also an Orangeman of high standing and an Oddfellow of prominence, and a very wide circle of friends in Belleville and throughout the Midland district generally will join in wishing him health and prosperity in his new home. A number of his friends accompanied Mr. Moore and his son, who goes with him, to the railway station this morning and saw them safely o-board the train for their destination.

PERSONAL.—Dr. Sproule, M. D., for East Grey, was in town to-day on his way to Ottawa.

THAT \$100 REWARD.—The procedure book for which Mr. Holmes offered \$100 reward was stolen last October, and not January, as appeared in the advertisement in the paper. Davitt, Killen, and other members of the Irish Land League, were in the gallery during the reading of the speech.

THE LUCAN TRAGEDY.—Evidence taken before the Magistrates at Lucan on the 10th shows that there is nothing to criminate the Donnelly's in regard to the firing of Ryder's premises, which was charged against them.

WOOD.—Now that the roads are in good condition, the deliveries of cord-wood are large. Dry hardwood ranges from \$3.25 to \$5.00 per cord and green hardwood 10cts less. Soft wood sells at from \$2 to \$2.50 per cord.

APPOINTMENT.—It is authoritatively stated that the Hon. R. D. Wilmet, Speaker of the Senate, has been appointed Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick. Hon. L. Macpherson becomes Speaker of the Senate with a seat in the Cabinet, and Mr. John Boyd, of St. John, N. B., succeeds Mr. Wilmet in the Senate.

PERSONAL.—Hon. Billa Flint, John White and James Brown, M. P., left to-day for Ottawa to assume their sessional duties in the Dominion Parliament, which opens at Ottawa tomorrow. Hon. Robert Read and Mr. McQuaid, M. P., will go by to-night's train.

SUICIDE.—A sad case of suicide took place at Barrie on the 10th. A Miss Mary Munro, aged 23, took about two teaspoonsfuls of Paris green, and died a very short time after, notwithstanding prompt medical assistance. It is supposed the deed was committed during mental derangement.

CHALLENGE WITHDRAWN.—A cable despatch from London on the 10th says—"The Sportsman announces that Boyd positively refuses to challenge Hanlan at present, on account of the requirements of his business. Baras accordingly withdrew the challenge presented yesterday."

NEW PARTNERSHIP.—The Kingston Whig says—"Mr. Shannon has disposed of his interest in the News office as a necessary consequence of his appointment to the postmastership. His son, Mr. Lewis W. Shannon, takes an interest in the business, the firm to be still known as 'Shannon &amp; Meek,' but the latter, as senior, becoming manager." We wish our respected and able contemporary continued success under the auspices of the new firm.

TAYLOR v. TAYLOR.—In the Court of Chancery, Toronto, on the 10th, Tayl. Q.C., and Wells, for defendant. Wallbridge moved to vary the decree herein. Mrs. and Dickson, for plaintiff contra.

DRESSED POULTRY is quiet. Turkeys, 60 to 70c; Geese, 40 to 50c; Chickens, 50 to 60c; Ducks, 60 to 70c.

DRESSED HOGS are beginning to come in again, the receipts yesterday being, however, small, only 187. Good firm hogs are quoted at \$3.65 to \$5.00; poor conditioned will not bring over \$5.25. Mew Pork sells at about \$16.50 to \$17. Lard cuts, 10c to 12c for Canadian tubs and pails. Smoked meat-quits; Hams, 11c to 12c; Bacon, 8c to 9c; Clover seed is quoted at from \$4.50 to \$4.50.

The trade in horses for the American market is very brisk at present, owing to the presence of a score of American buyers in the city. The shipments of horses from this city across the lines last week were 106 horses, costing an average of \$80.33 each. Yesterday 68 horses were shipped from here, costing all \$5.52-40, but four of these were superior horses for breeding purposes, which cost nearly \$500 each. Mr. Maguire has sold a good many horses at the city horse market lately, but they were nearly all purchased by Americans. The local trade is very quiet with scarcely any sales being made.

POTATOES.—Advice from Liverpool by mail state that potatoes are selling there at 10s. 6d. per cwt.

Hogs.—The value of hogs has increased Great Britain during the past eleven months amounted to £1,129,755, against £545,294 for the same period of the previous year.

WEATHER REPORTS.

TORTON, Feb. 11.—Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours: For the lower lakes moderate to fresh easterly to southerly winds; partly cloudy to cloudy milder weather, followed by rain areas, to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Indications for lower lakes, warmer, cloudy, followed by rain or snow.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—Wheat, \$1.24 1/4 March 24; April, Corn, 35¢ bush.; 98¢ March; 41 May; 40¢ June; 41 1/2 July; Oats, 31 1/2 bush.; 32 1/2 March; 32 April; 36 May; 35 1/2 June; Pork nominal, \$1.50 1/2 March; \$1.70 April; Lamb nominal, \$1.75 1/2 April; \$1.75 to 17 1/2 March; \$7.25 to \$7.27 April.

ASHES.—Pork cuts quiet, hams, \$3.90 to \$4.00 per lb.

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NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Cotton quiet, unchanged, futures quoted easy.

Flour firm; receipts 7,000 bush.; sales 11,000 bush.; at \$4.95 to \$5.35 for superior steel and western; \$5.40 to \$5.65 for common to choice wheat; \$5.75 to \$6.00 for \$5.75 to \$6.25; strong bakers, \$5.55 to \$5.60; spring extra, \$5.75 to \$5.85; superfine, \$5.10 to \$5.15; fine, \$4.75 to \$5.00; extra, \$4.10 to \$4.25; pollards, \$3.25 to \$3.50; Oats, bags \$2.80 to \$2.90; city do, \$3.10 to \$3.30.

Grain—Wheat, entirely nominal. Holders are making more money, but no transactions are being made.

SUGAR.—Oats 65¢ to 70¢ daily paid, Oats, at 77c per lb. 65¢; Oats, 31 to 32c. Barley 45¢ to 50¢. Rye, 55¢ to 60¢. Wool, 30¢ to 32¢. Spring wheat, \$1.22 to \$1.25.

Wool and flax, 10c to 12c. Holders looking for further advance. Barley dull and lower, to sell. Peas and oats unchanged.

MONTREAL MARKET.

MONTREAL, Feb. 11.—Flour receipts 100 bushels 100 bushels; market quiet and steady at generally unchanged rates. Oats—

Superior \$6.00 to \$6.10; extra \$5.90 to \$6.00; fancy, \$5.85 to \$5.90; spring extra, \$5.75 to \$5.85; superfine, \$5.50 to \$5.60; strong bakers, \$5.55 to \$5.60; fine, \$5.00 to \$5.15; extra, \$4.10 to \$4.25; pollards, \$3.25 to \$3.50; Oats, bags \$2.80 to \$2.90; city do, \$3.10 to \$3.30.

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PROVISIONS.—Butter Western, 15 to 20c. Brockville and Morrisburg 17 to 20c; East Ontario 19 to 21c; creameries 22 to 27c. Cheese, 13 to 15c. Lard 10 to 11c; for tubs and pails. Dressed hogs, quiet, at 35¢ to 38¢. Hams, 11 to 12c.

Ashes—Pork cuts quiet, hams, \$3.90 to \$4.00 per lb.

CHICAGO HOT MARKET.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—Receipts of hog 21,000. Light grades, \$4.25 to \$4.30; heavy shipping \$4.25 to \$4.60.

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FOREIGN MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 11.—Cotton active, firm; uplands 7d; Orleans 5d.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—Consols, money 97 1/2-14 1/2; 100s 10 1/2-11 1/2; 4s 4 1/2-5 1/2.

MONTREAL STOCKS.

MONTREAL, Feb. 11.—Offered, sales

Bank of Montreal, 137 1/2-137 1/2; 17@137 1/2

Bank of Commerce, 116 1/2-115 1/2

Bank of Toronto, 71 1/2-70 1/2

Montreal Bank, 65 1/2-67 1/2

Jacques Cartier, 85 1/2-88 1/2

Exchange Bank, 50 1/2-52 1/2

Dominion Telegraph Co., 65 1/2-67 1/2

City Passengers Co., 88 1/2-91 1/2

R. &amp; O. Navigation Co., 88 1/2-91 1/2

Royal Can. Ins. Co., 45 1/2-52 1/2

Montreal Stock Exchange, 121 1/2-123 1/2





## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

The Mail favors biennial instead of annual sessions of the Provincial Legislature. A large saving would certainly be effected by the adoption of this plan, which has been introduced into Massachusetts, Minnesota and Pennsylvania.

STERLING.—At the drug store of Dr. H. Boulter, M. P. P.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTING.—At the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. C. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. F. RYVELL & CO.,  
41 Park Row, New York,  
AND  
J. H. BATES, 41 Park Row, New York,

Are Agents in that city, and are authorized to transact advertising at lowest rates.

## Political Notes.

## DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

## Insolvent Act of 1875,

## AND AMENDING ACT.

In the name of WILLIAM WILKINSON,

An Insolvent.

WILL be set on the premises, Hallian

House, on Wednesday, the 18th day

of February, inst., at 2 p.m., the Stock

of the Insolvent, consisting of Alex-

Lanor, Esq., &c., &c. Terms and con-

ditions made known at time of sale or ap-

prised to the public.

J. PARKER THOMAS,

Chas. WILKINSON,  
Administrator.

Assignee,  
Feb. 12, 1878.

NEW SPRING GOODS

A. E. FISH & CO.'S,

104 Spring Goods are now coming to

our stock of

SHIRTINGS

consisting of

French Cambric, Regatta, and

Oxford.

in all the new designs. Leave your orders

early for Shirts.

A. E. Fish & Co.,

Sole Agents for Belleville.

LOSSES

ON Sunday evening between the Bridge

Street Methodist Church and South John

St., a Mine BOA. The under will oblige by

leaving the same at Muir & Lawrence's Fur

Store.

238.3

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Tenders for Rolling Stock.

TENDERS are invited for furnishing the

Rolling Stock required to be delivered on the Canadian Pacific Railway, within the

next four years, for the delivery in

each year of about the following, viz.:—

20 Locomotive Engines.

16 First-class Cars (a portion being sleep-

ers).

32 Second-class Cars, do.

3 Express and Baggage Cars.

2 Postal and Baggage Cars.

240 Box Freight Cars.

100 Flat Cars.

2 Wing Ploughs.

2 Small Ploughs.

2 Large Ploughs.

4 Hand Cars.

THE WHOLE TO BE MANUFACTURED IN THE

Dominion of Canada, and delivered on the

Canadian Pacific Railway, at Fort William,

or in the Province of Manitoba.

Information and other information

may be had on application at the office of the Engineers-in-Chief at Ottawa, and

after the 15th day of MARCH next.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned

up to noon on THURSDAY, the 1st day of

JULY next.

By Order,

F. BRAUN,

Secretary.

DEPT. OF RAILWAYS & CANALS,

Ottawa, 7th February, 1880.

240

PLACES OF DELIVERY.

Headquarters

Port

Fort

Walsh

McIntosh

Montreal

Sault Ste. Marie

Battleford.

Quebec

Montreal

## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

Nov. 24, 1879.

1000 WEST	6:15 p.m.
No. 2, Day Express.....	6:15 p.m.
No. 4, Morning Express.....	6:30 a.m.
No. 3, Mixed.....	6:30 a.m.
Passenger.....	6:40 a.m.
GOWG WART.	
No. 1, Day Express.....	6:15 a.m.
No. 3, Night Express.....	11:40 p.m.
No. 7, Mixed.....	11:50 p.m.
No. 6, Mixed.....	11:00 p.m.

## GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3rd, trains will run as follows:

Leave Hastings..... 7:30 a.m.

Arrive Belleville..... 10:30 a.m.

Leave Belleville..... 3:30 p.m.

Arrive in Hastings..... 6:15 p.m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.

## BELLEVILLE AND NORTH HASTINGS RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3rd, trains will run as follows:

Leave Hastings..... 8:00 a.m.

Arrive Belleville..... 10:00 a.m.

Leave Belleville..... 3:00 p.m.

Arrive in Madoc..... 5:05 p.m.

(Trains are run by Montreal time.)

## STAGE ROUTES.

Stages leave the principal hotels for the un-dertained places at the hour named;

For Hastings—Daily at 8 a.m., and 2 p.m.

For BRIDGWATER, TWEDD—Daily, at 2 p.m.

For TATTON—Daily, at 1 p.m.

For Pickton—Daily, at 3 p.m.

The stages arrive in Belleville about noon each day.

The Anniversary Sermon of Holloway St. Methodist Church, West Belleville, will be preached next Sunday morning and evening, (15th,) by Rev. William Briggs, of Toronto. Special collections will be taken up after each Sermon, on behalf of the Trust fund.

The Anniversary Tea will be given the following evening (Monday, 16th), after which a financial statement will be presented by the Secretary-Treasurer, and addresses will be delivered by Rev. Wm. Briggs, Rev. J. W. Savage, and Rev. O. R. Lambly, M.A. Tea served from 6 to 8 p.m. E. Luttrell, Esq., will take the chair at 8 p.m. Tickets 30c.—1403t

Edward Hanlan—The champion made a trip through the city this morning, in company with E. W. Johnston, Instructor of the Mechanics' Institute, and other friends. The party visited the City Hall, Court House, and Mechanics' Institute. Mr. Hanlan was then shown through the Institute. He was a little surprised to find that Belleville had such an Institute, and such a fine gymnasium.

AID FOR IRELAND.—The Lord Bishop of Ontario has addressed a letter to the clergy of his Diocese in reference to the distress in Ireland. He says: "I hoped, and still hope, that the Government of Canada will make a grant towards the alleviation of the horrible suffering which no words of mine can fully describe; but in the meantime I feel that I can delay no longer in asking you to assist in this extremity."

The MURRAY CANAL.—Mr. Starke, an engineer of the Public Works department, Ottawa, in company with Mr. Keefer, M.P. for East Northumberland, visited and went over the originally proposed route of the Murray Canal from Presque Isle to the Bay of Quinte—a distance of 14 miles. This route is probably the one that will be recommended for use.

NEWS CONDENSED.

Mr. Horans, of Guelph, has been appointed Dominion Gauger.

The remains of the late Mr. Bernard Devlin will arrive in Montreal on Saturday. His life was insured for \$35,000.

The operators at St. Louis and Omaha had a telegraphic talk over 410 miles of wire on Sunday, the 8th ult.

The News reports that highway robbers have been operating in the vicinity of Kings-ton.

The Dublin Mansion House Relief Committee are soliciting subscriptions in Germany.

The Nepean Council have memorialized the Ontario Legislature against the free mar-ket bill.

It is understood that the Hon. Mr. Royal, of Manitoba, will move, and Mr. McLeod, of Nova Scotia, will second the Address to the Throne.

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—Major Rivard, of Montreal, persists in his refusal to act as treasurer to Parnell's fund in Montreal, and declines to receive the agita-tion for unless his visit to that city is purely on mission of philanthropy.

COMMERCIAL NOTES.

Bitter—The steady feeling in the New York batter market, which we have before noted, continues, and holders find no difficulty in disposing of their stocks at current rates.

The Secretary of the United States Treasury has issued a circular to Collectors of Customs instructing them that "no power is conferred by law to waive the collection of duties upon imported merchandise, and if the appraised value is not sufficient to cover the duties, such goods cannot be released under Section 3031, Revised Statutes.

To meet this difficulty, and to render the practice uniform at all ports the Department directs that in ascertaining the appraised value of seized goods, there shall be found the market value in current funds at the place of seizure, as if the goods had been regularly imported and duties paid thereon; or, in other words, the value found must be the value of duty-paid goods in the district where seized.

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Dr. Christie, for bribery by agents, is taking place to-day. The candidates are Dr. Christie (Reform) and Hon. J. J. C. Abbott (Conservative). In the general election of 1878 Dr. Christie defeated Mr. Abbott by 22 votes.

STRATFORD, ONT., AUG. 1, 1874.

Having become most entirely cured of extre-me rheumatism, I am now able to use of Bell's Compound Syrup of Hypophosphite.

I feel it just to put the fact on record.

My case had resisted all other medicinest, but succumbed to three bottles of Bell's Hypophosphite.

C. H. ROBERTSON.

## REVIVAL SERVICES.

## MR. HAMMOND'S MEETINGS.

## WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

The afternoon meeting was held in the Bridge Street church before a large audience. As the meeting was more for the instruction of children than adults there was a large gathering of bright and intelligent little faces in the central portion of the edifice. After singing and prayers Mr. Hammond addressed the little ones, his remarks being of a similar character to those in his address on Tuesday afternoon.

## HURON MEETING.

The first evening meeting of Rev. Mr. Hammond's series of revival meetings, was held in the Bridge St. Methodist Church in the evening, a large congregation being present.

The services opened with the singing of "I love Jesus," "You may be a lover of the Lord," and "Jesus of Nazareth pass by." Extracts were made from the above and commented on with the force and earnestness so characteristic of the revival.

Rev. Dr. Jaques offered an impressive prayer, after which the hymn "I feel like singing all the time," was given out.

Rev. Mr. Coxson announced the holding of future meetings, and asked all to attend the morning meetings, as they were productive of much good. He asked them to let their friends know of their meeting, and to come themselves.

After a brief prayer, Mr. Hammond gave out as his text, Hebrews viii. 25, "Wherefore He the Lord Jesus" &amp;c. He hoped that all would see Jesus, as He was who was the atoning sacrifice for our sins. The text could be divided into three parts, first, its saving ability; second, its extent and third, its applicability. We are lost, and the outset of the text implies this; Christ hath doth, and will appear; He can save to the uttermost. The laws of God are written in the Bible, and there is no law but what has a penalty for breaking it. He put away sin by the sacrifice of himself. He gave himself for us, suffered for us and died for us, and all who come to God by Him can be saved. God made the law and is our law-giver, and His love for us made him give his only Son to die for our sins that we might be saved. Unless He suffered we could not be saved. Our sins required an atonement, and it was He who made it. He ever liveth to make intercession for us; illustrates the second portion of the text. If we want to be saved, we must go to Jesus and trust in His power. He appealed to all to give their hearts to God.

The congregation joined in audible prayer, led by Mr. Hammond, after which "Come Jesus" was sung, and was followed by an inquiry meeting.

## THURSDAY MORNING'S MEETING.

There was a large attendance, chiefly ladies, at the meeting in the John Street Presbyterian Church this morning.

After the usual opening services, Rev. Mr. Hammond again spoke of the revival work in St. Catharines, and presented a number of letters which he had received from that city, reporting upon the work done there, and the good it had accomplished. St. Catharines had been awakened, and why should not Belleville be? Unless we are converted we cannot go to Heaven, but will go to the other place. People will say that God is a merciful God and that such a result cannot be. Men are in rebellion against God and the line must be drawn in Belleville. Though God hates sin, he loves the sinner and manifested it by giving his only begotten son to die for us. He asked that God should direct them how to pray.

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THE NEW CORSET.

Meets with Universal Approval and Adoption.

## PERFECT ADJUSTABLE FIT.

THE MOST ATTRACTIVE AND LASTING CORSET EVER DESIGNED.

THIS new and improved Corset is adjusted by a semi-circular or Elliptical Lacing over the hips, thus avoiding the disagreeable and sometimes painful side-adjusting which is found in the Corsets now in use.

It is a great improvement in the construction of the Corset, and gives perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Mr. Clarke &amp; Co., 100 King Street, N.Y.

We are glad to learn that the "PAIN KILLER" is having so large a success in our city. We have every reason to believe it to be an almost never-failing cure for pain.

It would be well to consult Dr. Christie for the best treatment.

Dr. Christie, of Cincinnati, says:

"For Coughs and the early stages of Lung complaints, I believe it to be a certain cure; and if every family would keep it by them ready to administer upon the first appearance of disease about the Lungs, there would be very few cases of fatal consumption."

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C. H. ROBERTSON.

## BUCKLE'S ARNOLD SALVE.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuta-

Scars, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Traver-

Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all

of Skin Eruptions. This salve is

guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Mr. Clarke &amp; Co., 100 King Street, N.Y.

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tion."

ARGENTINE.—The contest for the seat in the Commons for this constituency, which was won by Frank Smith, by the unani-mous support of the people.

Dr. Christie, for bribery by agents, is taking place to-day. The candidates are Dr. Christie (Reform) and Hon. J. J. C. Abbott (Conservative). In the general election of 1878 Dr. Christie defeated Mr. Abbott by 22 votes.

C. H. ROBERTSON.

## COSTELLO'S.

\$72 A WEEK. \$12 a day at home easily

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\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples

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## Daily Intelligencer.

## CAST ON THE WORLD.

## The Border Marriage.

A STORY OF THE GREAT GLASGOW BANK ROBBERY.

CONTINUED.

The money was carried by a noisy dressed party of twelve or fifteen; and though it was for two bank places that Ginger paid, he did not scruple to make his way to a bench near the front, and here he and Charlie encounered themselves in eager and happy anticipation of the rising of the curtain, which hung in such delicious mystery not more than four yards from where they sat.

They had not long to wait, for the hour of performance had arrived, and punctual to a moment, the curtain was drawn aside by an usher, and the scene which was revealed, with a tight rope erected across it, and a balancing pole leaning against it, and some balls, plates and other things lying on the floor, the purpose and use of which Charlie well knew.

A little man came limping in, dressed in acrobatic attire, holding by the hand a tripping fairy, whose appearance was greeted with rapturous applause.

Such a loud cry of joy rose above the clapping of hands, and Charlie, springing from his seat, ran across the stage, and the next moment was hanging with his arms around the little man's neck.

"Tobby, Tobby!" he cried, laughing and sobbing in vehement emotion.

The little fairy stood gazing for some moments in amazement, then a look of wild gladness came into her face, and leaping and clapping her hands, she exclaimed: "Oh, it's Charlie; it's Charlie!"

"God bless me, it is Charlie," cried Tobby, his bewilderment giving place to recognition, and, catching his recovered treasure in his arms, he hugged him with frantic delight.

The astonished spectators sat silently looking on, not knowing what to make of the scene; but they saw the tears springing down Tobby's painted cheeks, and knew thereby that it was no play that was acting before them.

"Ladies and gentlemen," exclaimed Tobby, with a broken voice, "this is my little boy; I lost him some days ago. You will perhaps, therefore, kindly pardon our joyful emotion."

This little speech produced a deafening burst of applause. The genuine touch of nature melted every heart, and the applause was increased when Myra and Charlie rushed into each other's arms, and kissed each other with most loving ardor.

"It's better nor a play," observed one, a remark which was emphatically and universally agreed to.

"Just like the return of the prodigal son wot the missionary told us about last Sunday," said another, and the simile was more recognised than one would have supposed in such an assembly.

"Thank you kindly," said Tobby. They love each other so much, the little dears. And now we shall go on with the performances. The boy is clever dancing and singing, and after the night he will appear in the performances."

"I can tumble to-night, Tobby," cried Charlie, in the wildness of his joy, and as he spoke he threw off his dirty upper garment, tossed aside his muddy shoes, and performed some of his most difficult feats in a style which secured for him the most unbound admiration. Even Tobby was electrified by the energy he displayed, and murmured forth blessings from his proud and happy heart.

The performances were at length over, and the spectators retired. Ginger went away without his companion, for he was well aware that Charlie, having found his friends would not "chum" him, and he went alone to the streets. Ginger was the only one disengaged with the happy event of the evening, and bitterly regretted having proposed that he and Charlie should participate in the exhibition. But his regret could not alter his mood, with many an angry anathema, he went away, to resume his Arab life, and as far as was to his story he concerned, he vanishes silent from the scene. Has his brief appearance with in our view suggested no sad thoughts concerning the large class to which he belongs? Is he not an unfavorable specimen of the London Arab—preternaturally sharp and knowing, but also only in vice and wickedness. There are scenes such as this wandering the streets of England, mostly, with whom no humanizing influences come in contact. Products, most of them, of the vile and criminal classes, they grow up those of whom do grow up—robbers and burglars, pimps and the torments of society, scoundrels, the flesh, who by their wicked careers punish the neglect and callous indifference which allows them to rosin in heathen ignorance and cruel destruction.

How shall we describe the rapturous joy of Tobby, Myra, Charlie, and Mrs. Stubbs, when, the performance over, the group assembled in the little back parlor! Every one seemed more happy than another, and Mrs. Stubbs herself was as delighted as any one.

"To think that it was Charlie that I sold the calves to!" she exclaimed again and again. "I thought him about the nicest boy I ever saw in my face, but never did I dream he was the boy we been mourning for, Tobby. It's a providence that took him to the performance."

You are right in that, Maria. It was a providence," said Tobby, in a tone of proud gratitude. "How happy shall we be now. Won't we, Myra?"

"Poor dear Charlie. Where have you been this time?" asked Myra, as she sat beside the restored wanderer, with his hand clasped in hers.

The question, of course, could be answered only by a narrative of all Charlie's adventures, and he told them as he could his grief, his suffering, and trials. They shuddered when he told them of the night of horror in the Adelphi arches.

"My dear lamb!" sobbed Mrs. Stubbs. "It isn't wonder that he is dirty, and that his clothes have got so bad. We must have new ones for him directly, Tobby."

"Yes, and a pretty sight he'll dress, could not go on the rope with me last night, you know, Charlie, for want of that, so when you get it we shall dance together, and the people will like to see us so much."

"Bless your little heart! how happy she is to have Charlie again, to be seen," said the widow, giving Myra a fond and energetic hug.

TO BE CONTINUED.

## Drive out the Traitor.

Unless the original disease is there is no successful way of removing a permanent cure. On the removal of the original disease, perhaps the cure out of the nose, nature will bring herself to the task. Ladies suffer from a variety of ailments, resulting from nervousness, which is itself the fruit of indulgence. Our English ladies are, however, the names of city houses who will not take sufficient exercise. They are often found fat and inferior in the condition of the body.

There should be no original cause of disease, which, in most cases, is the stomach; by the use of standard medicine, Dr. HENKES' SWEAT COATER PILLS, which gives a strong, healthy, and active system, the headache vanishes, the system being cleaned, is built up, and a cure is wrought. These, and you will find them, are the claim to the present invention of the age. They are found everywhere in the Dominion.

*LeComte & Perkins Mfg Co.—Limited, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, St. Louis, and New Orleans.*

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22, 1877.

Mr. GILES, Esq.—Dear Sir: Your favor of '77 just received, and I thank you for the same. I have written to Mr. C. L. LEWIS, of Boston, and will give you his address.

Capitol Building, Washington, D. C.—The book is well received, and the advertisements are good.

STRIKE \$2.00 per copy, post paid.

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railways will receive their money at the Post Office.

STIRLING.—At the store of Dr. G. H. Boulter, M. P. P. C.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTINGS.—At Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. G. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

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Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, FEB. 13.

The Governor-General's Speech.

The speech from the throne with which the second session of the fourth Parliament of Canada was opened is of a practical and interesting character, and promises a number of measures which, if not of an exciting or even of a speculative nature, will be of great importance to the public. It also gives a brief record of facts which show that the measures and the acts of the Administration have been designed for the public good, and that the policy is being carried out with vigor and success.

The first suggestion in the speech is that an appropriation should be made to assist in relieving the distress in Ireland—a recommendation which will be generally acceptable.

As to the result of the labors of Ministers last year, the statement is made that the immigration into Manitoba and the North-West Territories has been large, and as it is certain to be still greater this year, owing to the reports of the English tenant-farmers who visited this country last season, provisions will of course have to be made in that regard. The Pacific Railway is being rapidly pushed forward, so that the "missing link," between Lake Superior and the Red River, by which alone Manitoba can secure the full benefit of the road, and which was neglected by the Mackenzie Government to the profit of Yankees and other speculators, will be completed at the earliest possible date.

Then from Winnipeg westward to the boundary line, and for a hundred miles further west, or two hundred miles in all, the line will soon be completed, and a splendid tract of country opened up. Faith is also kept with British Columbia, the work has been let for several of the sections and will be pressed forward as quickly as it can be done. The Intercolonial Railway, which had for the previous two years presented a deficit of about half a million dollars in each year, has had such reforms introduced into its administration as to render the burden very light for the future. These are matters of practical importance which will commend themselves favorably to all.

With regard to the tariff, Sir Leonard Tilley is able to take credit for its satisfactory working so far. Some slight amendments are deemed requisite, and these will be made at an early day.

The appointment of a resident representative in London, with larger powers than have heretofore been accorded to the officer representing the Dominion there, is something which will meet with general approval, the more especially as Sir Alexander Galt will be the appointee.

In regard to legislation, Bills are promised to amend and consolidate the Island Revenue laws; regarding the Dominion Lands, Public Works, the Indians of the North-West, and the Mounted Police; whilst the highly important subjects of the Banking and Insolvency laws will also form the subject of legislation.

On the whole, the programme is quite lengthy enough, and of such importance that the deliberations of Parliament will be looked forward to with quite as much interest as usual.

## Relief for Ireland.

The public meeting held last night, although not largely attended, was yet significant of the fact that Belleville is prepared to do her part in the cause of humanity and to contribute a fair proportion towards the relief of the distress now unhappily existing in Ireland. The steps which were taken seem to us to be the best adapted to secure the end in view, namely the appointment of a Central Committee, and numerous and influential Ward Committees, who will at once commence a thorough canvass of the city, holding their first general meeting in the City Hall on Monday night. Now that the work has been fairly commenced, we hope to see it carried on vigorously and systematically to a conclusion which will be creditable to the liberality of our people, a portion of whom—the congregation of St. Michael's church—have already done nobly in this good cause.

THE GERMAN REICHSTAG.—The German Reichstag was opened on the 12th. The Speech from the Throne refers to the peaceful relations of the Empire with all foreign Powers, and professes to desire the continuance of such relations. At the same time it justifies the increase of the German army as a measure of security made necessary by the increased armaments of neighboring countries. Bismarck and the removal of the anti-Schleswig law are among the subjects proposed for legislation.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.—The debate on the address was resumed, and Mr. Gladstone's amendment was rejected by 170 to 12. The Irish Distress Bill passed its second reading.

## Argenteuil.

## IRELAND'S DISTRESS.

## BELLEVILLE'S SYMPATHY FOR SUFFERING ERIN.

## The Subject Considered at a Public Meeting.

A public meeting, called by requisition to His Worship the Mayor, for the purpose of organizing some scheme towards assisting in the relief of the distress now existing in Ireland, was held in the City Hall last night.

The attendance was small, amongst those present being the Rev. Messrs. Farrelly, Burke and McLean, Hon. G. Sherwood, Drs. Hope and Murphy, N. B. Falkner, J. B. Flint, Wm. Johnson, Thos. Ritchie, J. W. Dunbar, Jas. Macoun, Mrs. Cummings, P. O'Brien, Eugene McMahon, Ald. Wallbridge, Grant, Ostroff, Costello, and others.

The Mayor presided and Mr. Eugene McMahon was appointed Secretary.

The Chairman having expressed his regret at the small attendance and his sympathy with the object of the gathering, called upon Mr. N. B. Falkner to address the meeting.

Mr. Falkner, after a few preliminary remarks, suggested the formation of a Central Committee, with the Mayor as Chairman and Treasurer. He spoke of the terrible scenes which he had witnessed in Dublin as a boy in the famine of 1846-7, when he saw people starved to skeletons for want of food, and to avoid the recurrence of such distress there was no work which he could do. His countrymen were not in the hands of an enemy but of a merciful God, and that present affliction was perhaps a wise dispensation sent to attract to them the sympathy of the English-speaking population of the world. The distress of Ireland was afflicting to the rest of the empire, as forming part of the united household. He eulogized the liberality of the people of Belleville, and felt assured that the movement would be a success in this city.

It is now ascertained that by the fall of the barracks near Constantinople, the actual number killed was 220 while 886 were wounded, many fatal.

The steamer *Constance*, coal laden, from Cardiff for Malta, founded in a gale on Monday at Laud's End. The crew are all drowned except two, rescued by a steamer.

It is reported from Teheran that Persia will despatch a force in the spring to occupy Herat and other portions of Afghanistan, that King and has accepted Persia's proposal and conditions.

Twelve new vessels, of 1,788 tons, were recently at Lunenburg, N.S., last year. At present 219 vessels of 14,483 tons, are on the registry books of that port. Nine schooners, of 600 tons, are built here.

D. C. Kirkpatrick, of Rothay, was charged at the Police Court at Guelph with forging notes to the amount of \$10,000. The prisoner having admitted one of the notes was a forgery was committed for trial. He was proprietor of an agricultural implement factory at Rothay, and finding this affair getting behind left for the States. He was arrested at Bay City, Mich., and brought back for trial.

A Quebec merchant has experimented successfully in shipping beef in England in the carcass. The animals are bled, the entrails taken out and the bodies pressed into a small compass and frozen. The hide is not removed till the voyage is over, and it is claimed that the meat is superior in appearance to other imported beef and keeps longer.

## The Champion.

Enslan left for Ottawa last evening.

Before starting he received a number of friends made whilst here. Regrets seemed mutual that the nature of the entertainment in the Opera House, at which the champion appeared on Wednesday evening, or rather the capacity in which he took part in it, should have been so thoroughly misapprehended by the citizens.

From the excellence of the several feasts performed and the perfect delicacy that characterized them it is much to be regretted that "the eternal fitness of things" did not permit of the patronage of the ladies—an element essential to success.

Be that as it may, Belleville does not seem satisfied with Hurlan's reception and desires to make amends. At the solicitation of the local rowing and cricket clubs, the champion has consented to return within the next fortnight, and to appear at an amateur musical concert and benefit to be given him, and of which full particulars will shortly appear.

The clubs in question will give the matter full consideration at a meeting this evening. The scheme is so laudable as to entitle them to the fullest assistance from the people at large. Let us on his return do the champion all the honor which he merits, who has done more to bring Canada into prominence than any army of immigration agents.—Cox.

## MORNING DESPATCHES.

## AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The *Herald's* cable reports an interview with Prof. Maspero, the French orientalist, concerning the alleged discovery of Masonic emblems under an Egyptian obelisk. Maspero do not think that in burying the trawl and stones beneath Cleopatra's obelisk any departure was made from the common Egyptian practice. Ernest Renan said that masonry originated in the 18th century. Of course Free Masons extract their genealogy back to the Templars, and if they like to Solomon or Hirwan, but it rests on nothing. It is all an elaborate joke.

New York, Feb. 13.—The *Herald's* cable report reached \$16,000 yesterday, including \$5,000 from Tracy & Russell, bankers, \$600 from Jas. McCollough, \$100 from Frank Mayo, \$100 from F. W. Davenport and \$1,160 from the representatives in Congress. The Duchess of Marlborough has asked the *Herald* to interest her committee with the distribution of its fund, but stated in her letter that it will not change from its original plan.

The steamer *Celtic*, from Liverpool, Wednesday brought in a large white land and which stopped upon the coast, exhausted \$5,000 in New Brunswick. It is supposed that it was sent out to sea in a gale.

Mr. Hyde, engineer of a visiting New York steamer, states that it will be necessary to delay the arrival of the vessel.

He says that the report that expert testimony will be required.

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TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.  
GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Arrived, the 13<sup>th</sup>  
arriving from Liverpool.

NOV. 24, 1879.

No. 2 Day Mail—Arrived, 6:15 p.m.  
No. 3 Morning Express—6:30 a.m.  
No. 4 Mixed—12:05 p.m.  
Passenger—6:00 a.m.

NO. 1 Day Express—12:10 p.m.  
No. 3 Night Express—11:40 p.m.  
No. 2 Mixed—7:15 p.m.  
No. 3 Mixed—11:00 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 30, train  
will run as follows:

Leave Hastings—7:30 a.m.

Arrive in Belleville—10:30 a.m.

Leave Belleville—3:30 p.m.

Arrive in Hastings—6:15 p.m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.

BELLEVILLE AND NORTH HASTINGS  
RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 30, trains  
will run as follows:

Leave Hastings—8:00 a.m.

Arrive in Belleville—10:00 a.m.

Leave Belleville—3:00 p.m.

Arrive in Madoc—5:05 p.m.

The trains are run by Belleville time.

These roads are operated by the Grand Trunk  
Railway Company.

PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, February 22, trains  
will run as follows:

Leave Trenton Junction—7:15 a.m. and 1 p.m.

Arrive in Picton—9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m.

Leave Fincastle—9:30 a.m. and 3:00 p.m.

Arrive in Picton—10:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m.

(Trains are run by Montreal time.)

STAGE ROUTES.

Stages pass the principal hotels for the un-  
described places at the time named:

For SRIELING—Daily, at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m.

For BRADDOCK—Daily, at 3 p.m.

For BELLEVILLE—TUESD., &c.—Daily, at  
2 p.m.

For TENTERDEN—Daily, at 3 p.m.

The stages arrive in Belleville about noon  
each day.

The Anniversary Sermon of Holloway St.  
Methodist Church, West Belleville, will be  
preached next Sunday morning and evening,  
(15th) by Rev. William Briggs, of Toronto.  
Special collections will be taken up after each  
sermon, on behalf of the Trust fund. The  
Annual Tea will be given the following  
evening (Monday, 16th), after which a financial  
statement will be presented by the Secretary-Treasurer, and addresses will be delivered  
by Rev. Wm. Briggs, Rev. J. W. Savage, and  
Rev. O. R. Lambly, M.A. Tea served from  
6 to 8, p.m. R. Luttrell, Esq., will take the  
chair at 8, p.m. Tickets 30c. 140.3t

## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, FEB. 13.

## City and Vicinity.

POLICE NOTE.—Four tramps were regis-  
tered at the Police station last night.

HANLON.—Before leaving the city yes-  
terday, Hanlon sat for his photograph at  
Brown & Dean's.

PERSONAL.—John White, Esq., M.P.  
for East Hastings, left here to-day for  
Ottawa to attend to his Parliamentary duties.

SOCIAL.—The congregation of St  
Andrew's Church will have a social in  
the City Hall on Wednesday evening, the 18th  
inst. Tea to be served at 7 p.m.

REMOVAL.—Mr. C. McHugh of this city,  
for some time a conductor on the G.T.R., is  
now acting in a like capacity on the  
Prince Edward Railway.

CORN IMPORT.—Mr. Henry Corby, Jr.,  
has made a contract with the G.T.R. at a  
special rate, for the delivery here of 100  
cars of corn. The corn was purchased in  
Chicago.

MR. HAMMOND AND HIS WIFE.—A letter  
from the Minister of St. Catharines, strongly  
commendatory of the Rev. Mr. Ham-  
mond and his work in that city, will be  
found on the fourth page of this day's  
issue.

ALMOST GONE.—Under the united influ-  
ences of the rain storm of yesterday and the  
high temperature during the day, the  
streets and country roads have been al-  
most stripped of their winter covering. As  
a consequence travel is difficult and busi-  
ness suffers.

THE DISTRESS IN IRELAND.—Mr. Peter  
O'Leary delivered a very able and stirring  
address on the Irish distress and its causes  
in the Temperance Hall, Red Lion, Tyndale-  
nagon, on Wednesday night last. As a re-  
sult the sum of \$200 has been forwarded  
to Sister Mary Casack (the nun of  
Kemnare) for her distress fund.

ALBERT COLLEGE.—The Hilary Term of  
this institution has opened very auspiciously,  
as the attendance is about thirty three  
per cent larger than that of the last ses-  
sion. The matriculating class exceeds the  
number of any of its professors and the  
staff for teachers has therefore been neces-  
sarily increased.

SUDDEN DEATH.—The oldest inhabitant  
now rings to remark, that he has never  
seen the sloughing disappear as rapidly as  
it did yesterday. Before mid-day the  
sloughing was fair, but in the afternoon near,  
all the traces of snow in the main travelled  
roads were conspicuous by their absence.  
Farmers who came to the city in the morn-  
ing found the effort to return home an  
unpleasant one as instead of snow, mud  
abounded on the roads.

THE CATTLE TRADE.—Mr. Henry Corby  
of this city, is now feeding 100 head of  
cattle which in the spring—about April—  
will be shipped to the English market.  
The greater part of the cattle are of the  
Durham breed and in good flesh. As the  
season advances they will improve very  
materially, so that when the time for their  
departure arrives they will be first class  
exhibits of Canadian beef. They were all  
purchased in the vicinity of London, and as  
they now stand represent an investment of  
over \$14,000. Two "colored gentlemen,"  
who were brought from Windsor by Mr.  
Corby took off and take care of them, and  
their task is not a very light or pleasant one.  
Mr. Corby has already had offers for  
the purchase of these cattle, but will not  
dispose of them until spring.

COMMERCIAL NOTES.

The Quebec Gas Company have declared a  
dividend of 3½ per cent for the current half  
year.

WOOL—Unassorted pulled is quoted in  
Montreal at 32¢@42¢.

COTTON—London January 25—Cattle at  
market, 57¢@59¢ per lb.; inferior and secondary  
7d to 7½ per lb. Best mutton, 9d to 10d per  
lb.; inferior and secondary, 7d to 8½ per lb.

HIDES—Montreal sales were made of  
green butchers' on the 11th at \$10, \$9 and \$8,  
for Nos. 1, 2 and 3 respectively. Sheepskins  
are steady at \$1.35@\$1.60 each as to size.  
Calfskins scarce at 12½ per lb.

FURS.—There is very little doing in the  
Montreal market at the moment. Fox skins  
are in good demand and scarce, and there is a  
fair enquiry for beaver and muskrat, at for-  
mer quotations.

SURGEON OF THE CASCADES.—A Quebec  
merchant has experimented successfully in  
shipping beef to England in the carcasses. The  
animals are bleded, the entrails taken out and  
the bodies pressed into a small compass  
and frozen. The hide is not removed till the  
voyage is over, and it is claimed that the  
meat is superior in appearance to other im-  
ported beef and longer lasting.

CHEESE.—The cheese market is firm at  
15¢@16¢.

## Revival Services.

## MR. HAMMOND'S MEETINGS.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

At the afternoon meetings the services were  
again conducted for the benefit of children,  
the services were well attended and held interest-  
ing the preaching alternating and were produc-  
tive of much good, as all the little ones ap-  
peared to take a deep interest in what was

told.

THURSDAY EVENING'S MEETING.

After devotional exercises, consisting of  
singing and prayer, Rev. Mr. Hammond read  
Scriptures from the and commented briefly thereon, and then spoke in a  
general way. He related his experience in  
various places, on cited various instances  
illustrative of the results of such meetings as  
these. He asked that all little children be  
permitted to attend his afternoon meetings,  
as his efforts here had resulted in the  
conversion of over two hundred. He requested  
all parents to bring their children to his  
meetings, and not fail to come themselves.  
It was a greater thing to convert 200 little  
children than the same number of elderly  
people, for the latter only had a few days, a  
few hours, or a few years at most to live.

After a brief prayer, "Happy in the Lord!"  
was sung.

Rev. Mr. Willoughby called the attention  
of those present to the future meetings. He  
regretted the small attendance at the morn-  
ing services and invited all who were "lovers  
of the Lord and who sought Christ to be pre-  
sent at the morning meetings.

The Lord is at work and we will see the  
greatest pouring out of the Spirit that has  
taken place in the city of Belleville. With  
regard to the hymn exercises he asked all to  
purchase them and have them for themselves,  
as then they could acquaint themselves with  
their contents. Let us go up to God and to  
God we will prevail; go forward; go in the name  
of the Lord and will bless you.

Mr. Hammond gave out John 3rd, 14 and  
15. Mrs. Masson lifted up the scripture in the  
wilderness so that the Son of Man was  
lifted up.<sup>1</sup> Mrs. Masson's end is to glorify God  
and he who does not receive me seems to perish.  
The subject he would divide thus: The first  
was a belief in the object; second the remedy  
was sufficient, and thirdly its applicability to  
the case. Christ is the door of the Church  
and the door itself is Christ. The Lord's  
name is only for those who are imbued with the  
Spirit of God and lead a holy life. At his  
business was to speak God's truth, he led  
his words out whom they would. None ever  
experience the truth until the word is brought  
home to them. Except a man be born of water  
and of the Spirit, he cannot see the kingdom of God.  
All must experience a change of heart  
before they could find a home in heaven.  
All should be born again and the second death  
will ensue unless we seek the Holy spirit and  
are born again. Little children are the means  
of bringing many to Jesus, as their tears and  
sorrows has an effect on fathers and mothers.  
Unless we realize that we are sons we cannot  
go to heaven, for as we are we must seek him  
and he is able unto the uttermost.

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FRIDAY MORNING.

There was a godly gathering at the meet-  
ing in the John St. Church this morning.

After the opening exercises, Mr. Hammond  
spoke on "Faith and Prayer," and was fol-  
lowed by Mr. Coe. These addresses were  
very interesting and appropriately illustrated,  
and listened to with deep attention. About  
forty requests for prayer, for eighty people,  
were handed in and read, and responses were  
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## Commercial.

## BELLVILLE MARKETS.

INTERMISSION OFFICE,  
Bellville, Feb. 13, 1880.

FALL WHEAT—\$1.20 to \$1.25.

SPRING WHEAT—\$1.20 to \$1.25.

Rye—\$1.00 to \$1.05.

Oats—\$1.25 to \$1.30.

Clover Seed—\$3.80.

MUTTON—4¢ to 6¢ per pound.

HAMS—8¢ to 10¢.

DRESSED HAMS—\$6.00 to \$8.50.

BUTTER—Tub, 17¢ to 20¢.

BUTTER—Barrel, 15¢ to 18¢ per dozen.

HONEY—\$6.00 per lb.

HONEY—50¢ to 60¢.

TURNIPS—\$1.00 to \$1.20.

Wool—25¢ per lb.

LAMB—26¢ per lb.

TALLOW—Round, 24¢.

TALLOW—Rendered, 9¢ to 10¢.

CARDAGE—4¢ per doz.

FORATORS—6¢ to 7¢ per bag.

APPLES—4¢ to 5¢ per bag.

FLOUR—Wholesale, \$6.00 per bbl.

FLOUR—Retail, \$6.00 per bag.

MEAT—\$3.00 to \$5.00.

EGGS—50¢ to 60¢.

Turnips—50¢ to \$1.00.

Wool—25¢ per lb.

## Daily Intelligencer.

Mr. HAMMOND and his Work.

LETTER TO MINISTERS OF ST. CATHARINE JUNES TO MINISTERS AND CHRISTIAN IN BELLEVILLE.

DEAR BRETHREN.—The Rev. E. P. Hammond, who has been laboring special services for us for over four weeks, is about to leave us. We sincerely regret that Mr. Hammond cannot see his way to remaining with us for some time, because it is great as the work has been, we believe it has only begun to manifest its power now. We have written to him to let him know where to find us, to let him know that all are to be found everywhere in the Dominion.

## Drive out the Traitor.

Please drive out the traitor of any given disease, remove, there is no successful way of obtaining a permanent cure. On the removal of the original cause, perhaps in nine cases out of ten, the disease will be removed, and the sick man will suffer from a variety of ailments, resulting from nervousness, which is still the fruit of indulgence. Our spiritual leaders, however, are such that they will, but there are those in city homes who will not take sufficient exercise.

Dear BRETHREN.—The Rev. E. P. Hammond, who has been laboring special services for us for over four weeks, is about to leave us. We sincerely regret that Mr. Hammond cannot see his way to remaining with us for some time, because it is great as the work has been, we believe it has only begun to manifest its power now.

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*LeComte & Perkins Mfg Co.—Limited*  
Philadelphia, New York,  
67 Wall Street, Av.  
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22, 1877.

MR. GILES, Eng.—Dear Sir, Your favor of Jan. 20th, '77 just received, and I thank you for your information therein respecting giving out my name to others in the manner you do, a little at a time, published in mesh, as sight, and using Liniment freely down her back, I am now, I presume, a strong bottle from Johnston, Hollingsworth & Co., Philadelphia, and I am sure the saying and living is fast disappearing. The strife Jameson's is pretty well satisfied, has been doing for something like a week, and I am sure the whole upsets the direction. The binder is by Tammie of Belleville, and looks very neat, but is scarcely as strong as the former. The price of book bellows is also increased. The type is good effect, and the taste displayed in the arrangement of the advertisement, excellent. West BELLEVILLE GRAIN ELEVATOR.

Capacity, 60,000 Bushels.

BRENNAN & VANDERVOORT Proprietors.

## THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS DIRECTORY FOR 1879-80.

JUST PUBLISHED, a new Directory of the County of Hastings, containing a full and complete list of inhabitants of the City, Boroughs and Towns, Township and Village in the County, also a list of the householders in each Town, Township and Village, together with statistical and other information, local and Provincial, and advertisements of the principal Business Houses, embellished with Lithographs, maps, etc., showing the boundaries and the principal villages.

In addition to giving the lot and concession of each resident in the County, the post office address is also given, and whether he be a voter or not.

Copies of the work can be had on application at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Belleville, and at the following places:

MADISON, N. J. — D. R. Boulter.

Price \$2 per copy, post paid.

## OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

The following extracts from a few of the notices of the press, will give an idea of the character and value of the work.

The HASTINGS DIRECTORY.—The publishers may well feel proud at the accomplishment of the work, and well deserve the patronage which the people of the County will give them.

The binder is by Tammie of Belleville, and looks very neat, but is scarcely as strong as the former. The price of book bellows is also increased. The type is good effect, and the taste displayed in the arrangement of the advertisement, excellent. West BELLEVILLE GRAIN ELEVATOR.

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The HASTINGS DIRECTORY.—We acknowledge the receipt of a copy of this work, published by the INTELLIGENCER Publishing Co. It contains nearly 600 pages, accurately edited, well printed, and bound in a very neat and substantial volume. The book is well worth the price of \$2.00.

The HASTINGS DIRECTORY.—The publisher, it contains, in addition to the directory proper, is extensive and of much importance to the business man, and especially to the professional business man. A good deal of time and attention has been given to a description of the geographical position of the County, its resources, commercial facilities, and the like.

This part of the work will be of great interest and of much benefit to the public generally. There is also a description of the local railroads, rivers and streams of the County, topography of the soil, forest, mines, Free Grant Territories and other subjects, which greatly enhance the value of the work.

The HASTINGS DIRECTORY.—The binder is historically sketchy, with her religious, educational and other institutions.

Whatever local information of interest is required by the public and does not appear in the directory proper, our friends will meet with it in the arrangement of the publisher's will meet with due approbation.

The HASTINGS DIRECTORY.—At the same time the truth is spoken with equal power with regard to the condition of those who reject Christ and continue in sin. But above all we have felt that the presence of the Spirit was made manifest in the services, and conveys to men the power and read in the smiling countenances faces the deep emotions of the heart as it was being broken down under the power of divine truth.

This influence is felt over the entire city.

Men who have no particular sympathy for the work speak freely of the change which has taken place among all classes of men,

apart altogether in their conversion, and even from the first time at the services a restraint has been laid on them.

A misgiving away down in the heart has turned Godlessness at least for the present.

Open wickedness has suddenly lost its relish and haunts of sinful amusement or vicious pleasures are alarmingly unprofitable to those who have lost their mysterious power has closed the month of December.

No one doubts that a great work of grace is being carried on amongst us.

As to the relation of the ministers and the people of the city to this work, for over two years definite and unceasing prayer has been made by God's people for the outpouring of His Spirit.

An actual burden has rested upon the shoulders of the people and they have been crying to the Lord for deliverance.

This has been well understood, and many prayer meetings have been held for that time when this one object before us.

One feature of the work which has struck the public and called forth remarks very frequently is the unity prevailing among the ministers.

They are actually and generally one in heart with Mr. Hammond and the work.

This has come from the first a most powerful influence on the people.

Mr. Hammond has spoken of this at almost every service.

He is well adapted to be the creator of such a unity and skilled in wielding such a power.

The growth of this is however not of a day, for years the ministers of the churches now unite have met in prayer weekly for the special purpose of seeking such a baptism of fire as might prepare them for this work, and God heard our prayers in this, and we trust that you no more precious blessing than that such a source of oneness in Christ may bind you together in your work.

It will be a great advantage to the work if you fall in with Mr. Hammond readily, as much valuable time is lost where ministers or people stand apart, watching what is to be done.

There is no room for fear about his relations to the services.

He does all he can to strengthen the hands and warmly conveys for the digestion of the ministry, his whole influence is calculated to draw the people around their minister with closer attachment.

Mr. Hammond has a firm grip upon the singing, he has a hymn book suited to his work and specially adapted to the different services of the meetings, and in this, as well as in other things, it is well to trust him and follow his advice, as he has reasons which become apparent as the work advances.

The love among the children is a master of vital importance to Mr. Hammond.

He gives it great prominence, and many conversions usually take place among them, in the beginning of the work and through them he reaches the parents and the home.

If we may say a word by way of advice, from our experience it would be to stand closely together and prayerfully together with Mr. Hammond. Some things in the form of the work you may not be able to understand at first, but you will find the great principles will be faithfully and persistently maintained by him.

He has a wide experience.

He works, we believe, for the glory of God and the salvation of souls with intense and unwavering earnestness.

He has been especially blessed in his labors, different parts of the world for over twenty years.

One reason is that God's blessing may rest on you in the work to which he is now called in the providence of God.

May there be an abundant outpouring of the Spirit among you and a glorious gathering of precious souls.

Nearly Half a Century.—It is now over forty years since Brainerd's Sarsaparilla and Pills were first introduced on the market, and now, after that long period of trial, they are universally admitted to be the best of all remedies for insipid, flatulent and bilious, catarrhal, cold, sore, and constitutional diseases.

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla AND PILLS.

Established 1839.

Unanimous to be the most efficacious for

all the worst forms of

Ulcers, Sypnitis, pleurisy, rheumatism, and

various Complaints.

BRISTOL'S SUGAR-COATED PILLS.

CURE ALL HUMAN COMPLAINTS.

Not sold by Druggists, but by Druggists in

Montreal, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, &c.

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Not sold by Druggists, but by Druggists in

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# Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 13.

1879. 1880.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

ALLAN LINE.



Winter Sailings via Halifax.

SHORTEST SEA ROUTE.

AVEARAGE PASSAGE 75 DAYS.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.

Londonderry and Glasgow.

THE first-class iron steamships of the Allan Line (carrying the Canadian and United States Mail), will be despatched from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonderry every Saturday, as follows:—

SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

SARMATIAN, November 29th.

CIRCASSIAN, December 5th.

MORAVIAN, " 12th.

PERUVIAN, " 27th.

HIBERNIAN, January 3rd.

" 17th.

CIRCASSIAN, " 24th.

SARDINIAN, " 31st.

CASPIAN, February 7th.

MORAVIAN, " 14th.

PERUVIAN, " 21st.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Belleville to Liverpool or London—Cabin \$20, \$30, and \$40, according to position.

Intermediate, with first-class Railway \$47.

Steerage, \$30 to \$32.

Children 1 to 12 years half price, under 1 year free.

Return Tickets at reduced rates.

Steerage Tickets are issued without extra charge, or from Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bristol, &c.

The last train connecting with the Ocean Steamer at Halifax, passes Belleville every Thursday at noon. Passengers go at once on board.

Experience Surgeon accompanies each vessel.

Port no secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from the Allan Line, or from any railway station in Canada or the United States. (When tickets are not used the amount is retained, less a small deduction.)

Intermediate and steerage Stewards are appointed to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information apply to:

E. THOMPSON,  
Agent Allan Line,  
Canadian Express Office,  
Belleville, December, 1879.

BANKING OFFICE

of

U. E. THOMPSON,

Bridges Street, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS

Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice. Interest allowed at 4 and 5 per cent.

245

**ROYAL**

INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL \$10,000,000

FUNDS INVESTED \$12,000,000

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The ROYAL Insurance Company has the largest surplus of any Fire Insurance Company in the world.

Insures Churches, Schools, Dwelling-Stores, Merchandise, Warehouses, &c. against loss by fire, at equitable rates.

ROUTE & TALLEY, Chief Agents, Montreal.

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ASSETS \$1,500,000

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PROVINCE OF ONTARIO BRANCH,

HEAD OFFICE, Toronto.

JON E. BLAINE, Esq., Chairman, President

Canada Land Credit Company.

JOHN S. PLAYFAIR, Esq., (of Brye, McMur- rich & Co.)

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Esq., Vice-President

Fire Dept. of Canada.

INSPECTOR ROBERT MCLEAN,

RESIDENT SECRETARY—LAWRENCE BUGHAM,

Deposited with the Government at Ottawa for security of Canadian Policy Holders, \$100,000.

This Company issues Policies of Insurance against loss or damage by fire or lightning on mercantile, manufacturing, farm and household risks at current rates.

Policies are issued from and losses settled directly by the Toronto Office, without delay.

All Premiums taken in this country are invested in Canadian securities.

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Capital, \$2,000,000 Eng.

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FORBES & MCGOWAN,

Montreal, Chief Agents for Canada.

W. A. BURWELL, Agent, Belleville.

## Business Directory.

John Bell, Barrister, &c., will continue his general practice in his present office on the 1<sup>st</sup> of January, 1880.

Denmark & Northrop, Barristers, &c., Offices lately occupied by Fenton & Denmark, Front Street, Belleville.

Money to Loan—Private and Company funds.

Robertson & Thomas, Barristers, &c., Offices—Robertson Block, east side of Front Street, Belleville.

John B. Flint, Morgan Jelett, Flint & Jelett, Solicitors for Commercial and Admiralty Commerce, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c., Belleville, Ont.

Geo. D. Dickson, Post Office Block, Belleville.

E. McMahon, Attorney at Law, in Chancery, Buildings, Corner of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont.

Sam'l S. Wallbridge, Jr., LL.B., Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, —&c., Office—No. 4, Head Office, corner Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville, Ont.

David R. Robertson, Secretary of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, Post Office, Belleville.

A. M. Peterson, A.A.C.W.P., Attorney at Law, in Chancery, Buildings, Corner of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont.

Alfred E. Denison, Attorney at Law, in Chancery, Buildings, Corner of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont.

John Whitton, Jobbing, 135 King Street, Belleville, Ont.

Fresh and Salt Meats.

Poultry and Game in their season, also first class article of Pork and Bologna Sausage.

For sale very cheap.

By strict attention to business, he hopes to merit the patronage bestowed on his predecessor.

Stone—opposite the Dominion House, Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

P. S.—Money to loan, on easy terms and Mortgages bought and sold.

Alfred E. Denison, Attorney at Law, in Chancery, Buildings, Corner of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont.

Mr. E. Savary, ex-Prof. of the Conservatoire de Paris, and Examiner of the Royal Academy of Music, gives lessons on the Pianoforte and in Singing. For terms apply at her residence, Albert Street, north, Oct. 13th, 1880.

Eliza Wesley, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, at the office of Mr. R. Brown, Front St., Belleville.

B. S. Willson, M.D.C.M., Physician and Surgeon.

Graduate of the University of McGill, Montreal, and Apothecary of the Montreal General Hospital, Residence and Office, Pinnacle Street.

A. M. Peterson, A.A.C.W.P., Attorney at Law, in Chancery, Buildings, Corner of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont.

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Dr. H. G. Denison, Surgeon Dentist, Office—Corner Bridge and Front Sts., Entrance on Bridge Street.

Jos. Caldwell, Surgeon Dentist, formerly of Belleville, late of Ottawa, has opened an office in Robertson's new block, Front Street, Belleville. Teeth extracted without pain.

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railways will receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STRELLING.—At the drug store of Dr. G. H. Bouton, M. P. P.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTINGS.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. G. G. WILSON.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

G. H. HOWELL & CO.,  
41 Park Row, New York.

J. H. RAY, 41 Park Row, New York.  
Are our Agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, FEB. 14.

Reciprocity.

Such as our neighbors south of the line have been disposed to sneer at Canada, to belittle her resources, and look down upon her people in a commercial sense, and greatly as the Grit press has assisted in causing the people of the United States to form such erroneous conclusions as to our country, it turns out of 1 to take place in the current of their thoughts. Secure as they were in the command of our markets under the Mackenzie Cartwright tariff—finding that Canada was gradually becoming commercially tributary to them, the governing classes in the United States had come to regard the Dominion and its people as of small consideration, and of little importance as affording a ready market for the surplus and in many cases almost useless products of their manufactures. They abrogated the reciprocity treaty between the countries; they refused to admit Canadian products on anything like equal terms to their markets, laughing at Senator Brown when he went to Washington to beg for a share of their trade, because he had no equivalent to offer them in return; and no doubt they indulged in the belief that our people were too spiritless to resist the commercial domination which they had almost succeeded in establishing, and that no day Canada would tumble into the clutches of the American eagle, a willing sacrifice. But they have proved to be as easily mistaken as was King Louis, who called Canada "a few acres of snow."

It having been shown to the people of the Dominion by the Conservative party that they were being rapidly drifted into annexation by the then tariff, which the Government of the day obstinately refused to amend, the electors pronounced so decisively against that fatal policy, as to call into power an administration who had reversed it completely, and who have opposed to the United States a commercial wall, not so high perhaps, as that from behind which they have carried on their warfare, but sufficient for purposes of defense under present circumstances. The Grit newspapers of course sneered at the idea of four millions of people in Canada coercing the forty millions of the United States, but the result has been to justify the bold action of the present Government and to entitle them to credit for prudence. "Brother Jonathan," bidding his trade with Canada sadly diminished, and seeing that our tariff offers practically reciprocity in trade or reciprocity in tariffs, has begun to think that perhaps reciprocity in trade is the better of the two alternatives presents to him. Thus we find that the effect of the Tilley tariff has already been set on foot a movement amongst our neighbors for the re-establishment of a reciprocity treaty between the United States and the Dominion of Canada and Newfoundland. A short time ago a bill was introduced in Congress by Hon. Leopold Morse for the appointment of three commissioners to meet three commissioners from Great Britain for the purpose of arranging the basis of a treaty. A petition is in circulation among the merchants of New York urging Congress to take speedy action on this subject, and we find influential newspapers, such as the Rochester Union supporting the project as of the highest importance to the commerce of both countries. The journal referred to says:

Under the treaty of 1854, an extensive trade was carried on between the United States and Canada, and it is evident that the country derived the greatest advantage from the reciprocal relations. The people of both countries benefited by the cheapening of commodities imported by the free interchange and a profitable navigation trade was maintained on the lakes. This is a set of especial interest to people in this locality and all along the shores of Lake Ontario, where the old reciprocity treaty in 1854 has been growing at each other across the border, each seeming to afraid of the other. Both are now on high protective tariffs which tend only to increase the cost of the articles of commerce, and to reduce the price of such goods as through necessity find a market abroad, and augment the profits of a few manufacturers. The New York shipping and mercantile men think that insurance as the former treaty was abrogated on the only courtesy on the part of this country to take the initiatory steps in the new negotiations.

Such language would not have been held even a year ago, but the N. P. is bringing our neighbors to their senses.

Again we learn that on the 6th inst., the Congressional Committee on Foreign Affairs gave a hearing in regard to the resolution for the appointment of a commission to ascertain and report a basis for a reciprocity treaty between the United States and the British provinces. Mr. Henry F. Woods and Charles Powers appeared before them as delegates for the Boston board of trade. After the delegations had strongly urged the importance of reciprocal trade with Canada, the members of the Committee expressed themselves favorable to the resolution and it will probably be reported soon.

Finally, the subject is a subject of great attention of the New York State Legis-

lature, as the following is a preamble and concurrent resolution introduced in that body on February 4th by assemblyman Culinan, and "which is to be taken up at the earliest favorable opportunity:

"Whereas, the Hon. Leopold Morse has proposed a bill in congress for the appointment of a commission on the Commercial relations of the United States with Canada;

Therefore, Resolved, (if the Senate concur,) That it is the sense of the Legislature of the state of New York that Congress take early and favorable action on said bill.

It may be, and probably will be, that these movements to establish reciprocity will fail, but the movement has been fairly started, and will, we believe, gather such force that it will long prevail. Meantime Canada is prospering under the N.P., and when the proposal for reciprocity comes from the United States it is probable that we will be in a position to secure very favorable terms.

## Wrong Again.

The following appeared in the *Globe* of the 12th:

The Montreal, Ottawa, and Occidental Railway Company has been incorporated, and has been formed from New York and the western division of the government railway. This is the kind of N. P. No metallic rails are made in Canada, and thus the arguments against going outside of the Dominion for cars that can be made as well and as cheaply at Cobourg are met.

The facts as we are informed on good authority, are as follows: Mr. Wm. Barr, a departmental foreman in Croson's Car Works, Cobourg, having charge of two cars from the above works, was interviewed by a *Globe* reporter and in joke told him they were built in New York, and thence come to Canada, and thus the arguments against going outside of the Dominion for cars that can be made as well and as cheaply at Cobourg are met.

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## MORNING DESPATCHES.

## AMERICAN.

FORT ROBINSON, Neb., Feb. 14.—Smallpox is raging among the Indians at Spotted Tail's Agency. Many have died two hours after being attacked. None recover.

RICHMOND, Feb. 14.—A watchman at Oakwood cemetery early yesterday morning surprised five men engaged in robbing a grave. They attacked him and he shot one of the robbers but they all escaped.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.—The general passenger agents of the principal western roads cont'rening here met with representatives of the Pittsburgh and Fort Wayne, and Wabash roads to adjust rates, but did not arrive at any satisfactory conclusion. The road leading west from here announced that the lines east of Kansas City and Omaha will accept at road rate per mile on any rate which the Central Pacific makes to meet the rates made by the Pacific Mail Company to New York, provided the tickets are limited to one day beyond the actual schedule and sold at tariff rates, with the drawback on New York to the amount of reduction.

PORTERVILLE, Feb. 14.—Out of 275 mining caulsaries in Schuykill district last year, 113 were fatal against 247 fatalities and 87 fatal in '78. The increase is partly ascribed to the increased mining operations and the many accidents due to the recklessness of the miners.

PHOENIX, Ind., Feb. 14.—200 workmen at the Bowey furnace being successful a few weeks ago in raising 1 ton a day's work struck yesterday for 9 hours. The management closed the works in chitney.

LITTLE ROCK, Feb. 14.—The State of Arkansas has obtained judgment against the Memphis and Little Rock Railway for \$202,000 and costs with an order for sale. Some years ago a company was formed from the State \$100,000 at 10 per cent. interest. The judge ruled for the original debt with interest.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—The *Irish Herald* received full now amounts to \$191,000. Yesterday subscriptions of \$6,000, including \$5,000 from anonymous New York citizens, were received.

Eighteen New York theatrical managers thus far have signified their intention to devote the proceeds of the entertainment on St. Patrick's day to the *Herald* fund.

Vessels arriving bring terrible reports of the hurricane on Feb. 1st.

The Wyoming arrived yesterday and transferred two sailors with broken legs to the hospital. 16 others of their crew were knocked insensible during the storm.

President Jett's says the Erie contracts with Vanderbilt simply provides that each road shall enjoy a regular uniform advantages and privileges in the matter of receiving and shipping freight from its western and eastern connections. It provides that uniform freight rates be maintained by the Central and Erie, but there is not a word about percentages or proportions.

THE N. P. IN ARGENTINIA.—The Montreal Gazette says: "The election of Hon. Mr. Abbott in Argentinië yesterday is an event full of political significance. The election was contested mainly upon the National policy, assailed by Dr. Christie and his friends in language more violent than applicable, and boldly defended by Mr. Abbott, who gave his full adhesion to the principle of protection to native industries. If any assurance was wanted on the opening of the session that the people of Canada are one with the Government in their effort to build up home industries, promote foreign trade and develop our resources, it has been given in the verdict of the people of Argentinië at the polls yesterday."

MONTMORÉ.—The election of a member to represent this constituency in the House of Commons occurred to-day. Messrs. Angers (Conservative) and Dr. de St. Georges (Liberal) are the candidates. Mr. Valin (Conservative) was elected at the general election of 1857 by a majority of 220.

BIG PAY off our RUBBER PRINTING STAMPS. Ought free Address MORRISON & CO., Montreal

## Revival Services.

## MR. HAMMOND'S MEETINGS.

FRIDAY NIGHT.

Despite the inclement weather there was a good attendance at the revival services last night.

Mr. C. O. gave a short exhortation with numerous vivid drawings illustrating the plan of salvation, when Rev. Mr. Turnbull gave out "Sweet Hour of Prayer," and "Jesus of Nazareth passeth by," after which prayer was offered up by Bishop Carman.

Mr. Hammond read extracts from St. Catharine papers showing how marvelously the gracious work is continuing in that city; the interest is unabated, large numbers converted daily, while earnest and unceasing prayers are being made for God to bless and prosper the work in Belleville. Young converts being among the most earnest workers.

The following subjects for prayer were offered:—For a wife who was hindering her husband; for a husband and five children; for a young married man who was dying; for a wife whose husband is dying; for an infant son-in-law; for a victim of intemperance who was at last night's meeting; for two young women who appear in different: During the reading of these requests, Mr. Hammond and other ministers prayed at intervals.

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Mr. Hammond then said that on Sunday evening he would like to preach to those who are sinners and to Christian workers. He said there were many in the city who never hear the gospel whom he would like to present, and said he wanted to see the fast men of the city and the fast women also present, and if there were any gamblers in the city he wanted them to attend.

He then gave out his text Philippians 1st chap. 21st verse. "For me to live is Christ, to die is gain." He said that by the text he wished to bring home one truth, that the condition of man was not determined by the arbitrary law, but by character, that Heaven was a place to be prepared for, if we wished to reach Heaven we must be prepared to meet our God.

In Rome he said he had visited the prison in which St. Paul was incarcerated, which was hewn out of the solid rock to the depth of twenty-eight feet, and in the bottom of the prison had sprung up a fountain of water, which tradition said was to nourish St. Paul, who said that for him to "live is Christ, and to die is gain."

The rich merchant who said he would proclaim that to him who was in the prison of death, whilst he himself was in the solid rock, and the poor man to live was gold, whilst for the poor man to live meant subsistence. To the student to live meant knowledge, and the soldier lived for glory, whilst to the Christian "to live is Christ, and to die is gain."

Christ says to the rich man, does it pay to live to this world alone when the poor man as well as he can be rich to all eternity. "Godliness is profitable to all things" and great love of this world's goods can make a man to cry in the world to come, like the rich man of old, for a "drop of water to cool his parched tongue."

To the student, who says he has read of this Christ that was the rejected of the people, this man of sorrows, of whom the people cried "away with him away with him!" the Christian replies, in his death bed all my sins blotted out, and by his death am I enabled to cry out "to live is Christ, and to die is gain."

To the soldier, who says this Christ was persecuted, the Christian replies "through his stripes was I healed." He said some might say what has this to do with the text, he replied it proved one's future condition was determined by one's fitness for it, as he asked was there not that fitness in St. Paul that fitted him for Heaven, and asked the congregation how many could say that old things had passed away and all things had become new."

He said that the idea of fitness was manifested everywhere, as the birds were fitted for the air, the fish for the water and all animal nature was fitted for its sphere.

The penitent thief he said was fitted for heaven by an act of faith, and if the preaching of the Gospel is rejected, a sinner will be a sinner to all eternity, and will be punished to all eternity.

In Rome he said he had seen the Colosseum that stood from 75,000 to 100,000 people, none grown, and his mind reverted back to the old man that in that same building when thrown to the lions had exclaimed,

"Let them come, they will only let my imprisoned soul go free, to where the wicked cease from troubling, and the weary are at rest," he added those who were not already fitted for heaven to be fitted that night.

He referred at length to the noble work of George Whitfield, and asked was there not something in the character of George Whitfield that fitted him for heaven.

He then said that many in the audience had had praying mothers, and asked all such to hold up their hands, when many hands were raised.

He said that if he had any love for souls it was because he had a praying mother, whose prayers had followed him in his work, and spoke of a book he had written which had been of great benefit to the young, saying that his hand held the pen whilst the book was being written, but the spirit of God was breathed through the book by his mother's prayers, who sat beside him praying as he wrote.

He spoke touchingly of the death of his mother, saying that many in the congregation had just such a mother whom they had promised to meet in heaven, but had strayed far from the fold, and asked them would they be willing to start to meet their mothers in heaven, he then said "I have a mother in the promised land," the congregation joining in the chorus.

He said that many who lived in the poor houses in the city were the poorest, for they could sing "I have a home in the promised land." When the King would come, there would be many that "had not on the wedding garment," and all, he said, should put on the robe of righteousness," offered them, for if they would accept it, they could sing "I have a home in the promised land."

He then asked them if they would be willing to pray that God would be pleased to give them after this evening meeting, which brought the evening meeting to a close.

## SATURDAY MORNING.

The Saturday morning meeting was largely attended, a pleasing feature being the large representation of school children whose interest in the work is steadily increasing, as is shown by their earnest, attentive demeanor. The services were opened by the congregation singing hymns of salvation, short prayers followed from several present.

Mr. Hammond read extracts from St. Catharine papers showing how marvelously the gracious work is continuing in that city; the interest is unabated, large numbers converted daily, while earnest and unceasing prayers are being made for God to bless and prosper the work in Belleville. Young converts being among the most earnest workers.

The following subjects for prayer were offered:—For a wife who was hindering her husband; for a husband and five children; for a young married man who was dying; for a wife whose husband is dying; for an infant son-in-law; for a victim of intemperance who was at last night's meeting; for two young women who appear in different: During the reading of these requests, Mr. Hammond and other ministers prayed at intervals.

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## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.  
Nov. 24, 1879.

MONDAY.	
No. 1, Day Express.....	11:40 p.m.
No. 2, Day Express.....	8:00 a.m.
No. 4, Morning Express.....	9:00 a.m.
No. 5, Morning Express.....	12:00 p.m.
Passenger.....	4:00 a.m.

## GOING EAST.

NOVEMBER 24.	
No. 1, Day Express.....	11:40 p.m.
No. 2, Day Express.....	11:40 p.m.
No. 3, Mixed.....	7:15 p.m.
No. 4, Mixed.....	6:30 p.m.

Trains are run by Bellville's own.

## GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 30th, trains will run as follows:

NOVEMBER 30.	
Leave Madoc.....	8:00 a.m.
Arrive at Bellville.....	10:00 a.m.
Leave Bellville.....	3:00 p.m.
Arrive in Madoc.....	5:00 p.m.

These roads are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

## PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, December 22, train will run as follows:

DECEMBER 22.	
Leave Picton.....	9:15 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.
Leave Picton.....	9:30 a.m. and 3:00 p.m.
Arrival Trenton.....	10:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m.
(Trains are run by Montreal time.)	

STAGE ROUTES.

Stage leaves the prairie about 7 a.m. for the un-dernanded place at the hour mentioned.

FOR STIRLING.—Daily, at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m.

FOR MADDON.—Daily, at 2 p.m.

FOR BOWDON.—Daily, at 2 p.m.

FOR TENTER.—Daily, at 3 p.m.

FOR TORONTO.—Daily, at 3 p.m.

The stages arrive in Bellville about noon each day.

The Anniversary Services of Holloway St. Methodist Church, West Bellville, will be presided over next Sunday morning and evening, (15th) by Rev. William Briggs, of Toronto. Special collections will be taken up after each Service, on behalf of the Trust Fund. The Anniversary Tea will be given the following evening (Monday, 16th), after which a financial statement will be presented by the Secretary-Treasurer, and addresses will be delivered by Rev. Wm. Briggs, Rev. J. W. Savage, and Rev. O. L. Lambly, M.A. Tea served from 6 to 8 p.m. E. Latrell, Esq., will take the chair at 8 p.m. Tickets 30¢. 140.34



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, FEB. 14.

## City and Vicinity.

THE CELLS.—Two drunks and one tramp were registered at the police station last night.

METING.—The adjourned annual meeting of the shareholders of the Grand Junction Railway Company will be held in the office on Pinnacle St. on Tuesday next at 2 p.m.

TO BE A TOWN.—The Village of Trenton now seeks incorporation as a Town and the proclamation thereof will be made on the first of July next, when a grand demonstration in honor of the event will be made.

THE BAY.—Though the ice on the bay is in many places thick and strong, yet in others it is very weak. Those who have occasion to cross over—especially persons whom may desire to bring heavy loads, should exercise the greatest caution.

ATHLETIC.—The *Globe* says:—“A wrestling match is announced to come off in the Royal Opera House here on Thursday next week, between Thomas Lynch, the Irish champion, and E. W. Johnson, Scottish Canadian champion athlete. The contest will not do justice to considerable interest, both parties being well known. A purse of \$100 will be divided between the contestants, \$80 to the winner and \$20 to the loser.”

AFFECTING SCENE.—Yesterday the remains of the late Benjamin Rose, of the 5th con. of Sidney, arrived here per Grand Trunk Railway. He on the 3rd inst. went to Sarnia to visit his sister, and whilst at her home died. His body was met at the depot here by a number of friends and relatives, the latter of whom gave vent to their feelings in tears and loud expressions of grief.

AN ELEVATOR FOR STIRLING.—The *Stirling News-Arque* says:—“We are given to understand that two gentlemen of means and business ability, Messrs. Tulloch and Hagger, of Huntingdon, are seriously discussing the project of erecting an elevator at Stirling, the encouragement required being a \$500 bonus, and exemption from taxes for a term of years. A meeting of the council is to be held on Monday evening to discuss the matter.”

ALBERT UNIVERSITY.—Rev. Thos. W. Maystey, B.A., will deliver the “Charter Day Sermon” before Albert University, tomorrow, Sunday, at 3 p.m. in the College Chapel. All members of the University will appear in full Academic Costume.

There will be other exercises of an interesting character to celebrate the anniversary of the passing of the act by which the University obtained full powers and privileges.

MILBURN.—Milburn, the “blind man eloquent” is a curious problem. Never endowed with full vision and entirely blind soon after taking his University degree, he has thought out in pain, suffering and darkness those brilliant sentences and descriptions which few with sight can equal and none surpass. He will show us in a few days whence his great fame has arisen.

NEW LIGHT HOUSE.—At a meeting at Pictou on the 7th inst., Mr. McGuire, M.P., stated that last session a petition had been presented to the Government, numerously signed by the captains of large experience in lake navigation, asking that a Light House be placed on South Bay Point. That application was successful, and he was glad to inform them that an appropriation of \$1200 was made by Parliament for its construction.

WRESTLING.—The contest between Mr. E. W. Johnson, of this city, and Mr. John O'Neill, of Trenton, took place in Purdy's Hall in Trenton last night in the presence of a very large gathering. The contest consisted of three styles: catch-on-catch-on, under Grasso, Roman rules, collar and elbow and back hold, Scotch style. The first event was won by Johnston in 14 minutes; the second was recorded to O'Neill in the 25 minutes, and the third after a protracted contest was declared a draw. Mr. D. C. Ross was present, and before the last bout expressed his willingness to make a match with every faulny would keep it to them, ready to administer upon the first appearance of disease about the lungs, there were very few cases of fatal consumption.”

STAFFORD, ONT., AUG. 1, 1874.

Having become almost entirely cured of extreme debility through the use of Foliaceous hypophosphite, I feel but just to put the fact on record. My case had resisted all other medicines, and succeeded to three bottles of Foliaceous Hypophosphite.

## DAILY INTELLIGENCER, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1880.

C. H. ROBERTSON.

SOMME.—The congregation of St. Andrew's Church will have a service in the City Hall on Wednesday evening, the 19th inst. Tea to be served at 7 p.m.

PERSONAL.—Alex. Robertson, M. P. P. for West Hastings, and N. S. Appleby, M. P. P. for East Hastings, arrived here last night from Toronto.

MR. HAMMOND.—Mr. Hammond held services on the market near the City Hall this morning. His discourse was on the subject of “Religion,” and his audience was a large and attentive one.

DRIFTED WITH THE TIDE.—To-day a cow, from some unaccountable cause, got in the river, and was swept over Coleman's dam. Luckily she went through her perilous journey safely, and escaped without injury.

GOLD MINING.—The Gadding mine is now managed by a syndicate of capitalists from New York, who are prospecting and testing the ore in that mine and adjoining properties. They now employ about sixty men. We learn that the veins where they are being opened look exceedingly promising, and if they find the venture a profitable one they will purchase the property on the 1st of April.

MURRAY CANAL.—Petitions for signature may be found at the stores of E. Harrison and Angus McIvor, Esqrs. The citizens will please call and sign as soon as we can.

THE LATE JOHN SEVERN.—The funeral of the late Mr. John Severn, of Yorkville, father of Mr. Wm. Severn, of this city took place on the 13th and was one of the largest ever seen either in Yorkville or Toronto. The vehicles in attendance numbered 130.

DAIRYMEN'S CONVENTION.—The Kingman *Whig* says:—“Delegates to the Dairymen's Convention, which meets in Kingston next week, will be carried to the city and return at a fare and a third. To those manufacturers the meeting will be possessed of much interest.”

DEDICATION SERVICE.—Dedication service will be held in the G.M.C. Church, 3rd Concession of Thorlough to-morrow by the chairman of the district, Rev. N. R. W. Willoughby. A tea-meeting in aid of the church will be held on Monday evening, the 16th inst.

LUMBERING.—The cut this year, so far informed, will exceed that of many previous years. Snow is wanted to bring the logs to the creeks and rivers, and the absence of frost is greatly regretted by all engaged in this trade. The greater part of the cut and return at a fare and a third. To those manufacturers the meeting will be possessed of much interest.”

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PROVISIONS.—The *Globe* says:—“A new cabinet is to be installed in the Royal Opera House here on Thursday next week, between Thomas Lynch, the Irish champion, and E. W. Johnson, Scottish Canadian champion athlete. The contest will not do justice to considerable interest, both parties being well known. A purse of \$100 will be divided between the contestants, \$80 to the winner and \$20 to the loser.”

COMMERCIAL NOTES.

A number of counterfeit \$10 bills of the Dominion Bank are in circulation.

SEEDS.—Clover is quoted at \$4.25 to \$4.50 per bushel in Montreal.

BUTTER is selling for local use in Montreal at 17c to 20c per lb., with no shipping demand.

Eggs 12 to 13c for lard, 14 to 16c for cases, and 20c for strictly fresh.

Dressed Hogs are selling at \$25.25 in lots in Montreal and \$4.00 for fresh.

A SMALL INCREASE.—The Grand Trunk receipts for the week ending February 7th were \$174,441, as against \$171,797 the corresponding period last year, an increase of \$2,644. The River du Loup receipts are included in \$174, and not in \$180. Omitting them, the week's increase is \$6,844.

The Canadian imports of Manitoba for the six months ending December 31st last amounted to \$172,650.

The “Toronto,” a new iron steamship built for the Mississippi and Dominion Steamship Company, was launched in England on the 13th. The vessel is fitted up with the latest improvements for the cattle carrying trade.

The “corner” in grain in New York still continues, and vast quantities of grain and provisions are held by speculators. It was officially announced yesterday that there were 200 ships awaiting 90 ships, 434 barques, 101 briggs, 220 schooners and 54 steamers. Many of these are coasting vessels, and others are regularly employed, but upwards of 300 of them are vessels of 400 tons or more, fitted for transatlantic travel.

MONTEBELLO.—The *Montreal Standard* says:—“A cabal despatch says that Mohammed Jan has sustained a reverse at Ghuzni. It is believed that his influence is waning. Three thousand Turko-commando under Naik Mohammed have crossed the River Oxus for Afghanistan and Turkistan.

PROVISIONS.—Butter Western 15 to 18c; Briskville and Morrisburg 17 to 20c; East Galt, 18c to 20c; Galt, 18c to 20c; Chatham, 14 to 15c; as to make. Pork, 35c to 40c; Lard 10 to 11c. Dressed Hogs, the soft weather causes a continued decline, and the bulk of offerings are out of condition; quotations are \$5.00 to \$5.25. Bacon, 10c to 12c; fat wheat 40c to 45c; lard 25c to 30c; Ontario bacon \$2.50 to \$2.90; city do. \$2.50 to 30c. Beef, 10c to 12c. Lard 11 to 12c. Butter dull and lower, firsts, \$3.90 to \$4.00 per 100 lbs. Pearls nominal.

MONTREAL HOG MARKET.

MONTEBELLO, Feb. 14.—Hogs, receipts 16,400; flour \$4.20 to \$4.30; heavy \$4.35 to \$5.50.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.

Cotton quiet, futures opened steady.

FLOUR:—Receipts 4,000 bbl.; sales 8,000 bbls.; price \$3.50 to \$4.00 for superior and weak; \$3.00 to \$3.50 for good; \$2.50 to \$3.00 for common.

WHEAT:—Receipts 17,000 bbls.; sales 20,000 bbls.; price \$4.00 to \$4.50 for cases and 20c to 25c for bags.

OATS:—Receipts 12,000 bbls.; sales 15,000 bbls.; price \$4.00 to \$4.50 for cases and 20c to 25c for bags.

RICE:—Receipts 10,000 bbls.; sales 12,000 bbls.; price \$4.00 to \$4.50 for cases and 20c to 25c for bags.

BARLEY:—Receipts 10,000 bbls.; sales 12,000 bbls.; price \$4.00 to \$4.50 for cases and 20c to 25c for bags.

MAIZE:—Receipts 10,000 bbls.; sales 12,000 bbls.; price \$4.00 to \$4.50 for cases and 20c to 25c for bags.

WHEAT FLOUR:—Receipts 10,000 bbls.; sales 12,000 bbls.; price \$4.00 to \$4.50 for cases and 20c to 25c for bags.

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WHEAT FLOUR:—Receipts 10,000 bbls.; sales



# Daily Intelligencer

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 13.

1880.  
WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.  
ALLAN LINE.



Winter Sailings via Halifax,  
SHORTEST SEA ROUTE.

AVERAGE PASSAGE 71 DAYS.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL  
Londonerry and Glasgow.

THE first-class Clyde boat from steamer  
(carrying the Canadian and United States Mail) will be despatched  
from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonerry  
every Saturday, as follows:

SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

SARTMANIAN, November 29th.  
CIRCASSIAN, December 6th.  
NARDINIAN, " 20th.  
MOSCOWIAN, " 20th.  
PERUVIAN, " 27th.  
HIBERNIAN, January 3rd.  
SARTMANIAN, " 10th.  
CIRCASSIAN, " 24th.  
SARDINIAN, " 31st.  
CASPIAN, February 7th.  
MORAVIAN, " 14th.  
PERUVIAN, " 21st.  
POLYNESIAN, " 21st.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Belleville to Liverpool or London-  
derry, Cabin \$75, \$80, and \$90, according to  
postage; steerage, \$25, \$30, and \$35, according to  
intermediate, with first-class Rail-way \$47.  
steerage, do. from \$30 to \$32.  
Children 1 to 12 years half price, under  
1 year free.

Return Tickets at reduced rates.

Steaming tickets issued without extra  
charge. Return from Liverpool, Londonerry,  
Quebec, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bri-  
tish or Canada.

The last train connecting with the Ocean  
Steamer at Halifax, passes Bellville every  
Thursday at noon. Passengers go at once  
on board.

A surgeon! Surgeon accompanies each  
vessel, secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can  
obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from  
England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway  
station or Castle in the United States. (When  
tickets are not used the amount is returned,  
less a small deduction.)

Intermediate and Steerage Stewardesses are  
appointed to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information  
apply to U. E. THOMPSON,  
Agent Allan Line,  
Canadian Express Office,  
Bellville, December, 1879.

BANKING OFFICE

U. E. THOMPSON,  
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS

Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal  
without notice. Interest allowed at 4 and 5  
per cent.

245

ROYAL  
INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL \$10,000,000  
Funds Invested 12,000,000  
Annual Income 5,000,000

THE ROYAL Insurance Company has the  
largest surplus of any Fire Insurance Company  
in the world.

Insures Churches, Schools, Dwellings, Stores,  
Merchandise, Warehouses, &c., against loss by  
fire, at equitable rates.

ROTH & TAYLOR, Chief Agents, Montreal.

T. DONNELLY,  
Agent, Bellville.

THE SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL  
Fire Insurance Comp'y of Glasgow.

CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STEELING.  
ASSETS \$1,500,000  
INCOME 1,000,000

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO BRANCH.

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

JOHN L. BLAIKIE, Esq., Chairman, President  
Canada Land Credit Company.

JOHN S. PLAYFAIR, Esq., (of Brye, McMurchie  
& Co.)

WILLIAM GALT, Esq., Vice-President  
Royal Bank of Canada.

INSPECTOR—ROBERT MCLEAN.

REDACTOR—LAWRENCE BUCHAN.

Deposited with the Government at Ottawa  
for security of Canadian Policy Holders, \$100,  
000.

This Company issues Policies of Insurance  
against loss or damage by fire or lightning on  
most descriptions of property, farm and house-  
hold risks, at current rates.

Policies are issued from and losses settled  
directly by the Toronto Office, without delay.

All Premiums taken in this country are in-  
vested in Canadian securities.

R. NEWBERRY,  
Agent.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Liverpool and London.

FIRE AND LIFE.

Capital \$2,000,000 Stg.  
Invested Funds \$500,027 "

FORBES & MUDGE,

Montreal,

Chief Agents for Canada.

W. A. SHEPPARD, Agent, Bellville.

## Business Directory.

John Bell,  
BARRISTER, &c., will continue his  
general practice in his present office,  
on his own account. JOHN BELL,  
Bellville, November 12, 1879.

Denmark & Northrup,  
BARRISTERS, &c. Offices lately occu-  
pied by Poston & Denmark, Front St.,  
Bellville.

Money to Loan—Private and Company  
funds. d&w

Robertson & Thomas,  
BARRISTERS, &c. Office—Bellville,  
Block, east side of Front Street, Bell-  
ville, Ont.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, J. PARKER THOMAS

FLINT & JELLIETT

Attorneys for Commercial of Commerce,  
BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solici-  
tors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c.,  
Bellville, Ont.

JOHN B. FLINT, MORGAN JELLIETT

Delaney & Ostrom,  
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, etc., Trenton,  
Ontario.

PETERSON & PETERSON,  
BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solici-  
tors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c.,  
Bellville, Ont.

Head Office: Bridge and Front Streets,  
Bellville, Ont.

Branch Office: O'Flynn's Block, Madoc.

A. M. PETERSON, S. A. C. W. PETERSON, R. A.

Geo. C. Dickson,  
BARRISTER, &c. Post Office Block,  
Bridge Street, Bellville.

E. M. Gillmor,  
ATTORNEY-at-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery,  
Post Office, &c., Office—McAfee's  
Buildings, Corner of Front and Bridge Streets,  
Bellville, Ont.

Sam. S. Walbridge, Esq., LL.B.,  
ATTORNEY-at-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery,  
Post Office, &c., Office—No. 4,  
Graham's Block, entrance from Campbell  
Street, Bellville, Ont.

David B. Robertson,  
SECRETARY-GUIDE, LAW ATTORNEY  
COMPANY, Bellville.

ATTORNEY-at-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery,  
Post Office, &c., Office—No. 1,  
over the Post Office, Bogart's Block, Bridge  
Street, Bellville, Ont.

P. S. Money, Agent on easy terms and  
Mortgages bought and sold.

H. F. Wilson,  
BANKER and SURGEON.

LATE OF THE CONSOLIDATED BANK,  
BOOKKEEPER and Accountant, accounts  
adjusted. Agent for Fire and Life Insur-  
ance. Money to Loan.

Office Campbell Street, in the Division  
Court office. 161-33m.

Elisha Wesley,  
ISSUES of Marriage Licenses, at the office  
of M. B. Roblin, Front St., Bellville.

Dr. Higinbotham,  
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, Acupuncturist, &  
Osteopath, Residential Hotel, Street, in  
House formerly occupied by Dr. Tracy, now  
oppoite Montreal Bank.

J. E. Caldwell,  
PRINCIPAL, CORNER BRIDGE AND FRONT STS.,  
DUNDAS STREET.

J. R. Dickson, L.D.S.,  
SECONDE DENTIST.

OFFICE—Corner Bridge and Front Sts.  
Entrance on Bridge Street.

DR. JAMES

Has removed his office to his residence,  
Church Street, near the Kingston  
Road.

S. A. Abbott, M.D.,  
GRADUATE of Queen's University, and  
member of the College of Physicians and  
Surgeons of Ontario. OFFICE—Over Clarke's  
Drug Store, Corner Front and Bridge Streets,  
Bellville.

THOMAS J. Farley, M.D.,  
OFFICE—Front Street, over Chandler  
Drug Store—Residence—Daffo House.

DR. J. H. James

Has removed his office to his residence,  
Church Street, near the Kingston  
Road.

THE BEST PAPER I TRY IT!

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED

35th YEAR.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

will open at the same place and date.

The Piano Forte under the charge of Mrs.  
Goetzl.

Class in Harmony, Thorough-bass, Music  
Science and History, in Part Singing and  
Reading at Night.

All strung and wind instruments taught  
at moderate charges.

For terms, etc., see Circular, or address the  
principal, Mr. Arthur Graham.

The School will open on Monday,  
September 15.

In connection with the above, the Bellville  
Conservatory of Music

will open at the same place and date.

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of the Railways will be able to receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STERLING.—At the drug stores of Dr. G. H. Boultbee, M. P. P.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTINGS.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. G. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,  
41 Park Row, New York.

J. H. BATES, 41 Park Row, New York,  
Are our Agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, FEB. 16.

"On a Spree."

It is really astonishing what an appetite for liquors, cigars and other luxuries of that nature many members of "the party of purity" exhibit—when their tastes can be gratified at the public expense. As a case in point the dining and wining bill of the Commissioners to the Centennial Exposition, which included enormous charges for fine wines, brandies and liquors generally, and quite a considerable sum for glasses broken during their entertainments, particulars as to which were suppressed until after the present Government came into office—can scarcely have been forgotten. Rivaling in nature, though not in extent, these disclosures, are those made in the Public Accounts Committee of the Ontario Legislature, concerning the pleasure trip of Lieut. Governor McDonald and a party of his friends to Winnipeg in the summer of last year. Particulars as to this holiday excursion, for which we are indebted to the Mail—the Globe carefully suppressing more than a mere reference to the subject—will be found in another column.

The facts, as brought forth, show that the gentlemen who took part in the excursion had, what is popularly called "a good time" at the public expense—drinking freely, smoking the best brands of cigars, doing the grand by treating their friends in a most lordly manner, and comporting themselves generally like "good fellows" on a holiday, and all without costing them a single cent. Evidence of this is to be found in the fact that their liquor bill seems to have amounted to \$246.09 and their cigar bill to \$76.50 for a month's trip for the thirteen persons who formed the party.

Lauable as are the discourses, however, and the comments made on them by the members of the Committee, they have their serious as well as their funny side. After the joke of the thing has been duly laughed over, the people who have to foot the bill will ask themselves is it reasonable that the Lieutenant-Governor, who receives a salary of \$10,000 per annum and costs the Province as much more annually, shall take his summer pleasure trips at the cost of the public, wining, dining and cigars included? Is it proper that the Provincial Secretary, with \$4,500 and the Prison Inspector with \$3,000 a year should be similarly treated? And why should the Province pay the bills of Mr. D. H. Hay, M. P. P., any more than those of any other member of the Legislature? The answer which thinking persons will give to these questions cannot be other than that the expenditure is utterly unwarranted and entirely at variance with those professions of "economy" which the Grit party necessarily take to credit to themselves for.

Mr. Ferris, as became a liberal follower of the Government, endeavored to Burke the matter by seeking to prevent the accounts in detail going to the public, by a refusal to allow the reporters to copy them; but Mr. Launder succeeded in having them appended to the minutes, as Mearns, Hardy and Stricker refused to vote. This inaction of those two gentlemen—the one a member of the Government and the other one of its warmest supporters—is perhaps as strong a condemnation of the affair as could be recorded, and will so be viewed by the people, before whom the accounts will now go, unless Mr. Mowat steps in and reverses the action of the Committee, as he did in the Provincial Hall when he caused Mr. McKeilier to be whitewashed. The money having been spent, will of course have to be voted, but we expect a motion from the Opposition on the subject, and shall look with interest to see how members from this part of the country record their votes.

## Montmorency.

The election for the Commons held in this constituency on Saturday resulted in the return of Mr. Angers, the Conservative candidate, by the handsome majority of 358. This is a gain of 132 over the Conservative majority in 1879, when Mr. Vain was elected by 226, and the result shows that the N. P. and the Government policy generally continue to grow in public favor. The Opposition in the House of Commons are evidently in a pitiful condition—weak in numbers and growing rapidly weaker, with but little talent amongst them, and having but a slight support in the country, which is gradually being withdrawn from them.

DAIRYMAN'S ASSOCIATION.—The Dairyman's Association of Eastern Ontario will hold their next Convention in Kingston on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Feb. 24, 25, and 26, 1880. Several able speakers will be in attendance, and the proceedings will be unusually instructive and interesting. Arrangements have been made with the railroads for reduced fare—one-third on the return trip, certificate to be had on application to the Secretary.

## THE CHURCHES YESTERDAY.

What was Said in Some of Them.

BRIDGE STREET METHODIST CHURCH.

In the Bridge Street Methodist Church, morning service was conducted by Mr. Cox, who, without giving out a text, spoke to the congregation on death, citing instances of happy deaths that had come under his notice, asking in conclusion the congregation to "choose ye this day whom ye will serve."

AFTERNOON SERVICE.

The afternoon service was held in the Bridge Street Church. The attendance was very large, the body of the church being filled, whilst there was a good company in the gallery. The central portion of the church was filled with Sunday School children in charge of their teachers. After hymn exercises prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Lamb, after which Mr. Hammond addressed his audience. He described the sufferings endured by the Saviour in His crucifixion and explained to them the intent and meaning of a few verses from the psalm, which he read. He asked all to love the Saviour, so that at the second coming all should be found on the right hand and not on the left. He painted for his hearers a picture that he had seen in Philadelphia, descriptive of the crucifixion and those who participated in it. He related some anecdotes, and concluded by requesting all to give themselves to Jesus. All joined in audible prayer, after which the announcement of the holding of future meetings was made by Rev. Mr. Ussher. Mr. Hammond then addressed the children, his discourse being divided into four subjects: a little soul that is not a little soul; a little sin that is not a little sin; a little prayer that is not a little prayer; a little turning point that is not a little turning point. The several sections were illustrated with pointed tales and stories and received the closest attention of those to whom they were particularly addressed.

EVENING SERVICE.

The Bridge St. Methodist Church was crowded at evening service, no doubt many being attracted by the novel sermon it was generally understood would be delivered.

After giving out the hymn "We'll cross the river of Jordan," Mr. Hammond said that many did not understand the hymn because it deals all philosophy, and men do not believe because they could not see it, being blinded by sin; but for them once have their eyes opened, and they could sing "happy in the Lord." After singing a hymn, which was rendered much more beautiful by the introduction of a cornet into the choir.

Rev. Dr. Jaques said that all who had a spark of the love of Christ in their souls, if they would do something for Christ, would have that spark kindled into a flame. He spoke of Mr. Hammond's work in other places and said some questioned the propriety of Mr. Hammond speaking on the market square, but he considered nothing irregular that had the effect of saving souls.

Rev. Mr. Lane gave out that there would be service every morning at 9:30 in the John St. Presbyterian Church; that Tuesday would be a day of fasting and prayer, when continuous service would be held during the day—Tuesday afternoon there would be a children's meeting at 4 p.m. in the Holloway St. Church and on Wednesday in the Baptist Church.

Mr. Hammond, in reading the 12th chapter of Isaiah said that many went to church year after year simply because their wives wanted them to go; for business reasons or for convenience and likened them to a broken bucket that went often to the well but never came up filled. He said that in Denver, Colorado, there were 200 professional gamblers and 1,200 occasional gamblers; that when holding meetings in that city to reach that class he was compelled to hold open air meetings near their haunts, and the result was that the proprietor of the Occidental Hall, a low dance house, invited him to preach in that place, and in inviting him to do so said that although he had not been to church in thirty years he had a godly father and mother. The meetings in that building, he said, had the best results of a class of men and women that were restrained from good society. He said he did not speak to them, for they knew their sinfulness better than many gospel hardened sinners, but he told them the old, old story of Jesus and His love. There were many in the audience who had not gone as far as the class he had referred to, but sin had got a hold on them and the love of strong drink was dragging them down and they would go to a drunkard's grave if they did not accept Jesus.

After singing a hymn and prayer, Mr. Hammond read a note which he had been sent him from the Tabernacle, stating that a large congregation there was praying earnestly for a blessing on their meeting.

He then gave as his text, "The wages of sin is death, but the gift of God is eternal life, through Jesus Christ our Lord." Wages, he said, was what a man earned, and every sin a man committed would add another link to the chain with which the devil would bind the sinner, for "the way of the transgressor is hard," and poor wages is paid for serving the devil. He then related a touching incident of the fall of a young man who had remained temperate for years and his untimely end, and said that nothing but the love of God would root out the love of drink in some men, and they knew if they did not quit drinking they would go to hell. He said he was engaged in his present laborious work because he believed the Bible, and not for gain; that he had been offered great inducements to enter the lecture field, which he had refused, as he believed the Lord called him for the work in which he was engaged, and that as far as the profit of his present work was concerned he had labored six months at a time and not received sufficient to pay his expenses; but he labored as he did believing that there was such a thing as laying up treasures in Heaven. He said many affirmed that there was no such thing as being damned to all eternity, but when the wicked cannot endure the company of the partially sanctified in this world, how

could they enjoy the company of angels in the world to come? Hell was but the expression of God's love, so if we rejected His offers of mercy He could not save us any more than the judge on the bench could save the prisoner when guilty, even were he his friend. In some parts of Switzerland, he said, the law was such that for cutting down a tree one would be hung, but if the framers of such a stringent law did so in love, as the trees were a protection from avalanches; and God has given us strict commandments to save us from sin, sorrow and tears, and He gives His only begotten Son that we should not die. He related a touching tale of a mother's pardon for her unfortunate daughter, and declared that to the wicked lustful man, the victim of his lust would frown on him in the world to come, if he did not repeat of his sin and receive the gift of life.

He said that on Wednesday evening he would preach to the Freemasons.

An hour's service of song closed the meeting.

REV. MR. BRIGGS IN THE HOLLOWAY ST. CHURCH.

The anniversary sermons of the Holloway St. Methodist Church were preached yesterday morning and evening by the Rev. William Briggs—formerly of the Bridge Street Church in this city, but now Bishop Stewart, Toronto. There was a large congregation present and were it not for the snow storm which prevailed at the hours of opening it would doubtless have been much larger in the morning.

After the opening services, which consisted of singing, prayer and Bible lessons, Mr. Briggs gave out as his text the last portion of the 6th verse of the 1st chapter of Paul's Epistle to the Ephesians, "Accepted in the beloved." The speaker began by remarking that, of all the names that were applied to the Divine Being, there was none so grand, so beautiful or so inspiring as "the beloved." In His was light and brightness; no darkness could exist in such a being. The Holy Spirit applies to the heart the words of iteration and sentiments of the preacher. When we think of Him in his own character and in the brightness and lustre of His existence, it is not to be wondered at that He was styled "the beloved." Notwithstanding the manifestations of dislike and hatred expressed and shown towards Jesus, there was no religious teacher or instructor widely known, universally admired and beloved as He. His friends had known Him, loved Him, and had suffered all manner of privations, hardships, indignities and tortures, and their love for Him could not even be burned. When we think of our church services, of the spirit of our devotional exercises, when we look at life in its various phases and aspects, we believe it is Christ to love. He (the speaker) rejoiced in the great accomplishment of good which he was now being done in the grand revival work that was going on both in this (the Holloway Street Church) as well as in the Bridge Street Church, where union services with representatives of all denominations present were being held. During these meetings love for God has manifested itself and enabled many to cast aside their sorrows, to ask forgiveness for their sins, to love Jesus and to make those who loved Him strong in their sufferings and afflictions, and when they at last meet to pass through the door of eternity it was to come before and know Him, "the beloved." Christ has been loved since His mother first gave Him birth in the manger and to day millions love Him and no love can be compared with that shown by the Galilean in old days. Christ is the strength of the Good Book. He is to us "the beloved." How, he asked, is it, that no book can occupy the anxious thought and serious consideration of man in comparison with the Bible! No age outlives it. It is accepted of the multitude. It is the "beloved" book of all. Why is it that the Koran, or other similar works known in the East, are not popular here? It was because "the beloved" was not in them. "We love Him because He first loved us," and we would not now love Him had He not done so. By His love—a love better than anything earthly—would we be saved. God has made us welcome in "the beloved," and at the great feast all are received happily and joyously, for has not Christ said "Come unto me all ye that labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest"? We cannot study Christianity unless we accept Him as "the beloved." "Accepted in the beloved" does not mean following Christ, but that Christ lives in us; when an unconverted soul has been turned from the path of darkness and has sought God, he becomes a new creature—a new being; he is no longer a prodigal but is home again by God's mercy, and if any one be in Christ he is a new creation. Let us then be Christians in thought, Christians in acts, Christians in life, and filled with an unbounded love for Jesus. When we pray let us pray fervently and devoutly, and endeavor to cultivate its spirit so that we can always remember Christ who brings all the graces to the Christian heart. Christ was a noble, a grand and inspiring word, the loftiest name our language bears, and signified a sanctified one and one full of love for Him. In conclusion he urged all to strive to become its embodiment and seek Him and His glory.

EVENING SERVICE.

The congregation at the evening service was again large. The Rev. Mr. Briggs preached from a text taken from the 7th chapter of Micah, part of the 3rd verse: "With both hands earnestly." From the context, he said, this was depicted by the Prophet as the position of certain people towards evil. It ought to be the attitude of Christians towards the Church. There were those in the Church who protested against enthusiasm in church work, and against revivals as a means of bringing the people to a sense of their condition. Such were the North Pole of religion—they belonged to the glacial period of Christianity. Better, he said, that they should suffer from frostbite than to freeze in the frosty atmosphere of those conventionalists. As the Indian said, it was better for the pot to boil over than not to boil at all. It was well that things

should be done decently and in order; but order did not mean a flat uniformity.

The creator's works were orderly, but the earth was a succession of hills and dales, of broad, level savannas and towering mountains.

The ocean was at times calm, but again it was roughened by the winds and cast huge billows upon the shore.

Men's works to be orderly need not to be uniform. He commended earnestness and enthusiasm in religious work. Men needed no incentive to look after their business—in the pursuit of wealth they were active and untiring, and so should they be in looking after their eternal affairs.

Let them earnestly seek the Lord and they would find him, just as the earnest man who sought to reach any earthly end would achieve it if he devoted his whole mind to it, and earnestly sought to attain it. Was the Church to have a monopoly of sluggishness—men to be backward alone in seeking salvation? He protested against such an idea, and in eloquent and persuasive terms urged his hearers to work "with both hands earnestly" for the attainment of righteousness.

After the conclusion of the sermon, the Rev. Mr. Lane announced that the revival service would be continued in his Church during the week.

The regular services having been concluded, a season was spent in singing and prayer.

THE TABERNACLE.

The Tabernacle was filled with Christian workers last night who spent the evening in prayer for the revival of His work in Belleville.

ALBERT COLLEGE CHAPEL.

The charter day sermon was preached by the Rev. T. W. Mayett, B.A., the students and faculty appearing in full academic costume. The attendance was large and the discourse highly interesting.

DR. J. D. STEWART, M.D., Oculist and Auriat.

DR. J. D. STEWART, M.D.,

## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

## GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

SUN. WEST.  
Nov. 24, 1879.  
No. 2, Day Express..... 6:15 p.m.  
No. 2, Morning Express..... 6:00 a.m.  
No. 3, Mixed..... 12:00 p.m.  
Passenger..... 4:00 p.m.

MON. EAST.  
Nov. 24, 1879.  
No. 3, Night Express..... 11:30 p.m.  
No. 3, Mixed..... 7:30 p.m.  
Arrive at Belleville..... 11:30 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY.  
The and after Monday, November 3rd, trains will run as follows:

Leave Hastings..... 7:30 a.m.  
Arrive at Belleville..... 8:30 a.m.  
Leave Belleville..... 3:30 p.m.  
Arrive at Hastings..... 5:00 p.m.  
Trains are run by Belleville time.

BELLEVILLE AND NORTH EAST HASTINGS RAILWAY.  
On and after Monday, November 3rd, trains will run as follows:

Leave Trenton Junction..... 8:00 a.m.  
Arrive in Picton..... 9:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.  
Leave Belleville..... 3:00 p.m.  
Arrive in Madoc..... 5:00 p.m.

These roads are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY RAILWAY.  
On and after Monday, December 22nd, trains will run as follows:

Leave Trenton Junction..... 7:15 a.m. and 1 p.m.  
Arrive in Picton..... 9:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.  
Leave Belleville..... 3:00 p.m.  
Arrive in Madoc..... 5:00 p.m.

Arrive at Hastings..... 7:15 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.

(Trains are run by Montreal time.)

STAGE ROUTES.

Stages leave the principal hotel, for the unnumbered places at the time named:

FOR MONTREAL—Daily, at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m.

FOR MADOC—11:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.

FOR BRIDGEMAN'S TWEED, 20.—Daily, at 2 p.m.

FOR TREVON—Daily, at 3 p.m.

FOR PETERBOROUGH—Daily, at 3 p.m.

The stages arrive in Belleville about noon each day.

The Anniversary Services of Holloway St. Methodist Church, West Belleville, will be preached next Sunday morning and evening, (16th) by Rev. William Briggs, of Toronto. Special collections will be taken up after each Service, on behalf of the Trust fund. The Anniversary Tea will be given the following evening (Monday, 17th), after which a financial statement will be presented by the Secretary-Treasurer, and address will be delivered by Rev. Wm. Briggs, Rev. J. W. Savage, and Rev. O. R. Lambeth, M.A. Tea served from 6 to 8 p.m. Dr. Luttrell, Esq., will take the chair at 8 p.m. Tickets 30c. 140.34

A BLANK.—There was no business before the Police Court this morning.

PERSONAL.—Mr. T. C. Wakkin left here for England to-day—Moors, Robertson and Appleby M. P. Pa., were to leave to-night for Toronto.

ACCIDENT.—DAVID FOE, a resident of Murray Ward, while turning a rig around near the corner of Bridge and Pleasant Streets this morning, was thrown from the vehicle and somewhat injured.

NORTH HASTINGS RAILWAY.—The Madoc Review states that Mr. Hickford has expressed his willingness to proceed with the extension northward of the North Hastings Railway, provided the Legislature will have "readily abdicated. A nonentity was sufficient to quench the flames, No. 2 was not required to work. The discovery of the fire was very opportune, as had it been allowed to burn for a short time longer the valuable block might have been consumed.

The fire originated in the cellar underneath the workshop in the rear of Dick's store, and was doubtless caused by some defect in or about the furnace. The flames had eaten their way to the rafters of the building in the rear of Dick's store and a large portion of the tin roof had to be torn off before the flames could be reached.

Over the work room, was an apartment occupied as a jeweller's repairing room by Mr. S. Spangenberg and it as well as its contents were materially injured. The adjoining store, occupied by A. E. Fish & Co., was also injured by smoke and water, as were also the goods therein. Mr. Dick's stock was greatly injured by fire, smoke and water and all the machines in the work room were rendered useless from the effects of the fire.

Mr. Dick's stock was valued at nearly \$20,000. He is insured on stock, machines and fixtures for \$900 in the Western, \$600 of which is on stock and \$300 on fixtures, &c. &c. he has a policy in the Scottish Commercial for \$1,000 and is insured for a similar amount in the Citizens. Fish & Co.'s loss is slight and they are insured in the National for \$3,000. Spangenberg's loss is \$150, insured in the National for \$400. The building is owned by the McAnamy estate and was insured in the Queen for \$2,500, which will more than cover the loss.

THE BLIND ORATOR.—Milburn, the blind orator, with his wonderful gift of utterance and persuasion, will be with us in a few days. No one has ever heard him without feeling that genius and blindness have lent a power to his words beyond what is possible to conceive.

THE BIDDULPH TRAGEDY.—Two more arrests have made in connection with the Biddulph tragedy, namely James Shea, a farm laborer, and Mrs. James Maher, wife of one of the men in custody. Some blood-stained clothing and a mask were found under a manure heap on Maher's premises.

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CAMPFIELD RACES.—These races, which come off on Wednesday and Thursday the 25th and 26th days of February 1880, cannot fail to be very attractive from the number of celebrated horses entered and the liberal prizes offered, and as the course on the ice is but a short distance from the village a large attendance is anticipated. The hotel will afford every accommodation to parties visiting the races.

THE TRENT VALLEY CANAL.—The Lindsay Post says:—"Mr. Stark, C.E., government engineer of Ottawa, and Mr. Bolcher, C.E., of Peterboro went north on the Trent Valley Railway Monday last to inspect the water supply of the north country which might be used as feeders for the Trent Valley canal. The promoters of the project are confident of obtaining a sufficient supply. The engineers will return some time this week. In conversation with Mr. Boyd on Tuesday we learned that the government are committed to bring the scheme before Parliament at the present session. In the event of the government not taking the work up we say there are a number of capitalists prepared to construct the canal without asking for aid. These gentlemen recognize the scheming of that Royal Highness at once involuntarily spoke with a Canadian accent."

—The Supreme Court meets at Ottawa on Tuesday. There are some twenty appeals to be argued, including the North Ontario, Selkirk, and Bellachace election cases.

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M. HAMMOND'S MEETINGS.

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After devotional exercises a number of verbal requests for prayer were offered and received appropriate responses.

Several passages of Scripture were read and submitted for the benefit of those who attended the inquiry meetings and who may become backsliders.

Mr. Hammond, in the course of his remarks, pictured many wonderful incidents that had taken place and illustrated several of the miracles that were depicted in the Holy Word. He wanted all to go to work and speak to those who attended the meetings and endeavor to exert a proper influence over them.

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## FIRE AND SMOKE.

WHAT DESTRUCTION IT CAUSED  
ON SUNDAY MORNING

Shortly before one o'clock on Sunday morning fire was discovered in the clothing store occupied by Robert Dick, and located in the McAnamy Block, near the corner of Front and Bridge Streets. The ringing of the alarm brought out the engines and hose reels with alacrity, and in a brief space No. 1 steamer was throwing water on the burning building. Its services were required, but for a short time, as the fire was readily subdued. A nonentity was sufficient to quench the flames, No. 2 was not required to work. The discovery of the fire was very opportune, as had it been allowed to burn for a short time longer the valuable block might have been consumed.

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## GUILTY OF WRONG.

Some people have a fashion of confusing exculpatory with guilty admissions, and I am sure that many do this. There are some admissions fully worth all that is asked for them, and on at least we know of—Hop for instance, in his speech to the Bittern just such a claim as we have most of the year in Bay City, that he was first to be first-class and reliable doing all that is claimed for them.—*Tribune*.

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## Daily Intelligencer.

Ontario Legislature.

FIRST SESSION—FOURTH LEGISLATURE.

FRIDAY, Feb. 13.

The following bills were read a second time:—

Respecting the Grand Junction Railway Company.—Dr. Boulter.

Respecting the Toronto and Ottawa rail-road.—Mr. Scott.

Respecting the construction of a branch of the Belleville and North Hastings railway to the Village of Tweed.—Mr. Appleyard.

Mr. Pardon moved the following resolution:—"Resolved, That the patentee, his heirs and assigns of land hereafter located or sold under the Free Grant and Home-land Act, shall be entitled to be paid out of the Consolidated Revenue of the Province on all pine trees cut, such land subsequently to the date of the patent, and upon which dues have been collected by the Crown, the sum of twenty-five cents per thousand feet of pine timber, and he should be entitled to receive payment to page 282, set 10, Revised Statutes, it would be found that the whole of the pine timber upon those lands was reserved absolutely to the Crown. The Crown then said they would give the licensee of the land five years to take off the timber, the exception of what had been required for its own use, which belonged to the Crown. When that Act was passed there was no difficulty in carrying out its provisions, because there were only a few settlers in the free grant country at that time and the licensee could easily find the settlers from place to place, and take of the timber within the last few years, however, the licensee had not been able to do so, and the result was that he usually made an arrangement with the locator whereby the timber was left till the expiration of the five years, and then he had a certain price for it. The price of course, would be somewhat less than of course dues had he taken it off within the five years. But if he was unable to make such an arrangement, he would take off every stick of the timber. The Bill before the House, retained the old law, and it proposed to go further, so that even when the timber is not taken off after the five years the licensee shall have a longer time to take it off, and that one-third of all the dues on such timber shall be paid back to the parties. The effect would be that the licensee would have no interest in removing the timber, but would wait until after the expiration of the time, which would also be to the settler's interest to see that the timber is taken off without waste."

He believed the Bill was in the interest of the revenue and the settler alike.

Mr. Meredith thought the mover of the resolution was not consistent with himself on the present occasion. When the Free Grant Act was first brought before the House the hon. gentleman who introduced it opposed to a measure that would interfere with the settler's right to the whole of the timber. The Government had always professed to recognize the rights of squatters, but in advancing this measure they had receded from that position. They should not be doing it differently now. He said that the more fair and justly expected when they settled upon these lands. He observed that the Muskoka and other free grant press had taken serious objection to the measure, and he would venture to say that the settlers in those districts would be strongly opposed to it. It was an important measure that ought to go into those hands than the mere question of revenue which the hon. gentleman seemed to entertain. He would, at a subsequent stage, move a resolution which would embody the views of his side of the house.

Dr. Boulter thought that the time allowed for taking off timber was too long. If the lumbermen have free scope for five years there would be a great waste of timber for the parties. He thought the Act was one of the worst that had ever been introduced. It would have a tendency to drive out settlers. He would not vote for it.

The House went into Committee on the resolution.

Mr. Meredith moved the following:—"That the resolution be not now concurred in, but that it be resolved that it is not expedient to change the existing law giving settlers of the free grant districts the pine timber remaining on their lands at the time of the issuing of the patent thereof."

The amendment was voted on the following division:

YEAS—Meredith, Baker, Bell, Boulter, Galt, Grangeon, French, Harbin, Lander, Long, Macmaster, Meredith, Merrick, McCalis, Morgan, Morris, Near, McCreary, McLean, McLaughlin, Miller, Mowat, Murray, Nairn, Pardee, Paxton, Peck, Robinson (Cardwell), Robinson (Kent), Sinclair, Springer, Straker, Waters, Watterworth, Wells, Widdifield, Wood.—43.

Nine members of the Opposition were absent, and fourteen supporters of the Administration. There were four pairs, namely, Mr. Galt, Mr. Baker, Mr. Deroche with Mr. Roseau, Dr. McManus with Mr. Monk, and Mr. Arrey with Mr. Robertson, of West Hastings.

The House went into Committee on Mr. Hardy's Bill to extend the jurisdiction of the Division Courts, and to regulate the offices of the said Courts. After considerable discussion the Bill was passed with several amendments.

The House adjourned at 11 o'clock.

A. R. BAKER, Fort Bend Co., Texas; J. A. GALT, Austin, Tex.; J. C. ROBERTSON, West Hastings.

W. H. CARROLL, Goldsmith, Caldwell, Cascades, Chisholm, Coal, Crooks, Dryden, Ferris, Frazer, Freeman, Gibson (Huron), (Hamilton), Graham, Hardy, Hawley, Hunter, Lester, Lyon, Lynde, MacCormac, McLean, McLaughlin, Miller, Mowat, Murray, Nairn, Pardee, Paxton, Peck, Robinson (Cardwell), Robinson (Kent), Sinclair, Springer, Straker, Waters, Watterworth, Wells, Widdifield, Wood.—43.

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VOL. 13.

BELLEVILLE ONTARIO. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1880.

NO. 244.

1879. 1880.  
WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.  
ALLAN LINE.



Winter Sailings via Halifax.

SHORTEST SEA ROUTE.

AVERAGE PASSAGE 75 DAYS.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.

Londonderry and Glasgow.

HIM first-class Clyde built steamship  
of the Allan Line (carrying the Canadian  
and United States Mail) will be despatched  
from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonderry  
every Saturday, as follows:—

SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

SARMAITIAN, November 29th.  
CARTERIAN, December 6th.  
SARDINIAN, " 13th.  
MORAVIAN, " 20th.  
PERUVIAN, " 27th.  
HIBERNIAN, January 3rd.  
SARDINIAN, " 10th.  
CIRASSIAN, " 17th.  
SARDINIAN, " 24th.  
CASPIAN, February 1st.  
MORAVIAN, " 8th.  
PERUVIAN, " 15th.  
POLYNESIAN, " 21st.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Belleville to Liverpool or London-  
derry, Cabin \$67, \$90, and \$100, according  
to state of room.

Intermediate, with first-class Railway \$47.

Passages, do., from \$30.25 to \$32.

Children, 1 to 12 years half price, under  
1 year free.

Return Tickets at reduced rates.

Steerage tickets issued without extra  
charge.

Agents, Liverpool, Londonderry,  
Quebec, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bri-  
tol or Cardiff.

The last train connecting with the Ocean  
Steamer at Halifax, passes Belleville every  
Thursday at noon. Passengers go on board  
board.

At experience Surgeon accompanies each  
vessel.

Each passenger entitled to pay for  
one steerage certificate at lowest rates from  
England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway  
station in Canada or the United States. (When  
tickets are not used the amount is returned,  
less a small deduction.)

Intermediate and steerage Stewardesses are  
appointed to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information  
apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,  
Agent Allan Line,  
Canadian Express Office,  
December, 1879. Belleville.

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Deposits received, subject to withdrawal  
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245

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INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL \$10,000,000  
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ANNUAL INCOME \$5,000,000

The ROYAL Insurance Company has the  
largest surplus of any Fire Insurance Company  
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Large Churches, Schools, Dwellings, Stores,  
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ROTH & TATELY, Chief Agents, Montreal.

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CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

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JOHN L. BLAIE, Esq., Chairman, President  
Canadian Land Credit Company.

JOHN L. BLAIE, Esq., of Bryson, McMur-  
phy & Co.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Esq., Vice-President  
Federal Bank of Canada.

INSPECTOR—ROBERT MCLEAN.

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000.

The Company issues Policies of Insurance  
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Agent.

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Of Liverpool and London.

FIRE AND LIFE.

Capital \$2,000,000 Stg.

Invested Funds \$589,027 "

FORBES & MUDGE,

MONTREAL,  
Chief Agents for Canada.

W. A. SHAW, Agent, Belleville.

## Business Directory.

John Bell,  
BARRISTER, &c., will continue his  
general practice in his present office  
on his own account.

JOHN BELL,  
Belleville, November 12, 1879.

Denmark & Northrup,  
BARRISTERS, &c., Offices lately occu-  
pied by Ponton & Denmark, Front St.,  
Belleville.

Money to Loan—Private and Company  
funds.

Robertson & Thomas,  
BARRISTERS, &c., Office—Robertson  
Block, east side of Front Street, Bel-  
leville, Ont.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, J. PARKER THOMAS.

Flint & Jellett,  
Solicitors for the Bank of Commerce,  
BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solic-  
itors or Chancery, Notaries Public, &c.,  
Belleville, Ont.

J. R. FLINT, MORGAN JELLETT.

Delaney & Ostrom,  
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, etc., Trenton,  
Ontario.

PETERSON & PETERSON,  
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-at-LAW, SOLI-  
CITORS, ATTORNEYS, &c., &c.,  
Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., &c.,  
Head Office corner Bridge and Front  
Streets, Belleville.

A. M. PETERSON, C. W. PETERSON, H. A.  
PETERSON.

George Dickson,  
BARRISTER, at Post Office, Block,  
Bridge Street, Belleville.

E. M. McMillan.

Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery  
&c., &c., Office—in Moira's  
Buildings, corner of Front and Bridge  
Streets, Belleville, Ont.

Sam'l S. Wallbridge, Jr., LL.B.,  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery  
&c., &c., Office—No. 4,  
Grain & Wool Exchange, from Canada  
Street, Belleville, Ont.

David B. Robertson,  
SOLICITOR, GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY  
COMPANY.

Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery  
No. 1, over the Bogart's Block, Bridge  
Street, Belleville, Ont.

P. S. Money to lend on easy terms & a  
Mortgage bought and sold.

Alfred E. Denison.

LATE OF THE CONSOLIDATED BANK,  
BOOKKEEPER and Accountant, accounts  
adjusted. Agent for Fire and Life In-  
surance, Money to Loan.

Office Campbell Street, in the Division  
at his residence, Albert Street, north.

Jan. 13th, 1879.

Elisha Wesley,  
ISSUER of Marriage Licences, at the office  
of Mr. McRae, Front St., Belleville.

Prayngbotham,  
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, CONVEYANCER, &  
OFFICE—Corner Bridge and Front Sts.,  
Belleville.

Jos. Caldwell,  
SURGEON DENIST, formerly of Bel-  
leville, late of Ottawa, has opened an office  
in Robertson's new block, Front Street, Bel-  
leville. Teeth extracted without pain.

John J. Farley, M. D.

OFFICE—Front Street, over Chandler  
Drug Store. Residence—Danehouse.

Dr. R. James

Has removed his office to his residence,  
Church Street, near the Kingston  
Road.

S. A. Abbott, M. D.,  
GRADUATE of Queen's University, and  
Surgeon of the Royal Canadian Dragoon Regi-  
ment. Office—Over Clark's Drug Store, Cor-  
ner Front and Bridge Streets, Bel-  
leville.

Evans & Bolger,  
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS  
Architects, Civil Engineers and Land  
Agents. Office—10 Front Street, Bel-  
leville. Surveying in all parts of Ontario promptly  
attended to. Drawings, Specifications, &c.,  
of operations prepared, and Patents applied for.

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F. L. S., C. E. & A.

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BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED.

35th YEAR.

Thomas Gardner,  
ORNAMENTAL PLASTERER,  
Roofing, Cementing, &c. Centre Piece

made to order.

Reference—Hon. Robert Read, Wm. E.  
Holton, Rev. Mr. Bird,  
Belleville, Dec. 1875.

Phoenix Fire Assurance of London  
ESTABLISHED IN 1782.

INSURANCES granted on Town, Village  
& Farm Buildings, Manufactures, Property, &  
most favorable terms.

GEO. E. BULL, Agent.

Stirling, Jan. 1st, 1879.

Geo. M. Savage & Co.

NEWSPAPER  
ADVERTISING, BOOKS, Gifs, &c.

Subscription, Gifs, &c., to be sent to  
Detroit, Mich.

are authorized to contract for advertising in this

newspaper.

MANUAL containing value-

able information, FREE to applicants.

SEE THE LIST  
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DO YOU WEEKLY MAIL.

PARTIES WISHING TO SELL  
ADVERTISE HERE.

PARTIES WISHING TO BUY  
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ADVERTISEMENTS of Farms for  
sale are inserted in the DAILY MAIL, 20 words for 25cts. each  
insertion; each additional word, 2cts.

Advertisements of Lives stock, Im-  
plements, etc., required for sale, Exhi-  
bitions, &c., inserted at this  
above rate.

Address MAIL, Toronto.

FLINT & JELLETT, Attorneys, Bel-  
leville, Aug. 28, 1879.

## Canada Royal Benefit Society.

THIS Society is for all insurable persons ;  
for those of small means as well as for  
the rich ; for the sober, the industrious and  
the provident. It is based upon sound con-  
cepts of insurance, economy, prudence, and is  
wholly free from secrets and expense. It  
is associated with many of the benevolent  
societies of the present day are encumbered.

The benefit branch scores for its members  
includes a sum of \$100.00 in case of  
accident or sickness, and \$500.00 in case  
of death, with a provision for one-half of the  
\$500 being paid should a member become  
totally disabled through sickness or accident.

The tables of fees have been drawn up with  
the greatest care, making due allowance for  
the difference of age at the time of joining the  
Society.

From a careful inspection of the Society's  
By-Laws, it will be seen that the greatest pos-  
sible advantages are offered for the premium  
fees.

The following table of fees will be of interest  
to those desirous of joining this Society :—

Age. Entrance Annual Assessment  
Entering. Fee. Death of Member's  
From 15 to 20 \$1.40. \$2.50. \$0.38.

" 21 to 30 " 1.60. " 3.00. " 0.40.

" 31 to 35 " 1.60. " 3.50. " 0.45.

" 36 to 40 " 1.70. " 3.50. " 0.50.

" 41 to 45 " 1.70. " 4.00. " 0.50.

" 46 to 50 " 1.80. " 4.50. " 0.55.

" 51 to 60 " 1.90. " 5.00. " 0.60.

" 56 to 60 " 2.00. " 5.50. " 0.65.

" 61 to 70 " 2.00. " 6.00. " 0.70.

" 71 to 80 " 2.00. " 6.50. " 0.75.

" 81 to 90 " 2.00. " 7.00. " 0.80.

" 91 to 100 " 2.00. " 7.50. " 0.85.

" 101 to 110 " 2.00. " 8.00. " 0.90.

" 111 to 120 " 2.00. " 8.50. " 0.95.

" 121 to 130 " 2.00. " 9.00. " 1.00.

" 131 to 140 " 2.00. " 9.50. " 1.05.

" 141 to 150 " 2.00. " 10.00. " 1.10.

" 151 to 160 " 2.00. " 10.50. " 1.15.

" 161 to 170 " 2.00. " 11.00. " 1.20.

" 171 to 180 " 2.00. " 11.50. " 1.25.

" 181 to 190 " 2.00. " 12.00. " 1.30.

" 191 to 200 " 2.00. " 12.50. " 1.35.

" 201 to 210 " 2.00. " 13.00. " 1.40.

" 211 to 220 " 2.00. " 13.50. " 1.45.

" 221 to 230 " 2.00. " 14.00. " 1.50.

" 231 to 240 " 2.00. " 14.50. " 1.55.

" 241 to 250 " 2.00. " 15.00. " 1.60.

" 251 to 260 " 2.00. " 15.50. " 1.65.

" 261 to 270 " 2.00. " 16.00. " 1.70.

" 271 to 280 " 2.00. " 16.50. " 1.75.

" 281 to 290 " 2.00. " 17.00. " 1.80.

" 291 to 300 " 2.00. " 17.50. " 1.85.

" 301 to 310 " 2.00. " 18.00. " 1.90.

" 311 to 320 " 2.00. " 18.50. " 1.95.

" 321 to 330 " 2.00. " 19.00. " 2.00.

" 331 to 340 " 2.00. " 19.50. " 2.05.

" 341 to 350 " 2.00. " 20.00. " 2.10.

" 351 to 360 " 2.00. " 20.50. " 2.15.

" 361 to 370 " 2.00. " 21.00. " 2.20.

" 371 to 380

## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railway will hereafter receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STIRLING.—At the drug store of Dr. G. B. Boutell, M. P. P.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Davis, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTINGS.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. C. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,  
41 PARK ROW, NEW YORK,  
AND J. H. BATES, 41 PARK ROW, NEW YORK,  
ARE OUR AGENTS IN THAT CITY, AND ARE AUTHORIZED TO CONTRACT FOR ADVERTISING AT OUR LOWEST RATES.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, FEB. 17.

## The Grand Junction Railway.

It affords us pleasure to be able to state that the prospects for the completion of this line to Peterborough and to a direct connection with the Midland at Omemee are now of the most satisfactory character.

The arrangement which was entered into between the Corporation and the contractors has been duly executed, and it only

remains for the Town of Peterborough to do its part—and we feel assured that the people of that municipality will see it to

be to their advantage to grant a reasonable bonus to secure so desirable an outlet for their east bound traffic—in order to secure the completion of this great but hitherto unfortunate enterprise.

## Political Notes.

The number of failures in England and Wales in 1879 was 15,732, against 13,630 in 1878, 11,247 in 1877 and 10,846 in 1876. It is now in order for the N. Globe to hold the N. P. responsible for this state of facts, according to that all-wise journal—“the principal tea and sugar in the market of the world are threatened to have a like baneful effect on silk.”

The Peterborough Examiner thus unkindly sits upon Mr. Mackenzie in an article discussing the party leadership and urging the supercession of the ex-Premier by Mr. Blake:—“As leader of his party, however, he has not been so successful, and whether justly or unjustly, there is a feeling existing that with better counsel, and more judicious management, the party which entered on its five years' lease of power, so powerful, would not have met the fate which overtook it in 1878.” What will the Examiner say now that Mr. Mackenzie retains his former position? Mr. Brown evidently thinks Mr. Mackenzie a good enough leader—and so he is, for such a party as follow him.

Public opinion has compelled Mr. Parsons to modify his “Bill to amend the Free Grants and Homestead Act,” but the amendment does not go far enough to give satisfaction. In view of the great inducements offered to settlers in the North-West, every restriction, so far as possible, should be removed from settlement in Ontario.

To disarrange criticism hostile to the unwaranted expenditure of \$5,470 for the summer trip and liquor bill of the Lieutenant Governor and party last year, the Hamilton Times commences an article on the subject by abusing the Government of the late J. S. McDonald because of the trip taken by the Legislature, as a body, to Lake Superior in 1868, which excursion cost the country \$4,172. The Times may see a parallel between the cases, but people generally will not. Our contemporary then proceeds to criticize the “Tories” for their alleged “corruption” in the above matter, and winds up by “roaring as gently as a sucking dove,” *a la Bottom*, at its friends by saying:—“The motive prompting a ‘later expedition’ was no doubt perfectly good and defensible, but extravagance seems to have got the better of the party, ‘the result being a bill, which the province has to settle, for travelling and other expenses wholly uncompensable to the results obtained.’ It presents many very objectionable items, which we dare say will find apologists nowhere. It is sincerely to be regretted, for more reasons than one, that those who made up the party were so short-sighted, but ‘one thing the country may rest assured of, and that is it will not be allowed to be repeated.’ All of which, read between the lines, means that the Times would fain defend the job but dares not. The verdict of the organ, like that of the western jury, is: ‘Not guilty—but don't do it again.’”

The Nova Scotia coal trade of 1879 shows a decline as compared with the business of the previous year, and instead of the promised prosperity in the mining districts under the N. P. there is still stagnation.

This may be true so far as it goes, but the organ characteristically suppresses the very important fact that the only shipments of Nova Scotia coal which the N. P. could affect—namely those to Canadian ports—were increased by the operation of the N. P. from 56,917 tons in 1878 to 117,266 tons in 1879, or an increase of 61,359 tons. The falling off was in the demand from the United States, and but for the duty imposed last year, the production of coal in Nova Scotia would not probably have exceeded more than 75,000 tons.

A Customs regulation, recently put in force, requires that the importer of tea direct has now to make declaration at the custom house that the importation in question is a direct one, and that no one in the United States has an interest in the consignment. The Monetary Times says that the object of this regulation is to prevent Americans from bringing in, as direct imports at 10 per cent., goods which pay 40 per cent. under the tariff.

The Montreal *Canadian Spectator*, a thoroughly independent journal, says:—“The appointment of the Hon. D. L. Macpherson to the chair of the Senate, and a seat in the Cabinet is a happy one, and is certain to be popular. Mr. Macpherson has been a party man, a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald for many years, but more than once he has made plain that he cares first of all, and most of all, for the welfare of the public. He has sought political life as a game that pays well, but has devoted himself to public interest am ore. He has deserved the honor which is conferred upon him, and his presence in the Cabinet will give it increased strength.”

The return of vessels launched in the Gulf in 1879 show a falling off of 49,160 tons as compared with 1878, but an increase of 3,935 tons as compared with 1877. Altogether last year 170 vessels of aggregate tonnage of 173,435 were launched, as compared with 236 vessels and 222,359 tons in 1878. A feature of last year's work was a fleet of steel vessels aggregating 18,808 tons. This fully bears out what we stated a short time ago, namely that the decline in shipbuilding in Canada was not—as alleged by the Grit press—peculiar to Canada, because of the N. P., but that the decrease in the tonnage of new vessels turned out in 1879 was general at all, or nearly all, the centres of the industry. The decline in Glasgow amounts to about 35 per cent, or much greater than that in Canada.

The Mail has the following in an editorial on the Lieutenant-Governor's North-West trip in regard to the refreshments:—“The returns submitted by Mr. Gillmor are well enough as far as they go, but they are admittedly fragmentary and incomplete. They show an aggregate consumption as follows: 1,800 cigars, 262 bottles of ale; 161 bottles wine, 22 bottles of brandy, 185 bottles of soda, Seltzer and Apollonia water, and 189 bottles of old rye. The party numbered ten or twelve, including one alleged strict temperance man, Mr. Hay, M. P. P. Comment on the above is hardly needed.”

On the same subject the London *Advertiser* (Blakete Grit) has the following structure:—“When public officials, whether Governors, Premiers, M. P.'s, Commissioners, or what not, travel on public affairs, it is quite right and proper that their expenses should be paid. And in the case of Governors, especially where the Governor's person, it is an *adviser*, there should be a liberal allowance so that the party may travel in a first class manner. But it does not necessarily follow that the most liberal construction of the words ‘travelling expenses’ should include large sums for champagne, whiskey, tobacco, theatre tickets, and such like luxuries, and we most emphatically protest against any further expenditures of public money for any such purposes.” Repudiated by their own organs in this wise, where will the Government turn for sympathy? Champagne, whiskey, tobacco, theatre tickets and corkscrews. How could the “purists” delude themselves by touching such wicked things, which ought, according to the *Globe*, to be special weaknesses of those wicked “Tories”!

## Complimentary.

At a regular meeting of Mizpah Lodge I. O. O. F., held on Monday evening the 16th February, 1880, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

The meeting, whilst regretting the departure of Bro. Pat. Grant, John G. Moore, and others, did duty to owe to him at the same time tender him the following address, which he accepted and esteemed in which he was and is held in esteem.

To Bro. Jno. G. Moore.

Your friends and brothers of Mizpah have learned with deep regret of your sudden departure from their midst. Some have known you a boy hood, others for a shorter time. Our young ones have won their friendship, your probity and honorable dealing their regard and respect.

The interests you have manifested in your sojourning of old ties are not idle, but express feelings and sentiments.

Our eyes perchance in after years will remember your name, and call to mind pleasant reminiscences of your Belleville life.

Your brother of Mizpah would express the hope that prosperity and success may attend you in your new home. May the choicest of Heaven's blessings rest upon you, and while we fully realize the fact that you are fast family men, we trust you will not seek to be forgotten. We trust to hear from you often and to meet you again.

Belleville and North Hastings Railway.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

Sir.—There is no doubt, but that we, the people of the North Riding, are under very great obligations to the Hon. Mackenzie, Bowell for his successful endeavors to have the through mail to Madoc come by rail, instead of, as formerly, by the old fashioned stage route. While fully recognizing the great benefit we now enjoy in this respect, I cannot help calling the attention of the railway officials to one little drawback which is inevitable to them. The advertised time for the evening train to reach here is 5 o'clock. For the past few weeks it has been considerably late, in fact so late, that the slow going stage has been, as a general rule, but a few minutes behind it. Surely the road is not in such a poor condition, but that any lost time in leaving Belleville, could be easily and safely made up before reaching here. Two long hours, seems to me, more than sufficient for the last stretch of railway to Madoc. Now that we have such excellent facilities for reaching your flourishing city I would respectfully ask Manager Luttrell to give such orders to the engineers of our daily train, as will insure travellers both North and South against the tedious delays of the past few weeks.

Yours,  
ANTI SLOW COACH,  
Madoc, Feb. 16, 1880.

THE PRINCESS RECOVERING.—Her Royal Highness the Princess Louise is recovering from the effects of the accident to the Viceroy's party on Saturday. It is stated that she lost a \$20,000 jewel in the runaway. Mr. Bagot was considerably hurt in his brave efforts to stop the team.

## Our Police Record.

The following is the annual Report of the Chief of Police as presented to the Police Commissioners:

## TO THE POLICE COMMISSIONERS OF THE CITY OF BELLEVILLE:

GENTLEMEN:—In presenting my annual report for the year ending 31st December, 1879, I would beg the liberty of informing a few remarks with reference to its chief features.

It is to be observed that the number of crimes in the year rather increased.

The crime of Larceny is one which, in a place of this size, we would naturally expect to see on rather a large scale in comparison with other criminal acts, and such, in fact is in the report, strikingly the case, there being no less than thirty-nine arrests for this offence. Although many of them were for offences of a most petty character, yet one fact in regard to those arrested is particularly alarming, that is the number of lads under the age of 16, convicted of this crime. In all communities are to be found depraved desperadoes whose whole life has been, is now, and ever will be one of crime; those who care nothing for the powers of the law, and who are in every respect totally depraved. All that can be done with such as these is to look constantly on the alert in detection of any criminal act which they may commit. There is but little hope of the reformation of the vast majority of this band, of course in every set of such men there may be isolated instances, but I am at present dealing with them as a whole. How then can a complete shapeness of this miserable career be effected, the rule is very simple—let every parent in the City of Belleville as closely watch the onward footstep of those children entrusted to her or his care guard them from evil, make their home a home of pleasure to them, and if each child is there properly restrained and nurtured there will be no men in our midst so utterly lost as the class whom I have above attempted to describe. Lads convicted of crime do not at once jump place themselves in the humiliating position which they occupy before the bar of Justice, they reach it by successive backward strides. The path may have been quickly trodden, but it was nevertheless gone over by degrees. The first chief point in the path which men reach is the one at which boys who should be enjoying the beauties of the home circle or other undesirable places of resort. Lounging about the streets of our city, standing about the entrances to places of public entertainment and then at a late hour to return to their homes to throw themselves into bed. Few people will say that this course by any means deserves the name of a *climax* for an almost at present unconscious within them. The second great backward point reached, one which they commit their first crime and receive its accompanying punishment. And the third at which we may well be appalled, is that step which takes them through that of utter depravity and on which may well be written the legend “All who enter here may abandon hope.” I trust when the people of Belleville see the primary origin of this in its most sickening aspect they will use the only sure remedy and put a stop to the night roaming of their sons, and if wanted the police can do their duty, but that is no satisfaction the evil still remains, but with the former method applied our work in detecting youth and after a time even hardened criminals would be very light.

The “Social evil” question is one which during the past year agitated the minds of the people of this Province. So much has been written and spoken concerning this that any reference which I might make to it, as a whole, would be useless. I will, therefore, confine myself strictly to the form which had taken in our own midst. That notorious place called the “Farm,” situated in the Township of Thurlow, may well have the undesirable credit of being the mother of this curse in Belleville. During its palmy days the Mistress of the house was in the habit of bringing a number of unfortunate to her place from Toronto or elsewhere. After a short time she would turn these chafers and bring on another set, and so this would continue.

The constant parade made by those characters on Front Street, caused many of the residents of the city unacquainted with the facts to suppose that Belleville was crowded with these characters. However, I am happy to be able to state that at no time was there more than six or seven of those houses here. A band of noble women went to those places some time since, and endeavored to reclaim those lost once, but it was of no avail, only one showing any disposition to accept of those generous offers which, after great trouble, these ladies were able to extend to them. After the thorough raiding which those houses received at the hands of the Police the evil partially collapsed, but it requires constant attention to keep down those iniquitous resorts; every place known or reported of being a house of ill-fame was during the past year raided, some of them twice and some even three times—while the Toronto police were endeavoring to hustle such people out of Toronto, numerous parties came to Belleville with the intention of remaining, but they were given a short and forcible notice to leave and so we can congratulate ourselves on escaping from the effects of this onward tide.

The arrests for drunkenness this year number on the whole some 271 cases. Last year there were 311 arrested for this offence, showing a difference of 40 in favor of 1879. I have to report that notwithstanding the fact that the “tramp nuisance” in other sections of this Province has been during the past year unabated, these gentry have learned to give Belleville a wide birth. Last year, 651 of these applied for shelter at the station house, whereas this year there were only 356 presented themselves, being a difference of 245. Other items on the list will speak for themselves and will also speak for the efficient manner in which the Police force performed its duty.

There have been three changes in the Police force during the year, two by dismissal and one by resignation. The new appointments have given unusual satisfaction. The health of the force has been excellent. The police discovered 29 pieces of business unlocked or improperly secured. The total value of stolen property restored to the owners by the police during the year amounted to \$802.50.

Sergeant Snider is credited with having made the greatest number of individual arrests, viz., 100. Constable Cook stands second with 93 to his credit, and Constable Newton third with 68 to his credit. The total number of arrests made by the Police during the year was 526, charged as fol-

lows: Assault, 7; assault and battery, 12; aggravated assault, 5; attempted murder, 1; attempted pickpocketing, 1; attempted rape, 1; attempted robbery, 1; abusive language, 1; breach of the peace, 2; breaking and entering, 1; burglary, 1; assault, 1; assault and disorderly, 93; assaultive conduct, 9; cruelty to animals, 2; embezzlement, 1; exposing person, 2; fraud, 1; frequenting houses of ill-fame, 5; false pretences, 1; forgery, 1; fighting on public streets, 1; gambling, 1; keeping houses of ill-fame, 22; larceny, 1; larceny on railways, 2; murder, 1; malicious injury to property, 1; larceny of houses of ill-fame, 18; riotous conduct, 6; robbing stolen goods, 1; sealing threatening letter, 1; search warrant, 2; threatening life, 6; uttering counterfeit coin, 1; wife beating, 1; vagrancy, 62. Disposed of as follows: 69 were sentenced to terms of imprisonment extending from one week to six months; 2 for one year in Central Prison and one 21 months in the same place; to the Provincial Penitentiary 3 were sent for 2, 5 and 10 years respectively; one lad was sent to the Reformatory for 3 years; 12 were fined in varying sums from \$1 and costs to \$40 and costs; 326 were either acquitted or discharged; 219 were summoned for various offences, 111 of which were infractions of City By-laws.

All of which is respectfully submitted.  
HUGH MCKINNON,  
Chief Constable,  
Belleville, Jan. 10th, 1880.

MORNING DESPATCHES.  
EUROPEAN.

## NORDENSKJOLD AND HIS DISCOVERIES.

## General and Correspondent.

## THE LATEST LONDON SENSATION.

NAPLES, Feb. 17.—Nordenkjold says he is convinced of the practical utility of his discoveries in the opening of Siberia to commerce, and pronounces the region rich in whales, seal and fish.

NEW YORK, February 17.—The *Herald*, cables that the controversy between Bill Run Russell as South African correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* and Sir Garnet Wolseley, is the great London sensation. Wolseley accuses Russell of gross exaggeration and falsehoods, and states that the correspondent was hoaxed. Russell reaffirms his charges of drunkenness, lack of discipline, and gross violence towards responsible citizens on the part of the soldiers in South Africa, and offers to produce proofs. A whole regiment attacked a hotel at Utrecht, because a lodger refused to drink with them. The officers were compelled to close all the drinking places by force, to prevent the excesses of the troops. Other officers in charge of marching regiments gave up their supply of spirits to the troops, so that they might get drunk out of sight of the settlers; two soldiers drank till they choked to death. Not a store in Hoilberg was left unbroken or unrecked by the troops.

The “Social evil” question is one which during the past year agitated the minds of the people of this Province. So much has been written and spoken concerning this that any reference which I might make to it, as a whole, would be useless. I will, therefore, confine myself strictly to the form which had taken in our own midst. That notorious place called the “Farm,” situated in the Township of Thurlow, may well have the undesirable credit of being the mother of this curse in Belleville. During its palmy days the Mistress of the house was in the habit of bringing a number of unfortunate to her place from Toronto or elsewhere. After a short time she would turn these chafers and bring on another set, and so this would continue.

The constant parade made by those characters on Front Street, caused many of the residents of the city unacquainted with the facts to suppose that Belleville was crowded with these characters. However, I am happy to be able to state that at no time was there more than six or seven of those houses here.

A band of noble women went to those places some time since, and endeavored to reclaim those lost once, but it was of no avail, only one showing any disposition to accept of those generous offers which, after great trouble, these ladies were able to extend to them.

After the thorough raiding which those houses received at the hands of the Police the evil partially collapsed, but it requires constant attention to keep down those iniquitous resorts; every place known or reported of being a house of ill-fame was during the past year raided, some of them twice and some even three times—while the Toronto police were endeavoring to hustle such people out of Toronto, numerous parties came to Belleville with the intention of remaining, but they were given a short and forcible notice to leave and so we can congratulate ourselves on escaping from the effects of this onward tide.

The arrests for drunkenness this year number on the whole some 271 cases. Last year there were 311 arrested for this offence, showing a difference of 40 in favor of 1879. I have to report that notwithstanding the fact that the “tramp nuisance” in other sections of this Province has been during the past year unabated, these gentry have learned to give Belleville a wide birth. Last year, 651 of these applied for shelter at the station house, whereas this year there were only 356 presented themselves, being a difference of 245. Other items on the list will speak for themselves and will also speak for the efficient manner in which the Police force performed its duty.

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## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

SUN. WEST Nov. 24, 1879.  
No. 2, Day Express..... 6:15 p.m.  
No. 4, Morning Express..... 6:30 a.m.  
No. 5, Mixed..... 12:05 p.m.  
Passenger..... 4:00 p.m.

GOING EAST.  
No. 1, Day Express..... 11:10 a.m.  
No. 3, Night Express..... 11:10 p.m.  
No. 7, Mixed..... 1:10 p.m.  
No. 8, Mixed..... 11:00 p.m.

GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3rd, trains will run as follows:  
Leave Hastings..... 7:30 a.m.  
Arrive in Belleville..... 10:00 a.m.  
Leave Belleville..... 3:30 p.m.  
Arrive in Hastings..... 6:00 p.m.  
Trains are run by Belleville time.

BELLEVILLE AND NORTH HASTINGS RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3rd, trains will run as follows:  
Leave Mattoon..... 8:00 a.m.  
Arrive in Belleville..... 10:00 a.m.  
Leave Belleville..... 3:30 p.m.  
Arrive in Hastings..... 6:00 p.m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.  
These roads are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway.

PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, December 2nd, trains will run as follows:  
Leave Trenton Junction..... 7:45 a.m. and 11:15 a.m.  
Arrive in Picton..... 10:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m.  
Leave Picton..... 3:30 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.  
Arrive at Trenton Junction..... 11:30 a.m. and 6:00 p.m.

(Trains are run by Montreal time.)

## STAGE ROUTES.

Stages have the principal hotels for the un-drawn-out places at the hourstanes:

For STIRLING—Daily, at 8 a.m., and 2 p.m.  
For MADDOX—Daily, at 2 p.m.  
For BISHOPWATER, TWED, &c.—Daily, at 2 p.m.

For TENTERDOWN—Daily, at 3 p.m.

For PICTON—Daily, at 3 p.m.

The stages arrive at Belleville about noon each day.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, FEB. 17.

## City and Vicinity.

**THE CELLS.**—Two tramps were accorded accommodations in the cells last night.

**PERSONAL.**—Mr. Coo, who assists Mr. Hammond in his revival work, left to-day for Montreal.

**ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.**—A soiree in aid of the above church will be given in the City Hall to-morrow evening.

**METING.**—A joint meeting of the Rowing Club and the Cricket Club will be held to-night at the St. George's restaurant, to arrange for their coming entertainment.

**CLOVER FOR ENGLAND.**—Mr. W. D. Fuller, of this city, made his first direct shipment of clover seed to Liverpool, England, yesterday.

**LIVELY.**—Freight traffic at this depot yesterday was the briskest that has been offered for a considerable time, and afforded an extra amount of labor to all employed in the freight shed.

**TEMPERANCE.**—The celebration of the 21st anniversary of the Workingmen's Temperance Association of this city will be held in their hall in the new Robertson block on Thursday evening.

**INDUCTION.**—Rev. D. Mitchell, who accepted the charge of the John St Presbyterian Church will be inducted on Friday next and preach his first sermon here on the Sunday following.

**RAILWAY NOTES.**—One car of oats from Landedown, one car of wheat from Hastings and one car of barrels from St. John, N.B., were received by Mr. Henry Corby yesterday and a car of corn was shipped to Mr. Tuttle of Bridgewater via Madoc.

**GENEROUS DONATION.**—Messrs. S. H. Deries and T. Love, of the G.T.R., have kindly donated the trotting mare "Lulu" for the benefit of the Irish poor, and she will be disposed of by the Committee who are soliciting assistance for that worthy object.

**MILBURN.**—A short series of lectures in Ontario by Milburn the blind orator is announced. This is the first opportunity to many of hearing this star of eloquence, and in all human probability will be the last and only one to many. Do not fail to hear this interesting, pathetic and eloquent sufferer, whose name has been a household word so long.

**TEA-MEETING.**—The annual tea-meeting was held in the lecture room of the Hallway Street Methodist Church last evening with a very large attendance. R. Luttrell, Esq., occupied the chair. There was an abundance of edibles, which were served up by the ladies in excellent style. The financial statement of the church was presented and read by Jacob Wilson, Esq., after which speeches were delivered by the Rev. O. R. Lamb, Thomas Holden, Esq., and the Rev. William Briggs. The meet-ing was a grand success.

**GONE TO HIS LAST HOME.**—James Vint, Esq., formerly of the township of Hope, County of Durham, died on the 12th inst aged 70 years. The deceased gentleman was a member of the Orange order for over 50 years, over 40 of which he was a member of Hope Lodge, No. 75. Some time since, this latter Lodge made him an honorary member for service in connection with Orangeman in this part of the Province, a compliment much appreciated by Mr. Vint, and one which was certainly well deserved. His remains were interred in the cemetery at Port Hope.

**NO MORE HARD TIMES.**—Some men are like postage stamps, they will never stick to anything till they are thoroughly ticked.

More of than any other kind of pro-perty is destroyed by fire, and yet but little of it is insured.

Why a door nail is any more dead than a doorknob because it has been hit on the head.

When two men put their heads together it is for mutual advantage, but it ain't so with goats.

If you will stop spending so much on fine clothes, rich food and style, you good, healthy, cheap, chester and better clothes, you get more wear and longer life. It is better to stop than especially stop the foolish habit of employing expensive quack doctors or using so much of the vile humbug medicine that does you only harm. The best way to stop is to take the remedy. Hope Sister, that cures always at a trifling cost, and you will see good times and have good health. See another column.

## Irish Relief.

A largely attended and influential meeting of the Central and Ward Committees was held last night in the City Hall.

His Worship the Mayor presided, the various Ward Committees organized elected their respective Chairmen, and appointed them their agents.

**KETCHISON WARD.**—West of Pinacle street will be canvassed by Judge Sherwood, Ald. Costello, Messrs. T. Ritchie, W. Johnson and W. J. Northgraves.

Between Pinacle and George streets, Ald. J. A. Jellett, Between George and Ann streets, Ald. Thos. Holden, Messrs. J. Grant, Prof. Dawson, J. E. Flint and E. McMahon. Between Ann street and eastern city limits, Messrs. W. E. Holton, Jas. Hennessy, S. G. Beatty and J. W. Caution.

**FOSTER WARD.**—Dundas Street, Messrs. Newberry, Bleeker and Brennan; Maria and John Streets, Messrs. J. W. Johnson and W. J. Hudson; Wharf St. and south, Messrs. Petrie and Perkins; Front Street, Messrs. Thompson and Backus; Church and Pinacle Streets, Messrs. Campbell and Durand.

**BALDWIN WARD.**—Rev. Mr. McLean, Chairman; Front St., East side, Messrs. P. O'Brien and McCorrath; West side, Messrs. D. B. Robertson and S. Kyle; Pinacle and Church Sts., Messrs. Br. T. Lockery and Rea; John, Forin and Alexander Streets, Messrs. Jas. Smith and P. P. Lynch; George, William and Ann Streets, Jas. Macom and J. Nolan; Charles, Proctor, L. H. Henderson, S. Wade, R. Walsh, E. Hayes, and Jos. Durand.

**COLEMAN WARD.**—Section 1—All the district from the G. T. R. south to the river to be canvassed by Messrs. C. Lavis, Ostrom, M. O'Dempsey, W. Lingham, F. Gauthier, and Nelson Pringle. Section 2—The district north of G. T. R. by Messrs. St. Charles, Proctor, L. H. Henderson, S. Wade, R. Walsh, E. Hayes, and Jos. Durand.

**SAMSON WARD.**—Dr. Hope was chosen Chairman; Murney Ward—Mr. Falkner, Chairman. The Committee of both these Wards and Bleeker Ward will meet to-night to fully distribute the territory to be canvassed.

After considerable desultory conversation it was on motion decided to commence the collection of subscriptions on Thursday the 19th inst., each Ward Committee to report finally to the Central Committee at the City Hall on the evening of Thursday, the 26th inst., at 7:30 p.m.

It was decided by almost unanimous vote to forward all subscriptions to the Mansion House Committee, presided over by the Lord Mayor of Dublin. It was suggested that canvassers would be at liberty to accept subscriptions for any of the funds, and the Central Committee would see that an account was given to the donor, but he should not profess to be a Christian until he has been converted. He defined the word Christian and said a change of heart acceded it and a belief then in the Lord Jesus Christ was a saving faith.

Singing followed, after which there was an enquiry meeting.

## Revival Services.

## MR. HAMMOND'S MEETINGS.

MONDAY EVENING.

After the singing of a hymn, Rev. Mr. Lanby offered a brief prayer.

Mr. Hammond said that all should unite a spirit of prayer; he stated that he had been out riding during the afternoon, and during the journey had devoutly prayed for a man who had promised to attend the meeting. He had also visited the Institute for the Deaf and Dumb, and had spoken to those who were in that Institution. He then read a portion of the 15th chapter of the Acts of the Apostles, and expatiated on the several verses read by him.

The story of the torturing of Paul and Silas was vividly presented, and the suffering they underwent portrayed with the characteristic earnestness of the speaker.

We praise God always, and ask Him to deliver us from evil. He objected to the prejudices of parents in not allowing their children to attend such meetings as these, and trusted no fault would be found with him in speaking in the manner he did.

Prayer was offered for the fathers and mothers of the little children who had given their hearts to Jesus, and the invocation of the Holy Spirit was asked to aid to that end.

Rev. Mr. Lane announced the holding of future meetings, and Mr. Hammond supplemented it and asked that his efforts would be aided by the prayers of Christians.

After the singing of a hymn, Mr. Hammond urged that an extra effort be made to secure a large attendance at future meetings. He then went into his discourse, choosing as his theme "What shall I do to be saved?" That is what has not troubled many, as they have not realized it, for they were blind. Reply to his text was "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ and thou shalt be saved." His object was to show the difference between intellectual faith and saving faith. One may read the Bible for years, study it carefully and have an intellectual perception of it, and yet he lost to God. God has a government, it is upheld by law; we have broken His law and sin requires an atonement and we feel that it is necessary. Jesus came among us, proved his affinity and gave himself up as an atonement for our sins. The Son of Man came to save all who were lost; we must pray if we expect to be saved, and if we cry to Jesus He will relieve us from the waters of despair and place us in the life boat of salvation. We should pray, and when we do we should pray from the heart and through faith in the Lord Jesus Christ we could be saved. One may possess an intellectual comprehension of faith but he should not profess to be a Christian until he has been converted. He defined the word Christian and said a change of heart acceded it and a belief then in the Lord Jesus Christ was a saving faith.

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TUESDAY MORNING.

At 8:45 this morning Mr. Hammond held a meeting in Albert College and continued it until 10:30. His hearers were composed principally of students at the College, and his remarks made a deep impression on their minds.

An all day service was begun in the John St. Presbyterian Church this morning at 9:30, to a fair audience. The meeting opened with prayer; the singing of hymns followed; after which a variety of requests for prayer were presented, and received appropriate responses from the ministers present, and christians in the audience.

Hymnal exercises were given, and a series of brief prayers succeeded.

**A GOOD THING.**—German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. Rossie, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, rendering as it does a strong and healthy condition. It is in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but has stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case which its rapid and safe action in every symptom of a cold or fever, cold and generally chronic disease, and especially in cases of skin eruptions. This salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per bottle, 10 cents.

**THE TEARER.**—The new powder for whitening the teeth, stimulating the mouth and purifying the breath; the brightest, neatest, costliest little toilet gear extant. As your druggist for a trifling price. Price 75 cents each.

**MR. HOONAN.**—One of the men arrested for participation in the Biddulph tragedy, has been released.

The losses of the British farmers for the past year are estimated at £100,000,000 to £150,000,000.

The British Government resolved yesterday to increase the advance for Ireland from £500,000 to £750,000.

The planet Mars may now be seen a little south of the Pleiades until about a quarter to two in the morning, his disk being nine-tenths full.

Shortly after the accident to the Vice-Regal party a cable despatch was sent to Her Majesty the Queen, giving details.

Mr. Rivard has been re-elected Mayor of Montreal.

The Parliamentary library numbers 95,500 volumes. More accommodation is needed.

—Francois Leone Reinson, the wellknown engineer and architect, is dead.

—Ed. Ald. Rowe, of Ottawa, who intends to revive the Winnipeg Times, arrived in Winnipeg on the 15th.

A despatch from St. Petersburgh says Russia is erecting new fortifications at Sebastopol.

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**BUCKLEIN'S ARNICA SALVE.**—The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Lips, Chilblains, Cold Sores, &c. It is a salve of Arnica and other herbs. It is a salve of Skin Eruption. This salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per bottle. For sale by Jas. Clarke & Co., 1874.

**GUILTY OF WRONG.**—Some people have a fashion of confusing excellent remedies with the large mass of "patent medicines," and in this the quality of really good things is often overlooked. We are sorry to say that the salve of Arnica and other herbs is a salve of Skin Eruption. This salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per bottle. For sale by Jas. Clarke & Co., 1874.

**STRATFORD, ONT., AUG. 1, 1874.**—Having become almost entirely cured of extreme debility through the use of Flock's Patent Remedy, I am now a strong and healthy man. I have raised all other medications, but succeeded to these bottles of Flock's Patent Remedy. They are the best.

**WHY A DOOR NAIL IS ANY MORE DEAD THAN A DOOR KNOB.**—Because it has been hit on the head.

—London *Times* says it is a secret that

Princess Louise returned to Canada with great reluctance.

She complains of her utter isolation there. The Princess will pay another visit to England in the autumn.

No more hard times.

If you will stop spending so much on fine

clothes, rich food and style, you good,

healthy, cheap, chester and better clothes,

you get more wear and longer life.

It is better to stop than especially stop the foolish habit of

employing expensive quack doctors or using

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—London *Times*

**Daily Intelligencer.****CAST ON THE WORLD:**

or,

**The Border Marriage.**

A STORY OF THE GREAT GLASGOW BANK ROBBERY.

CONTINUED.

"Ah Maria, we are at happy," cried Tobey. "You don't know what a pain has gone from my heart. I had given him up for lost; and, do you know, I hoped he was."

He did not utter the word, but his look conveyed it, and Maria understood what he meant and gazed at him in wonder.

"La, Tobby, why did you hope that?"

"Because I knew then that he would be safe and happy, and not lost for ever, as I could have been had he not been guided back to us. What else could have happened had he gone on to wander in the streets, or sleep at night in some dark hole? Nature will reassess herself and cure the sick man. Ladies suffer from a variety of ailments, resulting from nervousness, which is liable to all sorts of trouble. On the other hand, men are, on the whole, among the best walkers, though there are thousand in city houses who will not take sufficient exercise. They eat offal and other unwholesome concoctions, which is the root cause of the stomach trouble, which, in most cases, is the stomach, by the use of the standard medicine, Dr. HERRICK'S SOUP CURE."

"I am sorry to know these horrid places, Maria, but I do; and only think that the poor innocent was among such a wicked sort. He's too young yet—thank God—to be hurt by what he saw, but he could hardly have left it like he did. And this is the reason why he was out of harm's way, in a better city than this wicked city of London."

For weeks all went well with our friends in Lambeth Walk; Charlie soon got over the effects of his wandering, and the performance being well patronized entailed higher profits, and a larger amount for their simple wants. A higher price household than those did not exist in London. During the day, Tobey resumed the teaching of the children—a labor of love which had been so delightfully and ingeniously executed in the caravan, but which had failed to meet with success when they came to London, for the Sow and Pigs was not a place favorable to right education.

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It had a rich reward even in the doing of it, for the young creatures learned with a fondness and relish which it made Tobey glad to see, and the very nature of the instruction intensified their mutual love and happiness.

One fear only did Tobey experience, and that was lest Silas Morgan should find them out, and force the children back into his service. What a terrible blow that would be for all of them, what misery it would bring, what a calamity it would prove. The very thought of it made Tobey's heart tremble, and he was afraid that the utmost precautions were taken to prevent such a fearful catastrophe; and as Silas Morgan was a long distance from the Lambeth Walk, he cherished the hope that the shrewd man would be baffled in any search he might be making for them.

As days and weeks passed, and nothing occurred to disturb their happy existence, the children grew however like a shadow, grow fainter and less oppressive. Winter was passing and the spring was at hand. The children were longing for the bright and warm days, that they might travel in the country, but Tobey shook his head over this project. It was comparatively easy to get the notice of Silas Morgan in the labyrinthine of Lambeth Walk, but were they to travel through the country, where doubtless he would be, it was almost certain that they would come across him; and so sooner did Tobey show them this danger, that the children readily, though with undignified sorrow, consented to forego the delights of field and meadow, the bright flowers and blue sky—the songs of birds, the music of streams, all of which was to them so enrapturing, rather than risk falling into the power of the cruel and passionate master of power, of the

Danger, however, was approaching from another quarter. The cloud of sorrow again to envelop them, and this time with heavier folds and a more enduring presence. Tobey's faith was about to be put to the severest test, and the unceasing care of the Father above. Well will it be for him if his anchor is cast sure and deep, for ore it will be cast as if the statement he so implicitly believed in is not true. People who have trusted as Tobey trusted in that consoling assurance have now in the face of dark dispensations been compelled to give up their faith. Well, we say, will it be for Tobey if he does not fail?

One night there came into the shed to witness the performance a big, broad-shouldered man, with a heavy air, showing countenance, in which nothing soft and tender showed itself. His face might have had more of a human expression about it had the skin of it been clean, and the complexion clear, but it had a dull dingy hue, as if he had been blackened and not well washed. His teeth, two, were dingy and not well grained, and his hands were positively ungrained.

This individual sat on the back bench, with his back to the wall, and viewed the performance with an interest which increased in a strange degree as Charlie went through his tumbling feat, and showed an activity and dexterity of limb marvellous to witness.

The heavy face of the man brightened as he gazed. His fusing was due to admiration, but self-satisfaction inspired it. The sight of Charlie's wonderful movements of limb suggested an idea of personal interest.

"That little 'un' would suit uncommonly well," said he. "He'd go up like winking, and want to teach. I'm resolved to have him. I never did see a chap so small as that as active. We'll be good for the work for the next eight years—maybe longer, if he don't grow fast. Yes, by St. Crispin, I must have him. He'll be a fort to me."

"How an I to manage it?" he muttered again, after some moments of silent musing.

"It's all in the carrying of him off, for once I have him in Brindlton's Alley I've got him safe enough. We'll do a trap once or twice and get costed his own mother wouldn't know him. But how to get him there without that lame cove or any others knowing. Let me see. I must bring him along with the van, and the top on it, one of them, and watch my chance to tip the young 'un in. If we get him into the van without being seen, the thins' de' for, I'll keep inside with him, to hold him quiet, and make Goldie drive like lightning. It was rare luck, and no mistake, that brought me in here to-night."

When the performance was over, thin man lingered in the yard outside, watching the motions of Tobey and Charlie as they put out the lights and shut the place for

the night. As he stood, Charlie came out alone, with a cloak over his performing dress, and tripping through the passage, closed and barred the gate, which was at the entrance to the street.

He had shambled out as he drew, and observed his movements from the pavement.

"There's the chance for mo' he mauter'd. 'Tis Cobbs had been here with the van, I could have nipped him up without a soul seeing. To-morrow night I'll have all ready, and then here is the same chance that I'll miss it."

Having muttered forth this resolution—which boded some grief and suffering for Charlie—the ill-looking man walked away, and was soon lost to view in the crowded thoroughfare of Lambeth Walk.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Drive out the Traitor.

Unite the original cause of any given disease can be removed, there is no successful way of obtaining a permanent cure. On the removal of the cause, however, perhaps the disease will not, in time, reassess herself and cure the sick man. Ladies suffer from a variety of ailments, resulting from nervousness, which is liable to all sorts of trouble. On the other hand, men are, on the whole, among the best walkers, though there are thousand in city houses who will not take sufficient exercise. They eat offal and other unwholesome concoctions, which is the root cause of the stomach trouble, which, in most cases, is the stomach, by the use of the standard medicine, Dr. HERRICK'S SOUP CURE."

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THE  
COUNTY OF HASTINGS  
DIRECTORY  
FOR 1859-60.

## CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE

## MYRTLE NAVY!

IS MARKED

## T. &amp; B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

## NONE OTHER GENUINE.

WEST BELLEVILLE  
GRAIN ELEVATOR

Capacity, 60,000 Bushels.

BRENNAN & VANDERVOORT  
Proprietors.

THE UNUSUAL AND interesting book has been above described to receive, store, and ship all kinds of Grain, to the most reasonable rates.

The large number of grain elevators to be found in the City, and being away from the grain trade, gives strong as the permanent nature of the book would seem to demand. The typography is perfect, and the paper excellent, and it is well bound.

The book is well worth the price of \$1.00, and is a valuable preparation for receiving grain.

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railway will henceforth receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office :

STIRLING.—At the drug store of Dr. G. H. Boulier, M. P. P.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTING.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. C. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,  
47 Park Row, New York.

J. H. BATES, 41 Park Row, New York.  
ARE our Agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 18.

## Political Notes.

TRUE TO THEIR RECORD.

Says the Mail—"The Mackenzie Government violated the Independence of Parliament Act up to the last moment." Accounts show that Mr. Bannatyne sold them provisions, and that Mr. Anglin copied the Government advertisements into his paper and charged them roundly for it. They were consistent in nothing but in the violation of their principles.

## ONE OF THE FIRST FEATS.

The Peterborough Review says—"The last number of the *Montgomery Times* contains the following paragraph:

"The French Commission on the Tariff has reported among other things, in favor of reducing the duty on Canadian wheat from \$0.20 to 2 francs. And on this point the Government agrees with the Commission. It is evident that the French Commission does not receive the sanction of the Legislature. Within two months it is expected the tariff will be passed; and, in the spring, the French market will open to our ship-builders, and we may regard as the first fruits of Sir A. T. Galt's mission."

This is only a specimen of the benefits that are likely to be derived from Sir A. T. Galt's services. The present Ministers certainly do not act on the belief that they are "flies on the wheel," and can do nothing to foster Canadian industries.

## THE NORTH-WEST.

The Mail thinks that the offices of Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West and those of other officials should be abolished, so soon as Mr. Laird's term of office expires. This is a matter for very serious consideration, and one which we are quite content to leave the Government to deal with. We are of opinion that Mr. Laird's office was created in advance of any necessity for it, and to reward him for his services to the Brit party in 1873. But that it will not be necessary, now that the Pacific railway is about to be extended beyond the boundaries of Manitoba, and that a very large influx of population into the territory is thus insured, does not seem so clear.

Mr. Laird's term of office does not expire until October, 1881, and there will be ample time to come to a determination on the subject previous to that time.

## DISTRIBUTING THE SURPLUS.

The Ontario Government have laid down the rule that it is better to distribute the surplus left them as a legacy by the Sandfield Macdonald Administration, than to hoard up the people's money. A few more pleasant trips will accomplish the desired end.

## "TIPPING" THE WAITERS.

It cost \$10 to tip the waiters at the Chicago Hotels on the occasion of the pleasure excursion of the Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario and party to Manitoba, which the economic Government at Toronto paid out of the public funds.

## ANOTHER LUXURY.

A trip to the theatre was one of the luxuries enjoyed by the same excursion party, which the people of Ontario are called upon to pay.

## GENEROUS TO THE BANDSMEN.

The dwellers in the great west were so enthusiastic that the band at Prince Arthur's Landing serenaded the Lieutenant-Governor and party. The people of Ontario paid the bill.

Mr. Hogue and the Township of Rawdon.

We take much pleasure in publishing the following extract from the Stirling *New-Argus* in relation to Mr. Joseph Hogue, the respected Clerk of the Council of Rawdon:—"At the last meeting of the Rawdon Council, on the 2nd inst., before the motion was put to adjourn, the Clerk requested the privilege of saying a few words, which was granted, and we publish his remarks by request, which were, in substance, as follows: 'I must say that this has been one of the most pleasant days I have spent around the Council board for the last nine years. When I came here this morning I anticipated a change in the Clerksip, and did not feel that care and responsibility that I have felt on former occasions. After the last meeting of the Council one of your body told me that there were about two-thirds of the people in the township that wanted a change, giving as their only reason that I had it long enough, and they thought others should have a chance. I told him if that was the case they should make the change by all means; as for my part, I had always said I did not want it longer than it was the wish of a majority of the Council or the people. You may know, sir, that I was quite surprised to hear that from the man it came from, and made it my business to enquire among the business men and others of the township what they had heard and believed, and they said the people appeared to be satisfied. They did not think they would get another person that would neglect his own business as I

had done to attend to the business of the public. I told them I had always felt it was the duty of any man who took a public office to fulfil it at at any sacrifice; and, air, I have yet to learn that there is a third of the township that wants a change. I would just say, Mr. Chairman, that I can to this township thirty-five years ago, when but about seventeen years of age, when the township of Rawdon was a wilderness; I cut the first tree on the place I settled on, and went through all the privations and hardships of an early settler. I have heard myself out a home that is uninhabited, and of which I justly feel proud; and I thank Providence that I have lived until this day to see what was then a wilderness now blooming like the rose. You must know that in coming to this township when a more youth, and spending my best days here, I have formed a strong attachment to the township of my adoption.'

## Annual Meeting.

THE G. J. R. BOARD ELECTION.

The adjourned annual meeting of the shareholders of the Grand Junction Railway Company was held in the Company's offices, Pinmold Street, on Tuesday 17th, at 2 p.m.

Amongst those present were Thomas Kelso, N. B. Falkiner, D. B. Robertson, James S. Fowlds, E. O. Bickford, H. Cameron, Q.C.

The chair was occupied by Mr. Kelso, President of the Company, and Mr. Robertson acted as Secretary.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

The chairman remarked that he regretted the small attendance of shareholders and the absence of the Mayor of the City and the Warden of the County. He had also to state that no annual meeting of the shareholders had taken place since the 17th of March 1877, but a report of the history of the road since that date would be presented.

The Secretary then read the report of the Directors of the Company, giving an account of the work done since the date above given, all of which is familiar to the general reader.

COLON, COLOMBIA, Feb. 18.—A successful revolution reported in Medellin, the capital of Antioquia. The administration is now believed to be in the hands of the Radical party.

SPRINGFIELD, N. C., Feb. 28.—Anne Sweet, the County fiddler, got drunk at a dance last night and was unable to play. He created a disturbance and rolled against Bob Tumstill. The latter struck Sweet over the head with a bass viol, inflicting fatal injuries.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—The Herald's fund now amounts to \$206,700; yesterday's contributions were \$3,000, including \$1,000 from Jas. Jacob Astor, and \$500 from W. P. Douglass.

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## THE AFGHAN SITUATION.

A Turcoman force enters Afghanistan—Excitement at Cabul.

Lahore, Feb. 17.—A Turcoman force, believed to be accompanied by Abdul Rahman Khan, has reached Akwah in Afghan Turkistan. There is great excitement at Cabul over this report.

## MORNING DESPATCHES.

## AMERICAN.

## THE VERMONT REPUBLICANS.

## Lynching in Virginia.

## KILLED BY A NUT-CRACKER.

## ANOTHER SOUTH AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

## The War Between Peru and Chili.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Feb. 18.—The Republicans last night chose delegates for the State Convention. The preferences of the delegates are for Edmunds, providing there is a chance of his nomination, otherwise they favor Grant.

HAGERSTOWN, Md., Feb. 18.—The Sheriff of Loudoun county, Virginia, while in charge of W. W. Nixon, a negro, charged with an indecent assault upon two white women recently, was set upon by thirty armed men at Point of Rocks Station, who forcibly took the prisoner half a mile up the river, where he was recognized by Miss Marmon, one of his victims. He was hanged to a tree and ten shots fired into his body, one by Miss Marmon.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 18.—Hughes, the young man who was struck a month ago with an iron nut cracker by Boghol, an Italian peanut vendor, whom he insulted, died yesterday Boghol, who furnished \$2,000 in Government bonds, has disappeared.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 18.—In 74 John Mueller, contractor for the Chicago custom house, made a written agreement to give his old friend James P. Morris \$30,000 annually provided Morris would leave all his property at his death to Mueller. Morris died soon after, leaving \$100,000. Judge Baxter decided that the agreement with Mueller was made while the two were drunk. The estate now reverts to the heirs.

COLON, COLOMBIA, Feb. 18.—A successful revolution reported in Medellin, the capital of Antioquia. The administration is now believed to be in the hands of the Radical party.

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# Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 13.

BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1880.

NO. 246.

## WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

### ALLAN LINE.



Winter Sailings via Halifax.

SHORTEST SEA ROUTE.

AVERAGE PASSAGE 72 DAYS.

### STEAM TO LIVERPOOL. Londonberry and Glasgow.

The Allan Line (carrying the Canadian and United States Mail), will be despatched from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonberry every Saturday, as follows:—

#### SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

SARMATIAN, November 29th.

CIRCASSIAN, December 6th.

SARPIAN, 10th.

MORAVIAN, 20th.

PERUVIAN, 27th.

HIBERNIAN, January 3rd.

IRISHMAN, 10th.

CIRCASSIAN, 17th.

SARDINIAN, 24th.

CASPIAN, 31st.

MORAVIAN, February 7th.

PERUVIAN, 14th.

POLYNESIAN, 21st.

RATES OF PASSENGERS.

From Belleville to Liverpool or Londonerry, Cabin \$67, \$80, and \$90, according to position of state-room.

Intermediate, with first-class Railway \$47.

Steerage, do., from \$30.25 to \$32.

Child, 1 to 12 years, half price, under 1 year free.

Return Tickets at reduced rates.

Steerage tickets are issued without extra charge, to or from Liverpool, Londonerry, Quebec, or Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bristol, or Cardiff.

The last train connecting with the Ocean Steamer at Halifax, passes Belleville every Thursday at noon. Passengers go at once on board.

An experienced Surgeon accompanies each vessel.

Not so sound until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage tickets to all foreign ports, and to Ireland or Scotland, by the Canadian Express Office in Canada or the United States. (When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.)

Intermediate and steerage Stewardesses are appointed to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information apply to:

**U. E. THOMPSON,**  
Agent All Lines,  
Canadian Express Office,  
Belleville.

### BANKING OFFICE

**U. E. THOMPSON,**  
BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

### AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS

Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice. Interest allowed at 4 and 5 per cent.

245

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL \$10,000,000

FUNDS INVESTED 12,000,000

ANNUAL INCOME \$5,000,000

The ROYAL Insurance Company has the largest number of any Fire Insurance Company in the world.

Insures Churches, Schools, Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise, Warehouses, &c., against loss by fire, at actual rates.

ROTH & TATELY, Chief Agents, Montreal.

T. DONNELLY,  
Agent, Belleville.

**THE SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL**  
Fire Insurance Comp'y of Glasgow.

CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

ASSETS \$1,500,000

INCOME 1,000,000

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO BRANCH.

HEAD OFFICE, 7 TORONTO ST. TORONTO.

JOHN L. BLAINE, Esq., Chairman, President Canada Landed Credit Company.

JOHN S. PLAYFAIR, Esq., (or Bryce, McMurchie & Co.)

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Esq., Vice-President Federal Bank of Canada.

INSPECTOR—ROBERT MCLEAN.

RESIDENT SECRETARY—LAWRENCE BUCHAN.

Deposited with the Government at Ottawa for security of Canadian Policy Holders, \$100,000.

This Company issues Policies of Insurance against loss or damage by fire or lightning on houses, barns, stables, farm and house-hold risks, at current rates.

Policies are issued from and losses settled directly by the Toronto Office, without delay.

All Premiums taken in this country are invested in Canadian securities.

R. NEWERY,  
Agent.

**QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY**

Of Liverpool and London.

### WIRE AND LIFE.

Capital \$2,000,000 Stg.

Invested Funds \$500,000

FORBES & MUDGE,  
Montreal,  
Chief Agents for Canada.

W. A. BURWELL, Agent, Belleville.

### Business Directory.

**John Bell.**  
BARRISTER, &c., will continue his general practice in his present office, on his own account.

JOHN BELL  
Belleville, November 12, 1879.

**Denmark & Northrup.**

BARRISTERS, &c., Offices lately occupied by Poston & Denmark, Front St., Belleville.

Money to Loan—Private and Company funds.

**Robertson & Thomas.**

BARRISTERS, &c., Office—Robertson Block, east side of Front Street, Belleville.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, J. PARKER THOMAS.

**Flint & Thomas.**

(Solicitors for the Department of Commerce, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c., Belleville, Ont.

JOHN B. FLINT, MORGAN JELLETT.

**Delaney & Ostrom.**

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, etc., Trenton.

PETERSON & PETERSON.

BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Inventors, &c., Belleville, Ont.

JOHN B. PETERSON, A. W. PETERSON, B. A.

**Geo. D. Dickson.**

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block, Bridge Street, Belleville.

**E. McMahon.**

BARRISTER, &c., Office—McMahon, Conroy & Co., Belleville, Ont.

**Sam'l. S. Wallbridge, Jr., LL. B.**

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Office—No. 4, Graham's Block, entrance from Campbell Street, Belleville, Ont.

**David B. Robertson.**

(Solicitor) GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY COMPANY, Belleville, Ont.

**Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor Chancery.**

NOTARY PUBLIC, &c., &c., Office—No. 4, over the Post Office, Bogart's Block, Bridge Street, Belleville, Ont.

**P. S.—Money to lend on easy terms and Mortgages bought and sold.**

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## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railway will hereafter receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STERLING.—At the drug stores of Dr. G. H. McLean, &c.

CAMPBELLSPORT.—At the offices of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTING.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. O. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. P. KOWELL & CO., 44 Park Row, New York.

J. H. BATES, 44 Park Row, New York, are our Agents in that city, and are authorized to conduct for advertising at our lowest rates.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, FEB. 19.

## Strict Economy.

We were told to believe at the late general election for the Ontario Legislature that, like Czar's wife the Dowager Empress was above suspicion. Many were led to believe that strict economy was, and would be, the order of the day in all matters connected with the Administration of public affairs in Ontario, if their management was left in the hands of the Mowat administration, and that the high moral standing of the rulers of affairs at Toronto, would be a sure guarantee that the Government of Ontario would be conducted in the interests of economy, morality and temperance.

That the large surplus left by the Sandfield Macdonald Administration was steadily and speedily fitting away there was no doubt; but that was readily accounted for by the large grants to Railways and other improvements in the Province, by which the people's money was returned to themselves. Like many who go to ruin through their vice whilst their liberality is held to account, the late exposure of the reckless sacrifice of the people's money by the Lieutenant-Governor and party on their trip to Manitoba, shows that the boasted surplus is being dissipated in a much more questionable manner than they would lead us to believe. For a party of a baker's dozen for a month's trip of the following list of supplies shows a power of absorption that can only be accounted for by the fact that the bill was to be paid by the tax payers of Ontario, who elected the present Administration at Toronto in the interest of morality and temperance.

It took the following supplies "to make the party comfortable," which was the instruction given to the Clerk of the House, who was made purveyor to the party by the Government, when ordering supplies.

Glasses, 36 bottles.  
Ale, 320 bottles.  
Brandy, 22 bottles.  
Soda, Seitzer, &c., 182 bottles.  
Bitter, 2 bottles.  
Cigars, 1,600.

Besides tobacco, occasional drinks at the bar, to show that they were not upstairs, and a bill for the theatre, all out of the hard earned money of the electors of Ontario.

True, "economy thou art a jewel" when applied to what we were told would be an economical Government in Ontario.

The Government, with characteristic cowardice, have tried to break the force of public opinion by inducing the Lieutenant-Governor to offer his cheque in payment of the liquor and cigar bills, which they had already sanctioned by paying, but they can not thus escape their unconstitutional responsibility. The Opposition are evidently fully determined to force them to face the issue, and the division which will ensue on the motion which is to be proposed by Mr. Meredith, will enlighten the people of the Province as to the sentiments of their representatives on a transaction which has found but one or two apologists in the Government press, abject as they usually are. The Lieutenant-Governor may assume a haughty displeasure and Mowat and Fraser may pretend to feel a vast amount of virtuous indignation because they should be brought to book, but will not in the slightest mitigate the popular condemnation passed upon so improper a use of the public money.

The Estimates and the Expenditure.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Mail writes:—"Since some, indeed many, of the Opposition journals do not seem to remember with accuracy the Finance Minister's speech of last session, it will be well to refresh their memories. Sir Leonard Tilley has declared his confidence that his anticipations would be realized and his estimates fulfilled, and one does not see anything from which one can gather with accuracy that the Minister was mistaken. He pointed out in his budget speech that whereas the estimated expenditure of the previous year, as submitted by Sir Richard Cartwright, was \$23,000,600, it had to be supplemented by various estimates which ran it up to \$24,086,424. He estimated his revenue for 1878-9 at \$21,020,000. It has actually been \$22,517,382. The deficit for the same year he estimated at \$2,400,000, but owing to the importations of the spring being larger than anticipated, the deficit is but \$1,937,360. Now, supposing the great importations of the spring not to have occurred and the trade of the country to have decreased at the rate of decrease under Mr. Mackenzie, what would the actual deficit of the past year have been? Sir Leonard estimated the revenue for 1878-9 at \$24,120,000, and if that estimate is not fulfilled, at least the country will have the satisfaction of knowing that it is because the public industries have received an impetus which has effectively checked foreign importation."

Stocking Lake Ontario with White Fish

## Revival Services.

## MR. HAMMOND'S MEETINGS.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

A meeting was held in Albert College and was highly successful. A children's meeting was held in the Baptist Church at four o'clock in the afternoon, which was largely attended and proved of deep interest.

## EVENING MEETING.

There was a very large audience in the Bridge Street Church at night, equal to that of Tuesday evening.

After prayer and singing, those present heartily joining in the latter, Mr. Hammond reported from the morning meeting that many announced that they had been converted yesterday. "Glory be to God on high" was sung, followed by the revivalist narrating some of his anecdotes, the words of which were plainly presented.

An impressive prayer by Mr. McRae was followed by "Worthy, worthy to the Lamb." Mr. Hammond read from the 1st chapter of the 2nd Peter a number of verse which he commented on and illustrated.

"We are not acceptable to God unless through Jesus Christ." Every sinner is a prodigal, and we cannot please God unless we go to him when he calls upon us.

When a boy he, the speaker, had been afflicted with the measles of infidelity, and like college students who think they are smart, said he disbelieved the Bible, but he had been led to believe in its truths by his mother.

He urged all to center their hopes in Christ. Singing succeeded and Rev. Dr. Jaques addressed the audience.

He was delighted with the success of these meetings and was glad Mr. Hammond had come to this city; he was also pleased with the success of the work at the College, as nearly all the students had experienced a change of heart.

The children's meetings were very successful and he was also pleased with that; he hoped and believed if Mr. H. came again in the course of a few years he would find that all the children had remained truthful. He announced the names of several religious works which Mr. Hammond had for sale and spoke highly of their contents.

Mr. Hammond said he did not derive any profit from the sale of these books and his only object was to do good. He read a letter from a gentleman in St. Catharines which stated that the work in that city was still going on and that the interest was deepening.

A collection was then taken up to defray the expenses connected with the holding of these meetings.

Mr. Hammond asked prayer for himself, as he had tired from the labors of the day; then delivered a brief prayer, after which he gave out as the subject of his discourse the 22d verse of the 16th chapter of Mark: "My God, my God, why hast thou forsaken me?" He pictured the scene at the cross and pointed to the central figure, and asked, did He suffer? That would resolve itself into three questions: Who is your sufferer? What does He suffer for? For whom does He suffer? He spoke of the crowd around the cross, many of whom were scoffers and who called our Saviour an impostor. Lazarus was also of the crowd but he said, He was the Messiah, long promised. A little girl whose afflictions had been cured by Jesus, and the son of a widow who was restored to life also proclaimed Him the Son of God. Every chapter in the Gospel, according to John, proved the divinity of Christ. If any one admits that Jesus was a good man that settles the question, for the doctrine was the central one of God's word. The conversion of a sinner proclaims the divinity of the Lord Jesus Christ. The Bible is full of mystery and that endorses its divinity. "What did He suffer?" It will take all eternity to explain that question. He speaks more of His physical sufferings than of His soul suffering. His sufferings were beyond finite conception. "For whom does he suffer?" He made Himself a ransom for us and gave Himself up to us from the penalty of the law. Jesus lost His life for sinners; He was buried for our iniquities, and none of us had even thanked Him for it, and in that we were ungrateful. A beautiful illustration, depicted in glowing and earnest language, closed a discourse of the greatest interest. An enquiry meeting followed, and consumed an hour, when the meeting closed.

TUESDAY MORNING.

After devotional exercises in John Street Church this morning, Mr. Hammond gave out his subject "The indwelling of the Spirit of God," and read a portion of the 4th chapter of the 2nd Kings. He commented on the several verses and pointed out and explained the inferences that were drawn from them. Other selections from the Scriptures bearing on the subject were also illustrated and explained. It was our fault, he said, if we were not filled with the spirit of God. Those who are possessed with a love of the Holy Spirit and a love of souls can do much good if they go to work.

Mr. C. Wilson related the story of his conversion; he stated that he had been drunkard but that having been led to attend these revival meetings now through the grace of God he was saved; he advised all drunkards to respond to an encore. Mr. Spangenberg came next with a comic song, and afterwards Mr. Hugh Walker gave a reading. Mrs. Thomas and Mr. George Maybee in the dusk "How dear the hour" were pleasantly received and loudly applauded, as was also Mr. Joseph Lewis in a recitation. Miss Christian sang two Scotch songs with excellent effect, and Rev. Dr. Clark delivered a brief address. An instrumental duet and a vocal quartette succeeded, and the proceedings were brought to a close by singing God Save the Queen.

Sleep Worring.—A despatch from Napier on the 18th says:—"Mr. Jas. Huffman had his whole flock of sheep, consisting of thirteen fine ones, destroyed by dogs last night. His son-in-law on going to feed the stock this morning discovered the dogs in the act, and attempted to drive them away, when they attacked him and forced him to refuge. The sheep were found dead lying in all directions, mangled and torn so that not even the pelts are of much value. The owner of the dogs has agreed to make the loss good."

## FROM PICTON.

## Fire in a Grocery.

FEBRUARY 18.—About 11.30 this morning a fire broke out in W. A. Carson's grocery and grocery store, adjoining the Oddfellow's Hall, on Main St., but it was soon got under control. Damage to building and stock about \$6000; insured in the Lanchester Ins., Co. The fire is supposed to have originated from a defective chimney.

## DESTRUCTION OF OUR YOUTH.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

DEAR SIR.—Will you kindly insert the following comments on the Report of our Chief of Police?

I read in that Report of the alarming increase of crime in the "Youth of our City." Perhaps few people are aware of this, but it is true.

I was informed only the other day by a gentleman who is in a position to know, that boys and beardless young men go by droves to the bar of a large hotel in this city every night.

This expenditure of money cannot be maintained by small salaries. Where does it come from? Too often from the till of employers.

As they grow older they get bolder; embezzlement follows, and often forgery. Most cases result in detection, then imprisonment or the Penitentiary.

A young man who has once acquired the title of "bird bird" has little chance of regaining his character, consequently his career in the future would be one of crime.

What is the cause of this?

I fully endorse the opinion of our Chief, that it is to be traced to the gross carelessness and wilful negligence of "parents." Their homes are such as to drive young men out of doors for amusement.

This is not all. I am about to make a grave statement, but it is nevertheless a true one, that our "Ministers" have a share of part of this charge with the parents. They are so dreadfully afraid of outside work being done.

There are congregations who could muster at least forty workers, who could take up house to visitation, or go in parties to teach the Gospel in the evenings in private houses in various parts of the city, were they generalized by their Pastor.

The Christians of Belleville also have a share in this, for we know of some whom they have tried to turn out of the Church because of their zeal for the Master, and I know of a person who was told by one in authority to get out of the Church because he opposed the getting of money by wrong means for it.

And yet many of the Christians think it no harm to go to doubtful places of amusement, and give occasion to the enemies of Christ to point the finger of scorn at them, and say "Look at your Christians!" And I know of an instance in which tickets for a Church entertainment were offered for sale to hotel keepers to sell over the bar.

All this makes one ask the question, "Can this be a Christian land?"

Ministers and Christians, be up and doing, if you want to stem the tide of crime and drunkenness.

Christian Ladies, go to work. Parents, look well to your children.

I am, dear Sir,

A WELL-WISHER TO THE YOUNG.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

FRIDAY, FEB. 18, 1850.

—

IN TAKING this stand we do so with the firm conviction that it will be to the benefit of both buyer and seller, as while on the one hand we shall not, under any circumstances, sell goods on credit, and on the other hand shall be able to sell at closer prices, certain of getting our money in full.

We are year by year getting better advantage, and to buy the bulk of our stock is bought as cheaply as that of the wholesale houses of Toronto and Montreal, thus enabling us to give our customers the very best value for their money.

Accordingly, from the 1st of March next,

we shall not, under any circumstances, sell goods on credit, and we trust that our friends will not give us the painful necessity of robbing them.

In taking this stand we do so with the firm conviction that it will be to the benefit of both buyer and seller, as while on the one hand we shall not, under any circumstances, sell goods on credit, and on the other hand shall be able to sell at closer prices, certain of getting our money in full.

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**Daily Intelligencer.**  
CAST ON THE WORLD:

The Border Marriage.  
A STORY OF THE GREAT GLASGOW BANK ROBBERY.

## CHAPTER XV.

THE ABDUCTION—CHARLIE IS FORCED TO BECOME A CLIMBING BOY.

At the close of the performance on the following night, Charlie with a cloak about him, went as usual to bar the door which separated the passage from the street.

Tobby was at the time engaged in putting out the lighted candles in the sitting room; and as the boy had done this little duty of closing the door quite correctly on several previous occasions, Tobby had no anxiety in allowing him to perform it on this occasion. He turned his head to the right around his shoulders and quitted the room, little dreaming that he would never see him as a boy again.

With a light tripping step, Charlie was going through the passage towards the door when suddenly he heard a sharp noise behind him, and at once, without his cloak, he was aware of something on his head, and pressed tightly on his face, so as to prevent him from screaming. He felt himself also, at the very same instant, lifted in somebody's arms, borne out into the street, and tumbled into a vehicle; some one sprang in after him, and a coarse, husky voice exclaimed:

Drive out the Traitor

If you will stop spending so much on fine clothes, rich food and style, buy good health by the food, change your habits of indulgence, and the comfortable things of life every way, and especially stop the foolish habit of expending expensive doctors or drugs.

In addition to giving the lot and condition of each resident in the City, the best part of the work is the map of the County, Belleville and the principal village.

Capacity, 60,000 Bushels.

BRENNAN & VANDERVOORT Proprietors.

THE  
COUNTY OF HASTINGS  
DIRECTORY  
FOR 1879-80.

JUST PUBLISHED: A new Directory of the County of Hastings, containing a full and complete list of householders of the City of Belleville, of each Town, Township and Village in the County, also a list of post offices, post roads, railroads, steamship companies, lists of trades and professions of Belleville, together with statistical and other information, local and Provincial, and accounts of the principal business houses, with tables and maps of the County, Belleville and the principal village.

In addition to giving the lot and condition of each resident in the City, the best part of the work is the map of the County, Belleville and the principal village, and whether he be a freethinker or householder.

Copies of the work can be had on application at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Belleville, and the price is \$2.00 per copy, post paid.

MADOU—G. W. Wilson  
STIRLING—D. H. Bouler.  
Price \$2.00 per copy, post paid.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

The following extract from one of the most reliable journals of the country gives an idea of the character and value of the work:

THE HASTINGS DIRECTORY.—The publishers may well proud of the success which they have had in bringing the directory which the people of the county should be beyond the director. The blurb is that Tremendous, of Belleville, has put out a book which is as good as the permanent nature of the book would seem to demand. The typography is perfect, and the tables displayed in the arrangement of the book are excellent. It sells at \$2.00 per copy, and orders may be sent to the INTELLIGENCER OFFICE.—*Stirling New Argus.*

HASTINGS DIRECTORY.—We acknowledge the receipt of a copy of this work, published in 1879, and are pleased to find that it contains nearly 500 pages, accurately edited, well printed, and substantially bound. The information contained in this work is of interest to the residents of the County, and especially of those who have given their attention to its physical condition, the resources, commercial facilities, manufacturing industries, &c., & this part of the work will be of great interest to the public generally. There are also notes on the local railroads, river and flora of the County, particularly of the soil, forest products, game, fisheries and other subjects, which greatly enhance the value of the work.

A good deal of time has been spent in the preparation of this work, and we trust our old friends will appreciate the advantages offered.

“This Elevator is now ready to receive grain.”

Mr. BRENNAN.—Late of the firm of W. H. Campbell & Co., SID. VANDERVOORT, Late of Leo & Vandervoort, Belleville, Sept. 12, 1879.

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE  
MYRTLE NAVY!

IS MARKED

T. & B.  
IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

WEST BELLEVILLE  
GRAIN ELEVATOR.

Capacity, 60,000 Bushels.

BRENNAN & VANDERVOORT Proprietors.

THIE undersigned having leased the above premises for a term of years, are prepared to receive, store, and ship all kinds of Grain, at reasonable rates.

The lease of a part of these premises enables us to pay more attention to grading than any other establishment in the City, and being away from Railways and Steamboats, farmers need not be afraid of teams being scared or annoyed in the yard.

All roads approaching the premises are in good first class condition.

Having first class facility for receiving grain, will take in on wagons \$000 bushels per day.

The many years' experience we have had in the grain trade, and the confidence heretofore placed in us by many friends, has decided us to take these facilities for our business.

For the protection of the public, which we could hardly admit, is highly creditable to the compilers and editors.—*Belleville Ontario.*

THE HASTINGS DIRECTORY.—A copy of this work, which we have just received, from the INTELLIGENCER job printing office, is before us, and we can truly say, it is the most complete and authentic County Directory we have ever seen. The tables are greater in extent than in any previous edition, and the book is well printed and arranged in the most systematic manner, with tables giving a valuable book of reference, and as it is well bound, well printed, and arranged in the most systematic manner, we have to say, that the editor of this work has done a great service to the public. There is also much general information given, which will be of great value to all.

Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, and Bowels, giving tone, energy, and vigor to these great MAIN SPRINGS OF LIFE.

They are considerably recommended as a never failing remedy, and can be used with safety from whatever cause, has been impaired or weakened. They are wonderfully efficacious in all ailments incidental to Females of all ages; and as a GENERAL FAMILY MEDICINE, are unsurpassed.

HASTINGS DIRECTORY.—We have just received a copy of the “County of Hastings Directory,” one of the best works of kind we have ever seen. The tables it contains are such as must prove useful to all who wish to know particulars concerning the population, resources, &c., of this flourishing district. The work entire, is well bound, well printed, and arranged in the most systematic manner, and will be of great value to all.

It is the opinion of the author that the editor of this work has done a great service to the public.

It is creditable alike to its author and publisher, and will have the effect of making the important and County of Hastings better known to the world.

It is highly probable that the work will prove financially profitable.—*Naples Standard.*

A County of Hastings Directory has been issued from the office of the INTELLIGENCER, and is a very complete one of 500 pages, illustrating how closely the present press are treading upon the heels of their metropolitan brethren.

London Free Press.

HASTINGS DIRECTORY.—It is well arranged, and is very neatly printed. The Directory, in such complete form, will be of great convenience to those desiring information relating to the County, and, of course, of great value to the business and professional residents. Copies may be had at the INTELLIGENCER office, Belleville.—*Ottawa Free Press.*

The new DIRECTORY OF THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS, compiled by Mr. W. A. Shepard of the INTELLIGENCER, has a local interest, and interest, not the mere interest of a few individuals.

The County of Hastings, in the United States, which has asserted itself in the United States for the various forms of metal, the gold, for our own part is promising indeed.

The great excitement of the country, however, other wise is master of history; and there are not wanting those—the compiler of the work under consideration, who will still have it said that Don Quixote exists there. The situation given of the forest productions of Hastings is very suggestive of the Free Great Lakes interesting.

The industrial and other interests of its chief towns, a plan of the city of Belleville, and the like, are all included.

It is the opinion of the author that the book, which bears evidence of careful and intelligent compilation. If the Hastings Directory meets with its deserts it will far exceed any local sale.—*Montgomery Times.*

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# Daily Intelligencer

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 13.

1879. 1880.  
WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.  
ALLAN LINE.

Business Directory.  
John Bell,  
BARRISTER, &c., will continue his  
general practice in his present office  
on his own account.  
JOHN BELL.

Bellefonte, November 12, 1879.

Bennmark & Northrup,  
BARRISTERS, &c., Offices lately occu-  
pied by Weston & Bennmark, Front St.,  
Belleville, to Loan—Private and Company  
funds.

Robertson & Thomas,  
BARRISTERS, &c., Office—Robertson  
Block, east side of Front Street, Bel-  
leville, Ont.

ALEX. ROBERTSON. J. PARKER THOMAS.

Flint & Jellett.

Solicitors for the Canadian Bank of Commerce.  
BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solic-  
itors, Notaries Public, &  
Bellefonte, Ont.

John J. Flint. MORGAN JELLETT.

Dobney & Ostrom,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, etc., Trenton, 188.

Peterson & Peterson,  
BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solici-  
tors in Chancery, Insolvency, and Mu-  
nicipalities. Case, Conveyancing, &c., Ac.  
Head Office corner Bridge and Front Sts.,  
Bellefonte.

January 3rd.  
SARNATIAN. " 10th.  
SARNATIAN. " 20th.  
CIRCASSIAN. " 24th.  
SARPIAN. " 31st.  
MORAVIAN, February 7th.  
PERUVIAN. " 14th.  
POLYNESIAN, " 21st.

SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

Winter Sailings via Halifax,  
SHORTEST SEA ROUTE,  
AVERAGE PASSAGE 75 DAYS.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL  
Londonderry and Glasgow.

THE first-class Clyde built iron steamship  
of the Allan line, (carrying the Canadian  
and American mail,) will be loaded  
from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonderry  
every Saturday, as follows:—

SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

SARNATIAN. November 29th.

CIRCASSIAN. December 6th.

SARDINIAN. " 13th.

MORAVIAN. " 20th.

PERUVIAN. " 27th.

HIBERNIAN. January 3rd.

SARNATIAN. " 10th.

CIRCASSIAN. " 17th.

SARPIAN. " 24th.

MORAVIAN. " 31st.

PERUVIAN. February 7th.

" 14th.

POLYNESIAN, " 21st.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Belleville to Liverpool or London-  
derry, Cabin \$67, \$80, and \$90, according to  
position of state-room.

In cabin, \$100, with first-class Railway \$47.

Steerage, do. from \$25 to \$32.

Children 1 to 12 years half price, under  
1 year free.

Passenger Tickets are issued without extra  
charge, to or from Liverpool, London, Londonderry,  
Queensferry, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bris-  
tol or Cardiff.

The last train connecting with the Ocean  
Steamer at Halifax, passes Belleville every  
Thursday at noon. Passengers go at once on  
board.

An experienced Surgeon accompanies each  
vessel.

Passenger no account paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can  
obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from  
England, Ireland, Scotland, or any railway  
station in Canada or United States. (When  
these are not used the amount is returned,  
less a small deduction.)

Intermediate and Steerage Standardises are  
applied to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information  
apply to

**U. E. THOMPSON,**  
Agent Allan Line,  
Canadian Express Office,  
Belleville,  
December, 1879.

SEE THE LIST

OF

F FARMS FOR SALE

IN THE

WEEKLY MAIL.

PARTIES WISHING TO SELL,  
ADVERTISE THERE.

WANT

PARTIES WISHING TO BUY,  
READ THESE.

TO BUY

A FARM

Advertisments of Farms for  
sale inserted in the DAILY  
MAIL 20 words for 25cts. each  
insertion; each additional word 2cts.

Advertisments of Farms for  
sale inserted in the DAILY  
MAIL 20 words for 25cts. each  
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Advertisments of Live stock,  
Auction Sales of Stocks, Implements, etc. for Sale & Esti-  
mations, etc., inserted at the a-  
bove rates.

Address MAIL, Toronto.

BANKING OFFICE

U. E. THOMPSON,

BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS

Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal  
without notice. Interest allowed 4 and 5  
per cent.

245

ROYAL

INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LIAIBILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL \$10,000,000

Funds Invested 12,000,000

Annual Income 6,000,000

The ROYAL Insurance Company has the  
largest and most extensive Fire Insurance Company  
in the world.

Insures Churches, Schools, Dwellings, Stores,  
Merchandise, Warehouses, &c., against loss by  
fire, at equitable rates.

EWERT & TAYLOR, Chief Agents, Montreal.

T. DONNELLY,  
Agent, Belleville.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

of Liverpool and London.

FARE, AND LIFE.

Capital \$2,000,000 \$4,000,000

Invested Funds \$500,000

Surplus \$500,000

Chief Agents for Canada,

W. A. Sharpe, Agent, Belleville.

GRAY'S Specific Medicines  
The Great English Remedy  
manufacturing Society for Skin  
Diseases, & a large number of  
Spermatothes, Impotency, and  
all Diseases that follow as a  
secondary effect of Smallpox, &c.  
Universal Laxative, Pains in the  
Back, Dimness of Vision, Promotes old Age,  
and many other diseases that lead to Insanity  
or Consumption and a Physician's Graves.

For the above we have prepared  
a specific for all diseases that  
we desire to send free by mail, or  
will be sent by mail on receipt of the mon-  
ey.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists  
at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$6,  
or will be sent by mail on receipt of the mon-  
ey, by address.

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,  
Toronto, O., Canada.

N.B.—The demands of our business have  
necessitated our removing to Toronto, to  
which place please address all future com-  
munications.

Sold in Belleville by all druggists, and by  
all wholesale and retail druggists in Canada  
and the United States.

FORBES & MUDGE,  
Montreal,  
Chief Agents for Can-  
ada.

W. A. Sharpe, Agent, Belleville.

Canada Royal Benefit Society.

THIS Society is for all insurable persons,  
both male and female, as well as for  
the aged. The industries and the provident  
and the prudent. It is based upon sound  
commercial and economical principles, and is  
wholly free from secret and hidden charges.  
The members of the Society are numbered  
with the names of the benevolent  
societies of the present day are numbered.

This benefit branch secures for its members  
medical attendants and \$5 per week in case  
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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railway will hereafter receive their Daily papers in the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

Syracuse.—At the drug store of Dr. G. H. Bouler, M. P. P.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who also acts as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTINGS.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOU.—At the store of Mr. C. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. F. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

J. H. RATES, 41 Park Row, New York, are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, FEB. 20.

Benefits of the National Policy.

In the language of the prominent opponent of the N. P. who wrote the famous "big puff" letter, "the fight goes bravely on," our exchanges for the last few days have fairly teemed with items showing that the Tyler tariff continues to exercise a highly beneficial effect upon the trade of the country; whilst the redemption of Argenteuil by the Conservative party and the largely increased majorities for the Government candidates in Cornwall and Montmorency in the elections for the Commons recently held in those constituencies demonstrate that the people know and appreciate the value of a policy which has already so largely benefited home manufacturers. The following facts, condensed from our exchanges, will show that the "hum" is still spreading:

The knitting factory at St. John's, Quebec, is to be enlarged.

Now full and broad factories have been started near Annapolis, N. S., and large orders are being turned out for the Newfoundland trade.

The shoe factory at North Sydney, N. S., has been enlarged.

Initiatory steps have been taken at St. Stephen's, N. B., for the incorporation of a company to erect a cotton factory there.

Rankin's mill at Indiantown, N. B., has been purchased by an American firm, and is being fitted up for operations, which will be resumed soon for the first time since June, 1877.

A Montreal firm are about purchasing or leasing the property at the foot of the locks, Ottawa, formerly the residence of the late Lieut.-Col. Coffin, for the purpose of a soap factory.

An American company has purchased the Drug Cabinet factory at Quebec, and will begin immediately the manufacture of railroad cars in addition to articles of furniture.

Plans of the sugar refinery for the Hallfax (N. S.) company have been accepted by the directors, and tenders will at once be invited. The building will be of brick, one hundred and sixty feet long, sixty feet in depth, seven stories high in front and nine in the rear.

Mr. John Mathew has left Ottawa for the North-West territories; he takes with him \$10,000 worth of mill machinery, all of which was manufactured in Canada. His mill is situated at Rat Portage, and when completed will have a sawing capacity of 20,000,000 feet per annum. Without the N. P. this machinery would have been shipped from the United States.

The Coldbrook (N. S.) iron works, which have been closed for some years, are to be reopened.

Gates Brothers, organ makers at Merton Square N. S., are enlarging their manufactory.

The Canada Tool Works, Dundas, are at present in a very prosperous state compared with what they have been for several years past, employing 60 hands more than they did a year ago, and prospects for the future are bright. The proprietors emphatically say, "The N. P. did it."

The Thorold foundry has a large order for car wheels, axles, derricks and powers.

Meiss Shantz & Sons, of the Dominion button works, Berlin, have received a large order from a leading house in New York for goods of their manufacture. This does not confirm the poor opinion expressed by Messrs. MacKenzie and Cartwright of the skill of Canadian workmen.

The Bowmantown Furniture Company have enlarged their building and are doing a large trade in the better class of furniture, such as was imported from the United States under the old tariff.

The Canada Optical Company of Hamilton now manufactures muriatic and nitric acids, which were formerly imported.

The Ottawa Iron and Steel Company are about erecting a 35 ton blast furnace, a car wheel foundry and an axle factory. Charcoal will be used as fuel.

The Cobourg woollen factory gives employment to between eighty and one hundred hands, and instead of closing, as for the past five or six years in December, is now running on full time on spring goods. The manager attributes the present prosperity of the concern to the N. P.

The Dundas Edge Tool Company have already received orders for more axes than they turned out last year. Preparations are in progress to double the capacity of the works. Not an axe would have been made there, says the Standard, but for the N. P.

But for the N. P., the farmers of this vicinity and of other places would not now be preparing to cultivate the sugar beet and to manufacture sugar from that root.

A shoe factory 60,000 feet and three stories high, is to be built in Berlin.

The manufacture of Cetene, Gammon on a large scale is about to be commenced in Montreal,

The fax mill of Messrs. Livingstone, Brussels, Ont., will probably be run to its fullest capacity during the coming season.

Another button factory is about to be started in Berlin. This will make the fifth of that kind in that vicinity.

Large orders for car wheels from the United States have been received and are now in course of execution at the McDougall iron foundry, Three Rivers. Some 300 platform cars on the G. T. R. are engaged to transport the wheels when finished. The output of the works is stated at 90 to 27 car wheels a day, the number of hands employed ranging from 150 to 200.

Of the Canada Cotton Company's operations at Cornwall, the *Freighter* (Grits) says:—"In previous years the storehouse was crammed with manufactured cottons, but now there is not a bale in store. Every thing is suspended for months ahead."

The Napano brush factory is doing a large business, a numerous staff of men being kept fully employed.

The New Brunswick factories, now that they are stimulated by the N. P., supply the lower Provinces, and are about to compete for the market in the United States.

Says the Ottawa *Herald*:—"The following facts as elicited at a meeting of the Royal Board of Trade speak for themselves, and show very satisfactory progress under the St. Lawrence in 1878, amounted to 12,289,483 pounds; and in 1879, 64,379,065 pounds, an increase of 52,095,583 pounds. This yielded to the revenue \$2,800 more than the previous year. No less than 45 vessels, aggregating 25,731 tons, had been employed to bring this sugar to Montreal whence, their tonnage is 1,111, the harbor revenue \$4,552. The quantity of iron imported exceeded that of '78 by 4,400 tons, yielding a revenue of 11,000. The imports of coal was 189,231 tons against 142,704 tons of previous years. The quantity of this coal coming from the Maritime Provinces was 18,559 tons, in 1879, 117,256 tons, an increase of 61,339 tons. The additional revenue derivable from coal had been \$4,600. The Harbor Master's report was very carefully compiled, showing the ocean tonnage to British and foreign ports, which altogether showed an increase of 282 vessels."

The above items are very gratifying and will be noted with pleasure by all except the fanatical portion of the Grit party who still live in the cloudland of theory, regardless of the facts which present themselves to their gaze at every turn.

Revival Services.

MR. HAMMOND'S MEETINGS.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

In the afternoon Mr. Hammond visited the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb in company with some of the ministers of the city and friends, and addressed the teachers and pupils there.

EVENING MEETING.

The evening meeting was held in the Bridge Street Church with a large attendance. The proceedings opened with prayer and singing of hymns, after which Mr. Hammond addressed the audience in his characteristic manner and cited the experience of some who had been converted.

After a brief prayer a hymn was sung and its several versus alluded to and commented on.

Rev. Mr. Willoughby expressed the hope that those who wished to attend these meetings should come early. It had been announced in the city papers as well as in the *Witness* that Mr. Hammond would leave on Saturday, but for his part he wanted Mr. H. to remain. On asking the audience to rise if they desired to remain, there was an almost unanimous response.

Mr. Hammond read a letter from a resident of St. Catharines, speaking of the revival work there and expressing the hope that Mr. H.'s work here would result in the people of this city seeking the Lord. Mr. H. also stated that he had received a notice from Montreal that he was expected there this evening, and a like announcement in the New York *Witness* was made for New York for the same date. Had he felt the people would be in a position to carry on these meetings he would go to-morrow, but at present he would not answer definitely. He would speak on "The recognition of friends in Heaven" tonight and he asked all to bring their friends.

The meetings here are not such as have been held in St. Catharines, as the gatherings there were large even at the initiatory meeting.

He narrated the parable of the prodigal son and ornamented it in his usual manner. He referred to the 18th chapter of Luke, which contained three parables; the first, that of the good shepherd; the second, the woman with the lighted candle searching for the lost piece of silver, and third, that of the father running to meet the prodigal son.

A number of requests for prayer were read by the Rev. Mr. Turnbull and Mr. Hammond responded to each in prayer.

He then took for the subject of his text the parable of the prodigal son and divided it into three parts; the departure; the return and the reception. His remarks were ornamented with illustrations and well told anecdotes which made a deep impression upon the minds of his hearers. The various points of his theme were adroitly and depicted in glowing language.

Mr. Charles Willson told the story of his conversion in such a manner as to melt the hearts of his hearers. Singing and prayer followed and the session closed with an inquiry meeting while a brief meeting, was held in the lecture room of the church.

FRIDAY MORNING.

The ATTEMPTED RECONCILE.—The excitement over the attempt to blow up the Imperial family of Russia continues at fever heat in the capitals of Europe. It is now ascertained that ten men were killed and sixty wounded.

MOTHERS.—Have you delicate, weak children who are always taking cold and are liable to grippe? Remember, there never was a case of grippe which did not originate in a cold? *Dr. J. C. L. LINDEN'S LUSCIALIS* is your remedy.

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But for the N. P., the farmers of this vicinity and of other places would not now be preparing to cultivate the sugar beet and to manufacture sugar from that root.

A shoe factory 60,000 feet and three stories high, is to be built in Berlin.

The manufacture of Cetene, Gammon on a large scale is about to be commenced in Montreal,

which were very appropriate to the verses adverted to. He said if the Bible was true we should believe in it and not be in consistent.

Rev. Mr. Willoughby read several pas-

sages and drew inferences from them which were calculated for the benefit of his hearers.

God, he said, will not excuse us if we are not converted, for we are responsible for our acts; he hoped his unconver-

ted friends would see their error, and not reject the Lord Jesus Christ, which act was the greatest sin that could be committed on this universe.

Mr. Hammond followed with several narratives which were ornamented with verses from "I have a father in the promised land." Prayer followed and some new converts related their experience.

After the morning meeting Mr. Ham-

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the city, in all of which he was treated kindly and respectfully. The owners of these places, and many of their patrons pre-

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## Daily Intelligencer.

## CAST ON THE WORLD

## The Border Marriage.

A STORY OF THE GREAT GLASGOW BANK ROBBERY.

CONTINUED.

"Well, young 'un, how do you think you will like it?" he asked in a rough, abrupt way.

"Where have you brought me to?" asked Charlie dubiously.

To where you won't find your way back again even if you tried, and that's what I would advise you to do my clever friend," said the Ulsterman. "But if I find you up to any dodges, you'll get a worse wallop than all the licking you have had since you were whelmed put together. I just tell you at once to save yourself."

Charlie heard the answer and the threat which accompanied it with a painful idea of mystification. There was no reference to Silas Morgan in it, nor any indication of vengeance being taken for his former flight. For the first time in his life he realized that he was in the bulk of the showman he had been captured, but for a different purpose, though he could only gaze in the face of the man before him, and silently wondered what that purpose might be.

They were gazing at each other thus when a singularly-wrathful figure entered a singularly-wrathful figure—a man not more than four feet high, with short legs and long arms, whose dirty clothes and dingy face were quite in keeping with the prevailing hue of the apartment, and its contents. The showman, though small, was a manly fellow. Except that his hands were extraordinarily short, so that his body seemed to be stunted in its growth, his limbs were well formed, and but for the appearance of his head and face, he might have been taken for a boy ten, or at the latest twelve years of age. A glance at the latter, however, was sufficient to disprove this idea, and show that he was at least twenty.

This singular looking being having closed the door behind him, stood gazing at Charlie with large saucer eyes, with a grin on his wrinkled face. The boy's instinct taught him that very little of the milk of human kindness flowed in the little man's bosom.

"Well Cobbs, what do you think of him?" asked the big man.

"Uncommon like the thing," was the answer in that horrid, rasping voice.

"Ah, but we have not seen the best of him yet. Look ye, young 'un, throw off that cloak, and show us some of the tumbling tricks I saw you do last night."

As he spoke he lifted the table to the wall, and made a clear space on the floor, without showing the least hesitation. Charlie did as he was bid, and executed with singular activity a few of his acrobatic feats.

The big man turned to Cobbs with an admiring gesture. Cobbs grimaced from ear to ear and nodded a decided nod.

"Aint he rare out for it, now?" remarked the big man, with a smile.

"Cobbs! ha' been better," answered Cobbs. "He'll go up the first trial—that is if he ain't frightened and refuse."

"Oh, they are all the first time you know; and as for refusing, we'll send Tuck up under him, and if he won't move Tuesday, I know how to move him. I'll wager Cobbs, that in two days he is to go out."

"Shouldn't wonder," rejoined the dwarf. "I do think, Master Winterbottoms you have made a lucky hit, and got the best O. B. to be had in London."

"Know'd you think so, Cobbs?" returned the big man, in huffing satisfaction. "I had no idea I should get over the loss of Mason so easily."

"Couldn't have believed you'd have had one to start with under a month. It took Tuck all that time to learn, and most of them are longer. But, I say, I must turn in. Tuck and I have to be in Oxford Street by five."

"Wot you have a bit more supper?"

"No, I had enough while we were waiting in the Walk."

"Then take a pull at this beer at any rate said Winterbottoms, as from a recess behind he brought forth a roaring tankard, and offered it to Cobbs.

"No objection to that," remarked the other as he readily took it. "Throats like ours are always dry." He fully justified the observation by lifting the tankard to his lips and taking a very long pull at its contents.

Meanwhile Cobbs had disappeared through a door at the opposite side of the chamber, and Charlie and his captor were again left alone.

"Now, young 'un, what's yer name?" was the question roughly addressed to the boy.

"Charlie."

"What more?"

"No more."

"Wot? you've got a second name surely?"

"No; I never been called anything but Charlie."

"Oh, please let me go back to Cobby and Myra again," pleaded Charlie, earnestly.

"I haven't been at the trouble of bringing you her, just to let you go again. Understand this—and you can't understand it too soon—you don't go back to the shop you call Cobby any more. He ain't your father, is he?"

"No; but he is so good to me, and I love him so much."

"Shucks. You've got to forget all about him. He makes you feel as your parents, I don't doubt, and I have a right to you as he has. Look here, I am going to bed—to that bed in the corner, and you are going to sleep with me over at the back."

"Wat are you lookin' at? Why don't you put on them things?"

"You said I was going to bed," was Charlie's simple reply.

"In course yer are; but we ain't particular in our preference, and sleep with our clothes on. Be regular an' I'll trouble in for I am plagues alway."

Charlie lifted the things and slipped himself into them. They consisted of but a very short pair of breeches, a brown flannel waistcoat, and a slow-witted coat of the same material. They were both much the same color, and were inexplicably dirty as dirty that Charlie's white skin was blackened by contact with them, and the state of filth it was that made him shudder with disgust.

No more Hard Times,  
If you will stop spending so much on fine  
clothes, you will have more time for  
the food, clean and better clothing; get  
more real and substantial things of life over  
and away from the foolish habit of  
spending all the time in the world, and  
you will be more comfortable, Hap Bittar,  
and you will have a good health.

Another column.

A Good Thing.  
German Syrup of Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda,  
Dr. A. Bechler, a celebrated German Physician,  
and is acknowledged to be one of the  
most fortunate ones in Medicine. It  
is quickly digested, and has a decided  
taste of the lime, and is a great  
medicine that does not harm, but put your trust in  
that you may remain healthy. Hop Bittar,  
and you will have a good health.

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"Ah, but we have not seen the best of him yet. Look ye, young 'un, throw off that cloak, and show us some of the tumbling tricks I saw you do last night."

As he spoke he lifted the table to the wall, and made a clear space on the floor, without showing the least hesitation. Charlie did as he was bid, and executed with singular activity a few of his acrobatic feats.

The big man turned to Cobbs with an admiring gesture. Cobbs grimaced from ear to ear and nodded a decided nod.

"Aint he rare out for it, now?" remarked the big man, with a smile.

"Cobbs! ha' been better," answered Cobbs. "He'll go up the first trial—that is if he ain't frightened and refuse."

"Oh, they are all the first time you know; and as for refusing, we'll send Tuck up under him, and if he won't move Tuesday, I know how to move him. I'll wager Cobbs, that in two days he is to go out."

"Shouldn't wonder," rejoined the dwarf. "I do think, Master Winterbottoms you have made a lucky hit, and got the best O. B. to be had in London."

"Know'd you think so, Cobbs?" returned the big man, in huffing satisfaction. "I had no idea I should get over the loss of Mason so easily."

"Couldn't have believed you'd have had one to start with under a month. It took Tuck all that time to learn, and most of them are longer. But, I say, I must turn in. Tuck and I have to be in Oxford Street by five."

"Wot you have a bit more supper?"

"No, I had enough while we were waiting in the Walk."

"Then take a pull at this beer at any rate said Winterbottoms, as from a recess behind he brought forth a roaring tankard, and offered it to Cobbs.

"No objection to that," remarked the other as he readily took it. "Throats like ours are always dry." He fully justified the observation by lifting the tankard to his lips and taking a very long pull at its contents.

Meanwhile Cobbs had disappeared through a door at the opposite side of the chamber, and Charlie and his captor were again left alone.

"Now, young 'un, what's yer name?" was the question roughly addressed to the boy.

"Charlie."

"What more?"

"No more."

"Wot? you've got a second name surely?"

"No; I never been called anything but Charlie."

"Oh, please let me go back to Cobby and Myra again," pleaded Charlie, earnestly.

"I haven't been at the trouble of bringing you her, just to let you go again. Understand this—and you can't understand it too soon—you don't go back to the shop you call Cobby any more. He ain't your father, is he?"

"No; but he is so good to me, and I love him so much."

"Shucks. You've got to forget all about him. He makes you feel as your parents, I don't doubt, and I have a right to you as he has. Look here, I am going to bed—to that bed in the corner, and you are going to sleep with me over at the back."

"Wat are you lookin' at? Why don't you put on them things?"

"You said I was going to bed," was Charlie's simple reply.

"In course yer are; but we ain't particular in our preference, and sleep with our clothes on. Be regular an' I'll trouble in for I am plagues alway."

Charlie lifted the things and slipped himself into them. They consisted of but a very short pair of breeches, a brown flannel waistcoat, and a slow-witted coat of the same material. They were both much the same color, and were inexplicably dirty as dirty that Charlie's white skin was blackened by contact with them, and the state of filth it was that made him shudder with disgust.

THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS  
DIRECTORY  
FOR 1859-60.

JUST PUBLISHED, a new Directory of the County of Hastings, containing a full and complete list of householders of the City of Belleville, of each Town, Township and Village in the County, also a list of the principal business houses, and a classified list of trades and professions, in the County, Belleville together with statistics and other information, local, political, and advertising, published with Lithographic Maps, of the County, Belleville and the principal villages.

In addition to giving the lot and concession of each town, the post office address is also given, and whether it be a freeholder or householder.

Copies of the work can be had on application at the HERALD OF COSTELLO'S Office, Belleville, and at the following:

MADISON.—C. C. Wilson.

STERLING.—Dr. G. B. Roulter.

Price \$2.00 per copy, post paid.

SEE WHAT PHYSICIANS AND THE PEOPLE SAY ABOUT IT.

GENTE.—I have frequently presented Scott's EDITION of GOD LIVER OIL with HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA, to

accomplish this result, and the preparation has all the virtues of those two most valuable specific qualities mentioned above, and we make the unani-

mated statement that SCOTT'S EMULSION is being used with better success than any other Remedy in the treatment of Consumption and the diseases leading to it, such as Chronic Cough, Bronchitis, Scrofula, General Debility and the Wanting Disorders of children, than any other remedy known to medical science. The rapidity with which patients im-

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railway will hereafter receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STIRLING.—At the drug stores of Dr. G. H. Boutin, M. P. P.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTINGS.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. C. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

J. H. BATES, 41 PARK ROW, NEW YORK, AND OUR Agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, FEB. 21.

## To Correspondents.

Any correspondence or remittances intended for this office should be addressed to the INTELLIGENCER Office, to secure prompt attention.

## That Summer "Outing."

The Government of Ontario, with the small sum for which they are noted, are trying with all their might to get out of the scrape in which they have involved themselves in relation to the unnecessary expenditure in connection with the trip of the Lieutenant Governor and party last summer. With this object, his Honor has been induced to sacrifice himself on behalf of his advisers, by offering to recoup the Province for the amount expended for wines, whiskey, and cigars, and thus fortified, Mr. Mowat has the effrontry to present a false issue altogether to the House by saying in the debate in Committee of Supply on this subject, that they (the Government) "only desired that these particular items—that is, those which his Honor has now made up his mind to pay—" shall not be charged to the public treasury, and "to pronounced that they had a perfect right to do so." Unquestionably; but the items in question had previously been approved of by the Government, because they had been paid. Therefore for Mr. Mowat to pose now in the attitude of an opponent of the charges made for the class of "supplies" objected to, is a piece of arrant hypocrisy which no one can fail to see through, and a base desertion of the Lieutenant Governor as well. He paid the bills without objection, and not until the expense made by the Opposition, and not till after the receipt of the Lieutenant-Governor's letter did he suddenly change front and ask that "these particular items should not be charged to the public treasury." With what a bad grace he yields to the inevitable his subsequent remarks in the same speech from which we have quoted show. The Mail reports him as saying: "If it was desirable to make this trip, it was necessary to conduct it."

It is to be hoped that he will be compelled to make good his statement.

## MORNING DESPATCHES.

## EUROPEAN.

## THE UNHAPPY CZAR.

## "Uneasy Lies the Head," &amp;c.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—It is reported that the Czar lately has hardly ever left the winter palace, and when he went abroad he was surrounded by mounted officers, who concealed the carriage and protected the inmates with their bodies. In the palace he was accessible only to diplomats, and officers of the household. At the chapel detectives occupied the seats formerly reserved for distinguished visitors. Detectives infested the kitchen. Every dish was tasted by persons of rank. The Czar did not even venture to open his letters owing to documents steeped in poison having repeatedly been sent him. The Vienna Tagblatt relates that some days past the Czar daily received a sealed letter saying that if he did not change his system of oppression he would not live to celebrate the 25th anniversary of his accession. The sheet was always bordered with black. In court circles it was known as the Black letter.

## AMERICAN.

## WEAVERS ON STRIKE.

## A Medical Experiment.

## GREAT FIRE IN NEW YORK—TWO FIREMEN KILLED.

WHITE PLAINS, Feb. 21.—The weavers at White's gingham mills, Rockville, and the milliners of the South Norwalk Look company's works have struck for an advance of 10 per cent in wages. It is rumored that a strike will follow in the extensive woolen mills at Rockville.

DENVER, Feb. 21.—Despatches from Santa Fe deny the report of Capt. Rucker's defeat by the Victoria Indians.

MURKERSBORO, Tenn., Feb. 21.—At the execution of two negroes yesterday, the physicians attempted resuscitation by the use of warm blankets and electricity. The temperature was raised to 103. The eyes opened, and appeared to be directed to different objects, the bodies presenting a life-like appearance. The stimulants were then removed, and the signs of life ceased.

BOSTON, Feb. 21.—The Massachusetts Central Road expects to have cars running by next November from Boston to Hoosac tunnel. It seeks to make a new route to the west via Hoosac tunnel, the Boston, Hoosac and Western RR., and the new proposed line along the southern shore of Lake Ontario.

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CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—The Pacific Railway Company have decided to meet the recent cut on emigrant fares from San Francisco to New York by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, by issuing immigrant tickets on steamer days at \$35, the regular rate being \$65. Chicago agents were asked to forward this business.

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The Herald's fund amounts to \$228,000 yesterday's subscriptions, \$4,000.

Knoblock and Listerstone German bankers of this city, have collected about \$9,000 for the famine sufferers in Siberia. Assistance is urgently needed.

The annual report of the Lough and Navigation Company's report shows a deficiency for 1859 of \$120,000, against \$50,000 in 1858.

## Railways and Canals.

## Revival Services.

## MR. HAMMOND'S MEETINGS.

## FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

There was a meeting of children held in the afternoon, which was largely attended. Services were also held in the gaol, where Mr. Hammond addressed the prisoners.

## EVENING SERVICES.

A crowded audience, equaling if not exceeding that of Sunday night last, assembled in the Bridge Street Church to listen to and take part in such revival services now going on.

After the usual devotional exercises Mr. Hammond announced the holding of future meetings, and added that he had visited all the hotels in the city and invited the proprietors and visitors to attend his meetings. He stated that in all cases he had been received with the greatest attention and politeness, and the majority of those whom he met said they would attend the meetings. He made a few remarks on the evils of strong drink and their results and then made a brief prayer.

Rev. Mr. Willoughby announced that the collection which would be taken up was for the purpose of defraying the expenses incurred in the holding of these meetings, and the funds would be placed in the hands of the finance committee.

Mr. Hammond gave out the subject of his discourse, "The righteous shall be everlasting remembrance," Psalm 112, verse 6. We must look for the fulfillment of this verse in a higher sphere than this.

The righteous will be remembered by God the Father, God the Son and God the Holy Ghost. The righteous will be loved by those who loved us on earth, and this illustrates the doctrine of the recognition of friends in Heaven, and they will be recognized by those whom they have been instrumental in pointing to the Lamb of God.

We shall be loved by the father, the son and the Holy Ghost to all eternity. This world is made up of meetings and partings, and he who would have the pleasure in Heaven of introducing his Christian friends to many whom he had met, and all would have a grand time up yonder. He believed that when one died he went to Paradise, from whence his spirit went to an intermediate state, and finally reached Christ through His love.

When we get to heaven we will be happy to be there; we will glad to see those whom we expect to meet there, and we will be surprised not to see those whom we expected to meet there. There will be joyful recognitions there by and by.

He trusted that many at the day of future meeting would gladly speak to and welcome one another. After picturing the death of the righteous, and then in the course of an illustration remarking that infidelity was a sham, he illustrated the death of an infidel, and appealed to his hearers to seek Jesus and become heirs of glory. The usual inquiry meeting closed the service.

## SATURDAY MORNING'S SERVICE.

There was a large attendance at the meeting in the City Hall this morning. After prayer and singing Mr. Hammond remarked that we are groveling worms and when we go to Jesus we are no longer such.

When mortals shall have put off immortality then shall we become as bright towers in Paradise. If those who have professed conversion are sincere they will hereafter lead changed lives.

In St. Catharines and also in Chatham he had found that many drunkards had remained steadfast. The devil said it would be of no use to become a Christian, but we should never be saved.

We are worms of the dust until we are converted, and when we seek Jesus and love Him we will occupy one of the beautiful mansions in the skies. If men do not have Christ in them they are afraid to die.

We must all come before the judgment seat of Christ, and all should prepare themselves for that event. All liars shall go to the lake that burns with fire and brimstone. The Bible is the pardon for us: Jesus suffered for us, and does not want us to die that terrible death. Jesus died on the cross for us and it now remains for us to say will we receive that pardon?

The audience then joined with Mr. Hammond in audible prayer, after which the judgment day is coming" and "I love Jesus" were sung.

Rev. Mr. Turnbull remarked on the manner some had spoken about these meetings. With regard to the excitement, which some asserted was so strongly shown at these services, he said excitement could be cited in other instances—on the street or in private houses. He trusted all would become anxious about their souls, for the wrath of God is declared from Heaven against all unrighteousness. In conclusion he urged all to seek the Saviour.

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## To Market Gardeners and Others.

## 75 ACRES within three miles of Belleville.

## 75 SOIL of the FINEST DESCRIPTION.

## Enquire of 248, Law &amp; Son, Belleville.

## P. O. BOX 43, Belleville.

## COAL, COAL.

## —

## HAVING cleared out the Coal from the Lockwood yard, we have

## Returned to our old Premises,

## corner Front and Wharf Streets.

## Orders for Coal and Wood

## will have our prompt attention, as heretofore.

## H. B. RATHBUN &amp; SON,

## Bellville, Feb. 21st, 1860. d2w

## Hastings Loan and Investment Society,

## BELLEVILLE, ONT.

## CAPITAL, \$250,000.

## MONEY TO LOAN on Farm or City property, at rates as low as any other Company in Ontario, and for periods of from 2 to 20 years either on STRAIGHT LOAN or on the INSTALMENT SYSTEM.

## Payments will be made to fall due at any season of the year to suit borrowers. No delay in obtaining the money beyond the time necessarily employed in the investigation of titles.

## SPECIAL FACILITIES OFFERED to the farming community.

## MORTGAGES PURCHASED.

## SAVINGS BANK Department.

## SIX PER CENT interest allowed on Deposits. No notices required. Interest paid from date of Deposit to date of withdrawal.

## OFFICE—Front Street, between City Hall and Bridge Street.

## J. P. C. PHILLIPS,

## Secretary.

## CLOSING UP BUSINESS.

## M Y entire Stock of

## Cloths, Flannels, Ready made Clothing, Under Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

## will be sold at very low prices, for cash only, as the whole Stock must be cleared out before the last of March.

## STORE TO LET.

## Apply on the premises or to James Glass,

## ROBERT DICK,

## Merchant Tailor.

## Front St., Belleville, Feb. 23rd, 1860. dim

## TENDERS.

## SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and marked "Indian Tenders," will be received at this office until noon of the 1st MARCh, 1860, for supplying the following articles, or any or all of them, at the undermentioned places and values of them, by the 1st JULY next, in such quantities as may be required; also, for supplying any of the same articles or others described in Schedules annexed to the order of the Collector of the North-West Territories, and at any date or dates between the 1st JUNE, 1860, and the 30th MAY, 1861, and in such quantities as may be ordered:—

## MANITOBA.

## St. Peters, Fort Alexander, Broken Head River, Roseau River, Swan Lake, Sandy Bay, Long Plain.

## NORTH WEST TERRITORIES, LAKE MANITOBA AND THE WEST OF IT.

## Manitoba, House, Ebb and Flow Lake, Lake St. Martin, Little Saskatchewan, Water Hen Lake, Riding Mountain.

## LAKE WINNIPEG.

## Black River, Berens River, Fishers River, Grand Rapids, the Pas Mountains, Norway House, Cossatot, Dog Head, Blood River, Moose Lake, Churchill River, Jack Fish Head, Moose Lake, Churchill River.

## LAKE OF THE WOODS AND EAST OF IT.

## Shoal Lake, Cuthessowong, Lac des Rat Portage, Mattawan, Islington, Assinabeking.

## NORTH WEST TERRITORIES, NORTHERN DISTRICT.

## Fort Ellice, Touchwood Hills, Prince Albert and Edmonton.

## NORTH WEST TERRITORIES, SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

## Fort Walsh, Fort McLeod.

## Flour, 132,000 lbs. Shoddy Stones, 144

## Tea, 6,736 lbs. Sackies, 208

## Sugar, 5,073 lbs. Grain Cradles, 135

## Tobacco, 3,075 lbs. Articles for do, 135

## Wool, 20,661 lbs. Flails, 292

## Beef, 15,000 lbs. Hoes (steel), 196

## Pork, 25,850 lbs. Garden, 458

## Figs, 144 lbs. Panning Mills, 118

## Harrow, 49 lbs. Pit Saw Files, 150

## Scythes, 209 lbs. Pans, 20

## Snaiths, 209 lbs. Blacksmith Tong, 23

## Cart Forks, 29 lbs. C. C. Saws, 24

## Cart Harness, 29 lbs. Hand Saws, 12

## Light Wagons, 6 lbs. Hammers, 12

## Axes, 2,000 lbs. Axes, 120

## Spades, 572 lbs. Rakes, 171

## Gardening Tools, 28 lbs. Hoes, 84

## Cross-Cut Saw, 28 lbs. Plough Lines, 40

## Files, 144 lbs. Ploughs, 100

## Horn Saw Files, 29 lbs. Pans, 24

## Cart Pole, 29 lbs. C. C. Saws, 24

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## Gardening Tools, 2



**Daily Intelligencer.****Amusing Rules.**

The proprietor of a drug store not far from Bradford, has the following rules posted up in a conspicuous place for the benefit of some of his numerous callers:—

1. The proprietor is out—do not know when he will be in.

2. Have no money to lend, bat borrow all we can.

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8. Have a bull dog down stairs—feed him on pedigree.

9. Our rooms are bound.

10. Guests go by steam.

(The above saves us a heap of trouble; all we have to do is to point them after reading which, the parties suddenly have engagements elsewhere.)

**Dominion Parliament.****FOURTH PARLIAMENT—SECOND SESSION.**

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 18.

In the Senate, during the debate on the address, Mr. Flint contended that the country was not being represented under the new tariff policy. It was too soon to see the whole benefit that was to arise from it. There was about as much sense in setting a hen with ten eggs in the morning, and expecting to see the chickens on the same evening, as to expect the country could respond to its prosperity two or three months. He illustrated the effect of the policy by showing how an American manufacturer, finding that he could not send his hammers into this market under the new tariff, came over himself, and established a factory in Canada that gave employment to a number of hands.

THURSDAY, Feb. 19.

In the Commons, Mr. McCarthy presented a petition for the construction of the Trent Valley Canal.

A number of Standing Committees were appointed, and Bills regulating the employment of women and children in manufactures, the encumbering of real estate by mortgages, the protection of the products, and to establish the Supreme Court of Canada were introduced respectively by Messrs. Bergin, Orton, Valle, and Keeler.

The Premier moved that the House tomorrow do consider in Committee of the Whole the proposition to grant relief to the distressed port of Ireland.

The debate on Mr. Dawson's motion relating to the Ontario arbitration award was resumed by Mr. Mackenzie, who defended the personnel of the arbitrators appointed to determine the true boundary of Western Ontario. He said "true boundary," because those were the precise words used in the official documents. The concluding part of his remarks dealt principally with the moral aspect of the Government's conduct in contemplating the violation of a solemn contract.

Mr. Macdonald, while admitting that Ontario was entitled to the whole of the territory awarded, contended that the appointment of a Committee of Investigation would assist in informing members of the House thoroughly upon the subject, but that no private member should assume the responsibility of adopting such a course. In concluding his remarks he maintained that Ontario was quite competent to administer justice in the whole of the territory which the arbitrators had awarded her.

Mr. Cawsey followed, and criticized the various clauses in the award raised by members on the Minister's motion.

Mr. Cameron (North Victoria), stated that he was not at the present moment prepared to support the ratification of the award.

Messrs. Holton and Anglin occupied the floor till six o'clock, both speaking against the spirit of the motion.

After recess the debate was continued in a similar strain by Mr. Macdonnell (Inverness).

Mr. McCarthy closed the debate by an able speech.

The motion for the appointment of the Committee was carried as follows:

Yeas—Abbott, Allard, Arkell, Baby, Barnard, Beauchamp, Bennett, Bergeron, Bergin, Bill, Bolduc, Bourassa, Bourassa, Bowell, Broken Brook, Bustner, Burham, Cameron (Victoria), Caron, Cusson, Colby, Connell, Cosigan, Coughlin, Coupland, Currier, Cuthbert, Daly, Dauvin, Do Cossens, Desaulniers, Desjardins, Domville, Drew, Durand, Faucher, Ferguson, Fitzsimons, Foran, Gagnon, Giguette, Girouard (Jacques Cartier), Girouard (Kent), Grandbois, Hackett, Haggard, Hay, Horne, Hilliard, Hooper, Houle, Hourtaine, Ires, Jackson, Kauthauf, Kehler, Kilvert, Kirkpatrick, Kranz, Landry, Langevin, Lantier, Little, Longley, Macdonald (King's), Macdonald (Montreal), Macdonald (Capreol), McDonald (Viger), McEwan, McCarthy, McCusig, McDonald, McLean, McKay, McLellan, McLeod, McQuade, McRoy, Mason, Massie, Merner, Method, Montplaisir, Moussau, Muttart, Ogden, Omer, Orenstein, Pinenose, Platt, Pomeroy, Richard, Pope (Queen's), Pospore, Richard, Robson, Ross (Hamilton), Robinson, Rochester, Ross (Dundas), Rousseau, Routhier, Ryan (Marquette), Ryker, Schultz, Shaw, Sprule, Stephenson, Tasse, Tellier, Thompson (Cariboo), Tilley, Upper, Vale, Vassenesse, Wade, Wallace (Norfolk), White (Trent), Williams, Wright—123.

Nay—Anglin, Borden, Borden, Borden, Borden, Blake, Borden, Borden, Brown, Burges (St. John), Burges (Sudbury), Cameron (Huron), Cartwright, Casy, Chapman, Chaudier, Charlton, Cockburn (Muskrat), Conard, Fiset, Fleming, Flynn, Gillies, Gillmor, Ginn, Guthrie, Haddow, Hollis, Hume, Jardine, Laurier, Macdonald (Laurier), Macdonald (Montreal), Macdonald (Quebec), Macdonald (Viger), MacKenzie, Melrose, Mills, Oliver, Oliver, Paterson (Brampton), Pickard, Rinfret, Rogers, Ross (Middlesex), Ryman, Scrivener, Skinner, Smith (Westmorland), Snowball, Thompson (Haldimand), Trow, Wedden, Wiser—32.

Mr. Colly, with a few brief remarks, accepted Mr. Gowan's (Jacques Cartier) motion the second reading of the bill to repeal the Insolvency law. Mr. Peter White followed. Mr. Bechard's remarks were humorous. As the real father of the measure he expressed affection for it.

Mr. Mackenzie pressed upon the Government a detailed plan of their policy in regard to the Insolvency Bill promised in the speech from the Throne, and asked when that measure would be brought forward.

The Minister of Justice replied that the matter was under the Government's consideration. Sir John Macdonald claimed that the Speech did not propose any Bill, but merely said that the condition of the Insolvency Law would be discussed.

The Minister of Justice replied that the matter was under the Government's con-

dition of the Insolvency Bill promised in the speech from the Throne, and asked when that measure would be brought forward.

The House adjourned at 10:40 p.m.

**Gems of Thought.**

We live no more of our time than we spend well.

Loves sees as God sees, and with infinite par-

adise. The heart ought to give charity when the hand cannot.

The essence of greatness is the perception that virtue is enough.

The silent eye is often a more powerful con-

queror than the noisy tongue.

Where no wile is, there the fine gold吐出;

where there is none, there is the bane-bearer the strife.

Do not want any brass; have a full lot up stores.

Not in need of any soap; have a contract for it.

Our office hours for listening to canva-

sers and book agents, are from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Have a bulldog down stairs—feed him on pedigree.

Our rooms are bound.

Guests go by steam.

(The above saves us a heap of trouble; all we have to do is to point them after reading which, the parties suddenly have engagements elsewhere.)

Amusing Rules.

The debate was continued by Messrs. Hesson, Sprague, and Cameron (Victoria).

McClay, Wedden, Hesson, and Robertson (Hamilton), after which the Bill was read the third time.

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# DAILY INTELLIGENCER.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 13.

BELLEVILLE ONTARIO, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1860.

NO. 249.

## 1879. WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

### ALLAN LINE.



Winter Sailings via Halifax.

SHORTEST SEA ROUTE, AVERAGE PASSAGE 75 DAYS.

### STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.

Londonderry and Glasgow.

THE first-class Clyde built iron steamship and United States Mail, will be despatched from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonderry every Saturday, as follows:—

#### SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

SARMATIAN	November 29th.
CYCLADEAN	December 6th.
SCANDIA	" 13th.
MARAVIEN	" 20th.
PERUVIAN	" 27th.
HIBERNIAN	January 3rd.
SALVATORIAN	" 10th.
SARDINIAN	" 17th.
CASPIAN	" 24th.
MORAVIAN	February 7th.
POLYNESIAN	" 14th.
	" 21st.

#### RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Halifax to Liverpool or London-derry, £157, \$80, and \$90, according to position of cabin.

Intermediate, with first-class Railway \$47, steamer, do. from \$30 to \$22.

Children 1 to 12 years half price, under 1 year free.

Return Tickets at reduced rates.

Steamer tickets are issued without extra charge, to or from Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bristol or Cork.

The last train connecting with the Ocean Steamer at Halifax, passes Belleville every Thursday at noon. Passengers go at once on board.

A Surgeon accompanies each vessel.

Beds are secured until paid for.

Persons wishing to send their friends can obtain passage certificates at low rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada or the United States. (When tickets are sent, a portion of money is returned, less a small deduction.)

Intermediate and Steamer Stewards are appointed to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information apply to

### U. E. THOMPSON,

Agent Allan Line,

Canadian Express Office,

Belleville, Ont.

December, 1879.

#### SEE THE LIST

OF FARMS FOR SALE

IN THE

WEEKLY MAIL.

PARTIES WISHING TO SELL,

ADVERTISE HERE.

PARTIES WISHING TO BUY,

READ THERE.

TO BUY

A FARM

Advertisements of Farms for sale are inserted in the WEEKLY MAIL, 20 words for 50cts., each additional word, 2cts.

Advertisements of Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, etc. Seed for Sale, Exhibitions, etc., inserted at the above rates.

Address MAIL, Toronto.

BANKING OFFICE

U. E. THOMPSON,

BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

### AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS

Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice. Interest allowed at 4 and 5 per cent.

245

### ROYAL

INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL \$10,000,000

Funds Invested 12,000,000

Annual Income 5,000,000

The ROYAL Insurance Company has the largest number of any Fire Insurance Company in the world.

Insuring Churches, Schools, Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise, Warehouses, &c. against loss by fire, at equitable rates.

ROTH & TATELY, Chief Agents, Montreal.

T. DONNELLY, Agent, Belleville.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Liverpool and London.

— FIRE AND LIFE.

Capital \$2,000,000 Stg.

Invested Funds £559,927\*

FORBES & MULGREW,

MONTREAL,

Chief Agents for Canada.

W. A. SHARP, Agent, Belleville.

— THE GREAT MEDICINE Co.

Toronto, O., Canada.

We—the demand of our business have

negotiated our removing to Toronto, to which place please address all future com-

munications.

Address THE GREAT MEDICINE Co.,

37 Park Row, New York.

Branch Office, cor. 5th & 7th Sts., Washington, D. C.

Call for the GREAT

Sierra Nevada Smoking!

At McDaniel's Tobacco Store, one of the most delicious aromas ever known. Case colds, catarrhs, asthma, and all bronchial complaints. Singers and speakers use it immediately.

M. L. SMITH, Arkona, Ont.

\$5 to \$20 per package, or six packages for \$25, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing

THE GREAT MEDICINE Co.,

Toronto, O., Canada.

Mr. McDaniel's Tobacco Store, one of the

most delicious aromas ever known. Case colds, catarrhs, asthma, and all bronchial

complaints. Singers and speakers use it imme-

diately.

Apply to FLINT & JELLINE,

Advertisers, &c.,

Bellville, Aug. 28, 1879.

## Business Directory.

John Bell.

BARNISTER, &c., will continue his general practice in his present office, on his own account.

JOHN BELL.

Bellefonte, November 12, 1879.

DENMARK & THORN.

BARRISTERS, &c., Office lately occu-

pied by Fenton & Denmark, Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Money to Loan—Private and Com-

pany funds.

ROBERTSON & THOMAS.

BARRISTERS, &c., Office—Robertson

Bloch, east side of Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, J. PARKER THOMAS,

FLINT & JELLINE.

Solicitors for the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

B. COOK, Attorney-at-Law, Solici-

tor in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c.

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JOHN B. FLINT, MORGAN JELLINE.

DeLaney & Ostrom.

BARRISTERS, &c., Attorneys, &c., Trenton,

Ontario, 13th.

PETERSON & PETERSON.

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, &c., Solicitors

in Chancery, Insolvency, &c., &c.

Head Officer Bridge and Front Sts., Belleville, Ont.

Head offic. O'Flynn's Black, Madoc.

A. M. PATRICK, S. A., C. W. PATRICK, B. A.

GEO. D. DICKSON.

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block,

Bridge Street, Belleville.

E. McLAUGHLIN.

ATTORNEY-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery

&c., &c., Office—McLanigan

Head Officer Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont.

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railway will hereafter receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STERLING.—At the drug store of Dr. G. H. Boulter, M. P. P.

GLENDALE.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTINGS.—At the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. C. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. P. RUSSELL & CO., 41 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

J. H. BATES, 41 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

All our Agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, FEB. 23.

## To Correspondents.

Any correspondence or remittances intended for this office should be addressed to the INTELLIGENCER Office, to secure prompt attention.

## The Address in the Senate.

In other columns will be found a first instalment of "the speech which Hon. Mr. Read delivered in the Senate on the Address, as officially reported. The facts presented are of the most important character, while the deductions drawn from them are of a cheering nature. Mr. Read was congratulated by political friends and opponents alike, and deservedly so, at the close of his remarks.

The speech made by Hon. Mr. Flint on the same subject, will appear in due course.

## Political Notes.

**DUMB AN OYSTER.**  
The Globe has nothing to say about the jamboree in which his Honor's party indulged last summer. Had the party been of Tory origin, the Grit organ would have rung the changes on the subject, but circumstances alter cases materially with our contemporary. Let it "speak now" and say whether it approves in its friends that which would condemn its opponents.

## THE INSOLVENT ACT.

There can be little doubt that the Insolvency Act will be repealed, as the chief ground of the Senate's veto last year was the lack of notice.

CANADIAN INDEPENDENCE.  
The Reform Debating Club of Toronto have debated the question as to whether the separation of Canada from England is desirable, and decided in the affirmative. This is a glorious opportunity for the Globe to denounce those young men for their disloyalty; but, being loyal to their party, the organ will excuse their disloyalty to the country, the motto of that party being—*"With a party, by a party, for a party."* All for the party, and nothing for the State.

**N. Y. & MANITOBA'S TRADE.**

The importations of merchandise into Manitoba from the other provinces in January 1879 were of the value of \$46,320. In January 1880 the value of the same class of imports was \$159,731, or an increase of \$113,411. On these facts the Winnipeg Tribune pertinently remarks—

*"This indicates that our Western trade*

*is increasing rapidly."* The Tribune also says—

*"The Peterborough Review says—'The Globe has recently contained a number of advertisements of 'mechanics wanted,' including boiler makers, weavers, cabinet makers, curriers, machinists, moulders, painters, wagon makers, harness makers, &c. In its editorial column we are constantly told that the National Policy has injured the industries of the country, and has been prejudicial to the working man.'*

*"Yet, as its advertising columns show, there is an increasing demand for skilled labor. Of the two contradictory versions, there can be no doubt which is true!"*

**FALLUREZ IN ENGLAND.**

Just as we expected, the leading organ of the Grit party attributes some of the failure in England last year to the N. P. What a terrific instrument of destruction that amiable statesman Sir Leonard Tilley has created, to be sure!

**ONE BY ANY OTHER NAME, ETC.**

The Montreal Post considers, because Mr. Donald McMaster styled the corker trip to Manitoba a "month's carouse," and because the Mail wants to know if the Province is going to pay his Honor's "whiskey bill," that "our legislators and newspapers are growing more vulgar every day." A rose by any name would no doubt smell as sweet, and the cost to the Province would be as great were the terms "carouse" and "whiskey bill" never used, but the calling "a spade a spade" is as applicable to private individuals.

**RESTRICTIONS ON SETTLEMENTS.**

Mr. Pardoe has passed his amended "Bill to amend the Free Grants and Homesteads Act" through the Legislature, and the Government might as well cease expending money in endeavoring to induce emigrants to locate in the free grant territory. Amongst those who voted for this injurious measure were Messrs. Aploby, Doane, and Straker. Messrs. Boulter and Robertson voted against it, of course.

**THROUBLES IN IRELAND.**—A mob of 500 men attacked four bailiffs and a force of policemen on the 19th to a farm in Waterford County, Ireland, to obtain cattle for rent. The police were overpowered and the rebels captured.

## SUNDAY SERVICES.

## The Principal Religious Items of the Day.

## SERMONS IN SEVERAL OF THE CHURCHES.

## BEECHWOOD ST. CHURCH.

The services at the Beechwood Street Church were unusually interesting and were listened to by large congregations.

The morning service was opened by singing "Lift up your hearts &c" followed by an eloquent prayer, which was succeeded by the choir rendering "The Lord is my guide, my light, and my salvation," after which the Rev. T. W. Jeffery, of Cobourg, read the first lesson from the 36th chapter of Isaiah.

The second lesson was taken from the 16th chapter of the Acts of the Apostles. Mr. Jeffery in opening his discourse said the word preaching applied to all humanity. We should preach to the man of education, to the foolish boy, to the man of ability and to the ignorant man. It was a grand thing to be a human being, it was the grandest manifestation of God's power that had ever been presented on the universe, and was wrapped up in wealth of all kinds. It cost God more to make man than it did for Him to make anything else, when God created man He made possibilities which Jesus Christ was required to redeem. We possess the consciousness that He will save us. The sins which we commit are against ourselves and not against God, and when we are redeemed we will sit on the throne equal with God. When the mist is cleared from the mind of the thief he will see what the Archangel sees: God reconciled through Jesus Christ. God performed a grand work when He made man. There is in every one that means a manifestation of the development of His power. Before Heaven can perfect our absence from this world God trouble to fill our places. He, the speaker, had been an unbeliever: he had not, in past days, accepted the truth of the Bible, but he now did. We should look at this question in the light of a business master. As one is missed in the management of a department in a railway, so was one missed from his place in Heaven by God. The Bible was a grand work and it furnished themes and inspiration for many. Shakespeare obtained his finest passages from the Bible by the inspiration of Divine light. Painters, poets and musicians obtain their prominent subjects and themes from the Divine truth and they are conceived by religious inspiration. It was the grandest manifestation of God's power that had ever been presented on the universe, and was wrapped up in wealth of all kinds. It cost God more to make man than it did for Him to make anything else, when God created man He made possibilities which Jesus Christ was required to redeem.

We then read some verses from the scriptures typical of the injury inflicted by drinking and the results that followed therefrom. He approved of young men marrying, even though they had not as much money as their fathers, and advised them to get kind and loving helpmates and they could be happy. All should be virtuous and lead proper lives and great good would result. He related how that at a meeting held by him in Edinburgh, when 800 harlots attended, 150 of them had been converted. He pictured the death of a fallen woman Terre Haute, Ind., which he had witnessed and which culminated the conversion of over 20 in that city.

Byron, or some other infamous wretch, had said that woman was a rake at heart; that was an infamous lie, for it was man who was to blame for the fall of woman. He should report of our sins, and at the judgment seat of Christ all would be called on to give an account of their conduct on this earth. All should give up their sins, and by changing their lives become Christians. Jesus will take from us the appetite for sin, and wash all our iniquities away. The door of mercy is open for sinners, and our heavenly Father waits before the gate for us, and will say, Here is my son, who was lost and is found. He closed by appealing to all to give their hearts to Christ.

**REV. PRINCIPAL TORRANCE AT THE BAPTIST CHURCH.**  
The Rev. Principal Torrance, of Woodstock, preached at the Baptist Church, morning and evening. At the latter service he, without taking a text, preached on the subject of sin, law and forgiveness. Sin he defined as an innate power which was opposed to the law, which was the will of God as expressed to man. On this part of his subject he enlarged at great length, the effect of his remarks being that under the Mosaic law, there was no forgiveness for sin—it was one continual curse against the whole world. Under the Christian dispensation those who believed in the Lord Jesus Christ were saved, whilst those who did not believe were

condemned to eternal torment. Now it is "Believe for life." The man who believed was forgiven all past transgressions and a guarantee secured for correct correction for future sins. He became one of God's family, and the Father would treat him as a parent does a child. With a stirring invitation to all to believe and so to become children of God, the Rev. gentleman closed his discourse.

**ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.**  
There was a large congregation at St. Andrew's Church last night. The preacher spoke on the subject of "Revivals." We hope to give a synopsis of the sermon to-morrow evening.

**MORNING DESPATCHES.**

light of his sermons but all would eventually see the truth. Some say they do not believe in the divinity of Christ; they are blind, and those who are in that condition must have their eyes opened and say I am a lost sinner and look to Jesus as their Saviour. To be a Christian requires two things; we must see our sinfulness and know it, and believe that Christ was sent to save us, for by doing that we would have peace in our dying hour and peace through all eternity. Christ made an atonement on the cross for the sins committed in the world. Whether rich or poor, learned or unlearned, or whether or not we believe in the atonement we must go on our knees and pray or we will be lost. When we go on our knees and say, "God be merciful to me a sinner," He will hear us and answer us.

Rev. Dr. Jaques led in a brief prayer. "You must be a lover of the Lord," was followed by a few remarks from Mr. Hammond, who said that great benefit was derived from the relation of the experience of those who had been converted. What is wanted is to learn sinners to know that there is religion and all are lost sinners. In the afternoon a keeper of a house of ill-fame in this city had told her experience and said she had given herself to God and only hoped that this was true. He chose as the subject of his discourse Proverbs 8th chapter and 4th verse—"Unto you all men I call, my voice is to the son of man."

After a few remarks on the evil results of not taking proper care of the body and the evil effects of the use of tobacco, he related several instances of the sad results of the partaking too much of the intoxicating cup and advised all to quit and quit at once.

He then read some verses from the scriptures typical of the injury inflicted by drinking and the results that followed therefrom. He approved of young men marrying, even though they had not as much money as their fathers, and advised them to get kind and loving helpmates and they could be happy. All should be virtuous and lead proper lives and great good would result. He related how that at a meeting held by him in Edinburgh, when 800 harlots attended, 150 of them had been converted. He pictured the death of a fallen woman Terre Haute, Ind., which he had witnessed and which culminated the conversion of over 20 in that city.

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**MORNING DESPATCHES.**

**EUROPEAN.**

**BERLIN, Feb. 23.**—Hasencler, Socialist, will ask in the Reichstag whether the House will not request Bismarck to cause the suspension, while the session lasts, of the criminal procedure proceedings against deputies Frischhofer and Hasselmann, Socialists.

**AMERICAN.**

**SOMERVILLE, N. J. Feb. 22.**—A Somerset County tax payers Association has been formed to watch the County officers to push the prosecution of the corrupt board of freeholders. The ring, which has been swindling the tax payers for many years, is reported greatly alarmed at the formation of this association, as it forebodes punishment for their crime.

**NEWPORT, R. I.**—A codicil in the will of Stephen D. Olney, who died recently, by which the estate was bequeathed to Harvard College for the encouragement of the study of botany, was set aside by the Supreme Court and decision sustained on appeal until Saturday. This gives the son and daughter of the deceased, who were left almost penniless, by a codicil, about \$50,000.

**BOSTON, Feb. 23.**—The autopsy case of the burglar found dead in his room Saturday night shows that it is probably suicide. His name appears to be Larive.

**CINCINNATI, Feb. 23.**—The first through train passes over the Cincinnati Southern Railroad to-day. This will be

a real opening of the road, which has cost this city \$20,000,000, double the original estimate. Preparations are on foot for bringing a monster excursion of southern men to Cincinnati, and giving them a grand banquet in the Music hall, by way of cultivating friendly relations at the start.

DECATUR, Feb. 23.—The remains of the late Lt. French, of the 9th cavalry, who was killed in an engagement with the Apaches on January 17th, were shipped from Santa Fe on Saturday to French's father in Philadelphia.

Gen. Adams left the 12 Indian prisoners near Alamosa and arrived at Denver on Saturday night en route to Cheyenne to investigate the charges against the postmaster there under orders from the Post Office Department. He denies that the White River Indians demanded food at Los Pinos, and contradicts Ouray's statement that they had been there. He does not advise the sending out of troops, and telegraphed to Schurz on the 17th, that there was no danger of an attack so long as the principal chiefs are in the hands of the Government.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The Times says

that the complexion of the State Convention will be as follows: Grant, 235;

Blaine, 103; Sherman, 10; preferences unknown, 32; to be heard from, 30; total,

410.

TORONTO AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.—The voting on the Peterboro' by-law granting aid to the Toronto and Ottawa Railway took place on Saturday. So far as heard from the majority for the by-law is 381.

W. H. MILBURN.

WILL deliver one of his popular

Lectures in the Opera House

TUESDAY EVENING, Feb. 24th.

Subject: "What a Blind Man saw in Paris."

Tickets 25c. Reserved seats 40cts, to be had at Reynolds' Bookstore.

11t

## Piano for Sale.

A PIANO for sale, in good order. Apply

to Mrs. KIRK, George Street.

Feb. 23, 1850.

11t

MILBURN,

"The Blind Man Eloquent."

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Resumed

Business.

ROSS & DAVIES

SEWING MACHINE.

PARTIES wishing to buy a cheap Sewing Machine will find it to their advantage to call on

J. R. NORTHCOTT,

at the Market, dtf

Bellefonte, Feb. 23.

d. t.

TO LET.

THAT commodious store formerly occupied

by Mr. John Cook as a grocery, next

door to Messrs. L. W. Yeomans & Co.'s drug

store. Apply to

T. LOCKERTY,

Tobacconist, 2 doors north

Feb. 23, 1850. d. t.

R. & D. have in stock:

FRESH TEAS,

SUGARS,

COFFEE,

Raisins.

Currants,

and a general assortment of all kinds of Goods, including the best

PASTRY FLOUR, FAMILY FLOUR, BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, OATMEAL, AND CRACKED WHEAT.

LORNE SKATING RINK.

THE MANAGER of the above Rink takes

pleasure in announcing the

Second Grand

CARNIVAL

FOR

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26

The Oddfellows' Band

WILL FURNISH THE MUSIC.

TICKETS: Adults 25 cents, Double Tickets 40 cents, Children 15 cents.

None but those in Costume allowed on the ice after nine o'clock.

Rink opens at 7:30 and closes at 11 P. M.

Vincent Laynes, Prop.

Bellefonte, Feb. 23, 1850.

d. t.

PLEASE CALL.

ROSS & DAVIES,

Corner Front and Bridge Sts.

Bellefonte, Feb. 20, 1850.

d. t.

MONEYS.

PERSONS desirous of obtaining loans on

their credit, may apply direct to

HARFORD ASHLEY,

Foxboro or Bellville.

Bellefonte, Feb. 14, 1850. dtf.

11t

NOTICE.

ALTHOUGH we have always done what is

called "cash business," yet for several

years we have allowed a certain amount of

latitude in the matter, so as to accommodate

those who are in the habit of getting

it monthly, instead of paying at the time

of payment, we find leads to much more

than we intended, as it is often impossible to

deny a short credit to doubtful customers.

Even a short credit inevitably leads to losses,

and these losses have to be paid for, in part

at least, by those who do pay honestly and

## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

## GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

	Nov. 24, 1879.
SING WEST.	
No. 2, Day Express.....	6:15 p.m.
Leave Montreal.....	6:45 a.m.
Arrive Galt.....	11:45 a.m.
No. 3, Mixed.....	12:00 p.m.
Passeger.....	12:00 a.m.
GOLD EAST.	
No. 1, Day Express.....	12:15 p.m.
No. 2, Night Express.....	11:15 p.m.
No. 3, Mixed.....	7:15 p.m.
Arrive in Hastings.....	6:15 p.m.
No. 4, Mixed.....	11:00 p.m.

## GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3rd, trains will run as follows:

Leave Hastings.....	7:30 a.m.
Arrive in Belleville.....	10:30 a.m.
Leave Belleville.....	3:00 p.m.
Arrive in Hastings.....	6:15 p.m.
Trains are run by Belleville time.	

These roads are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

## PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, December 2nd, trains will run as follows:

Leave Madoc.....	8:30 a.m.
Arrive in Picton.....	9:00 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.
Leave Picton.....	9:30 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Trenton Junction 11:15 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.	
(Trains are run by Montreal time.)	

STAGE ROUTES.

Stages leave the principal hotel's for the un-dernounced places at the hours named:

FOR STRELLY—Daily, at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m.

FOR BRIDGEWATER—TUESD.—Daily, at 8 a.m.

FOR TENTER—Daily, at 8 p.m.

FOR PICTON—Daily, at 3 p.m.

The stages arrive in Belleville about noon each day.

## Local Notices.

Notices under this head 10cts. A line each insertion. After five insertions 5cts. a line.

Coughs and diseases of the throat and lungs. Dr. Hull's Horehound Balsam is one of the nicest Cough Syrups ever introduced; it is very pleasant to take and is very effective. Albert L. Green has been appointed agent. Try it.

2485kw

## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, FEB. 23.

## City and Vicinity

THE CELLS.—Three prisoners were confined in the cells last night.

MEETING.—The City Council will hold their regular fortnightly meeting this evening.

TO VISIT US.—The Oddfellows of Madoc will pay a fraternal visit to their brethren of Mizpah Lodge of this city this evening.

TELEGRAPHIC.—The extent of our telegram has been materially reduced to-day, because of the celebration of Washington's birthday.

GRAND CONCERT.—A grand concert complimentary to Edward Hanlan, the champion boxer, has been arranged to take place under the joint auspices of the local Rowing and Cricket Clubs, in the Opera House, on Friday evening next. The champion will positively appear and will exhibit the *Sportmens* Challenge and his other trophies, whilst the local talent have been secured. A popular scale of prices have been adopted and seats can be secured three days in advance at Reynolds'.

## Obituary.

With feelings of deep regret we to lay record the demise of Dr. Andrew Higginbotham, which sad event took place last night, about nine o'clock. The cause of his death was from a rupture, brought about by over-exertion in stowing away a load of hay on the afternoon of Thursday last. His affliction presented such a serious aspect that it was decided to secure the services of Dr. Sullivan, an eminent surgeon of Kingston, and that gentleman, assisted by a corps of resident physicians, performed an operation upon the victim of the accident on Saturday morning. The patient was well known in town here, and during his affliction was frequently called on by our prominent citizens and prayed for in the churches. On Saturday, though his condition was considered critical, slight hopes of his recovery were entertained, but his injury was such that medical skill could not save, and at the hour mentioned above his spirit took its flight.

The late Dr. Andrew Higginbotham was born at Corribus, Cavan County, Ireland, on the 27th of August, 1818. He was the son of a landed proprietor and was liberally educated. He began his studies at an early age with Dr. Lever, of Monaghan, and in 1835 passed a very creditable examination at Apothecaries Hall, Dublin. Two years later he left the home of his birth, and coming to this country settled at Hamilton, where he engaged in the drug trade, which he carried on for some time. In 1842 he was married to Mary, daughter of John and Mary Higginbotham, of Brearton, where the marriage ceremony was performed. Four children—two sons and two daughters—were the fruits of that union. The eldest son is a merchant carrying on the business of a physician in the village of Omence, in the County of Victoria, and the other son is the proprietor of a drug store in Lindsay in the same county. The two daughters reside in this city. The deceased prepared himself in the study of medicine at Victoria College, which he entered in 1850, and three years later he graduated at the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Kingston. In 1860 he went to the village of Bridgewater and settled there, remaining until 1876, when he began his practice in this city. Decceased was a brother of Col. Higginbotham formerly member of the House of Commons for North Wellington; a sister of his married to Dr. Wallace, of the village of Almonte in the County of Lanark, and another sister is married to Mr. Smith, of Guelph. Two sisters and a brother reside in the United States. Decceased was conscious up to his last moment; he was perfectly resigned and cheerfully and contented he passed to a brighter sphere, "Happy in the Lord." He was a member of the Canada Methodist Church.

REVIVAL SERVICES.

MR. HAMMOND'S MEETINGS.

MONDAY MORNING.

At ten o'clock there was a large attendance in the City Hall.

Mr. Hammond read 1st Chronicles 14, 8 and 2nd Chronicles 14.

The Pastors of the various churches and superintendents and teachers of Sunday Schools gave reports as to the results of yesterday's services. Scores of conversions were reported and the results beyond the most sanguine expectations.

As these reports were told many exclaimed, "It is the Lord's work and it is marvellous in our eyes."

Letters were read from St. Catharine's and Chatham. From the latter place the letter spoke of the results of the revival after twelve months, showing how faithful those who had been converted had remained, that all the prophecies that the results of the services would pass away had proved false prophecies, and that not a week passed but fresh accessions were made to the ranks of Christ's army. Mr. Hammond referred to the newspapers and thanked them for their kindness and offered up prayer for all the editors, reporters and printers of the city.

GRAY-haired men and women, those in middle life and young men and young women now arose and with radiant faces and tears of joy rolling down their cheeks told of what God had done for them and for many for whom they had been anxious. Numbers arose asking prayers for themselves and for others.

The Christians in the meeting now went to those who had asked prayers, and by their earnest demeanor and the use of God's Word, were evidently producing effects. Many of the "b'hoys" are under conviction, and doubtless at every service we shall have additional "experiences" to publish.

Ottawa Notes.

SATURDAY, Feb. 21.

Last year 1,023,268 acres of Dominion lands were allotted in Manitoulin and the Northwest territories. This does not include 1,400,000 acres to half-breeds.

We are glad to learn that the "PAIN-

BUCKLE" in Arica Salv.

The Best Balsam in the world for Cuts, Scars, Skin Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Lips, Chilblains, Coughs, and all kinds of Skin Complaints.

Mr. Costigan, M. P., has asked the Finance Minister to place restrictions on the purchase of ginseng by Americans.

The imports for January were: Total dutiable goods, \$3,565,763; coin and bullion, except United States silver coin, \$41,692; free goods, all other kinds, \$1,186,041. Grand total entered for consumption, \$5,832,863. Duty, \$945,678.

The bank statement for January shows the subscribed capital of the chartered banks to be \$62,084,383; paid-up capital, \$60,238,936; notes in circulation, \$20,393,361. Total liabilities, \$104,261,591. Total assets, \$174,724,067.

The different committees of the House met to-day for organization. All the clergymen of last year were re-elected with the exception that Mr. McMillan (Inverness), takes Mr. Dewdney's place as chairman of the committee on expenses.

The press gallery met this morning and elected Mr. G. B. Bradley of the *Mail*, Mr. Lawson of the *P.E.I. Patriot*, Vice-Vice-Chairman and Mr. A. Norton, of the *Globe*, Secretary.

## Police Court.

(Before A. Diamond, P. M.)

Monday, 23d Feb., 1890

VALS FREERIES.

Henry Howard was charged by Thomas Ritchie with having obtained from him a quantity of carpets, blankets and other goods, to the value of \$2,022.69, by false pretences.

The defendant, who was represented by Mr. Anderson, prior to the coming of the latter, said he would prefer to have his case referred before a jury.

The representations, as presented to the Magistrate, were that the defendant stated that he was an agent for mining lands, and was in the employ of the Ottawa Government. He said that he was well known in Ottawa, and intended to furnish a house here, and to that end was now purchasing the necessary goods. The purchases he made were delivered, and he had promised to pay for the goods on Tuesday, but Mr. Ritchie telegraphed to Ottawa to ascertain if the statements made by the defendant were true. A reply was received that the Government did not have such a person as he was.

Mr. Ritchie was called on by our

Committee to give evidence in support of his

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## Daily Intelligencer.

The Ontario Legislature.

FRIDAY, Feb. 20.

In reply to Mr. Todd, Mr. Moran and the Government intended to ask a grant for the relief of the Irish sufferers.

The Bill respecting the Grand Junction railway was passed through Committee of the Whole with amendments.

On the bill respecting the Toronto and Ottawa railroads.

Mr. Miller moved for the excision of the clause giving power to group municipal districts for all purposes.

Mr. Pardee said that with the exception of the clause giving an extension of time, the bill was simply a consolidation of the acts affecting the road.

Mr. Merle said it would be proposed to make an exception in the case of this bill, and that he had obtained in other cases contained in a previous charter to this line. If the grouping system should be abolished a general bill should be introduced.

Mr. Pardee said the Government would introduce a general measure on the subject before the end of the session, and he asked, therefore, that the House allow the charter to stand unaltered.

The amendment was withdrawn, and the bill then passed the Committee.

The Game Law Bill was read a second time and amended so as to permit the hunting of deer with dogs from the middle of October to the middle of January.

The India and Pensions Bill was deferred till Monday; the Division Courts Bill was further considered, and after Mr. Moran had stated that the House could not adjourn next week and that plans for the new Parliament buildings would be submitted next week, the House rose.

## Dominion Parliament.

FOURTH PARLIAMENT—SECOND SESSION.

FRIDAY, Feb. 20.

In the House of Commons Mr. Angers, recently elected for Montmorency, was introduced.

A message from the Governor-General acknowledging the receipt of the address was read.

Mr. Robertson (Hamilton) introduced a measure to amend the law with reference to procedure in criminal cases, &amp;c., and Mr. Methven (Burl.) to determine the rate of interest in the Province of Quebec.

The Minister of Justice introduced resolutions providing for the appointment of two Supreme Court Judges for British Columbia.

A debate opened by Mr. Blake ensued. The hon. member gave several reasons why the measure should not be adopted, and in this attitude he was supported by Mearns Anglin and Mills.

The Premier said the best course to pursue was to leave as great an extent as possible to the discretion of the Legislature, all of which must know that by putting additional burdens on the Treasury they were putting additional burdens on their own people. It was quite true that the whole population of British Columbia was not very large yet, but there was an increasing population of from 30,000 to 50,000 scattered over a sea of mountains, and there justice must be meted out to them in the same way as to the white population.

The resolutions were carried.

The resolutions granting one hundred thousand dollars to the relief of the distressed poor in Ireland was unanimously adopted in Committee of the whole.

Mr. Anglin alleged in effect that the British Government was rather indifferent to the sufferings of Ireland and that but a very small section of the people had come without any kind of governmental relief; that there had been no signs of movement on the part of the British authorities and that it would be better to put the money into the hands of the Mansion House Committee, as many jealousies exist.

Sir John Macdonald stated that the existence of jealousies rendered it more necessary to adopt a course not calculated to excite any. It had been decided, therefore, to ask the Government of England to take charge of the money.

Mr. Mackenzie, in the absence of Sir Richard Cartwright, moved that it be standing order that immediately on the commencement of any session, there be laid on the table of the House returns in detail showing the receipts and expenditures of the Dominion, and the trade and marine returns from the commencement of the fiscal year to the first day of January in each year.

Mr. Bowell said the motion meant the preparation of a semi-annual edition of the trade and navigation returns, to which the Government could not consent, as it would be impossible.

Mr. Plum said this was a strange motion to come from the ex-Finance Minister, who had himself proposed, when in office, that the Public Accounts should be brought down in future up to the 30th June, but only up to the end of April.

Sir John Macdonald said the motion called for a return which would require the printing of a volume of over 900 pages.

Mr. Blake said that was certainly an objection to the proposal.

Mr. Mackenzie also thought these were reasons to be urged against the proposal.

The motion was allowed to stand.

Mr. Anglin moved for lists of men employed on the Intercolonial railway who had been dismissed, since October, 1878. He alleged that men had dismissed in large numbers, and only those who had not Grit proclivities were re-engaged.

Charles Tupper said the return showed that at that period there were 460 less persons on the Intercolonial than were employed in September, 1878, as he had found that the road could be worked with a much smaller staff than that employed by the late Government.

The large majority of these, however, had not been dismissed. Their services had been dispensed with because there was no truth in the allegation that there was no truth in the political opposition.

The change made against him had rather been that he had dispensed with the services of political friends, regardless of their claims on the Government, and retained in the service men who had always been opposed to the Government.

Sir Wm. Macdonald said the tale was that he had been nursing a sick person, preferred those who were supporting the Government to those who were violently opposed to it, but admitted opponents who did their duty to the country had retained upon them still. He would suggest that in the motion the term "dismissed" should have been dispensed with, in view of the word "dismissed"; there being a stigma connected with the word dismissed, which should not be attached to many whose services had been dispensed with.

The motion was carried, amended as suggested.

A lengthy debate arose on the management and physical condition of the Intercolonial Railway, which discussion lasted until midnight when it was concluded.

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railways will hereafter receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STERLING.—At the drug stores of Dr. G. H. Bullock, M. P. P.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTINGS.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. G. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEN. F. SCOTT & CO.,  
14 Park Row, New York.

J. H. BATES, 41 Park Row, New York.

RE Agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.

*Daily Intelligencer.*

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, FEB. 24.

## To Correspondents.

Any correspondence or remittances intended for this office should be addressed to the INTELLIGENCER Office, to secure prompt attention.

THE LEGISLATURE.—It is probable that the Legislature will adjourn about Tuesday or Wednesday next.

SOCIETIES.—The Irish societies of Brooklyn, New York, have resolved not to parade on St. Patrick's Day, but to raise all the money they can for Erin's famine-fighting people.

THE PRINCESS LOUISE.—A telegram from Ottawa on the 23rd says—"The Princess is still confined to her room from the shock received through the recent accident. Her Royal Highness will hardly be able to move about for eight or ten days."

CATTLE TRANSPORT.—The Government has adopted an improved cattle car for the Intercolonial and Canada Pacific Railways, by means of which five days feed and 325 gallons of water can be carried.

A SPLENDID RETURN.—The Grand Trunk Receipts for the week ending Feb. 14th were \$190,667 against \$171,545 during the corresponding period last year—a increase of \$19,122. The Rivière du Loup receipts are included in 1879 not in 1870. Omitting them the week's increase is \$23,322.

PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEES.—Most of the Parliamentary Committees met on Saturday for organization. The following chairmen were elected:—Standing Orders, Hon. J. B. Robinson; Private Bills, Mr. Hector Cameron; Public Accounts, Mr. Kirkpatrick; Banking and Commerce, Mr. Donville; Railways and Canals, Hon. Mr. Langenau; Immigration and Colonization, Mr. W. McDonald; Express Laws, Mr. Committee on Privileges and Elections was called, but there was no quorum.

THE BIDDULPH TRAGEDY.—The preliminary trial of the prisoners charged with the butchery of the Donnelly family, opened at London on Saturday. The boy Johnny Connors was in the box for three hours, but the severe cross-examination to which he was subjected failed to break down his testimony in any essential point. The trial was postponed until Thursday next, bail being refused all the prisoners with the single exception of Mrs. Maher.

THROUGH TO MANITOBA.—The Montreal Witness says:—"With commendable promptness the Grand Trunk management have met the views of four merchants doing business in Manitoba, as expressed by the delegation which waited on Mr. Hickson the other day. It is announced to-day that a special fast freight train will be despatched weekly from Montreal with through cars for Manitoba, leaving the Bonaventure depot every Friday, if possible, and at latest before noon on Saturday."

CONDONE IT.—The Toronto correspondent of the London Advertiser—a staunch Grit, of course—thus severely condemns the expenditure on the pleasure trip of the Lieutenant-Governor, the Financial Treasurer, and others.—"There is nothing to it. An admirable public man will always insist upon saying, 'There is no use in going over in the quantities of liquors provided at the public expense, and presumably consumed.' It is to be hoped that some of the party were sober, though how that could be possible is some what difficult to imagine. To quote a very hackneyed phrase, such an escapade was worse than a crime. It was a blunder, and if Mr. Mowat is wise he will see to it that it does not occur again."

LINE IN PAPER.—The Cobourg Sentinel-star says:—"The price of paper has been advanced. If this price is maintained, the public will be compelled to pay more for their newspapers. Many daily papers have already increased their price from twenty to thirty cents per week, and weekly papers from \$1.00 to \$2.00 per year. The advance in paper can be stopped if the people will save and sell their old paper and rags. Three months' savings of rags and old paper by the entire population, and selling them in the markets, would check the advance in paper. Rags are worth three to three and one half cents per pound. Every newspaper in the land should appeal to the people in this matter, and they should also economize in the consumption as much as possible."

A party of one hundred will leave Ottawa on the 2nd of March for Manitoba, and a party of eighty leave on the 15th.

The Ottawa and Quebec Curling Club stand highest for the Governor-General's medal. They will "play off" in a few days.

The 2nd of June has been fixed as the day for holding the Democratic National Convention to select a Presidential candidate. It will meet at Cincinnati.

ON Wednesday night last a maid in Paris attempted to murder her mistress for seducing her. She tried vainly to tear out her tongue, and was about to hurl her from the window, when she was arrested.

## CITY COUNCIL.

MONDAY, Feb. 23.

At the regular meeting of the Council this evening at eight o'clock three were present: His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Brennan, J. Smith, Liegham D. Holden, Vandusen, A. L. Smith, Estelle, Faloy, T. Holden, Jellett, Petrie, Robertson, Ostrom, Walbridge, Proctor, St. Charles, McIninch and Grant.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

## PETITIONS, &amp;c.

The following petitions and original communications were presented and read:

From the Police Commissioners asking for the half year's appropriation for the police force.

From James McGuire, asking the city to pay the rent for a tenant who occupied one of his houses, and who was too poor to pay it.

From John Gibson, asking for time in which to pay his taxes.

From John Taucher, relative to the payment of an account for water pipes furnished the city.

From A. L. Read, requesting the city to aid him in procuring a stone breaker.

From Wesley Bullen, asking permission to build an ice house on the oil market lot.

From George B. Ulster, desiring the City to assume the rental due him by a poor woman who occupied one of his houses, said allowance to be applied on his taxes.

From J. D. Evans, asking to be appointed an assessment commissioner.

From D. Ockerman, requesting until the 1st of April to make the return of the rolls asked for by the Council.

A number of accounts were handed in and read, amongst which was one for lighting amounting to \$4 16 and Wm. Sutherland's lumber account for \$354.

Several of the above were laid on the table and the remainder were referred to their respective Committees.

Ald. Goss came in.

## REPORTS.

The following reports were read:

From the Finance Committee, that the report of the Board of Health be filed; that Mrs. Walker's position in re taxes be granted; that John Lester's and o. b. request for the remission of fines imposed under the Snow by law be entertained, and recommending the payment of a number of accounts.

From the Market Committee, asking that several accounts be paid; that John King's petition be granted; that the messenger be provided with a uniform and he shall hereafter act as postman; and that Rathbusch Son's tender for coal at \$4 76 per ton and Monahan & Mason's for wood at \$3 50 be accepted.

From the Board of Works, accepting tenders for stone.

From the Poor and Sanitary Committee, urging the payment of sundry accounts, and asking that N. McCommon's account be not entertained.

## INQUIRIES.

In reply to Ald. Holden, Ald. Robertson said that the piers in the harbor having been built they were now being filled with stone, and negotiations were going on between the City and the lumbermen for the payment of the work in the latter part.

Ald. Geiss asked with reference to what had been done in regard to the petition of Mr. Keet for the erection of a glass factory.

Ald. Jellett said nothing on this matter had as yet been done.

St. and W. wished the question to rest until his return.

## NOTICES.

Ald. Geiss gave notice of a resolution asking the Local Legislature to allow only two members for the representation of each Ward of this city in the Council instead of three.

Ald. Petrie gave notice of a By-law for the purchase of horses for drawing the fire engines to fire.

Ald. Geiss gave notice of a resolution to reduce the number of Wards in this city.

Ald. Jellett gave notice of a By-law to amend By-Law No. 407.

Ald. T. Olden gave notice of a motion asking the Treasurer to furnish the Council with a statement of the liabilities of the city on the 31st Dec., 1879, and the amount of interest paid on deposits placed in the Bank during the past three years.

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## NOTIONS.

## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

## GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

JUNG WEST Nov. 24, 1870.

No. 2 Day Express..... 5:15 p. m.

No. 3 Morning Express..... 6:30 a. m.

No. 3 Mixed..... 12:05 p. m.

Passenger..... 1:00 p. m.

GOING EAST.

No. 1 Day Express..... 11:30 p. m.

No. 2 Night Express..... 11:45 p. m.

No. 2 Mixed..... 7:15 p. m.

No. 3 Mixed..... 1:00 p. m.

Coughs and diseases of the throat and lungs. Dr. Hill's Homeopathic Saline is one of the most useful Syrups ever invented; it is very pleasant to take and very effective. Albert L. Green has been appointed agent. Try it.

2481d

**THE BLIND MAN ELOQUENT.** — The *Globe* says: Mr. Milburn's lecture in Toronto: "The Blind Man Eloquent" was entitled to the title of "the blind man eloquent" by the authorship and dignity of his manner, his power of graphic description, and the beauty of his language, investing every phase of his subject with uncommon interest."

**FISH.** — The fish house of George McDonald, on Point Ann, was burned on the 23rd inst., with all appurtenances thereto belonging to the house, boats, ropes, &c. Likewise the Government house for transporting fish. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary, as a person was seen making rapid strides from the locality of the house. It is to be hoped that the culprit may be caught. The loss is about \$200, on which there is no insurance.

**BOARD OF HEALTH.** — The City Council have taken steps to propose a bill to appropriate a Health Officer to be nominated by an Alderman and the Inspector of Poor, in place of the Board of Health, as heretofore constituted. This step, which was taken at the suggestion of Prof. Bobl, Chairman of the Board of Health, will be of great service in the administration of the old plan, but ought to be more effective. To Alderman Julliett belongs the credit of introducing the By-law under which the change was made.

**SERIOUS ACCIDENT.** — At 11:30 this morning Mr. John Sutton, who is in the employ of Mr. Magnus Davis, whilst driving down North Front Street, was struck by the front of an omnibus which had run into his head. He was badly hurt. It appears that after he drove on the railway bridge, the leather hold-blocks on the shafts gave way and the vehicle ran against the animal frightened it and caused it to run into the omnibus. The driver was Dr. H. A. Pendleton. Sutton was thrown with great force into the ditch and the horse continued its flight over the Upper Bridge and ran against a team whilst crossing and was thrown down, but regaining its feet it pursued its mad career, and ultimately came to a stand in front of Stoddard's hotel. Sutton was sent to the office of Dr. Leavitt, but as he was absent at the time, the services of Dr. Allen were secured to alleviate if possible his injuries. The mishap to the unfortunate man presents what is considered at this writing a critical situation and some time will elapse before his recovery.

**BRICK FOR TORONTO.** — A shipment of a car load of brick to Toronto — a not unusual occurrence — was made to day by Mr. Holden, of the Bay of Quinte brick works.

**THE EGG TRADE.** — Three boxes containing 147 dozen of eggs were forwarded to-day per express to Ogdensburg, New York.

**THE PAPER TRADE.** — A car load of brown paper was shipped to Montreal from this city this afternoon.

**MUNICIPALITIES.** — McDowell's H. M. S. Parliament Company and Mr. and Mrs. Bandmann with their talented troupe will visit this city, the first named on the 2nd and the latter on the 9th of March.

**AFTERNON DISPATCHES.**

**RESULTS OF THE ELECTION.** — The Bishop of Kilmore, County of Armagh, has sent the £200 as Peter's pence. £450 has been received from the Archishop of Armagh.

**VENICE, Feb. 24.** — The debate on the budget has begun in the Hungarian Diet. The opposition of the shades will make a combined attack on the Budget ministry. They presented motion declaring a want of confidence in the part of Germany as apprehended. It continues; when this representation has been successfully made to take root, it is only a short step from that point to hostile excitement and a threatened war with Russia, who is to be tried in the Russian campaign against Germany, of which General Milutinoff, Russian Minister of War, is credited with being the chief promoter, are only postponed until France is ready, then they will begin again.

**BERLIN, Feb. 24.** — The North German Gazette in an article which intimates that the projected Russian fortification near Germany frontier are with the purpose of inspiring the Russian people with a sense of alarm.

**THE PART OF GERMANY AS APPREHENDED.**

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# Daily Intelligencer

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 13.

1879. 1880.  
WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

ALLAN LINE.



Winter Sailings via Halifax.

SHORTEST SEA ROUTE.

AVERAGE PASSAGE 73 DAYS.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL  
Londonderry and Glasgow.

The great Clyde built from steamships  
and the Allan Line, Canadian and  
United States Mail will be dispatched  
from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonderry  
every Saturday, follows:

SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

SARMATIAN,	November 29th.
CIRCUASSIAN,	December 5th.
SARDINIAN,	13th.
SCOTTISH,	20th.
PERUVIAN,	27th.
HIBERNIAN,	January 3rd.
SARMATIAN,	10th.
CIRCUASSIAN,	17th.
SARDINIAN,	24th.
CASPIAN,	31st.
MORAVIAN,	February 7th.
PERUVIAN,	14th.
POLYNESIAN,	21st.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Belleville to Liverpool or London  
Cabin \$67, \$80, and \$90, according to  
position in steamer.

Intermediate with first-class Railway \$47,  
steerage, do from \$36.25 to \$32.

Children 1 to 12 years half price, under  
1 year free.

Return Tickets at reduced rates.

Special tickets are issued without extra  
charge, to or from Liverpool, Londonderry,  
Quebec, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bris-  
tol or Cardiff.

The last train connecting with the Ocean  
Steamer to Halifax, passes Belleville every  
Thursday at noon. Passengers go at once on  
board.

An experienced Surgeon accompanies each  
vessel.

Bert. and all other expenses are  
to be reckoned and paid for their friends can  
obtain passage tickets at least fares from  
England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway  
station in Canada or the United States. (When  
tickets are not used the amount is returned,  
less a small deduction.)

Intermediate and steerage Stewardesses are  
applied to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information  
apply to Mr. E. Thompson.

U. E. THOMPSON,

Agent Allan Line,

Canadian Express Office,

Belleville, 1879.

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BANKING OFFICE

OF

U. E. THOMPSON,

BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS

Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal  
without notice. Interest allowed at 4 and 6  
per cent.

245

## Business Directory.

John Bell.

BARRISTER, &c., will continue his  
general practice in his present office,  
on his own account.

JOHN BELL.

Belleville, November 12, 1879.

DENMARK & NORTHRUP.

BARRISTERS, &c., Offices lately com-  
menced by Ponton & Denmark, Front St.,  
Belleville.

Money to Loan—Private and Company  
funds—d&w.

ROBERTSON & THOMAS,

BARRISTERS, &c., Offices—Robertson  
Brook, east side of Front Street, Bel-  
leville, Ont.

ALICE ROBERTSON, J. PARKER THOMAS.

ELIOT & JELLIETT.

(Solicitors for The Canadas Bank of Commerce)

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solici-  
tors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c.,  
Belleville, Ont.

JOHN J. FLINT.

MORGAN JELLIETT.

DELANEY & OSTROM,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, etc., Trenton.

135

PETERSON & PETERSON,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solici-  
tors in Chancery, Insolvency, and Mu-  
nicipal Law cases, Conveyancers, &c., d&w.

Head Office, corner Bridge and Front Streets,  
Belleville.

A. M. PETERSON, R. A. C. W. PETERSON, B.A.

GEORGE D. DICKINSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block,  
Bridge Street, Belleville.

E. MCMAHON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery

or, Conveyancer, &c., ORRISON—No. 4,  
Graham's Block, entrance from Campbell  
Street, Belleville, Ont.

DAVID B. ROBERTSON,

(SECRETARY CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY  
COMPANY)

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery

or, Conveyancer, &c., ORRISON—No. 4,  
Post Office, Postage, Bogart's Block, Bridge  
Street, Belleville, Ont.

P. S.—Money to lend on easy terms and  
Mortgages bought and sold.

ALFRED E. DENISON.

LATE OF THE CONSOLIDATED BANK,

BOOKKEEPER, Accountant, accounts  
adjusted. Agent for Fire and Life In-

surance. Money to Lend and on easy  
terms and Mortgages bought and sold.

JAN. 13, 1879.

DR. HIGBOTHAM,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c.,

Office and Residence, Hotel Street, in

House formerly occupied by Dr. Tracy, near

opposite Montreal Bank.

DR. WILLSON, M. D. C. M.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MCGILL,

MONTRÉAL. Late House Apothecary of

the Montreal General Hospital. Residence

and Office, Pinacle Street.

DR. RICHARDSON, L. D. S.

SCROPHYLIC DENTIST.

OFFICE—Corner Bridge and Front Street.

Entrance on Bridge Street.

JOSEPH G. COLEMAN,

Surgeon, Dentist, and Chiropractor.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D.

OFFICE—Front Street, over Chandler

Drug Store, Corner Front and Bridge Streets,  
Belleville.

I. ADDISON,

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railway will hereafter receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

St. John's.—At the drug store of Dr. G. H. Boutillier, M. P. P.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTINGS.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. C. G. Willson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. R. ROWELL & CO.,  
46 PARK ROW, NEW YORK,  
AND  
J. H. RATES, 41 PARK ROW, NEW YORK,  
ARE OUR AGENTS IN THAT CITY, AND ARE AUTHORIZED TO CONTRACT FOR ADVERTISING AT LOWEST RATES.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 25.

## To Correspondents.

Any correspondence or remittances intended for this office should be addressed to the INTELLIGENCER Office, to secure prompt attention.

## Political Notes.

Senator McLelan thus, in a speech made in the Senate, disposed of the allegations of the Grit press with regard to shipbuilding and the N. P.—"My hon. friend from St. John refers to the tax on shipping and charges the National Policy with having imposed a tax of at least \$2 per ton on ships. I have had some experience in that business. I have launched ships every year for the last five or six years under the old tariff and under the new, and I know whereof I speak when I now say that the taxation on shipping is less under this tariff, with the drawback, than it was under the old one. I know that we paid less duties on ships we launched last October when we got the drawback than we paid on any vessel launched under the previous tariff." Next we shall hear from the Grit press that the hon. gentleman knows less than they do of the business in which he is engaged.

Mr. Schreiber, Manager of the Intercolonial Railway, reports that the expenses of the road for the six months ending December 31st, 1879, were \$753,469.13 and the receipts \$721,277.42 the excess of expenditure being thus \$32,191.71. The additional mileage, Mr. Schreiber adds, "placed under the Intercolonial management early in the year has increased the miles run by the trains 73,614 over the number for the corresponding period of the previous year. The engines and passenger coaches are being run up to their full capacity, and the freight can have been kept pretty constantly rolling. The traffic has been conducted with great regularity, and the causation I am pleased to say have been very few and of a trivial character." On this statement of facts the Ottawa correspondent of the *Mail* remarks:—"The facts stated in this report cannot fail to rouse public attention. Under the former Government the deficit for the same period was \$217,000, whilst under the present Government it is only \$32,191, or a difference of \$185,000 on the half year, or \$37,000 on the full year. Business men cannot fail to see the importance of this statement, which has a direct bearing on their future freights."

## Market Fees.

The London *Free Press* make a good point against the Bill before the Legislature proposing to deprive cities, towns and villages of the power of collecting market fees. Our contemporary says—"Let us take the case of this city as an example of the effect it might produce. The city is compelled to pay interest to the Ontario Government on account of money borrowed from the Municipal Loan Fund. This amounts to \$36,000 a year, and is furnished from the current assets. No considerable portion of these accrue from the market fees, amounting to over \$5,000 per annum. But if the Legislature were to step in arbitrarily and deprive the treasury of that large amount, how could the city be expected to continue to pay the annual indebtedness? Besides, the interests of foreign creditors have to be taken into account. Our people borrowed money from them under the expectation of raising a certain revenue, of which the market fees form an important portion. If the Government were to come in between the debtor and creditor in the way Mr. Hartcourt proposes, it might result in serious complications. Market fees have been long established, and form a recognized source of public revenue, the maintenance of which is essential to continued ability to discharge financial obligations. There is no desire, as is well known, to default in any public obligations, but if Government were to lay a ruthless hand upon one of the chief sources of revenue, it would open the door to the argument that it had deprived us of a revenue so it must put up with the inability to pay as the result of its own act."

In the case of Belleville, the city would be deprived of a revenue averaging—taking into account losses from various causes—not less than \$2,000 per year. Such a diminution of the municipal receipts would be little short of ruinous, as the expenditure requires a rate which is in reality upwards of 2 cents on the dollar, taking into account the over-valuation of property as assessed. Therefore it is to be hoped that the Bill will not be allowed to pass.

There is another Bill before the Dominion Parliament, which proposes to remove the restriction imposed on the sale of farmers' produce at places other than the public market. Such a measure would be quite as bad in its effects as that before the Legislature, and the members for the County will undoubtedly give it their close attention.

## Revival Services.

MR. HAMMOND'S MEETINGS.  
EVERY SUNDAY.

There was a crowded audience present at the evening meeting in the Bridge Street Church, and even the aisles were occupied such was the enthusiasm created.

After hymn exercise Mr. Hammond read portions of a chapter from 1st Corinthians, and gave the various definitions that could be adduced therefrom. The speaker made a variety of remarks explanatory of the verse read, and pointed out the existence of sin; the way to avoid the fate of those who followed in that path; and expressed the hope that Jesus Christ presented on account of His death and resurrection. It was his desire to introduce variety into these meetings, as by that the people would be interested and come to them. He recited a number of hymns, and after a few other remarks expressed the hope that all would eventually possess spiritual and sinless bodies for the glory of God. He then gave a brief prayer, after which Rev. Mr. Willoughby announced the holding of the future meetings. "Come, then, fount of every blessing" was sung and then Mr. Hammond went on with his discourse, which he took from the 8th chapter of Romans, the concluding verses. He divided his text into four parts; first, the Gospel of condemnation; secondly, that of justification; thirdly, that of grace and fourthly, the series to Him. Those who had aimed against the law must be judged by the law, for those who sin against it are responsible. The law is the schoolmaster which will bring us to Christ. Paul had seen his weakness and all Christians, he trusted, would pray and therefore help others. "By deeds of the law shall no flesh be justified." Some had said they believed in a God who saved everybody. If God was to save everybody it was to be inferred that the hosts of Pharaoh were saved, as also were those people of Sodom, the Canaanites and Judas. He invited all to a dear feast to those who would partake of it. Man is justified by faith and treated just, though he has broken the law, and this is "for Jesus' sake." Though one may be an infidel he can be saved through the blood of our Lord Jesus Christ. With those who died before Christ—all were saved through faith as well as they are now. Tribulation worketh patience. We need patience; we need crushing. The leading men of St. Catharine were humble and came to Jesus, and yet but few of the leading men of this city had come forward. He had given away \$130 worth of books while in this city and yet it would be asked by some who had written to him from other places "what would he take for a visit?" His answer was that his sole pleasure was a love for souls and to do good to those whom he addressed. Mr. Cox, who was with him, was an earnest and good man and was rich, and though at times he was ready yet he was a real good Christian. Young converts and young Christians had temptations to withstand, but with the help of God they could avoid them by running away from the devil and giving themselves to Jesus. We should consecrate ourselves to Christ; we should look to Him for our sanctification, and we would fully receive the benefits of His grace. He read the last 8 verses of the 8th chapter of Romans, and said all can come to Jesus now; all can obtain grace; the chapter was like St. Peter's at Rome; the dome was like the last 8 verses of the chapter, and the two last verses like the brazen ball on the dome. He as an evangelist belonged to no church, though he belonged to the church of Christ, yet as a Christian minister he would willingly serve his master. There was no need of despondency, in this city deeply deplored the melancholy effects of these got up revivals. The moral and religious nature of man is a most serious thing to trifling with. The flippant talk of sacred things and of religious experiences with the gibberish utterances in scripture physiology of the profound truths of revelation, is seed which yields a sad harvest.

We seriously ask earnest men who may be active in these meetings to retire for a time apart from the exciting contact of their fellow-souls and alone to reflect and consider what they are doing—to meditate upon the character of God, our relations to him, and to think upon the wonderful complexity of the nature of man. And withal, in order to find direction for the soul's healing, looking humbly and meekly for light to the source of light, and we are satisfied that they will hereafter cease to carry on what is undoubtedly a wretched caricature of those means our blessed Saviour would employ.

X.

**MORNING DESPATCHES.**

**EUROPEAN.**

**THE SPANISH RECIDE'S APPEAL.**

**SENTENCE LIKELY TO BE CARRIED OUT.**

MADRID, Feb. 25.—An appeal of the condemned regicide Gonzales was heard yesterday. It is generally believed his sentence will be confirmed in five days. The attempt on the Czar's life leaves little doubt that Gonzales' sentence will be carried out. The Queen now enjoys good health. In court circles hopes are entertained of an auspicious event, which in a few months may tend to consolidate the popularity of the youthful sovereign.

**AMERICAN.**

**A Condemned Murderer Re-sighted.**

**A Father Stabbed by his Lunatic Son.**

**DROWNED WHILST DRUNK.**

**Sentence Commuted.**

**Fatal Result of Jealousy.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The President has granted a respite of thirty days to Wyatt Stone, who was to be hanged here on Friday for the murder of his wife.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Feb. 25.—Yesterday an insane son of A. Donahue, a wealthy fruit grower, fatally stabbed his father, who had attempted to take a pistol from him.

WHEELING, West Va., Feb. 26.—While three drunk men were quarrelling in a saloon, one of them struck the other in the head with a pistol, killing him.

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## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

NOV. 24, 1879.

JNO. WEST.

No. 5, Day Express..... 6:15 p. m.

No. 4, Morning Express..... 6:30 a. m.

No. 8, Mixed..... 6:30 p. m.

Passenger..... 6:30 p. m.

GOING EAST.

No. 1, Day Express..... 12:10 p. m.

Leave Montreal..... 12:15 p. m.

Arrive at Belleville..... 10:30 a. m.

Leave Belleville..... 10:45 a. m.

Arrive at Hastings..... 6:15 a. m.

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GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY.

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Leave Madoc..... 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Belleville..... 9:00 a. m.

Leave Hastings..... 3:00 p. m.

Arrive in Madoc..... 6:30 p. m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.

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BELLEVILLE AND NORTH HASTINGS RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3rd, trains will run as follows:

Leave Madoc..... 7:15 a. m. and 1 p. m.

Arrive at Peterborough..... 9:00 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

Leave Picton..... 9:30 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.

Arrive at Trenton Junction..... 11:15 a. m. and 5:00 p. m.

(Trains are run by Montreal time.)

STAGE ROUTES.

For STANLEY—Daily, at 8 a. m., and 3 p. m.

For MADOC—Daily, at 2 p. m.

For BRONSWAY, TWEED, &amp;c.—Daily, at 2 p. m.

For PETERBOROUGH—Daily, at 3 p. m.

The stages arrive in Belleville about noon each day.

## Local Notices.

NOTICES UNDER THIS HEAD MUST BE RECEIVED AT LEAST ONE MONTH IN ADVANCE OF THE DATE FOR WHICH THEY ARE TO BE PUBLISHED.

COUGHS AND DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.—Dr. Hull's Horsehold Balsam is one of the most COUGH Syrups ever introduced, it is very pleasant to take and is very effective. Albert L. Green has been appointed agent. Try it.

CHURCH DEDICATION.—The dedicatory services at the new C. M. Church in the 3rd concession of Thurlow on Sabbath last were highly interesting and financially a great success. Rev. N. R. Willoughby, M. A., preached a sermon of great power in the morning which was followed by able and earnest discourses by the Rev. P. D. Will, in the afternoon and evening. There was a very large attendance at the tea-meeting on Monday night, H. Ashley, Esq., in the chair. In response to the appeal of the Rev. Mr. Willoughby, subscriptions flew freely, until more than enough was raised to free the church from debt. Proceeds of tea-meeting, \$140. Collections on Sabbath \$29.

LITTLEST LIVING AGE.—The numbers of *The Living Age* for the weeks ending February 1st and 14th respectively, have the following contents: The Forces Behind Nature, by Dr. Wm. B. Carpenter, *Modern Review*; The Roman Breviary; Bush-Life in Queensland; Contraries of Medicine, and Finder's Hymn to Persephone, *Blackwood*; The Character and Writings of Cyrus the Great, The Letters of the Late Mr. Dickens, and Justinian, *Contemporary*; Old Fashioned Gardening, *Nineteenth Century*; Earth-bound: A Story of the Sea and the Unseen, by Mrs. Oliphant; *Frazer*; Fighting Fitzgerald, *Cornhill*; *Windsor*, Confinians, and the Restoration of the *Saints*; *Symbol*; The Color of the Sex, *Science for All*; Flow of Viscous Materials, a Model Glacier, *Nature*, with an instalment of "He who will not when he may," by Mrs. Oliphant and the usual amount of poetry. The serial story above mentioned, by Mrs. Oliphant, and another by the author of "Dorothy Fox," have been recently begun, and the publishers, present to new subscribers for 1880 the six numbers \$1.79 which contain the beginning of forty-two pages each (or more than 3,300 pages a year), the subscription price \$8 is low; while for \$10.50 the publishers offer to send any one of the American \$4 monthly or weekly issues of *The Living Age* for a year, including the extra numbers of the latter, both postpaid. Littell & Co., Boston, are the publishers.

SLIPPERY.—The rain of last night, which froze as fast as it fell, formed one solid sheet of "glare" ice, over the surface of which pedestrians had much difficulty in making their way, and numerous were the falls sustained by the unlucky ones.

THEFT OF HORSES.—Some individual, whose identity at this writing has not been ascertained, visited the barn of Mr. David Roblin, of Sidney, on Monday evening and appropriated to himself a fine set of buggy horses, the loss of which Mr. Roblin deplored.

IRISH RELIEF.—At Sunday morning Mass, Rev. Father Bretharap made the first collection in Trenton for the Irish relief fund, amounting to one hundred and twenty-seven dollars. He intends making another next Sunday. A subscription list has been started at Mill Point for the relief of the distressed people in Ireland.

A COLD WAVE.—Mr. Venner ventures again after this fashion. On the 23rd he said:—"There are indications of the approach of the cold wave." It is due here about Tuesday, but possibly may be a little later. This term should form a marked feature in the month, and give decidedly cold weather with keen winds, and probably terminate in a considerable snowfall. Where is the "wave?"

CONCERT.—A concert under the auspices of the Belleville Rowing and Cricket Clubs, will be given in the Opera House, on Friday evening when, in addition to the appearance of Hanley, the champion sculler of America and England, a pleasing program will be presented to the public.

DRIVE THEM DOWN.—The portions of the nails in the sidewalks which protrude above the planks greatly annoy pedestrians and should be driven down. If the Street Surveyor would see to this we will confer a boon on our citizens that will be heartily appreciated.

FAREWELL.—Rev. Mr. Hammond, the revivalist, is announced to hold his farewell meeting in the Bridge Street Church to-night. The good wishes of many will follow him to Montreal, whether he proceeds to open a series of meetings similar to those which he has inaugurated here, and which will be continued after his departure. The first gathering in Montreal, the *Witness* announces, will be a mass meeting of children on Saturday afternoon.VALUABLE TESTIMONY.—At the meeting held by Mr. Hammond this morning in the City Hall, a gentleman stated that one of the Public School teachers who had always been sceptical as to the conversion of her sceptics, had told him yesterday that her scepticism was gone; for in her division there were boys and girls who in every way were bringing forth the results of a changed life, and she could not doubt the genuineness of the change which had taken place in them.—*Com.*

NO DECISION.—In the debate on the question should the manufacture, sale and importation of liquor be prohibited by law in the hall of the Workingmen's Temperance Association last night, no decision was given, as the argumentative points adduced were considered equal. Mr. A. Diamond took the affirmative and Prof. Dawson the negative.

YACHTING NOTE.—Mr. F. C. Somichrest, the talented Honorary Secretary of the Royal Nova Scotia Yacht Squadron, has been promoted to flag rank as Rear Commander, but continues the direction of the squadron by retaining the position of Hon. S. Mr. Somichrest has built a 20-ton cutter, on which he will hoist the Bay of Quinte Yacht Club signal, being an honorary member of our local club, as well as of many others—British American and foreign. We trust that Mr. S. may find his new craft as speedy as his desire, and that she may win many laurels for her spirited owner. The R. N. S. Y. S. it may be stated, sailed more races during the past summer than any other club in the country.

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**Daily Intelligencer.**  
CAST ON THE WORLD:

The Border Marriage.  
A STORY OF THE GREAT GLASGOW  
BANK ROBBERY.

CONTINUED.  
"You would tell 'em I had got a kid now, and would be out in a day or two."

"Yes, I told 'em that, and they said you had best be quick about it, or they would have to look out."

"They'll not need," was the gruff rejoinder. "I'm ready to take easy ones-to-morrow morning, and in a week he'll be ready for the run of 'em. Gobbles your breakfast, Tucker, as quick as you can, for I want to learn this young to follow the old, and teach him to do the same. He'll learn fast enough when you tell him how, for his bones have been trained for it already."

"Yes, master, I'll do it," said Tucker, as he diligently consumed his breakfast, with his eyes fixed on Charlie's face in the room, and forthwith he and Charlie were ordered to accompany Winterbottom to the room below.

This was a large, dingy place filled with bags of soot, and it had a cold, dismal appearance. Here the sooty smell had concentrated itself with intense disagreeability, so that it was hard to find the other end of the room, where was an ugly fireplace, Charlie's bare feet and bare legs were blackened with the vile stuff which lay inches thick on the floor.

The fire place was as we have said employ. It had no grate, and when Winterbottom took Charlie into the recess he worried what it was to do. But he was not long in doubt.

"Now, young 'un," said his captor, "you've got to go up there."

"Up there!" repeated Charlie, dashing a dimpled gasp into the black cavity which yawned perpendicularly above him.

"Yes, up there. That's the work you are going to do now. You're going to be a C.O. Don't you know what that is?"

"No," answered Charlie. "Well, look at Tucker. Tucker is a C.O. Ain't you, Tucker?"

"Yes, master."

"Tell this green 'un what a C.O. is."

"A climbing boy," replied Tucker.

"You hear that. It's a climbing boy, and that's what you are to be. You are to go up to clean 'em."

"Oh dear," exclaimed Charlie, white with terror, "I couldn't and durstn't go up there."

"Now, look ye here. I don't stand no more room for talk. You'll be sent up there the last bit of 'em. I'll tell you with this rope till you stand; so you'd better not make me. Now, Tucker, up you go and show him how to do it."

In a moment Tucker was in the recess, and climbing up to the mouth of the chimney, was in a twinkling lit to sight. The master of the house, Charlie, stood by, and the sound of his responses reached us, they came from a distance above, showing that he had ascended to the top of the vent.

"He's coming down again—just listen and you'll hear him," said the master pulling Charlie forward.

They stood in silence beneath, and the particles of soot and lime dispensed by Tucker's efforts were the only sounds to hear a rattling sound in the vent, which came nearer and nearer, till it approached the bottom, and Tucker dropped lightly down on Charlie's shoulder, and said thanks to the floor.

"Now you try it, said the master pulling Charlie forward.

The boy shuddered, but knowing that he was powerless to resist, he called up his courage and did the task. He had naturally a good share of fear and timidity, and the sharp experience of his life brief as that life had been as yet—had served pretty well to develop them. Had he not seen Tucker do the feat he would have deemed it impossible, but inasmuch as he had been cognizant of its accomplishment by a boy very little bigger than himself, and not in despair of being able to do it, in his acrobatic education he had been taught to face and surmount worse difficulties.

"Tell me how I am to hold on and push up," he said, turning to Tucker.

The latter grinned, but good naturedly showed his new companion the climbing process. It was very simple, and Charlie quickly comprehended it.

"It's the knees and elbows as does it all," explained Tucker. "When you wants to raise your arms higher keep a pressin' yer knees up, and when you wants to pull down the line, and when you wants to draw 'em up, stick yer elbows as firm as the sides as you can. Shut yer eyes and yer mouth, and keep at it, till you comes to the top. Take care and don't stop, for if yer slips'll come smash to the bottom; and when yer comin' down reverse the motions, that's the whole business."

Such was Tucker's simple and concise directions, and Charlie's quick mind easily comprehended them.

"I think I understand," he said, and bravely began to raise himself into the chimney. Tucker was directed to go up close behind him, this being the practice in the case of all beginners, so that if they should slip, as they were apt to do, they might have some one to catch them, and bring them to the bottom, and also that when they grew tired with their unskillful exertions, they might rest for a few minutes on the shoulders of the boy beneath them.

One fearful glance Charlie cast into the yawning blackness above him—the horrible recesses of which he was compelled to explore. Then he closed his eyes, set his teeth very hard, compressed his lips, and began the effort to climb upwards.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Thurlow Council.

TOWN HALL, Feb. 18, 1880.

Present—H. Ashley, Reeve, W. C. Farley and James McCreadie, Deputy Reeves, N. Vermailles and W. A. Chapman, Councillors.

Proceedings of the last meeting were read and approved.

The application of W. H. Simes, soliciting the appointment of Municipal Clerk and proposing to serve all the duties pertaining to said office for \$150 per annum, was read and not entertained.

The application of E. B. Fraleck in behalf of Robert Phillips, asking the Council to get up a map of the village of Campton, was read and received.

Mr. McCreadie introduced the By-Law applying to Township Officers, which was read and approved.

Mr. Vermailles introduced the By-Law fixing the salaries of the Township officers, which was read a first and second time. Salary of Clerk reduced to \$150 per annum; Treasurer's salary \$120; Surveyor's \$120; Collector's \$120; Auditor's \$90 per annum; Assessors, each \$60; Auditors, each \$3; Member of the Council, each \$150 per day; and the sum standing over Court of Revisors, \$150 per day.

Moved by James McCreadie, seconded by N. Vermailles that \$600 be granted to School section No. 5, Thurlow, in accordance with a resolution passed by the County Council, amounting to \$600.00 for the School section.—Carried.

CONTINUED.

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TO BE CONTINUED.

Thurlow Council.

TOWN HALL, Feb. 18, 1880.

Present—H. Ashley, Reeve, W. C. Farley and James McCreadie, Deputy Reeves, N. Vermailles and W. A. Chapman, Councillors.

Proceedings of the last meeting were read and approved.

The application of W. H. Simes, soliciting the appointment of Municipal Clerk and proposing to serve all the duties pertaining to said office for \$150 per annum, was read and not entertained.

The application of E. B. Fraleck in behalf of Robert Phillips, asking the Council to get up a map of the village of Campton, was read and received.

Mr. McCreadie introduced the By-Law applying to Township Officers, which was read and approved.

Mr. Vermailles introduced the By-Law fixing the salaries of the Township officers, which was read a first and second time. Salary of Clerk reduced to \$150 per annum; Treasurer's salary \$120; Surveyor's \$120; Collector's \$120; Auditor's \$90 per annum; Assessors, each \$60; Auditors, each \$3; Member of the Council, each \$150 per day; and the sum standing over Court of Revisors, \$150 per day.

Moved by James McCreadie, seconded by N. Vermailles that \$600 be granted to School section No. 5, Thurlow, in accordance with a resolution passed by the County Council, amounting to \$600.00 for the School section.—Carried.

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"You would tell 'em I had got a kid now, and would be out in a day or two."

"Yes, I told 'em that, and they said you had best be quick about it, or they would have to look out."

"They'll not need," was the gruff rejoinder. "I'm ready to take easy ones-to-morrow morning, and in a week he'll be ready for the run of 'em. Gobbles your breakfast, Tucker, as quick as you can, for I want to learn this young to follow the old, and teach him to do the same. He'll learn fast enough when you tell him how, for his bones have been trained for it already."

"Yes, master, I'll do it," said Tucker, as he diligently consumed his breakfast, with his eyes fixed on Charlie's face in the room, and forthwith he and Charlie were ordered to accompany Winterbottom to the room below.

This was a large, dingy place filled with bags of soot, and it had a cold, dismal appearance. Here the sooty smell had concentrated itself with intense disagreeability, so that it was hard to find the other end of the room, where was an ugly fireplace, Charlie's bare feet and bare legs were blackened with the vile stuff which lay inches thick on the floor.

The fire place was as we have said employ. It had no grate, and when Winterbottom took Charlie into the recess he worried what it was to do. But he was not long in doubt.

"Now, young 'un," said his captor, "you've got to go up there."

"Up there!" repeated Charlie, dashing a dimpled gasp into the black cavity which yawned perpendicularly above him.

"Yes, up there. That's the work you are going to do now. You're going to be a C.O. Don't you know what that is?"

"No," answered Charlie. "Well, look at Tucker. Tucker is a C.O. Ain't you, Tucker?"

"Yes, master."

"Tell this green 'un what a C.O. is."

"A climbing boy," replied Tucker.

"You hear that. It's a climbing boy, and that's what you are to be. You are to go up to clean 'em."

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Revival Services.  
MR. HAMMOND'S MEETINGS.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

A children's meeting was held in the Bridge Street Church, the attendance being large, and the services of the usual interesting character.

## EVENING SERVICE.

After devotional exercises Mr. Hammond spoke on the conversion of children, after which he returned thanks to the city papers for their reports of his meetings, and to the usher and singers. He uttered a brief prayer, which was followed by the singing of a hymn.

He gave a discourse from the 5th chapter of the 2nd Corinthians, reading a number of verses therefrom and commenting upon each and presenting the truths contained in them in vivid and earnest language.

"We will gather at the river," was succeeded by Rev. Mr. Turnbull announcing the holding of future meetings. He also stated that Mr. Hammond had been invited here without any promise of recompense, and after his labors it was to be hoped he would receive something as a thank offering, and so that end envelopes would be distributed, so that givers would have an opportunity of subscribing and could hand in their contributions this evening. Envelopes labelled "Thank offerings for Mr. Hammond" were then distributed among the audience, after which an experience was related, and "How lost was my condition" sung.

Mr. Hammond gave out at his text the 4th verse of the 9th Chapter of the Acts of the Apostles, "Lord what wilt thou have me to do?" There was an individual response resting upon us, and it remained for us to apply the interrogation used in the verse quoted. Some persons had been truly converted, but there are others who have mistaken ideas of conversion. To the Christians he would say be good to the young converts; treat them kindly; shake hands with them and use them well. Some of those who have been converted may fall, but he asked all Christians to hold out their hands to them and act generously toward them. The penitent thief went right from the cross to Heaven, but Christians should they seek that home should always obey God. He, the speaker, would have to go to Montreal, as he had been called there, and he would leave this city on Friday, at noon, but this work would go on. Already over 600 had been converted and had signed the covenant book, but how many had not been changed in heart. Many, many had been converted, old and young, and he prayed the world would go right on. He urged all to go to these services as having put their hands to the plough, they should keep it moving; let all attend the morning meetings and keep up their spirit after he had gone; all should go themselves and bring their friends. Christians should do all they could to help in this grand work; we should hold on; pray on, for some have brothers and sisters who have not been converted. He hoped these meetings would "go on" and all would be led to rejoice in Christ. Some people came to these meetings to scoff and make fun, but all at once they found that they were sinners; they were not in a condition to be saved; their sins crushed them down but their hearts had been changed. Some came honestly, seriously and enquired what they should do be saved; little by little they felt reduced and meant and said they would become Christians. Some are inclined to think they have not been converted, but they loved Jesus. Many were in sympathy with these meetings and if we have a love for God's people that we never had before, that is an evidence that they have experienced a change of heart. He exhorted them to read the Bible, to pray and labor for the salvation of sinners, as long as they lived and they would not sink into heaven with a starless crown on. He advised them to join some Christian church, to trust in God, and at all times he will take care of you in this world and in the world to come. He approved of the stand taken by Mr. Diamond in the debate in the W. T. A. Hall and he (Mr. H.) hoped for prohibition, and that hearers would avoid the use of liquors, for he had seen its effects in many places and in various manners. Young converts have escaped the dark path and are now "Happy in the Lord." God can take care of them and he would say to them, go forward, go forward, and though your fathers may possibly turn you out of doors, God may break your father's heart. He will bring you through. If you follow Jesus He may lead you into deep waters, but He will surely carry you through. Jesus will receive us if we love Him and trust in Him.

The attendance at this meeting was as large as at any previous one, and the audience listened with undivided attention to the words of the speaker. After a meeting of converts had been held in the lecture room and an enquiry meeting in the church, the proceedings for the evening were brought to a close.

THURSDAY MORNING.

There was a very large gathering in the City Hall. Mr. Hammond spoke with his usual force and effect and several converts related their experience.

**SERIOUS FIRE IN NEW BRUNSWICK.**—The Legislative Assembly buildings of New Brunswick, at Fredericton, were destroyed by fire on the night of the 24th. Most of the books of the Provincial library were saved. The Legislature was summoned to meet on the 25th. They will be compelled to adjourn for a period to find a place to meet in.

**IMPORTANT CONCESSIONS.**—Reports are made that the Czar of Russia will make important concessions to his subjects on the twenty-fifth anniversary of his accession should the Nihilists give him leave to see that day.

"One of the Chaudiere lumbermen has disposed of a waggon's load of lumber which netted him a profit of \$90,000."

MORNING DESPATCHES.  
EUROPEAN.  
THE HOME RULER'S MOVE.  
Ireland's Needs.  
TERRIBLE DESTITUTION.  
FROM ST. PETERSBURG

DUBLIN, Feb. 26.—Galloway now heads the list of districts counties. Terrible destitution is reported. The list of districts shows a larger increase. The Mansion House Committee, yesterday distributed \$200,000.

LONDON, Feb. 26.—The Standard says Home rulers will content themselves with ensuring the continuance of the debate for three days, on Northcote's resolution, reserving their strength for subsequent discussion on the amendments. Davitt, Daly, Kilian and Brennan, having been served with copies of the indictments against them will plead, Saturday being the last day for pleading.

MOSCOW, Feb. 26.—While the King was hunting yesterday, a report was circulated that he had been shot. It arose from the fatal shooting of a boy by the accidental discharge of a keeper's gun.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 26.—The cause of the imprisonment of Prince Henrik of Denmark, is reported to have been that she said in case the Empress would die the Emperor would probably marry the Princess Dagorroni.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 26.—Two trains on the Indiana, Cincinnati, and L. & W., Railroad, collided near here last evening. The engine and two cars were ditched. A man was killed and several injured.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The late Dr. Brandreth begrimed the honestest to his wife, Brandreth house on Broadway, value \$40,000 to his seven daughters, and the remainder trade marks and estate to his six sons on condition that they pay the widow one thousand dollars per month.

The Herald's relief fund amounts to \$247,000.

Jay Gould is about to pay a three weeks' visit to Texas.

DeLesseps dines with the Lotus Club on Saturday evening, attending the reception of civil engineers to-night, and that of the Geographical Society on Friday night.

Arrived, the California from London.

## MEETING.

THERE will be a meeting of the Rowing and Cricket Clubs to-night at St. George's, to make final arrangements regarding concert to-morrow evening. A large attendance is requested.

## DOG LOST.

ON Sunday last near Upper Bridge, a Light Brown Esquimaux Puppy. The finder will be rewarded by reporting at the office of this paper.

Feb. 26th, 1860. 252d st

## A CARD.

BELLEVILLE, Feb. 25th, 1860.

W. A. STEPHEN, Esq., Agent Queen's Assurance Co.

Accept my thanks for prompt payment for loss sustained by fire on the 14th inst., in the McNamee Block, Front Street.

JAMES GLASS,  
Exco's McNamee Estate.

## Consolidated Bank of Canada.

BILL Holders and Depositors are, at the request of the Consolidated Bank, desired to present their claims to the under-signed, at Merchants' Bank, Belleville, and after 1st March next, for settlement.

W. HAMILTON. 3d&2w

## STRAYED OR STOLEN.

FROM MY premises, Front Street, a Bull Pop, 3 months old, all white with the exception of a spot on each ear. A reward given for the return of him or any person retaining him after this notice will be presented.

J. B. PATTERSON,  
Jeweller, Front Street.

BELLEVILLE, Feb. 25. 3d&2w

## AUCTION SALE.

STEAM MILL and Village Lots in Shannondale.

HERE will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on

FRIDAY, the 12th day of MARCH, 1860, at 12 o'clock, noon, at Chisholm's Hotel in the village of Shannondale, unless previously disposed of privately.

That desirable property consisting of Lots 47, 48, and 49, on North-west side of Queen Street, in Shannondale, Ont., and Lots 47, 48, and 50, on the North-east side of the same street, containing in all about one and a half acres.

Upon this property is a valuable STEAM MILL, which cost originally over \$6,000.00 known as the Stevenson or Sexsmith Mill, with machinery complete.

TRIE PARROT. The Vendors will reserve one bid.

The property may be purchased in one lot or in separate portions, to suit purchasers.

For further particulars apply to Chas. Wilkins, Auctioneer, Belvoir, Kingston.

GEORGE J. BURNFORD,  
Box 236, Kingston.

Kingston, Feb. 25, 1860. 3d&2w

## He Great Canadian Sensation.

R. & D. have in stock:

## OPER HOUSE.

## TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

COMMENCING

Tuesday March 2nd.

## E. A. McDowell's COMPANY

In the Political, Satirical Pinafore, entitled

## H. M. S. PARLIAMENT!

OR THE

## Lady Who Loved a Government Clerk.

Popular price—25, 50 and 75 cents.

Plan now open at Reynolds'

251st st

PLEASE CALL.

## ROSS &amp; Davies,

Corner Front and Bridge Sts.

BELLEVILLE, 25th Feb., 1860.

et al.

Costello's!

251st st

Orders for Coal and Wood

will have our prompt attention, as heretofore.

J. B. RATHBUN & SON.

BELLEVILLE, Feb. 21st, 1860.

dsw



## DETROIT THROAT &amp; LUNG INSTITUTE.

OUR

STOCK TAKING

SALE

TUESDAY MORNING.

Having just completed our Stock taking, we have determined to place the balance of our large and well assorted stock of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

at the disposal of our patrons at a small

ADVANCE ON COST

FOR THE

NEXT FIFTEEN DAYS

Our

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## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

## GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

Nov. 24, 1879.

NO. 2 WEST.	6:15 p.m.
NO. 4 Morning Express.	6:30 a.m.
NO. 5 Mixed.	12:00 p.m.
Passenger.	4:00 a.m.
GOING EAST.	
NO. 1 Day Express.	12:10 p.m.
NO. 2 Night Express.	11:15 p.m.
NO. 3 Mixed.	7:15 p.m.
Trains are run by Belleville time.	11:00 p.m.

## GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3d, trains will run as follows:

Leave Hastings.	7:30 a.m.
Arrive Belleville.	10:00 a.m.
Leave Belleville.	3:00 p.m.
Arrive Mado.	5:05 p.m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.

These are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

## PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, November 3d, trains will run as follows:

Leave Mado.	5:00 a.m.
Arrive Belleville.	7:15 a.m.
Leave Belleville.	3:00 p.m.
Arrive Mado.	5:05 p.m.

Trains are run by Belleville time.

These are operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

## ROUTE STAGES.

Stages leave the principal hotels for the un-demonstrated places at the hours named:

For ST. JOSEPH.—Daily, at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m.

For MADO.—Daily, at 2 p.m.

For BADWOODS, TWEED, &amp;c.—Daily, at 2 p.m.

For TRENTO.—Daily, at 3 p.m.

For PICTON.—Daily, at 3 p.m.

The stages arrive in Belleville about noon each day.

## Local Notices.

NOTICES UNDER THIS HEAD ARE INDEXED SEPARATELY.

COUGHS AND DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.—Dr. Hull's Horehound Balsam is one of the most Cough Syrups ever introduced, it is very pleasant to take and is very effective. Albert L. Green has been appointed agent. Try it.

CATTLE SHIPMENTS.—Mr. G. H. Pope shipped from Boston last week 369 cattle for Lingan &amp; O'Brien. This was the largest shipment made by any one firm.

BARGAINS.—A rare opportunity for procuring bargains is offered by Mr. Costello's stock taking sale, which is now going on and will continue for fifteen days. See the advertisement.

IN LONDON.—Amongst the Canadian visitors who registered their names at the Canadian Government office, London, during the two weeks ending 11th Feb., 1880, were Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Francis, of Trenton.

THE TRENT VALLEY CANAL.—Mr. Keefer and some other members of Parliament waited upon the Minister of Railways and Canals on the 25th, with reference to the Trent Valley Canal.

FOG.—A not very heavy fog enshrouded the city this morning. By some persons fog at this season is regarded as the precursor of severe cold, and by others as the forerunner of snow. Either will be not unwelcome.

MINING.—This week's issue of the Canadian Illustrated News contains representations of the Golding gold mine location, and of the process of reducing the gold-bearing rock, also delineations of Malone, in the Township of Marmora, and of the Blairton iron mines.

LUMBER.—We learn that the operations of the lumbermen have not been so much interfered with by lack of snow as was at one time feared. The jobbers who operated on the limits adjoining the creeks have already filled their contracts and the logs have been delivered on the ice ready for the drive when the ice breaks up.

REDUCTION IN RATES.—The Dominion Telegraph Co., in connection with the New American Union Telegraph Co., have reduced the tariff to the following states: All offices in Vermont 30 cts.; Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut and New York, 40 cts.; Philadelphia, 50 cts.; Wilmington, Delaware, Baltimore, Md., and Washington, D. C. 60 cts. Night messages half the day rate.

ANOTHER LIGHT HOUSE FOR OSWEGO.—The United States light house board, in view of the early completion of the new breakwater at Oswego, recommend the appropriation of \$20,000 for the erection of a light house on its outer end, which is 1,100 or 1,000 feet in advance of the main light and about half that distance in front of the beacon. Until this recommendation is carried out, the position of the end of the breakwater may be marked by screwing the red beacon light from it, vessels not to stand for the mouth of the harbor until they make the red light.

THE REASON WHY.—There was a very small attendance of local farmers at the Dairymen's Convention at Kingston, and for the very good reason that the meeting was not advertised in the Kingston papers. The benefits which should have been derived by the farmers of that district attending such an important Convention are lost to them, simply because the managers were not alive to the advantages of giving wide publicity to the Convention. Live business men have found out that they cannot keep if they do not sow, and the same principle will apply to such Societies as the Dairymen's Convention.

**THE POLITICAL "PINFARO."**—The new political satirical "Pinfaro," entitled "H. M. S. Parliament, or the lady who loved a Government Clerk," which has been produced with great success by Mr. McDowell's company in Montreal and Ottawa, will be presented to the public of Belleville for the first time on Monday evening next. The *Montreal Post*, in the course of a lengthy review of the piano and its performances by Mr. McDowell's company, says: "As Mr. Charles Arnold represented the Chieftain it is only right to begin with him. Mr. Arnold formed from his own features a portrait of Sir John A. Macdonald. As matter of course a large share of the political hit are put into his mouth, and these points are further sharpened and made more keenly incisive by the mock innocent manner in which they are uttered. The Rev. Samuel Silliter of Mr. Sidney Smith is quickly recognized as the great financier of the Dominion, and his entrance on the stage is greeted with a burst of mingled laughter and applause. If Mr. Charles Stewart was photographed in Mack Dead-eye, and a copy sent to Mr. Alexander Mackenzie, it is possible that the late Premier would accept the portrait of himself. Mrs. E. A. McDowell fills the part of Angelina with the grace and pleasing effect which characterizes all her efforts. Mr. E. A. McDowell appears adapted for the role of Sam Snifter, the government clerk. The character allows him great scope for the display of his ability as a comedian, and he takes the fullest advantage thereof. His singing always draws forth applause. Mr. Waldron, as Mrs. Buttersworth, is certainly the right man in the right place. The dialogue between Miss Flora Vincent, as Britannia, and Miss Clara Douglas, as Canada, was well given, and formed a pleasant conclusion to one of the most enjoyable performances which Montreal has witnessed for a long time." Seats can be secured at Reynolds'.

**PERSONAL.**—We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the "Detroit Throat and Lung Institute," at Detroit, Michigan. Dr. M. Hilton Williams, the proprietor is a Canadian born, having been born in the Waterloo Co. of Prince Edward Island, including Charlottetown and Georgetown, in 1837, since which time he has practiced his profession in several of the largest cities of the United States, including Cleveland and Cincinnati, Ohio; Louisville, Kentucky; St. Louis, Missouri, and Chicago, Ill., where he was stationed at the time of the Civil War. Since that time he has been at Detroit, Michigan, as proprietor of the Detroit Throat and Lung Institute. The doctor's practice is very extensive, extending over the entire State of Michigan, and the system of practice adopted by the Detroit Throat and Lung Institute for the cure of all pulmonary troubles is by Medicated Inhalation, a method which is peculiarly adapted to all intelligent persons. Besides attending to the duties of the Institute, the doctor has educated some physicians in the special methods of treatment, which are now being used by some of the most noted pulmonary institutions in the east and west. The doctor has established a dispensary in Windsor, Ont., from which he supplies the Canadian market. This avoids the high tariff on American productions. All those who desire the doctor's services will find him an honorable gentleman and a skillful physician.

THE JOHN STREET CHURCH.

At the meeting of the Ministerial Association of Toronto on Monday evening last, the following minute in reference to the departure of the Rev. David Mitchell from the city, prepared by Rev. J. H. Castle, was read in his absence by the Rev. Dr. Hunter:—"This Association has learned with deep regret that our efficient Secretary, Rev. David Mitchell, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, is about to remove from Toronto to Belleville. In parting with our brother we desire to convey to him our warm appreciation to his value as a member of our Society, and a fellow laborer in the Gospel. We have always found him courteous, genial, frank, and outspoken in our discussions, cordial and Catholic in spirit, and ready to co-operate in every good work. Aside from his arduous labors in the pastorate his preaching to the masses in the University Park evinced a most commendable zeal for the spiritual good of the careless throng. We thank our brother for his fidelity to this Association, and especially for his assiduous attention to his duty as our Secretary. He carries with him to his new field of labor our confidence, sympathy, and Christian love, for Mr. Mitchell has endeared himself to us as a warm-hearted and generous brother, a true gentleman, a public spirited citizen, and an able minister of Christ. We trust that in his occasional visits to Toronto we may be favored with his presence in the meetings of our Association, for a warm welcome awaits him."

THE REV. MR. MITCHELL WILL BE INDICTED ON FRIDAY EVENING BY THE PRESBYTERY OF KINGSTON TO THE PASTORAL CHARGE OF THE JOHN ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. It is expected Rev. Principal Grant, of Queen's College, Rev. Mr. Smith of Kingston, and Rev. Mr. McLean will take part in the induction.

FROM PETERBOROUGH UGH.

TERRIBLE DEATH.

A BOY TORN TO PIECES.

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POLICE COURT.

(Before A. Diamond, P. M.)

THURSDAY, Feb. 26.

VAGRANCY.

Maggie Bell was presented to the magistrate charged with the above offence. After hearing the evidence Mr. Diamond gave her choice of leaving the city or accepting the proffer of the members of the Women's Christian Association.

FROM WELLINGTON.

HOTEL BURNED.

(By Dominion Line.)

WELLINGTON, Feb. 24.—About three o'clock this morning our citizens were aroused from their slumber by an alarm of fire, when it was discovered that the new brick hotel owned by T. E. Garratt was in flames. The building was so situated that the fire could not be got under control and the hotel was totally destroyed. The building was a large two story one, with mansard roof and was valued at \$4,500, insured in Western and Sovereign Insurance Companies for \$3,000. It was at the time of the fire not fully occupied, though it had been for some time. The fire is in all probability the work of an incendiary, as it began in the roof, and several ladders which were in the vicinity are mysteriously missing.

THE LYCAN MURDER.—The preliminary trial of the prisoners charged with the Donnelly murders will be resumed in London to-day. It is expected that William Donnelly will be examined as a witness.

THE REASON WHY.—There was a very small attendance of local farmers at the Dairymen's Convention at Kingston, and for the very good reason that the meeting was not advertised in the Kingston papers. The benefits which should have been derived by the farmers of that district attending such an important Convention are lost to them, simply because the managers were not alive to the advantages of giving wide publicity to the Convention. Live business men have found out that they cannot keep if they do not sow, and the same principle will apply to such Societies as the Dairymen's Convention.

## News Condensed.

—A coffee tavern is to be started in Montrose.—Several schooners are loading with ice at Kingston.

—Sir Edward Thornton has been a newly appointed Minister for England to Washington.

—Peach trees in the Niagara district give promise of an abundant crop.

—Rogus Bank of Montreal bills are in circulation.

—The N. Y. Daily *Wines* will cease publication at the close of this month.

—On the 21st February there were 17,802,473 bushels of grain in Chicago.

—A number of trees in the Toronto Park have already begun to blossom.

—Stirring events are expected at St. Petersburgh for the 2nd of March.

—Five persons were killed and sixteen wounded at Vauxhall, England, on the 24th, following a fall.

—Robert Nugent was robbed of a gold watch and chain and a sum of money of ill-gotten gains in the 24th inst.

—Five hundred barrels of grain were shipped to the States from Barrie, via the Hamilton and North Western Railway.

—Ottawa Curling Club played against the Perth on the 24th inst., and beat them by 10 goals to 4.

—The next meeting of the Grand Lodge will be held in the town of Cobourg on the fourth Tuesday of February.

—The New York Republican Convention, which met at Utica on the 23rd, resolved to support General Grant as the party candidate for President.

—The anti-slavery meeting in County Antrim, Ireland, on the 25th was attacked and dispersed by a mob of three thousand men armed with bludgeons. Twenty of the tenant-righters were seriously injured.

—The Dominion Government has under consideration a proposition that all Mounted Police shall hereafter be taken from among the cadets of the Kingston Military College.

—Mr. T. C. Kestor, Ottawa, has gone to New York to raise in the reception to be given Mr. J. Delalessop of St. Lucian fame.

—Sir Hugh Allan gave a lecture before the Young Men's Association, Montreal, on the 24th inst. It was most interesting, being chiefly devoted to his own experiences in Canada during his remarkably active and eventful life.

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**Daily Intelligencer.**  
DOMINION PARLIAMENT.  
FOURTH PARLIAMENT—SECOND SESSION.

TUESDAY, Feb. 24.

In the House of Commons, during the discharge of routine business a number of Bills were introduced, dealing principally with matters of purely local interest. The most important exception was a measure brought down by Sir Leopold, Tilney, proposing certain changes in the law relating to the election of members of the Dominion of Canada. It is intended to register all such securities in the Department of the Secretary of State, and to empower that Department to watch over the interests of the Dominion. A new society will be given in the event of the original being impaired in value.

Sir John Macdonald made a formal motion adopting an address to the Governor-General respecting the sum voted to relieve the distresses in India. Mr. Macdonald's motion was supported by the Government, the necessity of which was承认 that no persons participating in the benefits of the money voted should be disfranchised, as he averred was contemplated by the Empress of India Bill. Mr. Macdonald corrected. After further discussion, participated in by several members, the address was adopted.

Among the returns laid on the table were the supplementary papers to the dismissal of Mr. Lettler.

Mr. John A. Macdonald, of Toronto, was brought to the Bar of the House respecting a breach of privilege by addressing offensive language to the member for St. Paul. Mr. Macdonald's speechology in writing, and having been declared guilty of breach of privilege, he was liberated from custody at the close of a lengthy debate.

No other business of importance was transacted, and the House adjourned at six o'clock.

## The Ontario Legislature.

TUESDAY, Feb. 24.

The School Bill was read a third time and passed, as were also the Bills relating to the Grand Junction and Toronto and Ottawa Railways, and the Bill authorizing the Minister of Public Works of the Dominion to take steps for the formation of a pleasure ground in the neighborhood of Niagara Falls.

Mr. Wood introduced a Bill based on the Report of the Committee of the House of Commons on the Manitoba Act, and on his motion the Bill relating to the Reformation for Boys at Portau-Neiguan was after a brief discussion read a second time. The Bills providing for the abolition of slavery among execution creditors and amending the law respecting the collection of taxes in the new districts were passed through Committees.

Some debate took place on the motion for the trial of the case of the Attorney-General's Bill respecting the maintenance and exemptions. His explanatory speech was followed by one from Mr. Mardon, and a discussion of the whole subject by Mr. Ross. Objections from various points of view were urged against certain sections of the bill by Messrs. Morris, Bell, Galt, and Gowan, while Mr. McNeil raised the abolition of the tax on education enjoyed by clergymen on their residences. After a few remarks by way of reply, Mr. Mowat the motion for the second reading was carried without a division.

Mr. Fraser's Bill providing for the erection of new Parliament buildings in the Queen's Park was read a first and second time by special consent, the understanding being that the discussion on the measure would take place next day on the motion to go into Committee of the Whole on the resolutions.

Additional estimates of expenditure to the amount of \$75,371 were brought down accompanied by a report from the Lieut. Governor. The items of claim interest are \$11,582 for the maintenance of the Mercer Reformatory for females, which will be ready for occupation in a short time; \$3,400 of a special grant to the Ontario school of Art and Design; \$20,000 for the relief of distress in Ireland; and \$1,500 for the distribution of emigration pamphlets.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.  
WINTER 1850.

WE are daily receiving our

## FALL AND WINTER STOCK

OF

FANCY

AND

## STAPLE DRY GOODS,

## MANTLES,

## MILLINERY, &amp;c.,

to which we invite the inspection of our friends and customers.

110k&amp;wlyr

**THE  
COUNTY OF HASTINGS  
DIRECTORY  
FOR 1870-80.**

## A GOOD THING.

Geman Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Schleser, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It will cure every disease in the human body, as it does, the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but has stood the test of time, giving satisfaction in every case. Two million bottles sold annually.

Bottle price, 25c. Box price, 75c. Sample bottle, 25c.

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla.

Established 1832.

C. A. SNOW &amp; CO. WASHINGTON, D. C.

PATENTS

A CAUTION!

THE GENUINE

MURRAY &amp; LAWRENCE'S

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# Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

BELLEVILLE ONTARIO. FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1880.

VOL. 13.

NO. 253.

## 1879. WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

### ALLAN LINE.



Winter Sailings via Halifax.

SHORTEST SEA ROUTE.

AVERAGE PASSAGE 7 DAYS.

### STEAM TO LIVERPOOL

Londonderry and Glasgow.

THE first-class Clyde built iron steamship (the Canadian and United States Mail) will be despatched from Halifax for Liverpool and London every Saturday, as follows:

### SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

SARASIAN, November 29th.  
CIRASSIAN, December 6th.

SARDINIAN, 13th.

MOSAVIAN, " 20th.

PERUVIAN, " 27th.

PIRUVIAN, " 3rd.

SARMATIAN, " 10th.

CIRCUSSIAN, " 17th.

SARDINIAN, " 24th.

CASPION, " 31st.

MOSCOPIAN, February 7th.

PERUVIAN, " 14th.

POLYNESIAN, " 21st.

### RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Belleville to Liverpool or London, Cabin \$67, \$80, and \$90, according to position of state-room.

Intermediate, with first-class Railway \$47.

Steerage, do. from \$30.25 to \$32.

Child 1 to 12 years half price, under 1 year free.

Return Steerage at reduced rates.

Steerage tickets are issued without extra charge, to or from Liverpool, Londonderry, Quebec, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bristol, or Cardiff.

The last train connecting with the Ocean Steamer to Halifax, passes Belleville every Thursday at noon. Passengers go at once on board.

A Surgeon accompanies each vessel.

Ask no expense until paid for.

Persons wishing to send their friends on to Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in England or Scotland. (When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.)

Intermediate and storage Stewardesses are entitled to one-half the wages.

For through tickets and every information

U. E. THOMPSON.

Agent Allan Line,  
Canadian Express Office,  
Belleville, Ont.

### SEE THE LIST

OF

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### WEEKLY MAIL.

PARTIES WISHING TO SELL,  
ADVERTISE HERE.

PARTIES WISHING TO BUY,  
READ THERE.

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A FARM

ADVERTISEMENTS of Farms for sale are inserted in the **WEEKLY MAIL**, 20 pages for 50cts. each insertion; each additional word 10cts.

Advertisements of Live stock, Implements, etc. Sold for Sale, Exhibitions, etc., inserted at the above rates.

Address **MAIL**, Toronto.

BANKING OFFICE

U. E. THOMPSON,

BURGESS STREET, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

AMERICAN CURRENCY & DRAFTS

Bought and Sold.

Deposits received, subject to withdrawal without notice. Interest allowed at 4 and 5 per cent.

243

ROYAL

INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL \$10,000,000

FUNDS INVESTED 12,000,000

ANNUAL INCOME 5,000,000

The ROYAL Insurance Company has the largest surplus of any Fire Insurance Company in the world.

Ingress Churches, Schools, Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise, Warehouses, &c., against loss by fire, at equitable rates.

ROTH & TAYLOR, Chief Agents, Montreal.

T. DONNELLY, Agent, Belleville.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Liverpool and London.

— FIRE AND LIFE.

Capital \$2,000,000 Stg.

Invested Funds £589,027

FORCES & MUDGE, MONTREAL, Canada.

Chief Agents for Canada.

W. A. SHIPLEY, Agent, Belleville.

### Business Directors.

John Bell.

BARRISTERS, &c., will continue his general practice in his present office, on his own account.

JOHN BELL

Belleville, November 12, 1879.

Denmark & Northrup.

BARRISTERS, &c., Offices lately occupied by Ponton & Denmark, Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Money to Loan—Private and Company funds.

Robertson & Thomas.

BARRISTERS, &c., Office—Robertson Block, east side of Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

ALEX. ROBERTSON. J. PARKER THOMAS

Flint & Jellett.

(Solicitors for the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Insolvency, Notaries Public, &c., Belleville, Ont.)

JOHN J. FLINT

MORGAN JELLETT

Delaney & Ostrom.

BARRISTERS, &c., Office—Delaney & Ostrom, 13th Street, Belleville, Ont.

PETERSON & PETERSON.

BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Insolvency, and Mercantile law cases, Conveyancers, &c., &c., Head Office corner Bridge and Front Sts., Belleville, Ont.

Branch office O'Flynn's Black, Madoc.

A. M. PETERSON. C. W. PETERSON. B. A.

Geo. D. Dickson.

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block, Bridge Street, Belleville.

E. McMahon.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, &c., 10, Queen St., Belleville, Ont.

W. S. Wallbridge, Jr. LL.B.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, &c., 4, Josephine St., Belleville, Ont.

P. S.—Opposite the Dominion House, Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

David B. Robertson.

(SECRETARY GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY COMPANY.)

A. T. COOPER, Esq., Attorney at Law, Notary Public, &c., Office—In the Buildings, Corner of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont.

dft

Alfred E. Denison.

LATE OF THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, BOOKKEEPER and Accountant, accounts adjusted, Agent for Fire and Life Insurance, Money to Loan.

Office Campbell Street, in the Division Court offices.

B. S. Willson, M.D. G.M.M.

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.

GRADUATE of the University of McGill, Montreal. Late House Apothecary of the Montreal General Hospital, Residence and Office, Pinecone Street.

dft

J. R. Dickson, L. D. S.

SURGEON DENTIST, CORNER Bridge and Front Sts., Belleville.

Jos. Caldwell.

SURGEON DENTIST, formerly of Belleville, late of Ottawa, has opened an office in Robertson's new block, Front Street, Belleville. Teeth extracted without pain.

John J. Faricy, M.D.

OFFICE—Front Street, over Chandler Drug Store, Residence—Dafos House.

Dr. H. James

HAS removed his office to his residence, Church Street, near the Kingston Road.

S. A. Abbott, M.D.

GRADUATE of Queen's University, and Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. OFFICE—Over Clarke's Drug Store, Corner Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville.

dft

Evans & Bolger.

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS

Architects, Civil Engineers and Land Agents. Owners of Provincial Buildings, Bridge Street, Belleville, Ont. Branches in any part of Ontario promptly attended to. Drawings, Specifications, &c., inventions prepared, and Patents applied for.

JOHN D. EVANS. THOS. O. BOLGER.

P. L. S. C. E. & A. P. L. S.

Thomas Gardner.

PLAIN and Ornamental Plasterers, Slate Roofing, Cementing, &c., Centre Piece made to order.

Rexwood—Hon. Robert Read, Wm. E. Belleville, Dec. 6th, 1879.

dft

Phoenix Fire Assurance of London

Established in 1762.

ASSURANCES granted on Town, Village,

and Farm Buildings and Property, or

most favorable terms.

GEO. E. BULL, Agent.

Stirling, 1st Aug., 1878.

GOVT. AGENTS.

ADVERTISING Agents, 10, Ontario Street, Detroit, Mich.

as authorized to contract for advertisements in this paper.

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICES.

## Revival Services.

## MR. HAMMOND'S MEETINGS.

FAREWELL MEETING.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of railway will therefore receive their daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STERLING.—At the drug store of Dr. G. H. Boulter, M. P. P.

CAMPBELLFORD.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HAMILTON.—At Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MATTOON.—At the store of Mr. C. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. F. RODWELL & CO.,  
41 Park Row, New York,  
and  
J. H. BATES, 41 Park Row, New York.

ARE our Agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, FEB. 27.

## Spreading.

The feeling in favor of protection to home industries is spreading so rapidly that it has at length reached the Kingston *Whig*. That journal, like the *Globe*, editorially condemns the doctrine of protection, but in its local department it expresses opinions of a very different character. For instance, in its issue of the 25th inst. (local column) the *Whig* says:—

"All of Messrs. Folger Co.'s vessels, American bottoms, have been captured for the season of 1880. The prospects of the grain trade are of the most encouraging character—they were never more cheerful prior to any opening of navigation. In the competition that will prevail, however, the Canadian craft must suffer. The heavy tonnage of the tolls are imposed. The Government in every possible way should encourage the vessel trade, and nothing should be allowed to militate against the Canadians."

The secret of this appeal to the Government by a free trade newspaper is easily explainable, on the ground that Kingston is largely interested in the carrying trade, and so for purely local and selfish reasons the Grit organ of that city flings its so-called principles to the winds. And so it is with the party generally, self-interest with them being paramount. Thus their candidate for the Commons in the great coal region of Cape Breton advocated an increase of the tax on coal which his party so loudly denounces; Mr. James Young, ex-M. P. for South Waterloo, urges protection to the beet sugar industry; Mr. MacLean, their standard bearer in the recent election in the manufacturing constituency of Cornwall, avowed himself a protectionist, and so on.

The opinions of the party are thus seen to be so much at variance on this great question that to carry out their ideas would be impossible. Therefore as the N. P. give protection to all our varied interests and industries, and with the amendments which will be passed during the present session will bear fairly upon all, the best thing that the Grit press can do is to abase itself with public opinion and cease to make themselves ridiculous by crying out for protection in specific instances, whilst bitterly fighting against the principles which they wish introduced piecemeal, and in a manner which would disturb the whole trade of the country.

## Irish Relief.

Although for parituz purposes, some of the Grit writers and speakers profess to consider the grant of \$100,000 made by the Dominion Parliament for the relief of the distress in Ireland as being too small, the journals which are supposed to represent the Irish Roman Catholics of Canada and to express their opinions, seem to be more than satisfied with the liberal recommendation made by the Government and acceded to by Parliament. The Montreal *Evening Post* says:—"The sum of money voted by the Canadian Parliament for the relief of the Irish sufferers by the famine will be of great benefit to those it is intended to succor. It is a large sum of money, and will go a great way. Ireland will have reason to think of Canada with gratitude for ever, and whatever the faults of the Irish people may be, ingratitude cannot be reckoned among them. The present Canadian Government has acted promptly, gracefully and generously in the matter and deserve credit. We had hoped a Canadian Commissioner would have been sent to distribute Canada's gift, but let us not grumble, it will reach its destination, and the farming people will be told whence it came."

The Irish Canadian remarks upon the same subject as follows:—"Gentlemen who speak on the subject from Opposition benches can indulge in copious liberality of the lips; but they would act very differently if placed under the obligations of office. If the treasury were overflowing, the case would be different; but while it is one thing to indulge in benevolence at the cost of reducing a surplus, it is another and very different thing to do so under the embarrassment of increasing a deficit. Speaking as an Irishman who gives his sympathies ardently to the poor who are stricken by famine in Ireland, we feel bound, without any particular admiration for Sir John Macdonald, to state in repetition of our commendation of his benevolent good-will to the Irish poor, that we accept the \$100,000 he has set apart for their relief as, under the condition of the treasury, a satisfactory discharge of a noble duty."

The journals above quoted from are both independent in politics, and on the whole hold the balance fairly between parties, therefore their approval of the sum granted shows that the happy mean between niggardliness on the one hand and a liberality too great for the treasury to bear, has been struck. The subject is one out of which any party ought to be ashamed to attempt to extract political capital; but as the Opposition have endeavored to do so, the like administered to them by the representative journals named is timely and richly deserved."

He advised young converts to get into the habit of speaking to people about their souls, as he believed there was such a thing as being led by the Spirit, if you only put your trust in Him, and maintain good works. He recited the "charge of the Light Brigade," and cited an instance in which the same recitation had the effect in God's hands of saving souls. He illustrated God's pardon by the pardon of a father for his son, and said all to come to their Saviour who had died in the cross that they might live.

He hoped in the day of judgment that he and the other ministers would not have to stand to the accusations of my present, which they would have to do if they did not come to the Lord and be saved. He believed there were many who had never said they would be Christians, would make a start that night, and sang with effect: "You have a mother in the promised land," the congregation joining in the chorus.

Before the hour of service the church was filled so that seats had to be provided in the aisles, but proved inadequate to accommodate the crowd, as the vestibule was filled and still many had to go away for want of room.

After prayer by Rev. Mr. Lane, Mr. Hammond read a portion of the Book of Joshua, when he said that although he would like to remain longer in Belleville, he was compelled to keep his promises to the people of Montreal, which would be his next place of labor this winter. He said that although he had great opposition in the work in which he was engaged, he never forgot that "He who was with him was greater than all that could be against him." He asked them to rally around their ministers so as to carry on the work when he was gone.

He then stated that the average age of those who had signed the Covenant Book was 15 yrs. 4m. and 6dys., their ages ranging from 5 years to 68. Of those who had signed the Covenant Book 240 were from 5 to 10 years of age, 140 from 10 to 15, and so on to the aged when the number became less, as the older people got the harder it was for them to come to Christ. Of those who had signed the Covenant Book one third were adults and two thirds were young. The whole number of which will be about 650.

After prayer Mr. Hammond said that about four days ago he was called to see Mr. Alexander Hart, that he was called at the solicitation of his son in law who believed Mr. Hart had not long to live. He said he was kindly received, and that Dr. Burdett with Mrs. Hart and Mr. Hart's son in law, knelt around the bed in tears and prayer. That he had been told that Mr. Hart had spent the night in prayer and as near as he could remember Mr. Hart said to him: "If I had my life to live over, I would not live it again as I did it live, for 10,000 worlds". If there were any free thinkers in the room he commanded the words to them as the words of a strong minded man, and a free thinker that had not long to live. He said he was allowed to make the statement that some of Mr. Hart's old companions might be benefited by the statements of a dying man. He said the first words that Mr. Hart said to him was that he had given up most of his ultra notions, but that he was afraid he had given them up too late.

Ethan Allen he said when his daughter was dying, told her to die in her mother's faith, and men he said when dying died honestly.

After singing "My Jesus I love thee," the following Reverend and other gentlemen came forward and expressed the deep regret they felt that Mr. Hammond should find it necessary to leave the city, and individually pledged themselves to aid in the continuance of the revival work. Rev. Mr. Lambly, Prof. Badgley, Rev. Mr. Schuster, Dr. Jacques, Rev. A. O. Cossar, Rev. Mr. Lane, and Rev. N. R. Willoughby.

Mr. Hammond on coming forward said he was thankful for the kind words that had been spoken, as he himself was a regularly ordained minister, and hoped all would respect and sustain the gospel ministry. He thanked God for station ministers and Sunday school teachers, who assisted in revival services, by preparing their hearers for the spark of divine love, as the fuel is prepared for the spark which will kindle it into a flame.

After singing "Shall we gather at the river?" Mr. Hammond said he would speak first from Timothy, 1st chap. 15th verse, "This is a faithful saying and worthy of all acceptance, that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners, of whom I am chief." He said that Christ died that we might have an assurance of meeting in a brighter world. He said that the greatest sinner could say that this passage was intended for him.

He would speak secondly from 1st Timothy, 4th chapter, 8th and 9th verses, and thirdly from 3rd chapter Titus 8th verse.

This glorious work he said they had promised to maintain, and he asked them to send him a telegram to-night to cheer his heart. He said there were noble Christian workers in the church at Belleville, and thanked all that had assisted him in his labors. He should, he said, be careful to maintain good works as carelessness meant sin. He was often asked his opinion on dancing, a subject that he had said was freely discussed. Without giving any opinion he would ask does dancing mean good works? He said it was a great fact that the godly, praying christians, that people called in the way with whom they were, disapproved of dancing. He advised young christians to be a fountain of God's love, always running over, and to take up their guidance the principle of St. Paul: "If not make my brother to offend, I will eat no meat while the world standeth." He said that to be christians and to show them that they must draw the line somewhere, and he thought they had better draw it at dancing.

He advised young converts to get into the habit of speaking to people about their souls, as he believed there was such a thing as being led by the Spirit, if you only put your trust in Him, and maintain good works. He recited the "charge of the Light Brigade," and cited an instance in which the same recitation had the effect in God's hands of saving souls. He illustrated God's pardon by the pardon of a father for his son, and said all to come to their Saviour who had died in the cross that they might live.

BOOKS FOR MANITOBA.—The Postmaster-General has decided to allow book packets up to the usual limit of weight (four pounds) to be forwarded to Winnipeg, Manitoba. Book packets addressed to other places in Manitoba, or to the Northwest or British Columbia, will continue to be subject to the present limit of weight (2 lbs. 12 oz.).

COAL IN MANITOBA.—The latest information from the Souris coal fields, Manitoba, brings the news that the miners have struck, at a depth of sixty feet, a vein of coal seven feet thick, which is the same thickness as the Baby mine, forty miles west of Bismarck, Dak., and 160 miles from the Souris discovery. The latter coal is located in the Northern Pacific iron mountains.

## News Condensed.

— Ship building at Mill Point is quite brisk.

— The revival service reached Kingston and the country reounds.

— Americans are buying up rye straw at Napasone to ship to the other side.

— Campbellford is storing ice from two three feet thick.

— The thermometer registered 24° below zero at Winnipeg on the 10th inst.

— It is announced that Prince Leopold will visit us next summer.

— The records of wholesale arrests in Peterborough are unfound.

— The Montreal *Post* is to cease publication on the 13th of March.

— The Legislature of Nova Scotia opened on the 20th inst.

— Zion Church, Montreal, of which Rev. Mr. Bray is pastor, is to be sold on account of a heavy debt resting upon it.

— The Township of Brighton have fixed the amount to be paid for tavern licenses at \$199, which amounts to prohibition.

— The Czar of Russia has plenty of pocket money. He receives \$17.40 a minute throughout every twenty-four hours.

— The rioting at Portadown, Ireland, was renewed on the 25th inst., but all was reported quiet last night.

— Eight car loads of wheat from Manitoba arrived at Toronto on the 16th inst. The through rate was 45 cents per bushel.

— The total foreign imports at New York for the week were \$1,965,754, above those of last week.

— Mr. E. R. Reell, Township of Kingston, has shipped 450 sheep per steamer "Brooklyn" for Liverpool.

— John Billings has made \$100,000 on his writings, which is a pretty good royalty on bad spelling.

— John Quick, was killed at Colchester, Ont., on the 23rd by a beam striking him on the head while raising a barn.

— Mr. Brown, while attempting to get ashore on Garden Island, Kingston, on the 25th, broke through the ice and was drowned.

— Five persons have been arrested at Gatineau, charged with causing the incendiary fire there recently.

— A sea of D. McCallum, Woodstock, aged ten years, was smothered in a grain elevator in that town, on the 15th inst.

— The Legislative Buildings at Fredericton, N. B., which were burned on the 25th inst., were insured for \$19,000.

— The Gold prize at Father Stafford's bazaar in Lindsay was won by Miss Robertson, of Trenton. The amount netted by the bazaar was \$2,253.

— The Relief and Extension Fund of the Methodist Church of Canada, which was commenced last July, has now reached the large amount of \$100,000, of which \$60,000 has been paid in cash.

— The Oil Refiners had a conference with the Government on the 25th. They want a heavy penalty imposed on persons selling inferior oils.

— The Rev. Jacob Freshman lectured on the Jews in Ottawa on Tuesday evening. The Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, Minister of Customs, presided.

— The Campbellford Herald says Menie can boast of a "real genuine ghost." It frequents an unoccupied house, and is creating lively times there.

— The portraits of the Biddulph prisoners, published in the *Globe* are the worst "batches," that ever appeared in print. The wood-cuts are said to be cut out with a mattock and a circular saw.

— Captain Templehill and his bride are sailing down the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, on their honeymoon tour, in a boat built expressly for the purpose. No other soul is aboard the craft, which is gaily decked with flags and evergreens, and is greeted on the way with steam whistles and cannon, the bridegroom being a popular steamboat man.

— DOG LOST.

LOST, a dark brindle Bull Pap, about four months old, with ear tags. A reward will be paid by returning to GRANT & POTTER, Feb. 27.

— FINNAN HADDIES,

Kippered Mackerel,

Yarmouth Blasters,

Frozen Smelts,

Received this day, at

HUGH WALKER'S

Oyster and Haddock Depot.

February 27, 1880.

— TRY

BARTMAN & SINTZEL'S

Made to Order.

— \$3.50 PANTS,

POSTPONED.

LORNE SKATING RINK.

ON account of bad ice, the Manager has postponed the

SECOND GRAND CARNIVAL

TO

MONDAY, March 1st.

The Oddfellows' Band

WILL FURNISH THE MUSIC.

TICKETS Adults 25 cents, Double Tickets 50 cents.

None but those in costume allowed on the ice until after nine o'clock.

Rink opens at 7:30 and closes at 11 P. M.

Vincent Laynes, Prop.

Belleville, February 27, 1880.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

THOMAS PRESTON, Front Street, a

Light Brown Englishman Puppy.

The finder will be rewarded by reporting at the office of this paper.

Feb. 26th, 1880.

252 Front Street.

Opposite the Anglo-American.

DOG LOST.

ON Sunday last near Upper Bridge, a

Light Brown Englishman Puppy.

The finder will be rewarded by reporting at the office of this paper.

Feb. 26th, 1880.

252 Front Street.

Opposite the Anglo-American.

COAL, COAL.

HAVING cleared out the Coal from the

Lockwood yard, we have

Returned to our old Premises,

corner Front and Wharf Streets.

Orders for Coal and Wood

will have our prompt Attention, as heretofore.

H. B. RATHBUN & SON.

Belleville, Feb. 21st, 1880.

252 Front Street.

Opposite the Anglo-American.

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# Daily Intelligencer

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 13.

## WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. ALLAN LINE.



Winter Sailings via Halifax.

SHORTEST SEA ROUTE.

AVERAGE PASSAGE 75 DAYS.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.

Londonderry and Glasgow.

THE first-class Clyde built iron steamships of the Allan Line, carrying the Canadian and American mail, will be despatched from Halifax for Liverpool and Londonderry every Saturday, as follows:—

SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

CARTERIAN, November 29th.  
CIRCASSIAN, December 6th.  
SARDINIAN, " 20th.  
MAGDALENA, " 27th.  
PELVIAN, " 27th.  
HIBERNIAN, January 3rd.  
SARVIANIAN, " 10th.  
CIRCASSIAN, " 17th.  
MAGDALENA, " 24th.  
CASPIAN, " 31st.  
MORAVIAN, February 7th.  
PERUVIAN, " 14th.  
POLYNESIAN, " 21st.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Belleville to Liverpool or London, £100; Cabin £67, \$80, and \$90, according to position of cabin; to Madoc, with first-class Railway \$47.

Steamer £10, from \$30 to \$32.  
Children 1 to 12 years half price, under 1 year free.

Return tickets at reduced rates.  
Steamer tickets are issued without extra charge, to or from Liverpool, Londonderry, Glasgow, Belfast, London, Bristol, Cardiff.

The last train connecting with the Ocean Steamer at Halifax, passes Belleville every Tuesday at noon. Passengers go at once on board.

A surgeon accompanies each vessel.

Bert no account until paid for,

persons wishing to send for their friends can be accommodated with passage to Ireland or Scotland, or to any railway station in Canada or the United States. (When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction.)

Intermediates and steamer stewardesses are entitled to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information apply to

U. E. THOMPSON,  
Agent Allan Line,  
Canadian Express Office,  
December, 1879, Belleville.

## Business Directory.

John Bell.

BARRISTER, &c., will continue his general practice in his present office on his own account.

JOHN BELL  
Belleville, November 12, 1879.

DENMARK & NORTHRUP.

BARRISTERS, &c., Offices lately occupied by Ponton & Denmarks, Front St., Belleville.

Money to Loan—Private and Company funds.

ROBERTSON & THOMAS,

BARRISTERS, &c., Office—Robertson Block, east side of Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, J. PARKER THOMAS.

FILT & JELLET.

Solicitors for the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

BARRISTERS, Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c., Belleville, Ont.

JON B. FLINT. MORGAN JELLET.

DELANEY & OSTROM.

BARRISTERS, Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Insolvency and Merchants' Law cases, Conveyancers, &c., Belleville.

Branch office O'Flynn's Black, Madoc.

A. M. PETERSON, B.A. & C.W. PETERSON, B.A.

GEO. D. DICKSON.

BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block, Bridge Street, Belleville.

E. McNAHON.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, &c., Office—In McNaugh's Building, Corner of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont.

Sam'l S. Wallbridge, Jr., LL.B.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, &c., Office—No. 4, Graham's Block, entrance from Campbell Street, Belleville, Ont.

DAVID B. ROBERTSON.

(SECRETARY GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY COMPANY.)

A. NOTARY PUBLIC, &c., OFFICE—No. 1, over the Post Office, Bogart's Block, Bridge Street, Belleville, Ont.

P. S.—Money to loan on easy terms and Mortgages bought and sold.

ALFRED E. DENISON.

LATE OF THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, BOSTON, &c., Accountant, accounts adjusted, Agent for Fire and Life Insurance, Money to Loan.

Office Campbell Street, in the Division Court office.

161-33m.

B. S. WILLSON, M. D. C. M.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

GRADUATE of the University of McGill, Montreal. Late House Apothecary of the Montreal General Hospital. Residence and Office, Pinacle Street, dft.

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## The Daily Intelligencer.

## TRAIN SERVICE.

Subscribers in the villages along the line of Railways will hereafter receive their Daily papers at the following places, instead of at the Post Office:

STRELLING.—At the drug store of Dr. G. H. Bontell, M. P. P., 41 Park Row, New York.

CARLISLE.—At the office of Mr. Thomas Oliver, who will also act as our agent for the Weekly Intelligencer.

HASTINGS.—Of Mr. David Morrison, at the Post Office.

MADOC.—At the store of Mr. C. G. Wilson.

Extra copies of each day's issue can be obtained at the above places.

GEO. F. HOWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

J. H. BATES, 41 Park Row, New York.

ARE our Agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, FEB. 28.

Lies vs. Leather.

The Globe's Ottawa correspondent has long been noted as being the most unscrupulous writer that history has ever employed at the Dominion capital, and it is little wonder that those whom he so basely vilifies should take the summary method of chastising the offender which Mr. Currier, M. P., adopted. The Ottawa Citizen thus describes a scene which took place on the floor of the House of Commons on the 25th inst.:—

"It is hardly possible that the correspondent will again attempt to slander the member for Ottawa. The Citizen says:—

"A lively scene occurred in the

House of Commons yesterday in consequence of the following paragraph, which appeared in the Globe:—

"The firm of T. W. Currier & Co., Ottawa, has received several large sums on account of him. Mr. Currier is the name of the city member."

"The attention of Mr. J. M. Currier, M. P., having been called to the item, that gentleman decided to deal summarily with the offender, and meeting him on the floor of the House of Commons in the morning asked him if he was the author of this shameless innuendo. The truthful correspondent of the Globe was neither very frank nor apparently very anxious to be frank, the consequence being that Mr. Currier seized the correspondent by the most prominent portion of his anatomy—his ear—and, after getting him into the proper position proceeded to pluck his boot to the brain box of that meddlesome individual. Nothing more occurred and nothing more was said."

**Argenteuil.**

Concerning the recent election for the Commons in Argenteuil, in which Hon. J. J. Abbott was elected by a majority of 64, overcoming an adverse majority of 29 cast for his opponent in 1873, several serious allegations were made by a correspondent of the Montreal *Witness*, who charged all sorts of corruption against the Conservatives. These charges—the precise nature of which can be gathered from the following extract from another letter in the same journal—are so fully replied to that it is unnecessary to further remark upon them. The extract referred to is as follows:

First, as to the "ninety fraudulent votes" at St. Andrews, "Reformer," who, as you may have observed, is only what "the public" to know of, has not yet been compelled to state that the voter's list at that time was unsuccessfully attacked by his party, and finally upheld by the Court at St. Scholastique last year; so that this gentleman's opinion as to the legality of the voter's list is opposed to that of the court of law. He has, however, to ask, too, what became of those ninety bogus votes on polling day, as Mr. Abbott's majority was only increased by twenty-five in St. Andrews.

The fact is that there is only a difference of three in the number of votes on this list and on that used in the election of 1873.

Secondly comes "the scandalous abuse of Government influence on the Grenville and St. Omer Canal, but unfortunately for 'Reformer,' he does not say 'abuse' but only 'influence' gained in the front of the country, where no such influence may be supposed to have been felt, but in every township in the whole county but one." The absurd story about voters being bought openly is hardly worth noticing. I was a scrupulous voter in the election of 1873, and certainly saw nothing of the kind. If it did occur, what were the Liberal scruples about not to prevent it? They were there to see the law carried out (as I have no doubt it would have been) protacted at the time against an illegality, if there was any, and have afterwards been reported in the newspapers with absurd stories such as those of Mr. Routhier! He, as a rule, always acted impartially, but sometimes he was very partial, and was only in existence during the last two years of the election of 1873, and the local election preceding it. The polls were left by the Sheriff in the same townships which had always been in those townships had polling places.

PETER'S PENCE.—The Montreal *Star* says—"Notwithstanding the terrible distress and suffering in Ireland the usual contributions of Peter's Pence are being made. The largest amount sent by the Bishop of Killaloe has amounted to £400 and the Bishop of Armagh £450." Indicating, as this shows, the wonderful fidelity of his Irish children, even in their hour of suffering, would it not be a graceful and sympathetic act upon the part of His Holiness to forgive their donation this year, with the request that it might be used toward the alleviation of the sufferings of their fellow-countrymen?"

## Mining Notes.

On the 27th inst., a representative of the INTELLIGENCER paid a flying visit to the Madoc iron mining region, and took a look at the Seymour (magnetic) and Coo & Mitchell (red hematite) mines.

At the former there are from 30 to 40 men employed in and about the mine, and work is being carried on in a vein of from 16ft. to 20ft. wide, at a depth of 70 feet or thereabouts from the surface. The ore is hoisted by horse power, loaded on dump carts, which are drawn by horses to the chute, where the contents are dumped directly into the carts, a branch line having been built for that purpose. Mr. Passey, lessee of this mine, is pushing operations with energy. Additional carts for the passage of dump carts or lorries are being built outside, whilst inside on the second level, drilling was going on into the wall rock, in the expectation of finding another vein, indications of which looked very promising. The output of the mine is from one to two cars per day.

The Wallbridge red hematite mine, which is being operated by Messrs. Coo & Mitchell, is an extensive concern, employing about the same number of men as the Seymour. An engine house has been erected, in which has been placed a 15 horse power engine, which will be used for hoisting and pumping purposes, operations having been delayed by water of late, two men being constantly engaged in pumping.

The product of this mine amounts to from \$8 to \$9 car per day, and a number of teams are engaged in hauling the ore to the railway, about half a mile distant, the road leading to which is in an execrable condition. Everything about this mine wears the same ruddy color, which seems to penetrate everywhere, from the clothes of the miners and the teamsters to the coats of the horses and even to the roadway along throughout its entire length. Within the next few days the engine will be in operation, and then business will be rushed more energetically than ever.

The Moore mine is idle and has been so for some months, and the Dufferin was also reported doing nothing, but operations will probably be resumed early in the season.

The Dominion mine, near Bangor Lake, south of Madoc, is being operated by Messrs. A. F. Wood & Co., and the ore, which is of fine quality, is being shipped from a point about half a mile south of the village.

There are various other iron mines in operation, but nothing definite could be learned regarding them.

## THE GOLD MINES.

The Gatineau mine is being worked with a large force of men, variously stated at from 80 to 100, and the prospects are reported as being highly favorable. Some specimens shown by a commercial man who visited the mines, and which he himself picked up from the rock as it came from the mine, contained nice "show" of gold.

Mr. Brown's crusher was reported to have been at work for some days on rock from his gold mine at Bannockburn, and results will probably be learned at an early day. Those who have seen the mine expect a large yield.

At the Gladstone mine, Messrs. Harrison & Co. are carrying on the work of mining and crushing with much success. Definite statements could not be had, but report places their profits at a large figure.

The Faigel and Williams mines are also in full blast, but nothing certain was learned regarding them. Rumor credits both mines with large yields.

## Some Specimens.

Some specimens, said to be from localities as yet unknown except to a prospector, were shown by him to our representative. These consisted of gold-bearing quartz, magnetic iron ore and hematite. Quite evidently there are big discoveries yet to be made, as the whole country looks highly favorable.

## INDUCTION SERVICES.

The induction of Rev. David Mitchell, as pastor of the John Street Presbyterian Church, Belleville, took place last evening.

The church was well filled throughout by many members of St. Andrew's congregation and of other churches being present to extend a welcome to the new Minister.

The services were commenced by Rev. Mr. McLennan reading the decision of the King Street Presbytery sustaining the call made by the congregation, and asking the usual question if there were any objections to the call being confirmed. There were no objections the services were proceeded with.

Rev. Mr. Turnball also expressed himself as pleased that Mr. Hammond had wrought among us and had every confidence in the work done.

While waiting for Mr. Hammond Prof. Badgley offered prayer for the success of the meeting this evening.

Mr. Hammond then came in and read a letter from a G. T. R. employee, who said he had got very low, in fact had become a scrofulous, and who was touched by the story of the conversion of the bar-tender in Don-Ver. Col. He hoped that he might be saved, and very earnestly asked the prayers of all Christians that he might "look unto Jesus and be free."

Mr. Hammond then read a portion of Scripture and commented upon it, during which he said he would like to have stayed here longer. When coming here he expected to have remained only ten days, but it was now three weeks. He hoped that the people in Belleville would pray for him, and he would pray that God might bless the work here. He said that Mrs. Hammond was opposed to his going to Montreal, as the papists had said things about him which were untrue. He expected to have very hard work in Montreal.

The audience joined in singing "By the grace of God we'll meet you on Canaan's happy shore," after which prayer was offered by Mr. Hammond, in which all joined audibly.

Mr. Hammond then took his leave, and the audience dispersed singing, "Will you meet me in the promised land?"

FRIDAY MORNING'S MEETING.

The meeting was opened by Rev. Mr. Young, calling upon Rev. Mr. Mitchell to appear upon the platform, explained to the audience the circumstances connected with the vacancy in the Church, and the usual methods adopted to moderate a call, which resulted in favor of Rev. David Mitchell, of the first Central Presbyterian Church in Toronto. The Presbytery of Kingston having sustained the call, and there being no objections, the Presbytery would proceed with the services of induction. The usual questions relating to belief in the creed and doctrines of the Church were then put to Mr. Mitchell, who answered audibly in the affirmative.

Rev. Principal Grant, who had been chosen by the Presbytery to address the new minister, came forward, and in a very feeling, pointed and practical manner, advised and counselled him with regard to his duties as a preacher. His first great duty was to preach the Word and to take heed to himself and the doctrines of the Church. The Bible deals with two great facts—Sin and Redemption, and it was his duty to enforce the teachings of the Bible. The more Ministers preached Christ and Him crucified the more they magnified their office. At some length he enforced the importance of pastoral work, and urged particularly that the children he cared for. The Sunday School was the nursery of the Church, but often

times this important institution was neglected. He also advised frequent visiting of the Public Schools. Reference was made to the sick and poor of the Church, and the personal interest which should be taken in their behalf not only by the minister but by the elders and managers of the church. After some general remarks as to the duties of ministers to the church at large, he said it was a long time since (the speaker) and the new minister sat side by side as class mates in the Glasgow University, and now they had been brought together after so many years to sit side by side in the same Presbytery. He communicated his views upon his appointment, and earnestly trusted Heaven's richest blessings with energy. Additional words for the passage of dump carts or lorries are being built outside, whilst inside on the second level, drilling was going on into the wall rock, in the expectation of finding another vein, indications of which looked very promising. The output of the mine is from one to two cars per day.

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## REVIVAL SERVICES.

The services then concluded with singing and the benediction, after which an opportunity was given to those present to welcome the new Minister.

After prayer by Rev. Mr. Willoughby the collection was taken up, and Rev. Mr. Lambly was then called upon to preach, who took for his text Luke, xv. 2: "This man receiveth sinners still." He said that this was one of the greatest utterances which could have moved and drawn sinners to Jesus; if this were not true how wretched, hopeless and forlorn our case would be at this time. In vain would have been the Gospel and the mercy of God, if after all, Jesus would not receive us.

Little did these self-righteous Pharisees and Scribes think that they were uttering a great truth, which would be handed down as the hope of the vilest sinners. He would draw their attention to the person who received sinners; elsewhere in the Bible He had been called the Mighty One, the Prince of Peace, Immanuel, and other titles, all of which simply mean, that he was a divine person, is Himself the God. No power, but that of God, could change a soul and quicken it in the new life; this Jesus said, this Jesus does. Greater love hath no man than that he lay down his life for his friends and even his enemies; He who received sinners, then, was as well as Divine, human. He came to us in the form of a man, and said, "If there is none who doeth sin, and quicken in the new life; this Jesus said, this Jesus does. Greater love hath no man than that he lay down his life for his friends and even his enemies; He who received sinners, then, was as well as Divine, human. 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## TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

Nov. 24, 1879.

MONTREAL . . . . . 6:15 p. m.

No. 4, Morning Express . . . . . 6:15 a. m.

No. 5, Mixed . . . . . 6:15 a. m.

Passenger . . . . . 6:15 a. m.

GOING EAST.

No. 1, Day Express . . . . . 12:10 p. m.

No. 3, Night Express . . . . . 11:40 p. m.

No. 7, Mixed . . . . . 11:40 p. m.

No. 8, Mixed . . . . . 11:40 p. m.

Local Notices.

NOTICES UNDER THIS HEAD WRITE IN VARIOUS INSCRIPTIONS 5cts. A LINE.

COUGHS AND DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

Dr. H. L. Hull's Hornbeam Salve is one of the nicest Cough Syrups ever introduced; it is very pleasant to take and is very effective. Albert L. Green has been a strong advocate.

TRY IT.

The anniversary missionary sermons of Westerville, St. Methodist Church, Westerville, will be preached next Sunday (Feb. 29th) at 11 a. m., by E. H. Dewar, D.D., Editor of "The Christian Guardian," Toronto, and at 7 p. m., by Rev. S. Nelles, D.D., L.L.D., President of Victoria College. The annual missionary meeting will be held the following Monday evening when addresses will be delivered by the above ministers.

d2t.

Sabbath Services To-morrow.

METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA.

BRIDGE STREET CHURCH.

Strangers welcomed and conducted to seats.

Sabbath, February 29th—11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Rev. N. R. Willoughby, M. A.: 8:30 a. m.

Religious service.

Daily Intelligencer.

WILLIEVILLE, SATURDAY, FEB. 27.

City and Vicinity.

THE CELLS.—There was but one prisoner in the cells last night.

NEW MILL.—A new mill for the cutting of timber of all lengths and sizes is being erected in the village of Trenton.

EXHIBITION.—The youngsters in the vicinity of Sidney Town Hall propose getting up an exhibition, proceeds to go in aid of the Irish Relief Fund. We wish them success.

ST. THOMAS' CHURCH.—We understand that Mr. Oldham, late of Dublin, and for four years organist of St. Martin's church, Montreal, will conduct the musical services in this church on Sunday next, both morning and evening.

REBUILDING.—Meers, Wood &amp; Ross are vigorously carrying on operations for the rebuilding of their grain storehouse at Madoc, which was destroyed by fire. The new building will be somewhat larger than its predecessor.

CONSOLIDATED BANKS.—Those holding Bills of the Consolidated Bank of Canada, and Bill Deposits in that Bank, will be glad to learn that they will be redeemed on presentation to Mr. W. Hamilton, Manager Merchant Bank of Canada, Belleville.

RAILWAY TIES.—The Grand Trunk have secured 15,000 railway ties on the line of the North Hastings Railway and will probably have 15,000 more from the same section of country. A train of eight cars, containing about 1,000 ties, arrived here last night.

THE UNION MEETINGS.—There will be a meeting in the Bridge Street Church on Sunday evening at 8:30 p. m. Last night's meeting was said to be the best meeting of the series, there being about 75 men who went down to the enquiry meeting, a great many of whom professed conversion.

SIGNS OF SPRING.—Several crows were seen in this neighborhood yesterday, and as they soared along the musical efforts made by them could be plainly heard. Their presence is generally considered as an indication of an early spring. A flock of robins made their appearance on George street this morning.

SUNDAY SERVICES.—To-morrow, morning and evening, the missionary sermons of the Holloway St. Methodist Church will be preached; Union services will take place in Bridge St. Church; Rev. Mr. Milburn will hold forth in the M. E. Tabernacle; Rev. D. Mitchell will occupy the pulpit in the St. John's Church and Rev. Mr. W. McLean will continue his discourse on theravish religion.

THE MADOC STATION.—The ground in the immediate vicinity of the station in the village of Madoc is in a shameful state, in fact it is a disgrace to the village and a shame to the railroad authorities, whilst the road leading to the station is a disgrace to the municipality and an eyesore to travellers. A large quantity of gravel or stone could be used upon both, greatly to their improvement and to the convenience of the public.

PISCATORIAL.—This sport has become quite common on Stoco lake this winter, numbers of fine fish having been hooked by some of our sportsmen. The mode adopted is by cutting a hole in one end, dropping your baited hook in; one young boy caught a fine Masalonge on Thursday evening.

GARDEN CARNIVAL.—It will be seen by our advertising columns that on account of the bad ice, the Skating Carnival which was to take place on Thursday evening has been postponed until Monday evening next. As probabilities gives us a colder weather to-morrow, there is every likelihood that there will be good ice for the skaters on Monday evening.

THE ROADS.—The county roads, with the exception of the Madoc road, are now badly cut up and are in an unpleasant condition for travelling, as vehicles cut through the surface and horses not unfrequently sink to their fetlocks in the mud. The railroads have relieved the Madoc road of much of the travel which formerly went over it by heavily laden teams, and to that fact its better condition than others is attributable.

ELEVATOR FOR STIRLING.—At a public meeting held in the village of Stirling on Tuesday evening last, the proposition to grant a bonus of \$500 to Meers, Haggerty &amp; Tullock for the building of a grain elevator in the village, was voted upon and carried by 20 to 2.

MRS. SCOTT-SIDDONS.—This greatest of all readers will be present at the Opera House on Thursday evening next, under the able management of Mr. A. Pitou, in an entirely new programme. Seats can be secured at Reynolds'. For details of price see advertisement.

JUST A HINT.—A correspondent writes : "Since the subject of cultivating the sugar beet has come so prominently before the farmers of this country, would it not be possible to utilize the cheese factories in the winter season, for the manufacture of best root sugar and feed cattle with refuse or pomace, as the beet is one of the best roots for putting on flesh. A little extra expense would only be required to make the pens now used for fatten hogs available, then our cheese factories would doubly pay."

THE OPERA HOUSE.—The entertainment given in the Opera House last night under the auspices of the Cricket and Rowing Club of this city, though successful in an artistic sense, was not so in a pecuniary way, as the attendance was only moderate. The Oddfellow's Band rendered some musical selections in a highly creditable manner. Mrs. J. P. Thomas Miss Christie, Mr. Spangenberg, Miss Clark, Miss Nilsson, Mr. Edgar, Mr. Philipps, Mr. Turcic and Mr. Milner acquitted themselves very creditably, whilst the instrumental portion of the programme was made pleasantly effective by Mrs. Col. Campbell, Messrs. Graves, Mrs. Goetzl and Mr. Cline. The contributions of Messrs. Carmichael, Dawson and Lewis were well received, as was also Mr. Hanlan on his presentation to the audience. General regret is expressed at the want of success of the entertainment.

News Condensed.

—Work has been stopped on contract 15 on the Canada Pacific Railway.

—St. Petersburg is reported to be in a state of panic.

—During this week over two hundred cars of freight were taken over the ice bridge at Montreal.

—As a result of the Fredericton fire a motion is said to be on foot for the removal of the Legislative Buildings to St. John.

—The Baptists are to establish a College at Rapid City, Manitoba, \$3,000 have been subscribed.

—Prince Leopold is going on a pleasure cruise. His title, when he shall become Duke, has not yet been chosen.

—The Hon. Alexander Morris, of Toronto, will erect a new pile of buildings in Winnipeg in the spring.

—Brussels, Feb. 28.—Six small steamers have been constructed for the King of Belgians and will be shipped next month from Liverpool, for Stanley's use on the Congo.

—New York, Feb. 28.—Arrived, the Gloucester from Bristol.

—Paris, Feb. 28.—In a debate on Ferry's education bill in the Senate yesterday, Jules Simon maintained that article 7, which prohibits members of unauthorized societies from teaching in the schools, was an attack upon the freedom of education, and concluded by saying: "In the name of my Republican faith I declare that to restrict the liberty of parents is to attack the principle of liberty, and is dangerous to the Republic."

—COPENHAGEN, Feb. 28, (Friday night).—A fire is raging here which threatens the destruction of an entire quarter. The fire brigade appears unable to cope with it. Fears are entertained for the British embassy. The King and Crown Prince of Denmark are on the scene stimulating the firemen.

—LAHORE, Feb. 28.—The following is the programme of the Indian Government, which will be enforced. 1st.—Herat and Afghanistan to be placed under Persian rule, 2nd.—Southern Afghanistan, with Candahar as its Capital, it is to be a dependency under British protection. 3rd.—Eastern Afghanistan is to be a dependency under British protection with the Capital at Cabul. The fourth dependency is to be constituted by native leases under English rule, 4—protection of Afghan territory to be annexed to Khetal and Kashmera. 5—India retains Kurum, Khouz and Khyber to Jellalabad.

—A deputation on the 28th waited on Sir Leonard Tilley, and asked that an increased duty be placed on corn, wool and planted straw. Sir Leonard promised to take the matter under consideration.

—Arrangements for the exchange of prisoners between the Afghans of the various departments of Herat and Kandahar, has been fixed upon for the interesting event. All denominations joint except the Episcopalian.

—Col. Ingallor said having said that the prisoners in this country cost the people \$12,000 every year, answer is made by one of the religious newspapers that the lawyers cost about \$70,000,000, the criminals \$40,000, and whisky \$60,000,000.

## MORNING DESPATCHES.

## AMERICAN.

LAREDO, Tex., Feb. 28.—On the 22nd instant Socorro, Chihuahua made a raid on the Mexican side, killed a woman and three children, drove off a number of horses, and then went to Leguna Pasedo, killed six men and drove off 300 horses. The band then separated and kept on the Mexican side, perpetrated other atrocities. The Mexican army is pursuing the Indians. The raid is said to be in retaliation for bad treatment the Indians received from the Mexican Government.

—NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Arrived—the Treja from Havre, and Rhinehead from Antwerp.

—Vanderbilt yesterday issued an order restoring from 1st March the rates of pay of all officers in the U. S. Army on the N. Y. C. &amp; H. R. R. to the rates existing before the reduction of 10 per cent in '77.

—The Atlantic and Virginia fertilizer works at Long Branch, L. I., have been burned; loss \$150,000.

—The Herald fund amounts to \$254,000.

—In a fog yesterday a collision occurred between two trains on the east side of the elevated road, and locomotive and passenger wrecked. Nobody injured.

—The will of Peter C. Van Schaick, of Throgs Neck, died on Tuesday, bequeaths \$100,000 for charitable purposes.

—MADRID, Feb. 28.—The oratory of the church of Santa Soledad, in the center of Madrid, is decorated with plates, holy vases and pictures, and its altar and tabernacle were profaned on Thursday.

—LONDON, Feb. 28.—Urgent petitions for relief have been received from over 40 villages and towns in Dorsetshire. The incendiary destruction of the houses makes alarming.

—ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 28.—The soldiers who were killed by the winter palace explosion were buried with great honors. The leading generals attended. The Empress visited the wounded, and directed that the families of the victims should be provided for. This made him more popular than ever.

—There are rumors that high officials have received secret letters concerning the trial of the Emperor on the Emperor's anniversary night. Many timid citizens are leaving the city until after the fete. The Emperor is quite cool, being a great believer in Providence.

—DUBLIN, Feb. 28.—A notice has been published by the Herald relating committee that the sum of £100,000 will be given to the poor of Ireland. In districts where parochial organizations exist, applications must be signed by the chairman. In districts where such organizations have not been formed, applications may be made to the rector, or to the priest of at least two denominations, or by the chairman of the town commissioners, or Mayor, or corporations, all such cases should be thoroughly investigated before relief is afforded.

—BUCKLETON'S Arnica Salve.

—The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Boils, Ulcers, Scars, Ulcers, &amp;c., composed all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Jas. Clark &amp; Co., we

CURIOS.—A curious discovery has been made in the Wallbridge hematite iron mine in Madoc, namely that of a number of deer's horns, at a depth of from 12 to 15 feet below the surface of the earth. They are asking themselves how these horns came there. It is thought by several persons whose opinion is worthy of respect, that the Indians, who used the red material for war paint, and that the deer's antlers having been used by them for digging into the coloring material, were left there by them. This is a very reasonable and quite probable explanation of the mystery.

POULTRY.—For details of price see advertisement.

CLOVER.—A correspondent writes :

—"Since the subject of cultivating the sugar beet has come so prominently before the farmers of this country, would it not be possible to utilize the cheese factories in the winter season, for the manufacture of best root sugar and feed cattle with refuse or pomace, as the beet is one of the best roots for putting on flesh. A little extra expense would only be required to make the pens now used for fattening hogs available, then our cheese factories would doubly pay."

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**Daily Intelligencer.**  
**DOMINION PARLIAMENT.**

FOURTH PARLIAMENT—SECOND SESSION.

THURSDAY, Feb. 26.

In the House of Commons an unusually large number of private Bills were introduced.

A reference, on motion by the Premier, was made of the whole printing scandal charge to the Committee on Parliamentary Printing, with instruction to investigate the same and report on the best means to prevent such occurrences in future.

Mr. Fleming introduced two public Bills, the first for the purpose of giving the Supreme Court of Canada the power of amendment, not at present enjoyed by it, and the second removing from the Quarter Session the power of trying cases homicide on any charge of murder.

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Mr. Keefer's Bill proposing to abolish the Order in Council prohibiting the landing of immigrants at Halifax who are not possessed of \$20 in money was carried without debate.

Mr. Keefer's Bill proposing to abolish the Supreme and Exchequer Courts of Canada was moved for the second reading.

After a lengthy debate the Bill was thrown out by a vote of 148 to 29.

The debate adjourned at 11:15.

## Self-Decapitation.

One of the most difficult cases (says a correspondent of Saturday's *Notes of Home*) responded to Saturday's *Notes of Home*.All Sabbath did it once, and I suppose no one but an Irishman could do it. Sir Jonah Barrington is authority for the following story, (*Personal Sketches of his own Time*, vol. ii. p. 122). About the year 1796 two laborers were going to mow some grass. Their road lay past the bank of the Barrow. They spied a salmon lying half concealed under the bank.

"Oh! Ned—Ned dear! look at that big fellow there! It's a pity we hadn't a spear, isn't it?"

"Maybe," said Ned, "we could be after spikin' the lad with a saddle-horn."

"True for you," said Dennis, "the spike in your handle is longer than mine; give him a dig with it at anyrate."

"Ay, will I," returned the other; "I'll give the lad a prod he'll never forget, anyhow."

The spike and the spout were all they had, but the blade of the aspersion which hung over Ned's shoulders, never came into the contemplation of either of them. Ned cautiously looked over the bank; the unconscious salmon lay snug little imagining the conspiracy that had been laid against his life.

"Now hit the salmon hard!" said Dennis; "there—now there! rise you fast, now you have the boy! Now Ned, success!"

Ned struck at the salmon with all his might and main, and that was not trifling.

But whether "the boy" was spined or not never appeared, for poor Ned, bending his neck as he struck at the salmon, placed the vertebrae in the most convenient position for unfastening his shoulders, and his head came tumbling splash into the Barrow to the accompaniment of a splash which he could not conceive how it could drop off so suddenly. But the next minute he had the consolation of seeing the head attended by one of his own ears, which had most dexterously been sliced off by the same blow which had beheaded his comrade.

The head and ear rolled down the river, and Ned, having picked up with extreme horror at a mill dam near Mr. Richardson's door one of the miller's men.

"Who does this head belong to? I exclaimed the miller!"

"Whoever owned it," said the man, "had three ears, at any rate, though they don't match."

## Science Notes

Electricity has been applied in France, by M. Dalmat, to the destruction of phylloxera. A copper wire wound around the stems of the vines, a powerful current is sent, with the effect of destroying the insect in its various stages of development.

Prof. Botter notes the fact that when two parts, by measure, of silver oxide, in a dry state, is rubbed in a mortar with one part of antimony sulphide, or if amorphous phosphorus is substituted for the sulphide, the mixture ignites easily. When a drop of phenol is let fall upon the silver oxide, the oxide is partially reduced, while sparks are given off.

It has been thought that forks were used by mankind in eating food at a very recent period of history. But the art of eating with a fork is proved to be a revival of a very ancient one. The fork is by no means an invention of modern times. Lately, in the debris of the lake-dwellings, forks evidently designed for use have been discovered. Those made of bone, the spoon is a still more ancient instrument.

There is no reason to doubt, however, regarding the decline of the foreign demand for British cotton goods, if a writer in the *Wollenebeere* gives honest and without malice this striking analysis of a sample.

It is stated that a piece of calico contained only 50 per cent of cotton fiber, but not less than 20 albita, 12 of starch, 2.5 of fatty matter, 2 of magnesia chloride, 1.5 of zinc chloride, 5 of calcium chloride, and 2.5 of water.

Last year, it will be remembered, the celebrated hot springs at Teplitz disappeared on account of the subsidence source of supply having been accidentally tapped in the working of some coal mines in the neighborhood. The miners, however, efforts were begun to recover the supply by sinking the old well deeper. As the work has to be made through porphyry, the progress is very slow. Still more strenuous attempts are to be made to recover the old spring or establish new ones before the next year. In the mean time, as these are unsuccessful, the result will be, unless, as the people of Teplitz derive their support altogether from the visitors who come every year to try the curative effects of the waters.

The *Nature* reports that the recent Hungarian earthquakes were attended with phenomena of a most remarkable character.

One of the slabs divided the large Danubian island near Old Moldavia in two, and from the chasm thus formed a huge column of water was ejected, sufficient to partly flood the island. Suddenly, on Oct. 18, there was a cessation of this flow, but black smoke, oil, and water had come up from many funnel-shaped craters in the surface. Mouths of caves near Wolkowitz had fallen in, and two ruins of the Castle of Golubatz were demolished. But, as the caves were the breeding places of the Kolombus mosquitoes, the visitation will not be considered an unmixed calamity if it has also caused the utter destruction of these insect pests.

It is a glorious occupation, vivifying and sustaining in its nature, to struggle with ignorance, and discover to the inquiring mind, the mysteries of the clear oceanic blue of heavenly truth.

Ontario Legislature.  
FIRST SESSION—FOURTH LEGISLATURE.

THURSDAY, Feb. 26.

A considerable portion of the afternoon was taken up in the discussion of amendments proposed to be made to the Game Bill on its third reading, but it was ultimately disposed of for this session at least.

THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.—At the conclusion of the evening sitting was read to a discussion of the Lieutenant Governor's trip, after a point of order taken by Mr. Morris at the outset had been disposed of. In connection with the trip it should be mentioned that Senator Frost yesterday morning before the Public Accounts Committee, and gave their evidence respecting the Oshawa excursion. The debate adjourned at a late hour.

## Effect of Example.

A lady once told me she was in her pantry on one occasion, and she was surprised by the ringing of the bell. As she went to the door, she saw it was a tumbler. Her little child was standing there, and she thought her mother was doing a very correct thing, and the moment she left the room, the child would have broken the glass. The tumbler was very good. If you don't want them to break the Sabbath day, keep it holy yourself. It is very often by imitation that we learn. We can't teach our children to do right, and then tell them to do wrong, and when they try to quit the habit, it has grown so strong unto them that they cannot do it.

A very charitable man and nobody's fool who he used to say, when he heard anyone being loudly condemned for some fault, "Ay, well, yes! it seems very bad to me, because that's not my way of thinking."

Timidity creates cowards, and never wins a battle. It is a strong and abiding faith in one's own ability to perform that overcomes difficulties that others thought could not be surmounted.

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